

Hi! :)

Who am I you might ask

- David Hondl
- **Cloud Engineer @ XXXLdigital**
- Things I **care** about
 - Coding / DevOps practises / CNCF
 - Music and mountains
 - All the standard stuff

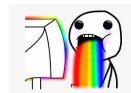
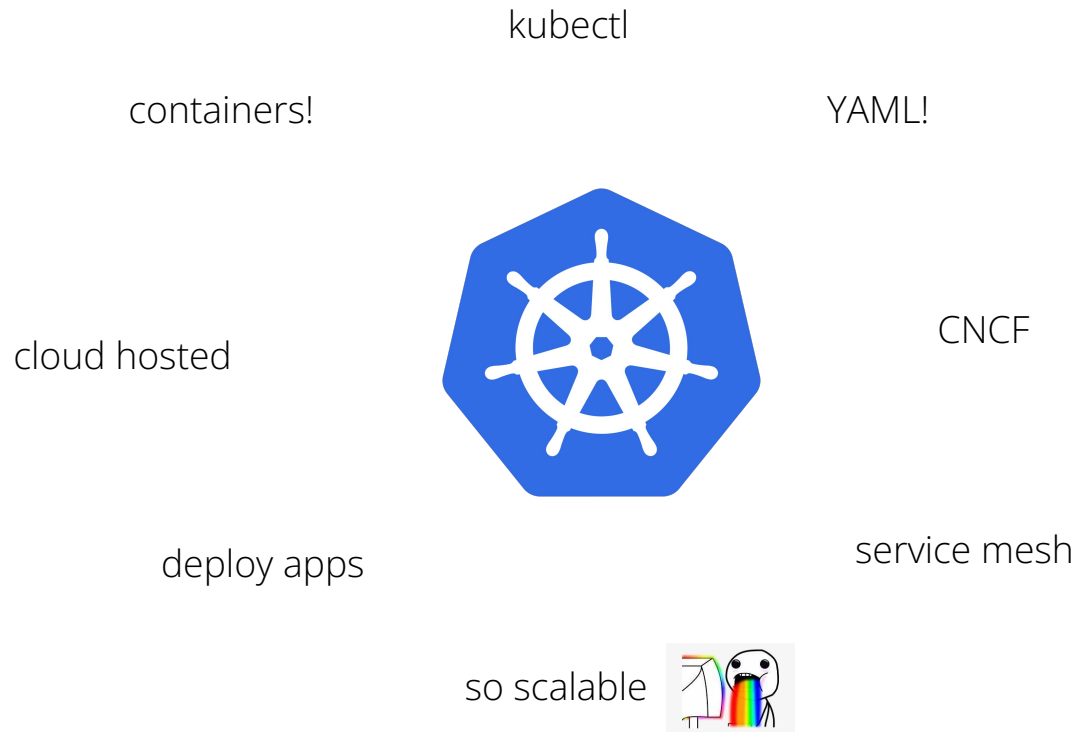


Kubernetes as a universal **controlplane**

An Introduction into Crossplane

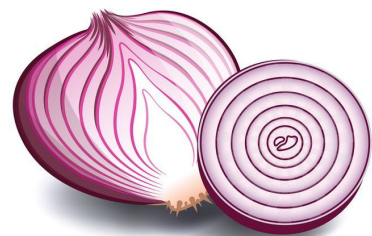
What and why is

Kubernetes



The main use case

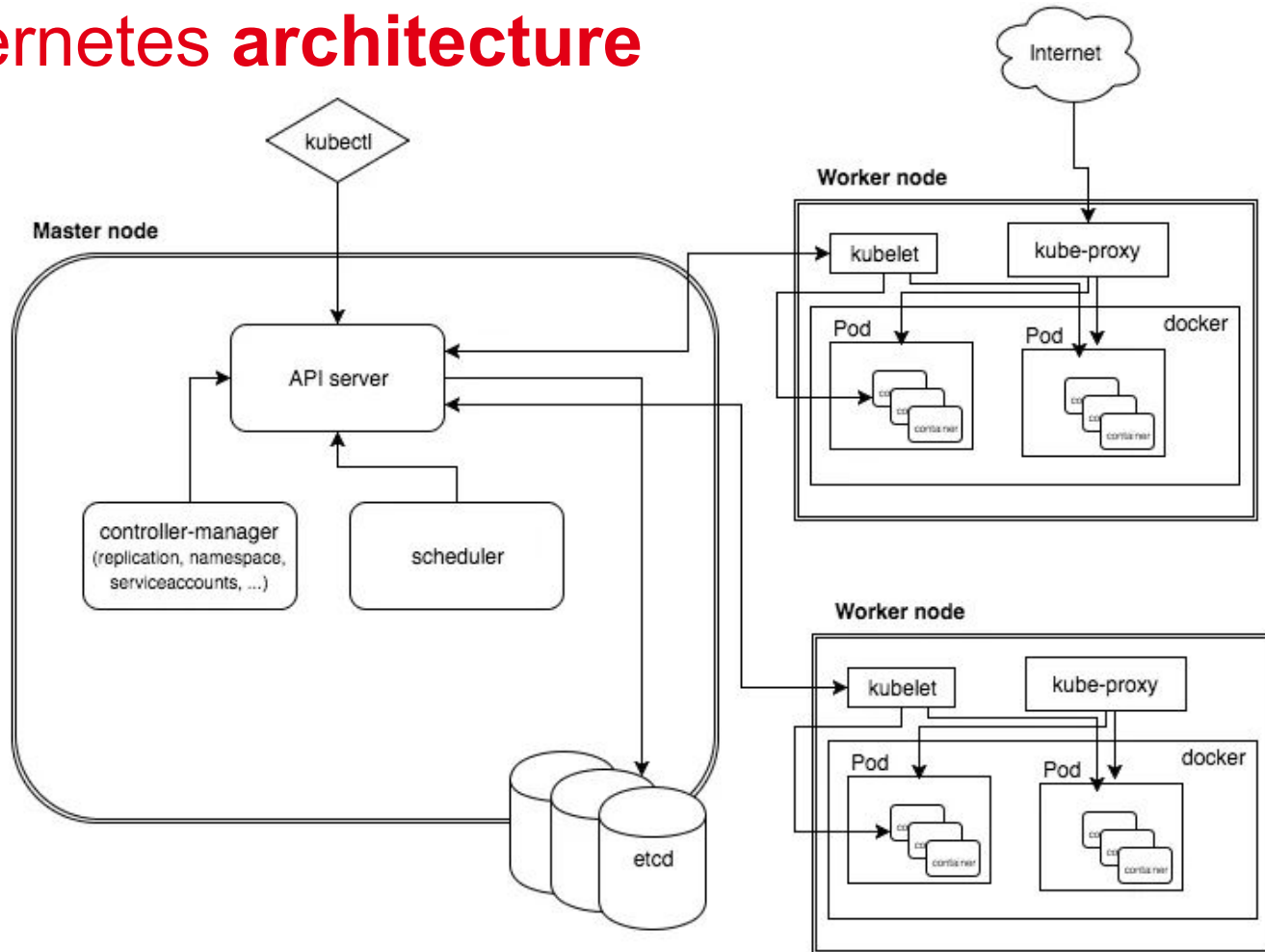
- Schedules and manages **containers** at scale
- Auto-**heal** and **scale**
- **Expose** deployment
- **Desired state** is applied
- `kubectl`



But it is **MORE** than that

Interesting K8s patterns I want to talk about

Kubernetes architecture





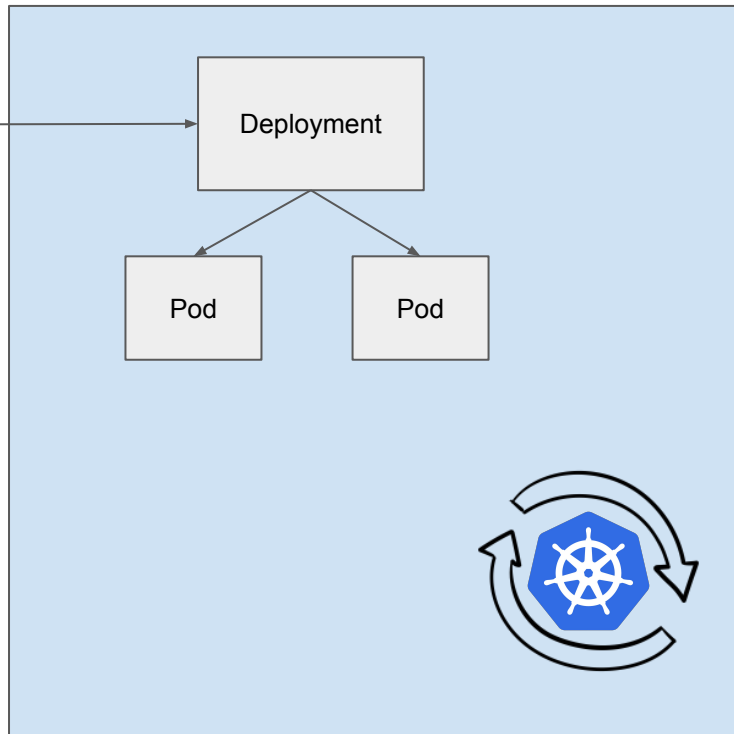
Resources and Reconciliation

- Can be **modified** by user (**CRUD**)
- Stored in **etcd**
- Desired state is **enforced** by Kubernetes

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: nginx-deployment
  labels:
    app: nginx
spec:
  replicas: 3
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: nginx
    spec:
      containers:
        - name: nginx
          image: nginx:1.14.2
  ...
```



```
kubectl -f apply  
coolDeployment.yaml
```



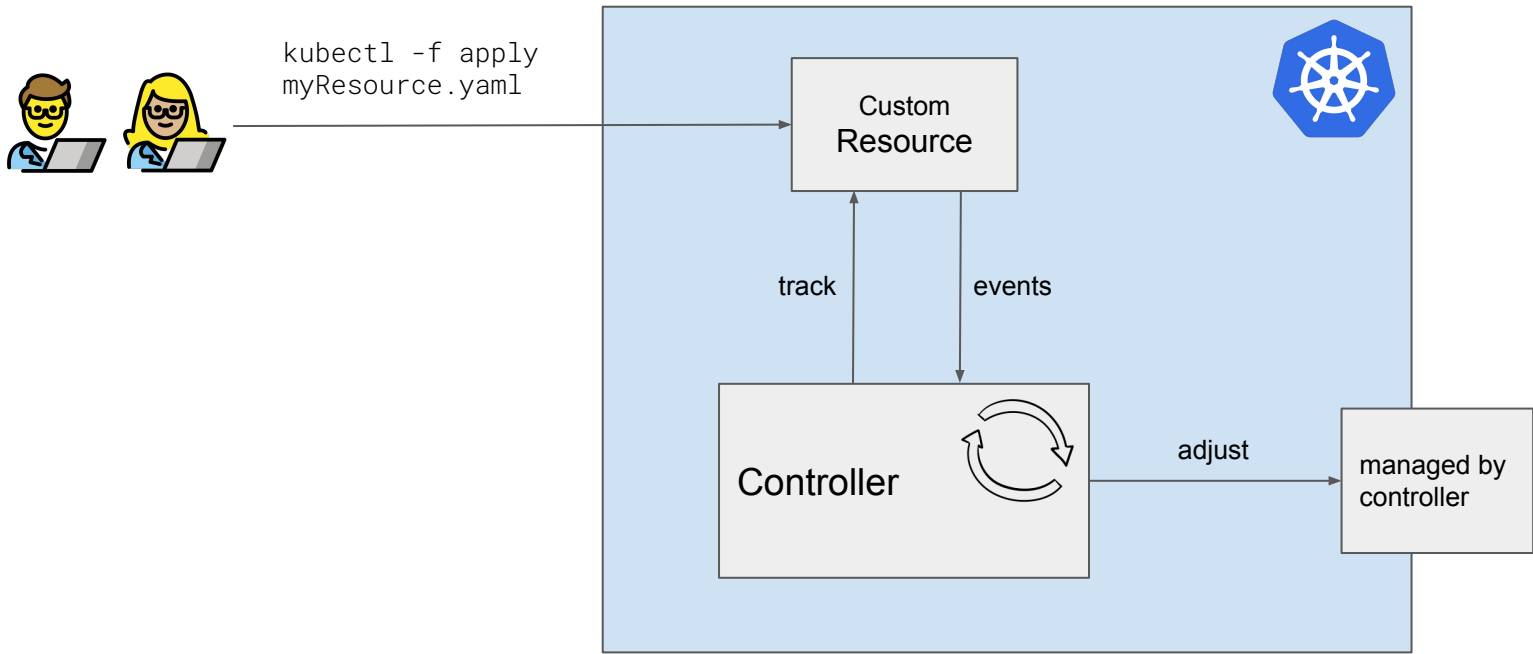
1. Observe
2. Analyze
3. React



Custom Resources and Operator pattern

- **Custom Resources** extend Kubernetes
- Defined by **CustomResourceDefinition**
- Watched by controller
- CRDs + Controller = **Operator**
- Istio, MongoDB, Dynatrace

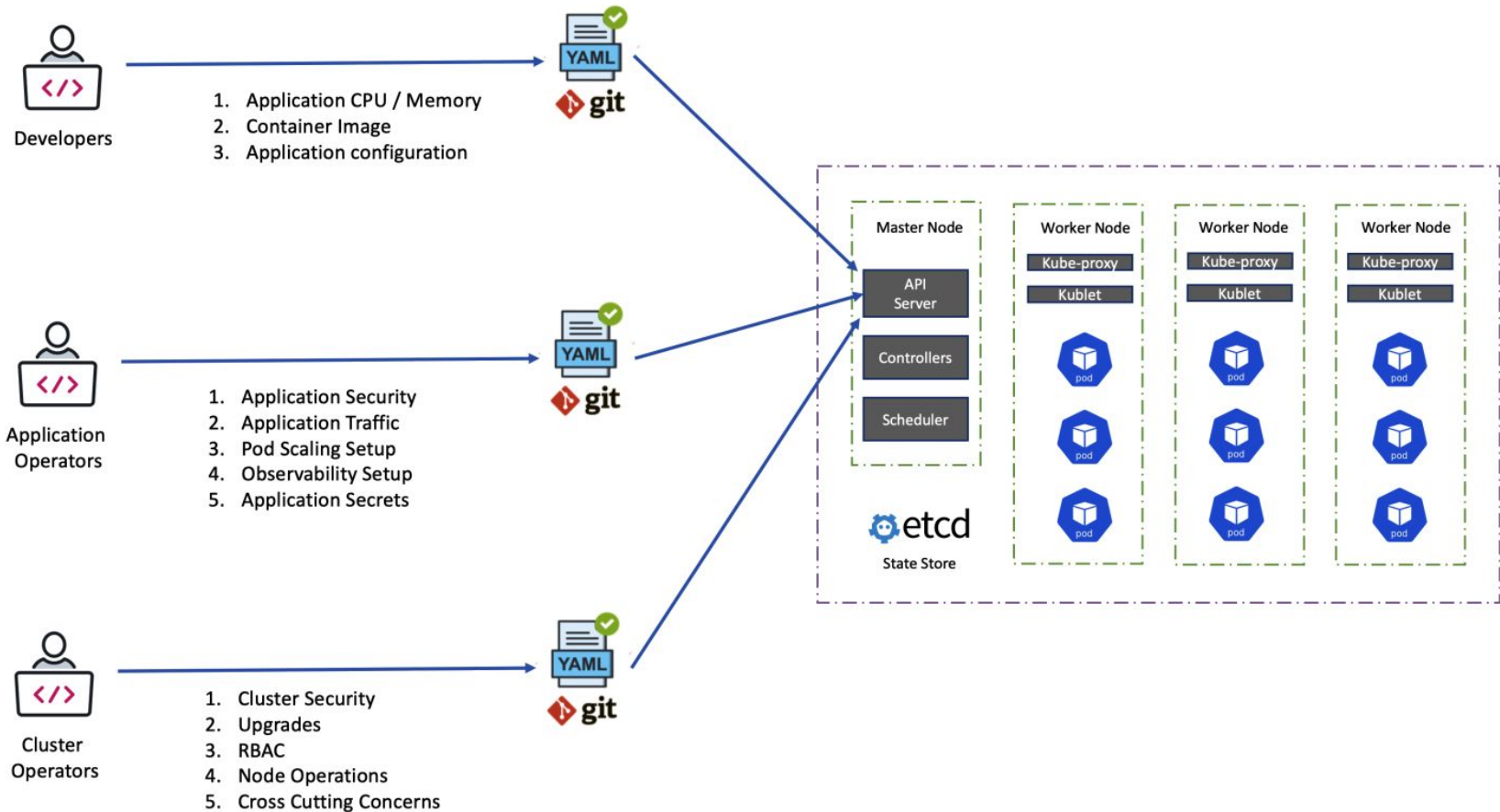
```
apiVersion: networking.istio.io/v1beta1
kind: VirtualService
metadata:
  name: reviews-route
spec:
  hosts:
    - example.prod.svc.cluster.local
    ...
```





Focus on collaboration

- **Declarative**, optionally revisioned in Git
 - enables **GitOps**
- **RESTful** CRUD operations
- **Multi-persona collaboration** using API Groups in Kubernetes



apiVersion: apps/v1

kind: Deployment

metadata:

name: nginx-deployment

labels:

app: nginx

spec:

replicas: 3

selector:

matchLabels:

app: nginx

template:

metadata:

labels:

app: nginx

spec:

containers:

- name: nginx

image: nginx:1.14.2

ports:

- containerPort: 80

And now
for something
completely different...



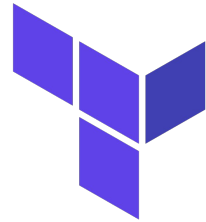
Ingredient #2

infrastructure as code

What is it?

- Automate third party provisioning via applicable configurations
- It goes as follows:
 - Define your **needs** as config
 - Put them in a **repository**
 - **Apply** them via IaC tool
 - ???
 - **Profit**
- IaC tools talk to **all platforms** for you in a uniform way

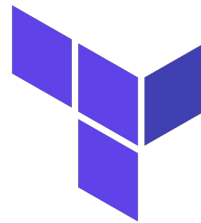
```
terraform {  
  required_providers {  
    aws = {  
      source  = "hashicorp/aws"  
      version = "~> 4.16"  
    }  
  }  
  required_version = ">= 1.2.0"  
}  
grouping  
provider "aws" {  
  region = "us-west-2"  
}  
part of provider  
resource "aws_instance" "app_server" {  
  instance_type = "t2.micro"  
  
  tags = {  
    Name = "ExampleAppServerInstance"  
  }  
}
```



What makes it superior to us puny humans?

- Repeatability
- Consistency
- Transparency





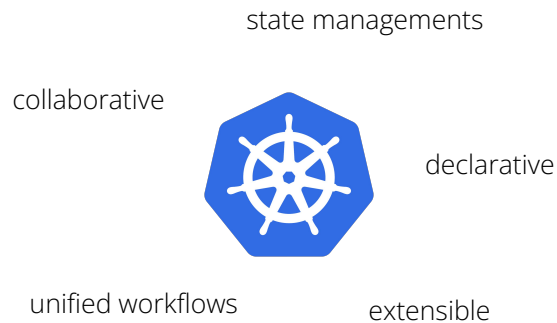
Observations on current IaC tools

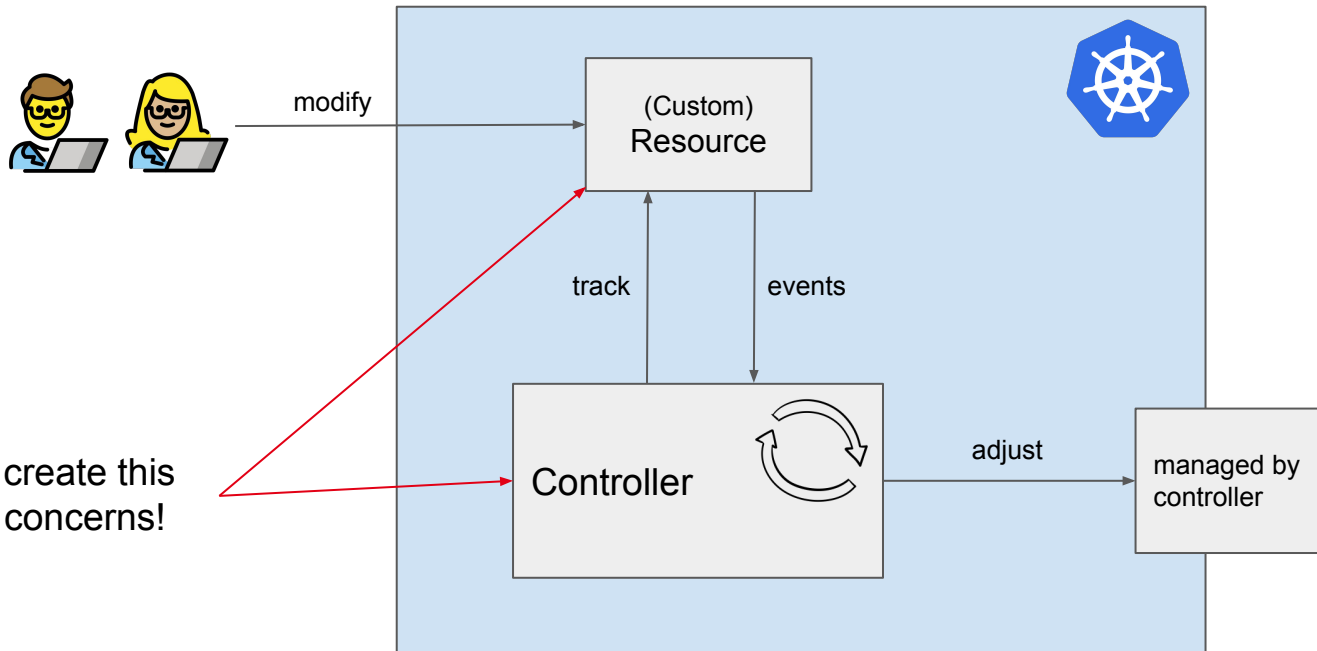
- **Template** approach
 - **Sequential / Synchronous** provisioning
 - **Access** depends on who executes it
 - Modeling **team boundaries** - who owns what
- **Monolithic** state
 - **Drift management** - keeping the state in sync with your config
 - State lock
- Yet **another** language / tool
- Thus → Infrastructure-silo **OpsPerson**

With this in mind...

Infrastructure as code
limitations and requirements

Write operators!





We can create this
for infra concerns!

Did **THIS** ever happen to you?



Only **130+ providers**
to implement!



With **10+**
resources each!



Surprise announcement!

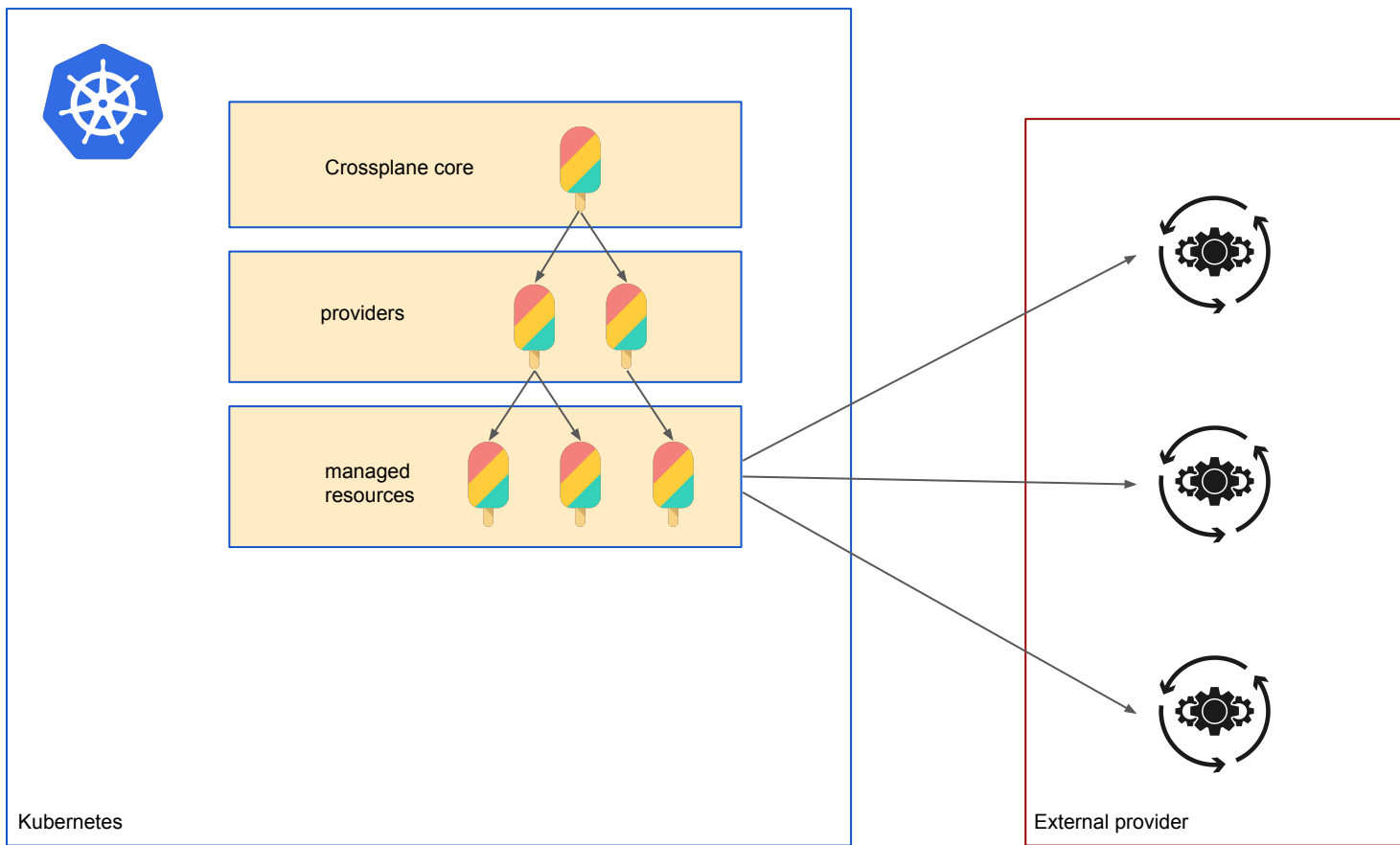


Crossplane



Crossplane

- Open source
- Control plane **framework**
- Built on top of **Kubernetes (principles)**
- It actually doesn't start with a **K**





Crossplane provider strategy

- Providers are **separately maintained**
- Open source
- Can be shared via **market place**
- Can be generated via **Upjet**
- Still a **lot** of work to do

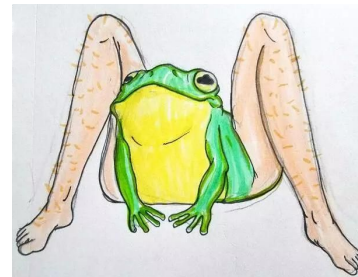
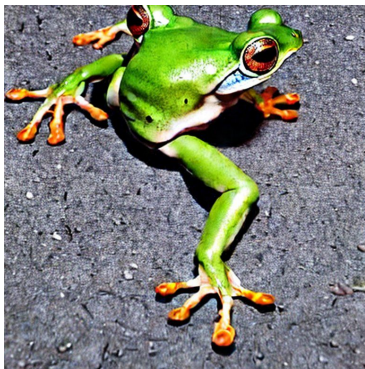
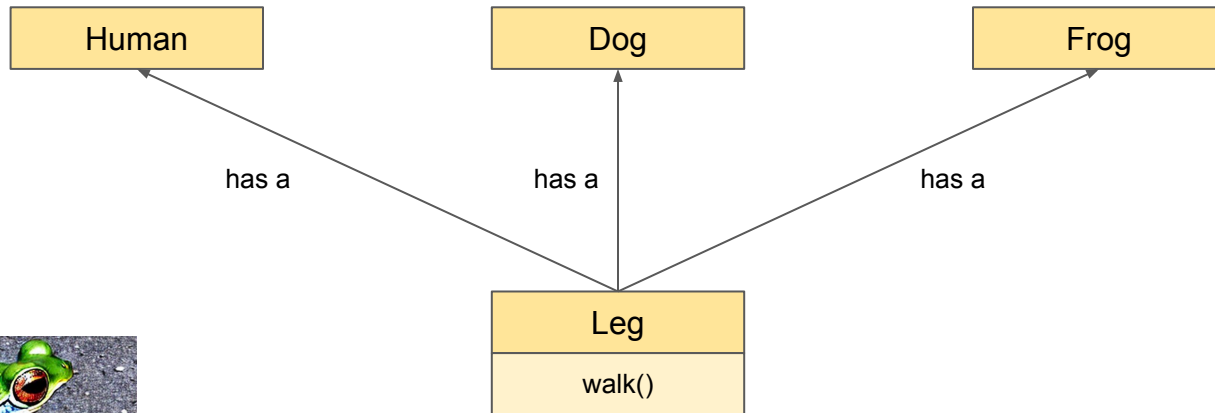
SHOWTIME

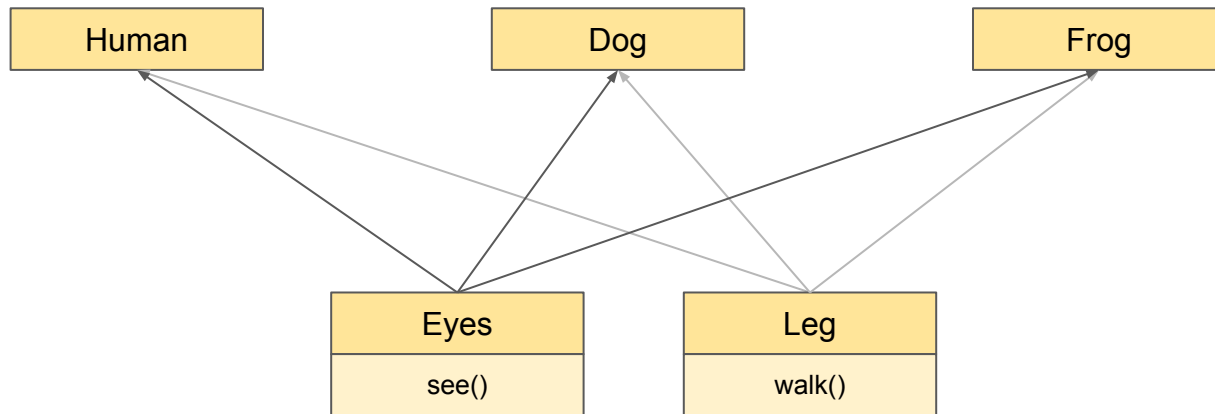
Core & providers



Crossplane resources

- Install new resources via **providers**
- Create **recipes** from managed resources
- **XRDs** build on the concept of **CRDs**
- **Composition** pattern





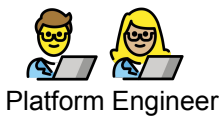
Not even trying
with an image
this time



namespaced resource



AppSpace



global resource



AppSpace

KubernetesCluster

Project

GCPCluster

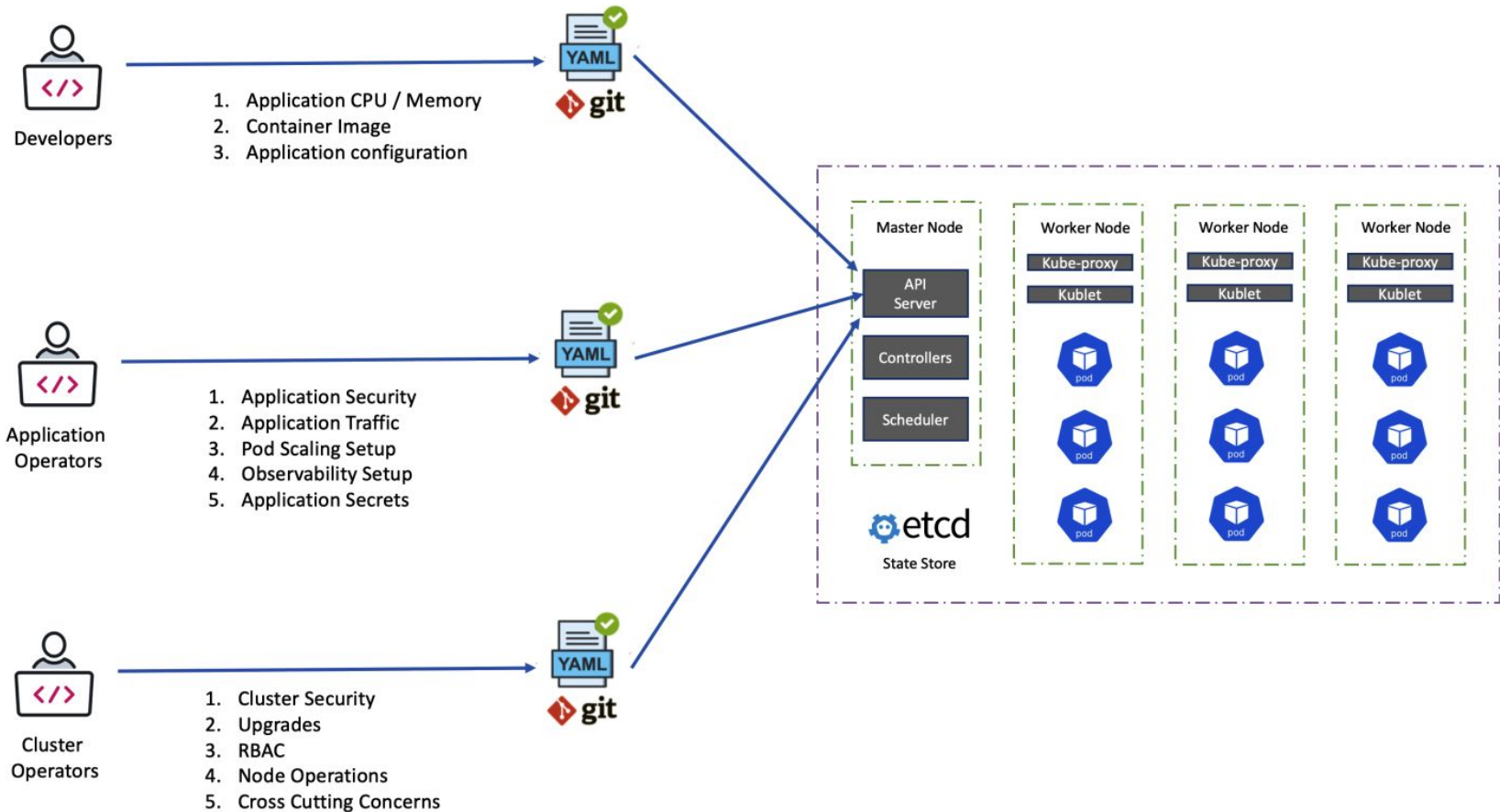
Nodepool

NetworkingRule

GCPProject

ProjectService

Actually you are an
API designer



SHOWTIME

XRDs

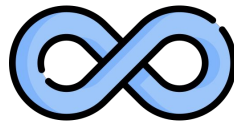
How can this help us with

Overcoming **limitations**

A clear API



- Who loves YAML?? ***crowd cheers***
- Talk to a well defined (Kubernetes) **API**
- **Semantic versioning** and a rollout strategy



Continuous reconciliation

- Instead of **synchronous provisioning**
 - The same as other K8s resources
- It replaces **YOU** (as reconciliation loop)
- **Decouple** and break monolithic representation
 - Avoid configuration drift
- There always will be **dependencies**, model them correctly
 - E.g. K8s **labels**

Clear access control



- **Third party access**
 - Providers / controllers handle access secret
 - Multiple ProviderConfigs possible
- **User access**
 - Via **Kubernetes API**
 - **RBAC** all the way

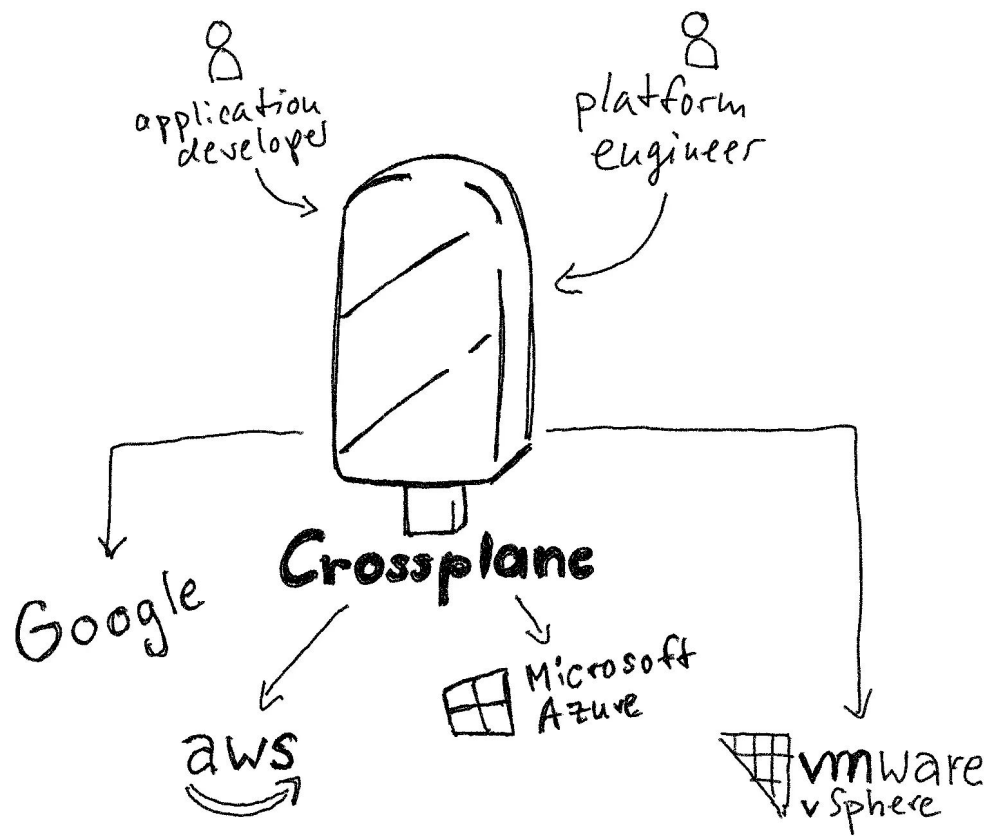
Concept of self-service



- **Expose** specific claims to groups of people
- Underlying resources with separate state are **abstracted**
- Provisioning **without** supervision / manual interference

SHOWTIME

Apply ALL the things



Thank you for listening!