

## PaaS – BlockChain Cloud Service (BCS)

# Oracle BlockChain Cloud Service

Cloud Test Drive Workshop

ORACLE®

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## PaaS – BlockChain Cloud Service (BCS)

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### Demo Attributes

<b>Product(s)</b>	Oracle BlockChain Cloud Service
<b>Date last updated</b>	July 2018
<b>Author(s)</b>	Jens Lusebrink
<b>Demo Title(s)</b>	PaaS – BlockChain Cloud Service (BCS)

### Oracle Blockchain Cloud Service

Oracle Blockchain Cloud Service is a new offering that is part of Oracle's comprehensive platform-as-a service (PaaS) portfolio. Delivered by the world's most scalable, distributed transaction processing platform provider, Oracle Blockchain Cloud Service is the most comprehensive distributed ledger cloud platform. A comprehensive distributed ledger cloud platform to provision Blockchain networks, join other organizations, and deploy & run smart contracts to update and query the ledger. Reliably share data and conduct trusted transactions with suppliers, banks, and other trade partners through integration with existing or new cloud-based or on-premises applications.

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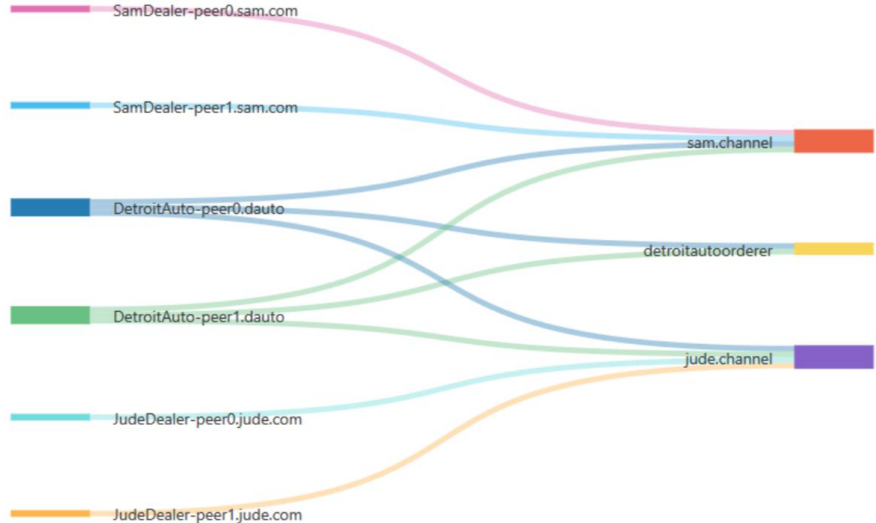
### Overview

#### End-to-End Application Flow

This HandsOn Lab showcases the end to end flow of working with an existing Oracle Blockchain Cloud Service (OBCS) network and execute transactions between 3 parties as well as querying the ledger. Both will be shown using the OBCS REST API and via sample Business Applications.

- Execute transactions on the Blockchain
- Query the Ledger
- Use sample apps to access the Blockchain network

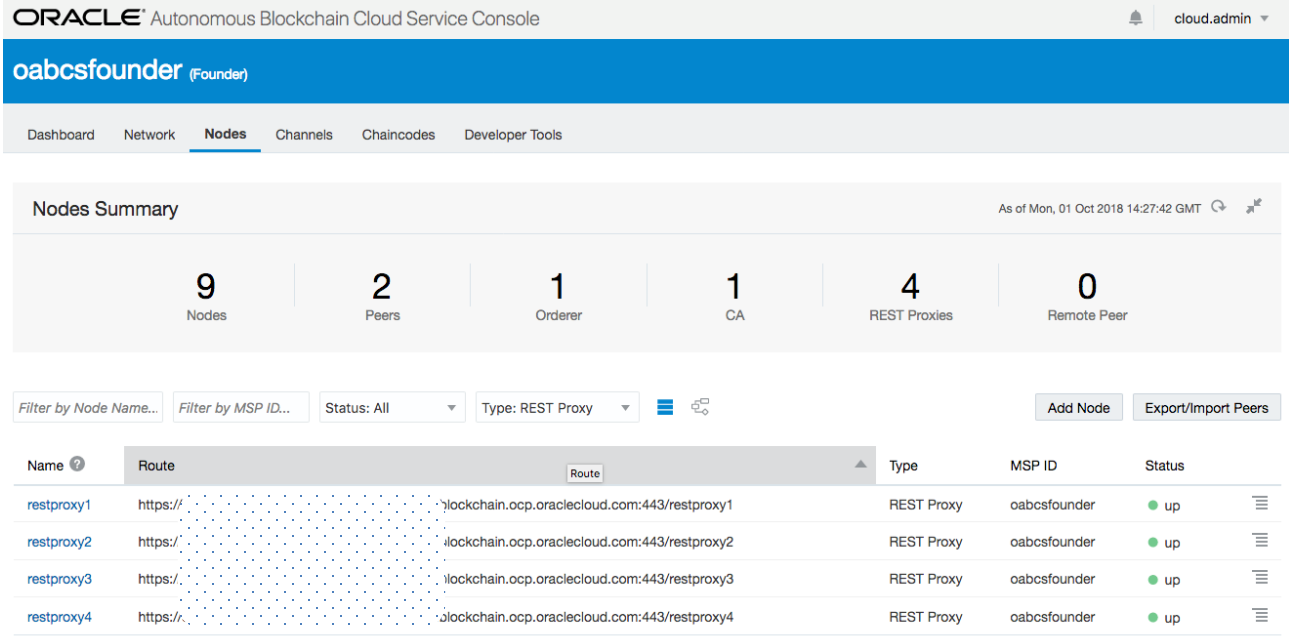
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S.No.	Action	Description
<b>Chapter 1: Recap and starting point</b>		
1.00		<p>Whether you come from the previous lab ‘Creating a Blockchain network’ or starting fresh with this lab, you’ll find a working Blockchain network based on Hyperledger Fabric that will run in the Oracle Cloud on 3 instances (Blockchain Network participants) of Oracle Autonomous Blockchain Cloud Service (OABCS). This network simulates the business network between a Car Manufacturer (DetroitAuto, Founder) and 2 Car Dealers (Sam &amp; Jude, Participants). At the end of the previous lab and as a starting point for this lab the Blockchain Network has been populated with some dummy transactions to enable this lab which is all about interacting with the Blockchain Network through the APIs provide with OABCS.</p>  <p>Now, we are going to work on this network and create transactions that will be recorded as blocks in to our Blockchain network. The OBCS can be accessed via the REST API (something that Oracle added on top of HLF) or, in a real-world scenario through business apps interacting via REST with OBCS. We will begin with the REST API and some sample queries. You can work against the ledger (<b>Query, Invocation</b>) by making REST calls using the terminal or apps like Postman. What you can do against the ledger is defined in the instantiated chaincode.</p>
1.01	ChainCode / Smart Contract	This chapter will provide an overview about the ‘logic’ of our Blockchain Network. This logic is defined in the ChainCode/SmartContract that is running on the Channels where the Blockchain Network participants are communicating with each other.

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S.No.	Action	Description	
		Chaincode is defining what types of data are written during transactions, providing logic around how transactions are executed and validating the conditions under which they should be run. Chaincode initializes and manages ledger state through transactions submitted by applications. A chaincode typically handles business logic agreed to by members of the network, so it is also sometimes referred to as a “smart contract”.	
1.02	<p>Looking into the ChainCode we can find the following Methods and Arguments which are defined for our <b>carTrace</b> sample:</p> <p><b>NOTE: A full list of available Methods and Arguments can be seen in the carTrace.go file on the VM in the /Documents folder.</b></p>	<p><b><u>Method</u></b></p> <p>initVehiclePart (add a car part)</p>     <p>initVehicle (add a car)</p>     <p>transferVehiclePart (transfer ownership)</p>     <p>transferVehicle (transfer ownership)</p>     <p>readVehiclePart (read records)</p>     <p>getHistoryForRecord (read records)</p>     <p>deleteVehiclePart (delete records)</p>     <p>setPartRecallState (recall a part)</p>	<p><b><u>Arguments</u></b></p> <p>part id: string assembler: string assembly time: timestamp owner: string recall status: boolean recall time: timestamp</p>     <p>vehicle id: string manufacturer: string vehicle name: string assembly time: timestamp airbag serial: string owner: string recall status: Boolean recall time: timestamp</p>     <p>part id: string current owner: string new owner: string</p>     <p>vehicle id: string part id: string</p>     <p>part id: string</p>     <p>part id: string</p>

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S.No.	Action	Description
		status: Boolean
1.03	OABCS REST API	<p>One of the improvements of Oracle Autonomous Blockchain Cloud Service on top of the Open Source Hyperledger Fabric is the availability of a comprehensive REST API that provides a standard and easy interaction with the chaincode and Blockchain Network and therefore enables a quick integration of business apps with the Blockchain Cloud Service.</p> <p>The REST API is available through a REST proxy on each Blockchain Network participant's instance.</p>  <p>You can use the terminal window or any preferred REST tooling like Postman calling the gateway. More info can be found in the documentation : <a href="https://docs.oracle.com/en/cloud/paas/blockchain-cloud/user/developing-applications-using-rest-apis.html">https://docs.oracle.com/en/cloud/paas/blockchain-cloud/user/developing-applications-using-rest-apis.html</a></p>
1.04	Blockchain transactions	<p>During the creation of the Blockchain Network, the ledger has been populated with some sample transaction. You can see the key/value pairs in the table:</p>

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S.No.	Action	Description
		Channel      PartID Samchannel    abg1234, abg1235, ser1236, win1237, bra1238 Judechannel   abg1239, abg1240, whl1241, win1242, sen1243  Channel      vehicleID Samchannel    dtrt10001, dtrt10002
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Congratulation</b>  <u><b>You completed Chapter 1</b></u></p>		

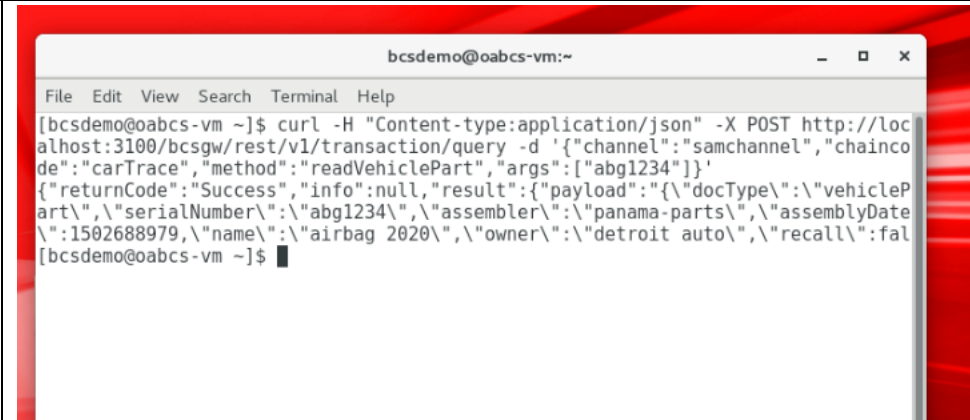
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## Chapter 2: Working with the Blockchain – REST API basics

2.00	In this chapter we will begin with the REST API and try some sample queries against our Blockchain Network. You can work against the ledger ( <b>Query, Invocation</b> ) by making REST calls using the terminal or apps like Postman. What you can do against the ledger is defined in the instantiated chaincode (see previous chapter).	
2.01	<p>The default syntax for working on the Command Line looks like the following:</p> <p><b>NOTE: The method and arguments depend on your choice of method. See previous section.</b></p> <p><b>You could either do an <b>Invocation</b> or <b>Query</b>.</b></p>	<pre>Curl -H "Content-type:application/json" -X POST http://yourRESTProxy_endpoint:PORT/bcsgw/rest/v1/transaction/<b>invocation</b> -d {     "channel":"&lt;channel_name&gt;",     "chaincode":"&lt;chaincode_name&gt;",     "method":"&lt;function_name&gt;",     "args":[&lt;arguments as an array&gt;],     "chaincodeVer":"&lt;chaincode_version&gt;" }</pre>
2.02	<p>Let's do a query against the ledger for a specific car part.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Open a terminal window</li> <li>2. Enter the following sequence at the cursor position.</li> <li>3. Hit 'Return' to submit the command.</li> <li>4. The expected outcome should look like this (formatted for better readability).</li> </ol>	<pre>curl -H "Content-type:application/json" -X POST http://localhost:3100/bcsgw/rest/v1/transaction/<b>query</b> -d {"channel":"samchannel","chaincode":"carTrace","method":"readVehiclePart","args":["abg1234"]}</pre> <pre>{   "returnCode":"Success",   "info":null,   "result":{     "payload":     {       "docType":"vehiclePart",       "serialNumber":"abg1234",       "assembler":"panama-parts",       "assemblyDate":1502688979,       "name":"airbag 2020",       "owner":"detroit auto",       "recall":false,       "recallDate":1502688979     }   },   "encode":"UTF-8" }</pre>



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The screenshot shows a terminal window titled 'bcdemo@oabcs-vm:~'. The terminal displays a curl command being executed to POST a JSON payload to a local host. The command is: `curl -H "Content-type:application/json" -X POST http://localhost:3100/bcsgw/rest/v1/transaction/query -d '{"channel":"samchannel","chaincode":"carTrace","method":"readVehiclePart","args":["abg1234"]}'`. The output shows a successful response with a status code of 200 and a JSON body indicating success. The terminal prompt is `[bcdemo@oabcs-vm ~]$`.


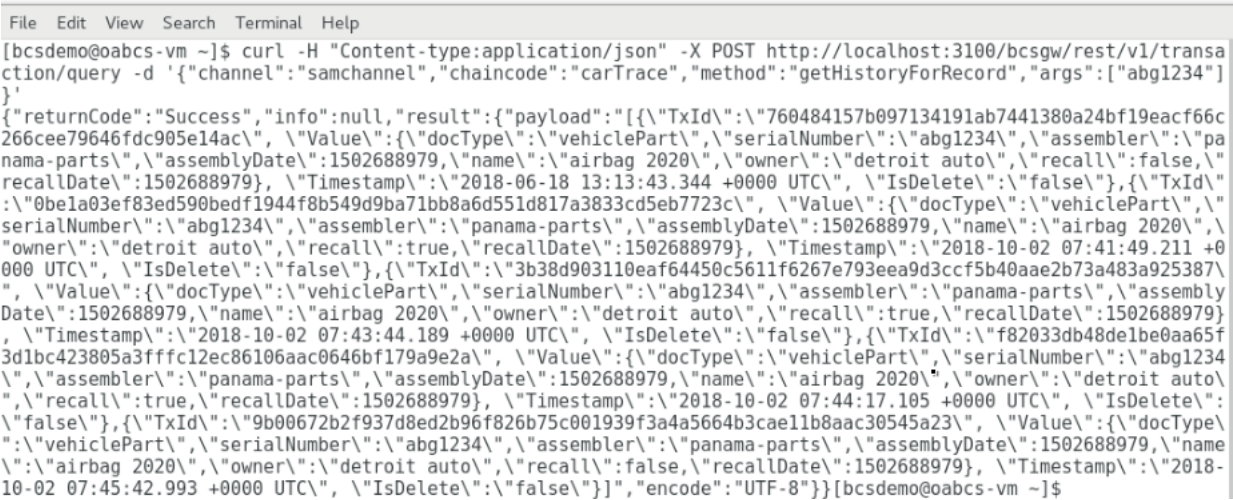
[Congratulation](#)  
**You completed Chapter 1**

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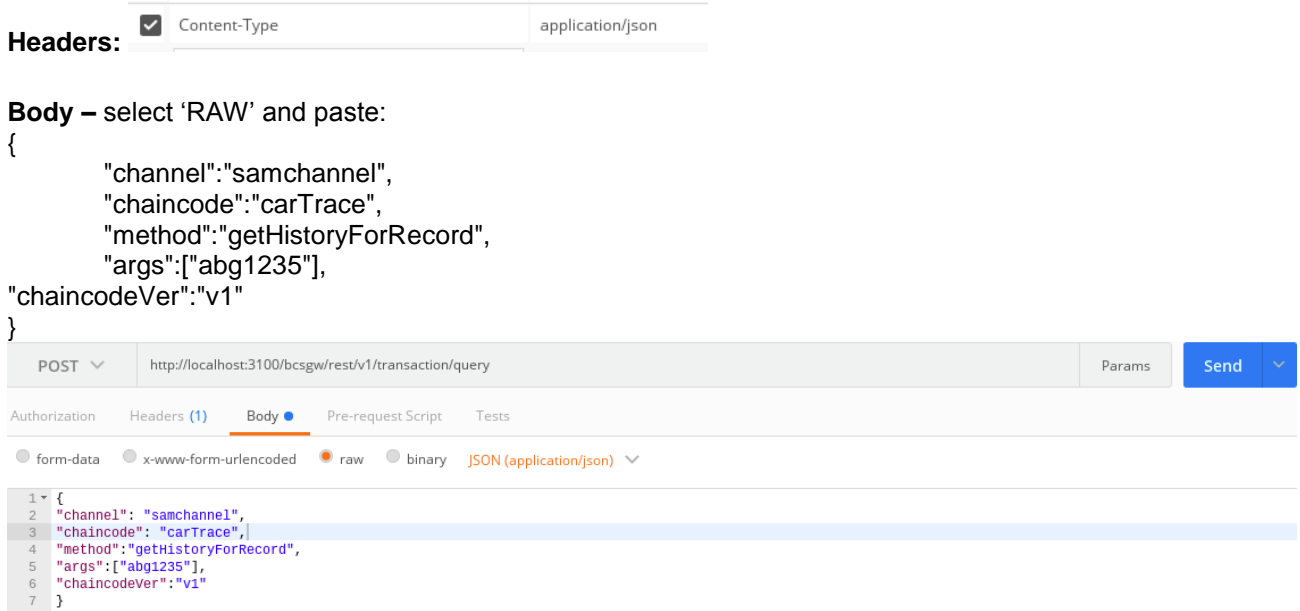
## Chapter 3: Working with the Blockchain – REST API making changes

3.00	Now we want to make use of a feature in our Chaincode / SmartContract. Assuming that the Car manufacturer would like to recall a specific part delivered to the dealer. This part (record) must be changed and marked as recalled. As we cannot change the Blockchain, we have to add a new block where we append the existing information with the recall.	
3.01	Now we are going to <b>“invoke”</b> a method on the “carTrace” chaincode that will effectively mark a particular part as recalled via a REST call. 1. Type the following sequence into your terminal window. 2. Hit ‘Return’ to submit the command.	<pre>curl -H "Content-type:application/json" -X POST http://127.0.0.1:3100/bcsgw/rest/v1/transaction/<b>invocation</b> -d '{"channel":"samchannel","chaincode":"carTrace","method":"setPartRecallState","args":["abg1234",true]}'</pre>
3.02	3. The expected outcome should look like this (formatted for better readability). <b>NOTE: The REST API is giving back the result of the command. As we have done an Invocation instead of a Query, we are just getting ‘Success’ back.</b>	<pre>{"returnCode":"Success","info":null,"result":null,"txid":"583f3ca55b9f2860875b8978e386611b476892c348440a248f07e98dbdad419d"}</pre> 
3.03	In order to verify the change (recall), let's execute the query from above again:	<pre>curl -H "Content-type:application/json" -X POST http://localhost:3100/bcsgw/rest/v1/transaction/<b>query</b> -d '{"channel":"samchannel","chaincode":"carTrace","method":"readVehiclePart","args":["abg1234"]}'</pre>
3.04		<pre>{"returnCode":"Success","info":null,"result": {"payload": {"docType":"vehiclePart", "serialNumber":"abg1234", "assembler":"panama-parts", "assemblyDate":1502688979, "name":"airbag 2020", "owner":"detroit auto",</pre>

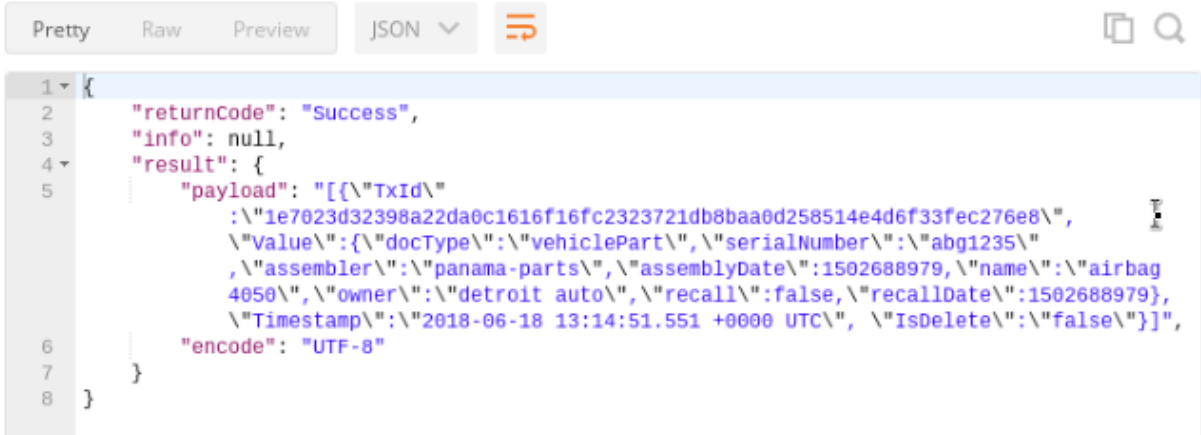
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		<pre> {"recall\":"true, {"recallDate\":"1502688979}", "encode":"UTF-8"}} </pre> 
3.05	Each transaction in the Blockchain will be appended to the end of the previous transaction forming a chain of blocks. If we would like to see changes associated to an item we have to create a query against the transaction history.	
3.06	1. In the terminal window enter the following sequence	<pre> curl -H "Content-type:application/json" -X POST http://localhost:3100/bcsgw/rest/v1/transaction/query -d '{"channel":"samchannel","chaincode":"carTrace","method":"getHistoryForRecord","args":["abg1234"]}' </pre>
3.07	2. This time the result is more complex as it contains all transaction details for the specific partID.	
<p style="text-align: center;"><b><u>Congratulations</u></b></p> <p>In this chapter you have learned how to interact with the Blockchain Cloud Service through the REST API using the defined methods from the ChainCode/SmartContract.</p>		

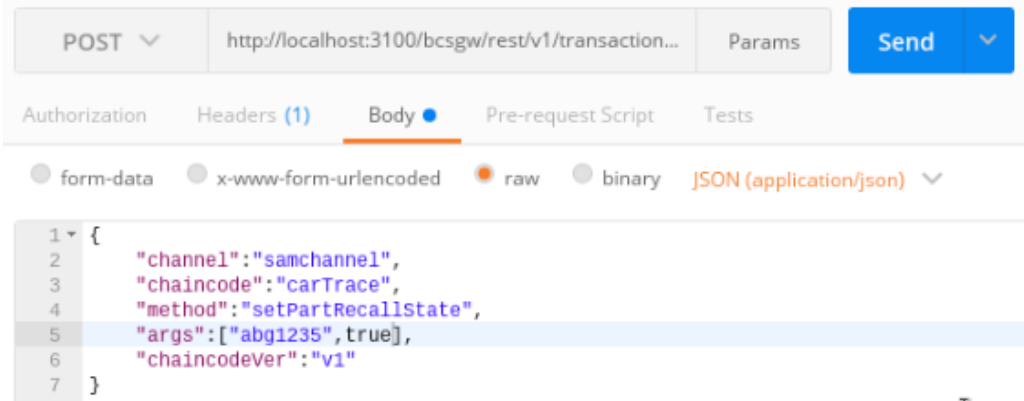
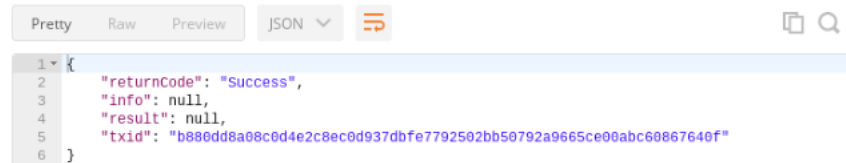
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S.No.	Action	Description
<b>Chapter 4: Working with the Blockchain – Using Postman</b>		
4.00	<p>Another way to interact with the Blockchain Cloud Service is to use a tool that is using the REST API to connect to the service and provides a User Interface. Such a tool is e.g. Postman (<a href="https://www.getpostman.com/">https://www.getpostman.com/</a>). We are using Postman to query the Blockchain using the REST API.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Launch Postman from the VMs Desktop:</li> </ol>	
4.01	<p>Query some details from the Blockchain Network. We will check if a particular record has been recorded at the Blockchain.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. In Postman, enter the following details:</li> </ol> <p><b>Note: We are using another Method 'getHistory For Record' in this example.</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3. Click 'Send'</li> </ol>	<p><b>Modus:</b> POST  <b>URL:</b> <a href="http://yourRESTProxy_endpoint:PORT/bcsgw/rest/v1/transaction/query">http://yourRESTProxy_endpoint:PORT/bcsgw/rest/v1/transaction/query</a></p> <p><b>Headers:</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Content-Type application/json</p> <p><b>Body – select 'RAW' and paste:</b></p> <pre>{   "channel": "samchannel",   "chaincode": "carTrace",   "method": "getHistoryForRecord",   "args": ["abg1235"],   "chaincodeVer": "v1" }</pre> 

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4.02	<p>Query result, we can see that the record (abg1235) exists in the Blockchain with the transactionID and the transaction details.</p> <p>All this is info that has been submitted to the record when the ChainCode / Smart Contract has been executed.</p>	 <pre> 1 { 2   "returnCode": "Success", 3   "info": null, 4   "result": { 5     "payload": "[{"TxId\" 6       :\"1e7023d32398a22da0c1616f16fc2323721db8baa0d258514e4d6f33fec276e8\", 7       \"Value\":{\"docType\": \"vehiclePart\", \"serialNumber\": \"abg1235\" 8       , \"assembler\": \"panama-parts\", \"assemblyDate\": 1502688979, \"name\": \"airbag 9       4050\", \"owner\": \"detroit auto\", \"recall\": false, \"recallDate\": 1502688979}, 10      \"Timestamp\": \"2018-06-18 13:14:51.551 +0000 UTC\", \"IsDelete\": \"false\"}]\", 11      \"encode\": \"UTF-8\" 12    } 13  } </pre>
4.03	<p>Of course, we can submit the same commands as we did in the previous chapter.</p> <p>E.g. if we want to set the part as recalled, we can enter the following lines in Postman:</p>	<p><b>Modus:</b> POST</p> <p><b>URL:</b> <code>http://yourRESTProxy_endpoint:PORT/bcsgw/rest/v1/transaction/invo<b>cation</b></code></p> <p><b>Headers:</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Content-Type <code>application/json</code></p> <p><b>Body</b> – select 'RAW' and paste:</p> <pre> {   "channel": "samchannel",   "chaincode": "carTrace",   "method": "setPartRecallState",   "args": ["abg1235", true],   "chaincodeVer": "v1" } </pre>

## PaaS – BlockChain Cloud Service (BCS)

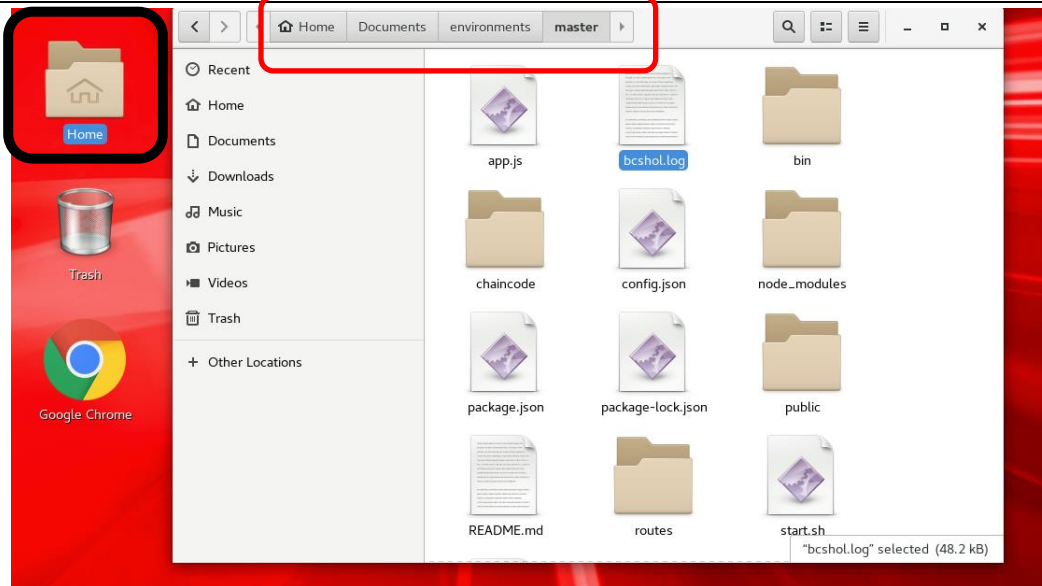
		 <pre> 1 { 2   "channel": "samchannel", 3   "chaincode": "carTrace", 4   "method": "setPartRecallState", 5   "args": ["abg1235", true], 6   "chaincodever": "v1" 7 } </pre>
4.04	And the expected outcome in Postman.	 <pre> 1 { 2   "returnCode": "Success", 3   "info": null, 4   "result": null, 5   "txid": "b880dd8a08c0d4e2c8ec0d937dbfe7792502bb50792a9665ce00abc60867640f" 6 } </pre>
4.05	To verify that the information has been updated we will run the 'getHistoryFor Record' again. See the result in Postman.	 <pre> 1 { 2   "returnCode": "Success", 3   "info": null, 4   "result": { 5     "payload": "[{"TxId\":" 6       : "\"1e7023d32398a22da0c16f16fc2323721db8baa0d258514e4d6f33fec276e8\"", 7       "\Value\":"{"docType\":"vehiclePart\", \"serialNumber\":"abg1235\" 8       , \"assembler\":"panama-parts\", \"assemblyDate\":"1502688979\", \"name\":"airbag 9       4050\", \"owner\":"detroit auto\", \"recall\":"false\", \"recallDate\":"1502688979\", 10      {\TxId\":"b880dd8a08c0d4e2c8ec0d937dbfe7792502bb50792a9665ce00abc60867640f\" 11      , \"Value\":"{"docType\":"vehiclePart\", \"serialNumber\":"abg1235\" 12      , \"assembler\":"panama-parts\", \"assemblyDate\":"1502688979\", \"name\":"airbag 13      4050\", \"owner\":"detroit auto\", \"recall\":"true\", \"recallDate\":"1502688979\", 14      \Timestamp\":"2018-10-02 08:09:56.671 +0000 UTC\", \"isDelete\":"false\"}]\"", 15      "encode": "UTF-8" 16   } 17 } </pre>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Congratulations</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">You have just learned a different way to interact with the Blockchain Cloud Service using Postman and the REST API</p>		

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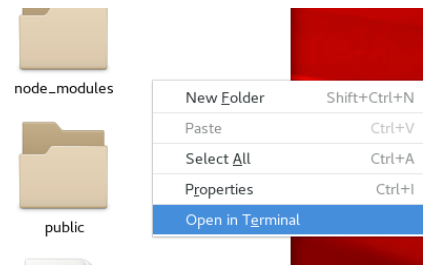
## Chapter 5: Working with the Blockchain – Sample Apps

5.00 In a real business scenario, Blockchain will be embedded in Business Applications that trigger transactions on the Blockchain. For demo purpose we have built a sample app that mimics such behaviour and let you work with the Oracle Blockchain Cloud Service.

5.01 1. On your Blockchain VM open the 'Home' directory and select 'Documents/environments'

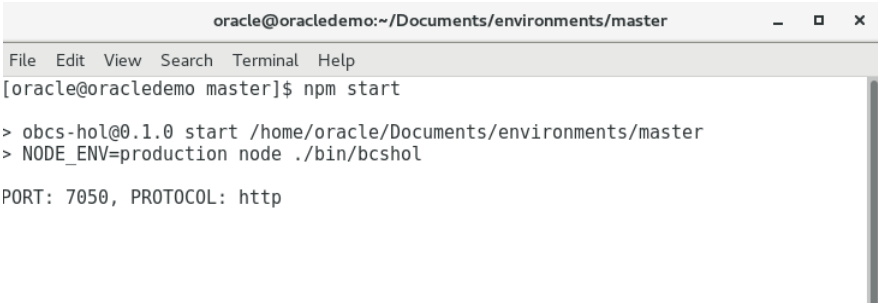
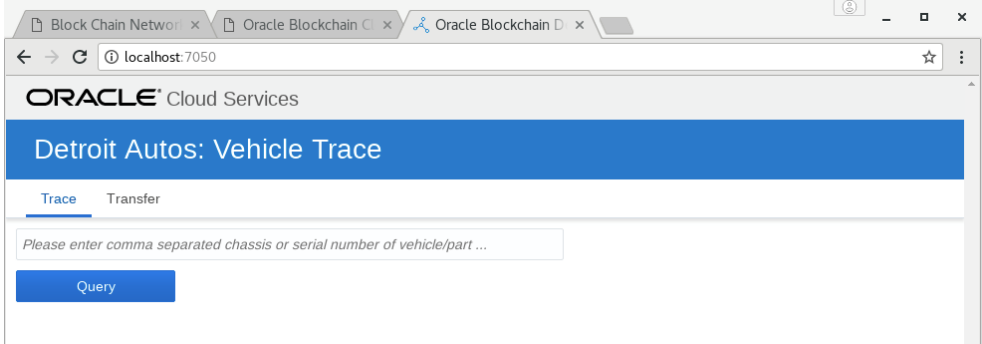


2. Open the 'master' directory and right-mouse click in the background
3. Select 'Open Terminal' from the menu.





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	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In the Terminal window enter 'npm start'.</li> <li>The sample app will start.</li> </ol> <p><b>Note: You can monitor the process in the terminal window.</b></p>	 <pre> oracle@oracledemo:~/Documents/environments/master File Edit View Search Terminal Help [oracle@oracledemo master]\$ npm start  &gt; obcs-hol@0.1.0 start /home/oracle/Documents/environments/master &gt; NODE_ENV=production node ./bin/bcshol  PORT: 7050, PROTOCOL: http </pre>
5.02	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Open the webbrowser and</li> <li>type in the following URL: <a href="http://localhost:7050">http://localhost:7050</a></li> <li>This will open the sample app UI for the Car manufacturer.</li> </ol>	
5.03	<p>The sample application includes simple web interfaces interacting directly with BCS using RESTful API's. Typically, in a real-world setup, you could imagine a scenario where the supply chain application on each end directly integrates with BCS using REST. The dealers push transactions to a private channel shared with the manufacturer e.g. "samchannel", executed by a smart contract called "carTrace" which is currently in v1 of its release. This smart contract is responsible for all state transitions on the consortium's permissioned ledger.</p>	



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5.04

1. Working with the Blockchain. Querying the ledger for automotive parts.
2. Enter some valid part numbers in the Query field

**Valid part numbers:**

abg1234

abg1235

3. You can see the part details alongside with the REST API result set.
4. In our sample app the query feature always retrieves the full history of the partID using the 'getHistoryForRecord' method.

Again, the terminal window provides the raw output.

Trace

Transfer

abg1234

Query

Vehicle Parts

serialNumber	assembler	assemblyDate	name	owner
abg1234	panama-parts	2017-08-14T05:36:19.000Z	airbag 2020	detroit auto

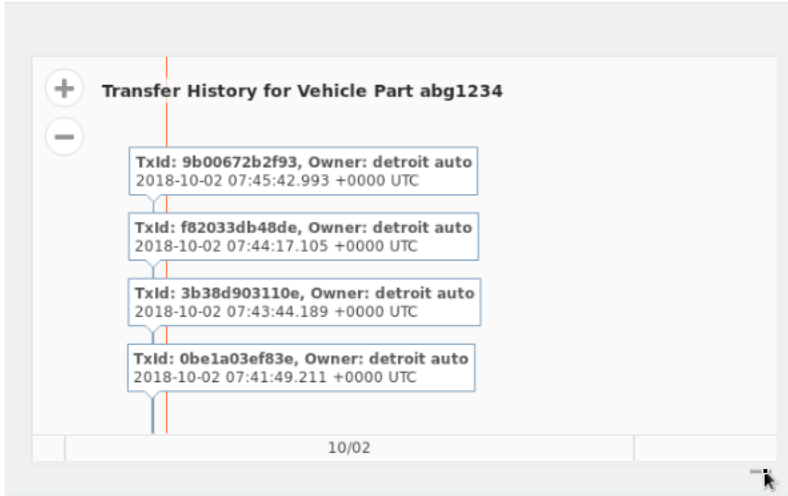
API Details

```
{
  "VehicleParts": {
    "abg1234": {
      {
        "TxId": "760484157b097134191",
        "Value": {
          "docType": "vehiclePart",
          "serialNumber": "abg1234",
          "assembler": "panama-parts",
          "assemblyDate": "1502688979",
          "name": "airbag 2020",
          "owner": "detroit auto",
          "recall": false,
          "recallDate": "1502688979"
        },
        "Timestamp": "2018-06-18 13:13",
        "IsDelete": "false"
      },
      {
        "TxId": "0be1a03ef83ed590bedf",
        "Value": {
          "docType": "vehiclePart",
          "serialNumber": "abg1234",
          "assembler": "panama-parts",
          "assemblyDate": "1502688979",
          "name": "airbag 2020",
          "owner": "detroit auto"
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

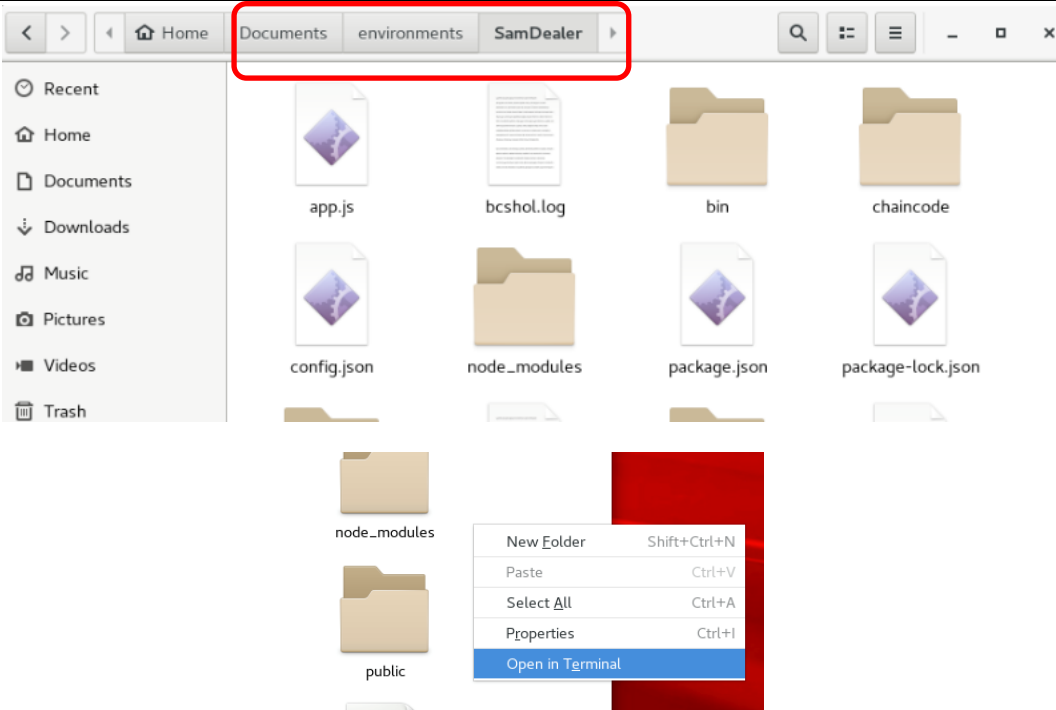
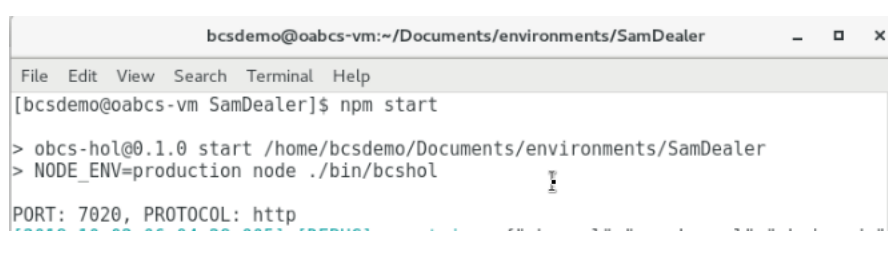
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		<pre> File Edit View Search Terminal Help  &gt; obcs-hol@0.1.0 start /home/oracle/Documents/environments/master &gt; NODE_ENV=production node ./bin/bcshol  PORT: 7050, PROTOCOL: http [2018-02-27 06:33:15.581] [DEBUG] agent.js - {"channel":"sam.channel","chaincode":"carTrace", "method":"getHistoryForRecord","args":["abg1234"],"chaincodeVer":"v1"} [2018-02-27 06:33:15.584] [DEBUG] agent.js - {"channel":"jude.channel","chaincode":"carTrace", "method":"getHistoryForRecord","args":["abg1234"],"chaincodeVer":"v1"} [2018-02-27 06:33:15.738] [DEBUG] agent.js - STATUS: 200 [2018-02-27 06:33:15.738] [DEBUG] agent.js - HEADERS: {"content-type":"application/json","con tent-length":"50","date":"Tue, 27 Feb 2018 11:33:15 GMT","connection":"close"} [2018-02-27 06:33:15.739] [DEBUG] agent.js - BODY: {"returnCode":"Success","result":"[]","inf o":null} [2018-02-27 06:33:15.740] [DEBUG] agent.js - STATUS: 200 [2018-02-27 06:33:15.740] [DEBUG] agent.js - HEADERS: {"content-type":"application/json","con tent-length":"430","date":"Tue, 27 Feb 2018 11:33:15 GMT","connection":"close"} [2018-02-27 06:33:15.740] [DEBUG] agent.js - BODY: {"returnCode":"Success","result":[{"TxId \\":\\"562001401636884cebb3db925d167d25a67476793d7a3db07a784fb7276318c0\\", \\"Value\\":{\\docType \\":\\"vehiclePart\\",\\"serialNumber\\":\\"abg1234\\",\\"assembler\\":\\"panama-parts\\",\\"assemblyDate \\":1502688979,\\"name\\":\\"airbag 2020\\",\\"owner\\":\\"detroit auto\\",\\"recall\\":false,\\"recallDa te\\":1502688979}, \\"Timestamp\\":\\"2018-02-12 17:57:22.906 +0000 UTC\\", \\"IsDelete\\":\\"false\\" }]},"info":null} </pre>

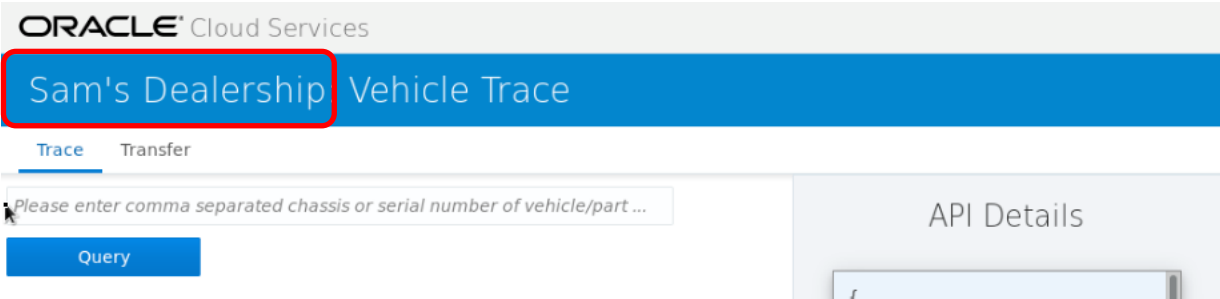
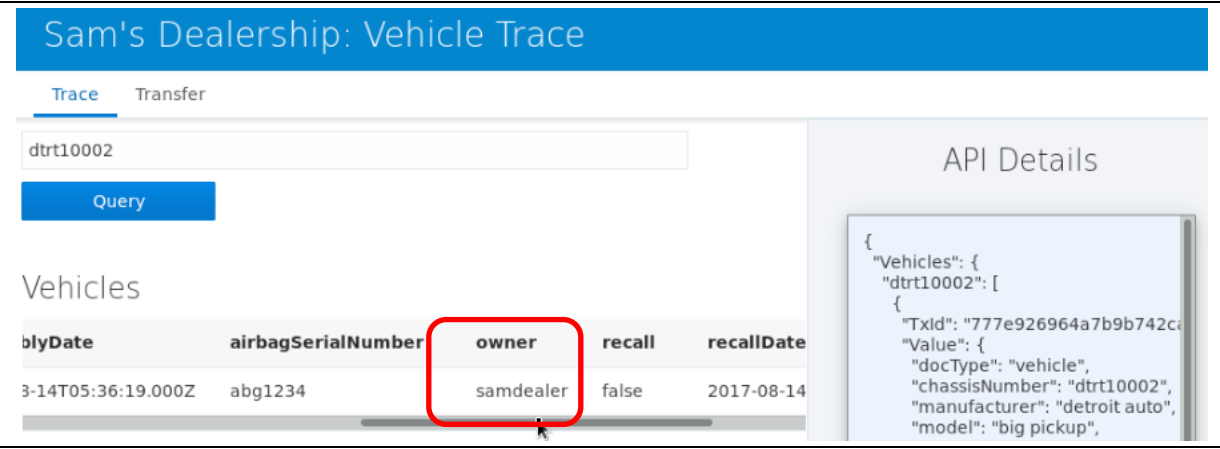
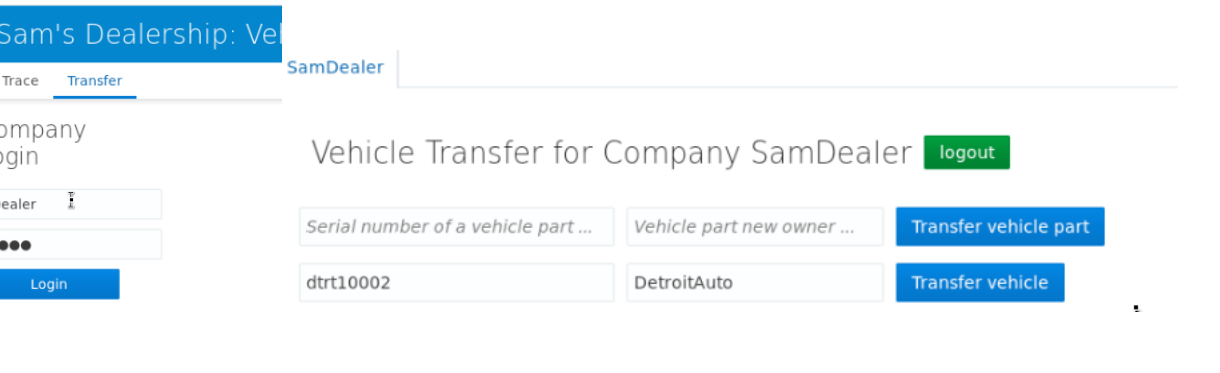
## PaaS – BlockChain Cloud Service (BCS)

5.05	View transaction details	<p>Selecting an item in the grid displays its history. Selecting a transaction displays the items historical state in detail.</p> <p>Vehicle Parts</p> <table><thead><tr><th>serialNumber</th><th>assembler</th><th>assemblyDate</th><th>name</th><th>ov</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>abg1234</td><td>panama-parts</td><td>2017-08-14T05:36:19.000Z</td><td>airbag 2020</td><td>de</td></tr></tbody></table>  <pre>{  "VehicleParts": {    "abg1234": [      {        "Txid": "760484157b097134191",        "Value": {          "docType": "vehiclePart",          "serialNumber": "abg1234",          "assembler": "panama-parts",          "assemblyDate": "1502688979",          "name": "airbag 2020",          "owner": "detroit auto",          "recall": false,          "recallDate": "1502688979"        },        "Timestamp": "2018-06-18 13:13",        "IsDelete": "false"      },      {        "Txid": "0be1a03ef83ed590bedf",        "Value": {          "docType": "vehiclePart",          "serialNumber": "abg1234",          "assembler": "panama-parts",          "assemblyDate": "1502688979",          "name": "airbag 2020",          "owner": "detroit auto",          "recall": true,          "recallDate": "1502688979"        },        "Timestamp": "2018-10-02 07:41",        "IsDelete": "false"      }    ]  } }</pre>	serialNumber	assembler	assemblyDate	name	ov	abg1234	panama-parts	2017-08-14T05:36:19.000Z	airbag 2020	de
serialNumber	assembler	assemblyDate	name	ov								
abg1234	panama-parts	2017-08-14T05:36:19.000Z	airbag 2020	de								
5.06	Executing a transaction between the manufacturer and one dealer via the sample app. The sample apps can also be used to demonstrate how to change ownership of a vehicle. We are going to transfer a vehicle" dtrt10001" from "Sam's Dealership" to "Detroit Auto".											

## PaaS – BlockChain Cloud Service (BCS)

5.07	<p>6. On your Blockchain VM open the 'Home' directory and select 'Documents/environments'</p> <p>7. Open the 'SamDealer' directory and right-mouse click in the background</p> <p>8. Select 'Open Terminal' from the menu.</p> <p>9. In the Terminal window enter 'npm start'.</p> <p>10. The sample app will start.</p> <p><b>Note: You can monitor the process in the terminal window.</b></p>	 <p>The screenshot shows a file manager window with the breadcrumb path 'Documents &gt; environments &gt; SamDealer' highlighted by a red rectangle. The file list includes 'app.js', 'bcshol.log', 'bin', 'chaincode', 'config.json', 'node_modules', 'package.json', and 'package-lock.json'. A right-click context menu is open over the 'node_modules' folder, with 'Open in Terminal' selected.</p>  <p>The terminal window shows the command <code>npm start</code> being executed. The output indicates that the application is starting on port 7020 using the http protocol.</p> <pre> bcdemo@oabcs-vm:~/Documents/environments/SamDealer File Edit View Search Terminal Help [bcdemo@oabcs-vm SamDealer]\$ npm start &gt; obcs-hol@0.1.0 start /home/bcdemo/Documents/environments/SamDealer &gt; NODE_ENV=production node ./bin/bcshol PORT: 7020, PROTOCOL: http </pre>
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## PaaS – BlockChain Cloud Service (BCS)

5.08	<p>11. Open the web browser and</p> <p>12. type in the following URL:  <a href="http://localhost:7020">http://localhost:7020</a>.  This will open the sample app UI for the Car dealer.</p>	
5.09	<p>Let's check if the vehicle dtrt10002 belongs actually to Sam</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Enter 'dtrt10002' in the Query field and</li> <li>2. Click Query</li> <li>3. The output states that the vehicle actually belong to Sam.</li> </ol>	 <pre> {   "Vehicles": {     "dtrt10002": [       {         "TxId": "777e926964a7b9b742c...",         "Value": {           "docType": "vehicle",           "chassisNumber": "dtrt10002",           "manufacturer": "detroit auto",           "model": "big pickup",         }       }     ]   } } </pre>
5.10	<p>Now, we want to transfer the vehicle back to the manufacturer</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Select the 'Transfer' tab</li> <li>2. Login using username 'SamDealer' and any password</li> <li>3. Enter 'dtrt10002' as chassis number</li> <li>4. Enter 'DetroitAuto' as new vehicle owner</li> <li>5. Click 'Transfer Vehicle'</li> </ol>	

## PaaS – BlockChain Cloud Service (BCS)

6. Once the transaction has been verified and processed, the result is displayed in the app.

7. A quick check with the Query feature confirms the successful transaction.

The screenshot displays the Oracle Blockchain Cloud Service (BCS) interface. At the top, there are input fields for 'dtrt10002' and 'DetroitAuto', followed by a 'Transfer vehicle' button. Below this, the 'API Details' section shows a JSON response indicating a successful transaction with a 'returnCode' of 'Success' and a 'txid' of '69e01d78ce03646b39a6b8b59fa9d71c4b17735d7d5b71660d07d1cf977e200c'.

Below the API details, there are tabs for 'Trace' and 'Transfer'. The 'Trace' tab is selected, showing a 'Query' button and a 'Vehicles' table. The 'Vehicles' table has columns: 'id', 'airbagSerialNumber', 'owner', 'recall', and 'recallDate'. The table contains one row with the following data:

id	airbagSerialNumber	owner	recall	recallDate
14T05:36:19.000Z	abg1234	detroitauto	false	2017-08-14

The 'owner' column is highlighted with a red box. To the right of the table, the 'API Details' section shows a JSON response for the query, indicating a successful transaction with a 'txid' of '777e926964a7b9b742ca' and a 'docType' of 'vehicle'.

**Congratulations**  
**You completed Chapter 5**