In this programming assignment, you will demonstrate your knowledge of dynamic data structures (in particular, binary search trees) by revising the tropical storm data program from Programming Assignment 3 to incorporate a new dynamic data structure.

New Internal Requirements

For this assignment, you should replace your Database class with another implementation which uses a *linked list of binary search trees* to organize the information. That is, your Database class will have a linked list of years; each year will have within it a binary search tree of Storms.

The sort orders for the binary search trees and linked lists is the same as those used in previous assignments (i.e., the upper list of years is ordered numerically, and the lower binary search trees of storms are ordered by name in standard dictionary order).

You should use your hand-crafted linked lists for the list of years, *not* the built-in linked lists used in Programming Assignment 3.

As before, you may use any variations on binary search trees (dummy head nodes, extra pointers, etc.) which you might find useful.

New Functional Requirements

Your program will be an extension of Programming Assignment 3, and thus should operate in the same manner as that assignment, unless otherwise specified herein. In particular, this means that any errors present in your submissions for Programming Assignment 3 should be fixed for this assignment.

The following new requirements should be implemented as well:

- A new option should be added to the main menu which allows the user to write the entire contents of the database to disk. If selected, the program should prompt the user for the name of a file in the current directory to be used for writing the desired information. The program should then write all records from the database to those files, in the same format used for input. That is, it should be possible to use the output of this command as input to the program at some future time.
 - Each tree should be written using a *pre-order traversal* of each binary search tree. (This permits the read-from-file command to recreate the tree using the same structure.)
- A new option should be added to the main menu which allows the user to re-initialize the database from a file. If selected, the program should prompt the user for a file name. If a file does not exist, an error message should be issued and the program should leave the current database unmodified. If the file does exist, the program should delete the

current (internal) database and create a new database based upon the file, as if the program had been originally started with that file as its command-line argument.

Submitting Your Program

Before 11:59:59 p.m., Wednesday, 23 November 2016 (8th Wednesday), you must upload a zip archive to the course Blackboard assignment for Programming Assignment 4. This zip archive must contain all source code files for your program, including a class named Prog4 with a main method.

In addition, you must deliver to the instructor a printout of your program files at the start of class on Tuesday, 29 November 2016 (9th Tuesday).

Notes

- 1. In order to write to a file, the java.io.FileWriter and java.io.BufferedWriter classes may be used. See the Java API for details. Note the following hints:
 - To write a line to a file, you should use a combination of write() (which can write a string to the file) and newLine() (which writes an end-of-line character to the file).
 - Once you are finished writing to a file, use the close() method to flush the output buffer to the disk. (Otherwise, data may be lost.)
 - You may find it useful to use the flush() method to flush the output buffer to the disk without closing the file. (If your program crashes before reaching a flush() or close(), your output file may not give you an accurate picture of how many records have been processed.)
- 2. Keep in mind: this assignment is due right before Thanksgiving weekend (24–27 November). Make sure you submit your assignment before leaving for the weekend.