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* intervalTimer.c
    Created on: Sep 22, 2014
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#include "stdio.h"
#include "intervalTimer.h"
#include "xil_io.h"
#include <stdio.h>
// Boolean return values to check valid input parameters
#define INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_TRUE 1
#define INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_FALSE 0
// Timer IDs
#define INTERVALTIMER_0_ID 0
#define INTERVALTIMER 1 ID 1
#define INTERVALTIMER_2_ID 2
// Access the cascading set of timers at these addresses
#define INTERVALTIMER TCSR0 ADDRESS 0X00
#define INTERVALTIMER_TCSR1_ADDRESS 0X10
// All address locations used for the timer initialization
#define INTERVALTIMER_INITIALIZE 0X0
#define INTERVALTIMER_TLR0_ADDRESS 0X04
#define INTERVALTIMER_TLR1_ADDRESS 0X14
// Timer values stored at these addresses
#define INTERVALTIMER_TCR0_ADDRESS 0X08
#define INTERVALTIMER_TCR1_ADDRESS 0X18
// Bit modifying hex values for starting and stopping timer
#define INTERVALTIMER_CASC_BIT 0X0800
#define INTERVALTIMER_LOAD_BIT 0X20
#define INTERVALTIMER_LOAD_CLEAR_BIT 0X00
#define INTERVALTIMER_ENTO_BIT 0X0080
#define INTERVALTIMER_ENTO_CLEAR_BIT 0x00
// Conversion value for TCR1 value to seconds
#define INTERVALTIMER_TCR1_MOD 42
// Delay value used for test function
#define DELAY_COUNT 3
 * Private functions
// Starts the timer at given base address
uint32_t intervalTimer_start_timer(uint32_t baseAddress) {
    // This stores the current configuration of bits at given address
    uint32_t tempBit = Xil_In32( baseAddress + INTERVALTIMER_TCSR0_ADDRESS);
    // This modifies the ENTO bit without modifying the rest
    tempBit = tempBit | INTERVALTIMER_ENTO_BIT;
    Xil_Out32(baseAddress + INTERVALTIMER_TCSR0_ADDRESS , tempBit);
    return 0;
}
// Stops the timer at given base address
uint32_t intervalTimer_stop_timer(uint32_t baseAddress) {
    // Clears the bit at the ENTO address to stop the timer (doesn't reset)
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Xil_Out32(baseAddress + INTERVALTIMER_TCSR0_ADDRESS , INTERVALTIMER_ENTO_CLEAR_BIT);
    return 0:
}
// Resets the specific timer using the baseAddress and timerNumber passes in
uint32_t intervalTimer_reset_timer(uint32_t baseAddress, uint32_t timerNumber) {
    // Write a 0 into the TLRO and TLR1 registers
    Xil_Out32(baseAddress + INTERVALTIMER_TLR0_ADDRESS , INTERVALTIMER_INITIALIZE);
   Xil_Out32(baseAddress + INTERVALTIMER_TLR1_ADDRESS , INTERVALTIMER_INITIALIZE);
    // Write a 1 into the LOAD0 and LOAD1 bits of the TCSR0 and TCSR1 register
    uint32 t startZeroA = Xil In32(baseAddress + INTERVALTIMER TCSR0 ADDRESS);
   uint32_t startZeroB = Xil_In32(baseAddress + INTERVALTIMER_TCSR1_ADDRESS);
    startZeroA = startZeroA | INTERVALTIMER_LOAD_BIT;
   startZeroB = startZeroB | INTERVALTIMER_LOAD_BIT;
   Xil_Out32(baseAddress + INTERVALTIMER_TCSR0_ADDRESS , startZeroA);
   Xil_Out32(baseAddress + INTERVALTIMER_TCSR1_ADDRESS , startZeroB);
    // Write a 0 back into the LOAD0 and LOAD1 registers so they stop loading 0 consistently
   uint32_t startOneA = Xil_In32(baseAddress + INTERVALTIMER_TCSR0_ADDRESS);
   uint32_t startOneB = Xil_In32(baseAddress + INTERVALTIMER_TCSR1_ADDRESS);
    startOneA = startOneA | INTERVALTIMER_LOAD_CLEAR_BIT;
    startOneB = startZeroB | INTERVALTIMER_LOAD_CLEAR_BIT;
   Xil_Out32(baseAddress + INTERVALTIMER_TCSR0_ADDRESS , startOneA);
   Xil_Out32(baseAddress + INTERVALTIMER_TCSR1_ADDRESS , startOneB);
   intervalTimer_init(timerNumber);
   return 0:
}
// Inits the timer by writing to TCSR0, TCSR1 and CASC bit
uint32_t intervalTimer_init_timer(uint32_t baseAddress) {
    // Write a 0 to the TCSR0 bit
   Xil_Out32(baseAddress + INTERVALTIMER_TCSR0_ADDRESS , INTERVALTIMER_INITIALIZE);
    // Write a 0 to the TCSR1 bit
   Xil_Out32(baseAddress + INTERVALTIMER_TCSR1_ADDRESS , INTERVALTIMER_INITIALIZE);
    // Set CASC bit to 1 in the TCSR0 register
   Xil_Out32(baseAddress + INTERVALTIMER_TCSR0_ADDRESS , INTERVALTIMER_CASC_BIT);
   //Clear UDT0 bit in the TCSR0 register is done by default when 0 is written
   return 0;
// Reads the address given and returns the value
u32 readRegister(uint32_t registerOffset) {
   uint32_t address = registerOffset;
    return Xil_In32(address);
}
// Reads the address given for the given timer number and returns the value
u32 readTimerRegister(uint32_t registerOffset , uint32_t timerNumber) {
   uint32_t address;
   // Verifies that timerNumber is valid
   switch (timerNumber) {
    case 0:
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address = XPAR_AXI_TIMER_0_BASEADDR + registerOffset;
        return Xil_In32(address);
        break;
    case 1:
        address = XPAR_AXI_TIMER_1_BASEADDR + registerOffset;
        return Xil_In32(address);
        break;
    case 2:
        address = XPAR AXI TIMER 2 BASEADDR + registerOffset;
        return Xil_In32(address);
        break;
        If the parameter timerNumber fails, it returns the value of timer \theta
       by default.
    default:
        printf("error; invalid timer access \n\r");
                                                                 //error message
        return Xil_In32(XPAR_AXI_TIMER_0_BASEADDR + registerOffset);
        break;
    }
// Test function delay; ONLY CALLED IN: intervalTimer_runTest function
void waitALongTime() {
    volatile int32_t a = 0;
    int32_t i, j;
    for (i=0; i<DELAY_COUNT; i++)</pre>
        for (j=0; j<INT32_MAX; j++)</pre>
   Public functions
uint32_t intervalTimer_start(uint32_t timerNumber) {
        // Switch statement verifies that timerNumber is valid
    switch (timerNumber) {
   case 0:
        intervalTimer_start_timer(XPAR_AXI_TIMER_0_BASEADDR); //starts timer 0
        return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_TRUE;
        break;
    case 1:
        intervalTimer_start_timer(XPAR_AXI_TIMER_1_BASEADDR); //starts timer 1
        return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_TRUE;
        break;
    case 2:
        intervalTimer_start_timer(XPAR_AXI_TIMER_2_BASEADDR); //starts timer 2
        return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_TRUE;
        break:
    default:
        printf("error; invalid timer access \n\r");
                                                                 //error message
        return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_FALSE;
        break;
    }
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}

}

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return 0;
uint32_t intervalTimer_stop(uint32_t timerNumber){
    // Switch statement verifies that the timerNumber is valid
   switch (timerNumber) {
   case 0:
       intervalTimer_stop_timer(XPAR_AXI_TIMER_0_BASEADDR); //stops timer 0
       return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_TRUE;
       break;
   case 1:
       intervalTimer_stop_timer(XPAR_AXI_TIMER_1_BASEADDR);
                                                              //stops timer 1
       return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_TRUE;
       break;
   case 2:
       intervalTimer_stop_timer(XPAR_AXI_TIMER_2_BASEADDR);
                                                              //stops timer 2
       return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_TRUE;
       break;
    default:
       printf("error; invalid timer access \n\r");
                                                                //error message
       return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_FALSE;
       break;
    }
return 0;
uint32_t intervalTimer_reset(uint32_t timerNumber) {
    // Switch statement verifies that the timerNumber is valid
   switch (timerNumber) {
   case 0:
       intervalTimer_reset_timer(XPAR_AXI_TIMER_0_BASEADDR , INTERVALTIMER_0_ID); //resets timer 0
       return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_TRUE;
       break;
   case 1:
       intervalTimer reset timer(XPAR AXI TIMER 1 BASEADDR ,INTERVALTIMER 1 ID); //resets timer 1
       return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_TRUE;
       break;
   case 2:
       intervalTimer_reset_timer(XPAR_AXI_TIMER_2_BASEADDR , INTERVALTIMER_2_ID); //resets timer 2
       return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_TRUE;
       break;
   default:
       printf("error; invalid timer access \n\r");
                                                                                    //error message
       return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_FALSE;
       break;
   }
   return 0;
uint32_t intervalTimer_init(uint32_t timerNumber) {
   // Switch statement verifies that the timerNumber is valid
   switch (timerNumber) {
    case 0:
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intervalTimer_init_timer(XPAR_AXI_TIMER_0_BASEADDR);
                                                               //initializes timer 0
       return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_TRUE;
       break;
    case 1:
       intervalTimer_init_timer(XPAR_AXI_TIMER_1_BASEADDR);
                                                              //initializes timer 1
       return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_TRUE;
       break;
    case 2:
       intervalTimer init timer(XPAR AXI TIMER 2 BASEADDR);
                                                                //initializes timer 2
       return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_TRUE;
       break;
    default:
       printf("error; invalid timer access \n\r");
                                                                //error message
       return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_FALSE;
       break:
   }
   return 0:
}
uint32_t intervalTimer_initAll() {
    // Returns 1 if timer0 and timer1 and timer2 are all initialized. Returns 0 if one isn't initialized
   return intervalTimer_init(INTERVALTIMER_2_ID) & intervalTimer_init(INTERVALTIMER_1_ID) &
intervalTimer_init(INTERVALTIMER_0_ID);
}
uint32_t intervalTimer_resetAll() {
    // Returns 1 if timer0 and timer1 and timer2 are all reset. Returns 0 if one isn't reset
   return intervalTimer_reset(INTERVALTIMER_2_ID) & intervalTimer_reset(INTERVALTIMER_1_ID) &
intervalTimer_reset(INTERVALTIMER_0_ID);
}
uint32_t intervalTimer_testAll() {
   // Returns 1 if timer0 and timer1 and timer2 pass test. Returns 0 if one fails test
   if(intervalTimer_runTest(INTERVALTIMER_0_ID) == INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_FALSE) {
       printf("timer_0 failed");
       return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_FALSE;
    if(intervalTimer_runTest(INTERVALTIMER_1_ID) == INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_FALSE) {
       printf("timer_1 failed");
       return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_FALSE;
   }
    if(intervalTimer_runTest(INTERVALTIMER_2_ID) == INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_FALSE) {
       printf("timer 2 failed");
       return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_FALSE;
   }
   return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_TRUE;
}
uint32_t intervalTimer_runTest(uint32_t timerNumber) {
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intervalTimer_init(timerNumber);
     intervalTimer_reset(timerNumber);
     // Show that the timer is reset.
     printf("timer %1d TCR0 should be 0 at this point:%1d\n\r", timerNumber ,
readTimerRegister(INTERVALTIMER_TCR0_ADDRESS, timerNumber));
     printf("timer %1d TCR1 should be 0 at this point:%1d \\ n\r", timerNumber ,
readTimerRegister(INTERVALTIMER_TCR0_ADDRESS, timerNumber));
     // Statements returns false if TCR0 and TCR1 aren't 0
     if (readTimerRegister(INTERVALTIMER_TCR0_ADDRESS , timerNumber) !=INTERVALTIMER_INITIALIZE) {
         return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_FALSE;
     if (readTimerRegister(INTERVALTIMER_TCR1_ADDRESS , timerNumber) !=INTERVALTIMER_INITIALIZE) {
             return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_FALSE;
     intervalTimer_start(timerNumber);
     // Show that the timer is running.
     // Test points for comparison
     u32 TP_One;
     u32 TP_Two;
     printf("The following register values should be changing while reading them.\n\r");
     printf("timer %ld TCR0 should be changing at this point:%ld\n\r", timerNumber,
readTimerRegister(INTERVALTIMER_TCR0_ADDRESS, timerNumber));
     TP_One = readTimerRegister(INTERVALTIMER_TCR0_ADDRESS , timerNumber);
      printf("timer \% \underline{ld} \ TCR0 \ should \ be \ changing \ at \ this \ point: \% \underline{ld} \ n\ r", \ timerNumber \ , 
readTimerRegister(INTERVALTIMER_TCR0_ADDRESS, timerNumber));
     readTimerRegister(INTERVALTIMER_TCR0_ADDRESS, timerNumber));
     readTimerRegister(INTERVALTIMER_TCR0_ADDRESS, timerNumber));
     TP_Two = readTimerRegister(INTERVALTIMER_TCR0_ADDRESS , timerNumber);
     printf("timer %1d TCR0 should be changing at this point:%1d\n\r", timerNumber,
readTimerRegister(INTERVALTIMER_TCR0_ADDRESS, timerNumber));
     // Statement returns false if TCR0 isn't changing
     if (TP_One == TP_Two) {
         return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_FALSE;
     }
     // Wait about 2 minutes so that you roll over to TCR1.
     // If you don't see a '1' in TCR1 after this long wait you probably haven't programmed the timer correctly.
     waitALongTime();
     timerNumber)):
     printf("timer %ld TCR1 should have changed at this point:%ld\n\r", timerNumber
,readTimerRegister(INTERVALTIMER_TCR1_ADDRESS, timerNumber));
     // Statement returns false if TCR1 didn't change
     if (readTimerRegister(INTERVALTIMER_TCR1_ADDRESS,timerNumber) == INTERVALTIMER_INITIALIZE) {
         return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_FALSE;
   return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_TRUE;
}
uint32_t intervalTimer_getTotalDurationInSeconds(uint32_t timerNumber, double *seconds) {
   double returnTime; // Modifies the *seconds parameter
   // Accesses the given timerNumber
   switch (timerNumber) {
   case 0:
       // Sets returnTime to current value of the TCR0 address for the time in seconds
       returnTime = (readRegister(XPAR_AXI_TIMER_0_BASEADDR + INTERVALTIMER_TCR0_ADDRESS) / (double)
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XPAR_AXI_TIMER_0_CLOCK_FREQ_HZ);
        // Adds the TCR1 address to the returnTime value in seconds
       returnTime = returnTime + (readRegister(XPAR_AXI_TIMER_0_BASEADDR + INTERVALTIMER_TCR1_ADDRESS) *
INTERVALTIMER_TCR1_MOD);
       *seconds = returnTime;
       return INTERVALTIMER VALID TIMER TRUE;
    case 1:
       // Sets returnTime to current value of the TCR0 address for the time in seconds
       returnTime = (readRegister(XPAR_AXI_TIMER_1_BASEADDR + INTERVALTIMER_TCR0_ADDRESS) / (double)
XPAR_AXI_TIMER_1_CLOCK_FREQ_HZ);
       // Adds the TCR1 address to the returnTime value in seconds
       returnTime = returnTime + (readRegister(XPAR_AXI_TIMER_1_BASEADDR + INTERVALTIMER_TCR1_ADDRESS) *
INTERVALTIMER_TCR1_MOD);
       *seconds = returnTime;
       return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_TRUE;
       break;
   case 2:
       // Sets returnTime to current value of the TCR0 address for the time in seconds
       returnTime = (readRegister(XPAR_AXI_TIMER_2_BASEADDR + INTERVALTIMER_TCR0_ADDRESS) / (double)
XPAR_AXI_TIMER_1_CLOCK_FREQ_HZ);
       // Adds the TCR1 address to the returnTime value in seconds
        returnTime = returnTime + (readRegister(XPAR_AXI_TIMER_2_BASEADDR + INTERVALTIMER_TCR1_ADDRESS) *
INTERVALTIMER_TCR1_MOD);
        *seconds = returnTime;
       return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_TRUE;
       break;
       printf("error; invalid timer access \n\r");
       return INTERVALTIMER_VALID_TIMER_FALSE;
       break;
   }
    return 0;
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