

Congduc Pham, http://cpham.perso.univ-pau.fr



Preparing your Raspberry Pi

Get our ready-to-use Raspbian Jessie SD card image

Download from http://cpham.perso.univ-pau.fr/LORA/WAZIUP/raspberrypi-jessie-WAZIUP-demo.dmg.zip

Write the SD card image

Use a class 10 8GB minimum SD card See instruction from https://www.raspberrypi.org/documentation/installation/installing-images for various OS







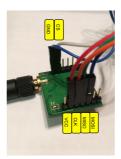




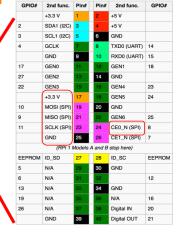
You can use RaspberryPI 1 model B/B+, RaspberryPI 2 model B, RaspberryPI 3 model B/B+ and RaspberryPl Zero (W). The most important usefull feature is the Ethernet interface for easy Internet connection. You can add WiFi with a WiFi USB dongle to use access-point features. With the RPI3 & RPIOW, WiFi and Bluetooth are embedded on the board.

Connect the LoRa radio module

Depending on the model, you can have the « short » or the « long » GPIO interface. However, the SPI pins are at the same location therefore it does not change the way you connect the radio module if you take pin 1 as the reference. Connect the SPI pins (MOSI, MISO, CLK, CS) of the radio to the corresponding pins on the RPI. Note that CS goes to CEO_N on the RPI.







Update your gateway Read more instruction at https://github.com/CongducPham/LowCostLoRaGw

Connect your RPI to Internet (with Ethernet sharing from laptop or DHCP router). Use a browser to display the web admin interface: e.g. 192.168.2.8/admin

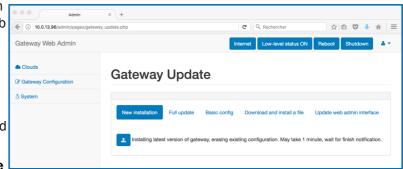
Login: admin Password: loragateway

Check Internet connection with the **Internet** button

Select the Gateway update menu and click on New installation (or Full update). Then click on the download icon button

Perform Basic config and Update web admin interface

Reboot your RPI with the Reboot button



You can also use the gateway WiFi to display the web admin interface, see page 4



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Receiving LoRa messages

Gateway default configuration

Default configuration uses BW=125kHz, CR=4/5, SF=12

This configuration allows for the longest range

The gateway uses BW & SF combinations to define 10 LoRa modes. Default mode is then mode 1

Default frequency in each band (868, 900, 433) is indicated in red

Range	LoRa			
~	mode	BW	CR	SF
	1	125	4/5	12
	2	250	4/5	12
	3	125	4/5	10
	4	500	4/5	12
	5	250	4/5	10
	6	500	4/5	11
	7	250	4/5	9
Ţ	8	500	4/5	9
	9	500	4/5	8
Throughput	10	500	4/5	7

ch	F(MHz)	ch	F(MHz)	ch	F(MHz)
04	863.2*	00	903.08	00	433.3*
05	863.5*	01	905.24	01	433.6*
06	863.8*	02	907.40	02	433.9*
07	864.1*	03	909.56	03	434.3*
80	864.4*	04	911.72	-	-
09	864.7*	05	913.88	-	-
10	865.2	06	916.04	-	-
11	865.5	07	918.20	-	-
12	865.8	08	920.36	-	-
13	866.1	09	922.52	-	-
14	866.4	10	924.68	-	-
15	867.7	11	926.84	-	-
16	867.0	12	915.00	-	-
17	868.0	-	-	-	-
18	868.1*	-	-	-	-

The default frequency at the end-device depends on the selected band, check and set the operating frequency of the gateway accordingly with the web admin interface.

Uploading to WAZIUP

Use the Clouds menu and Waziup Orion tab

WAZIUP cloud uses the FIWARE Orion broker and adopts a domain approach: the domain will be defined as **project_name+'-'+organization_name+service_tree**, e.g. **waziup-UPPA-OFFICE1-TESTS** if:

- project_name=waziup,
- organization_name=UPPA
- service_tree=-OFFICE1-TESTS

service_tree can be empty otherwise it must begin with a '-'

Cloud

Cloud

Cloud System

ThingSpeak Waztup Orion Cloud No Internet Cloud Gps File Cloud MGTT Cloud Node-RED

Enabled true

project name waztup

organization name UPPA

service tree -OFFICE1-TESTS

Crion token this_is_my_authorization_token

source list Empty

Cloud No Internet Cloud Gps File Cloud MGTT Cloud Node-RED

Cloud Node-RED

Cloud No Internet Cloud Gps File Cloud MGTT Cloud Node-RED

Cloud Node-RED

Cloud No Internet Cloud Gps File Cloud MGTT Cloud Node-RED

Cloud Node-RED

Enabled true

project name waztup

organization name UPPA

service tree -OFFICE1-TESTS

Cr

Orion token this_is_my_authorization_token Cr

source list Empty

Device id will be **organization_name**+"Sensor"+device_addr. For instance, for sensor 2 hosted by UPPA: **UPPA_Sensor2**Using domain approach, the URL will be for instance http://www.waziup.io/domains/waziup-UPPA-OFFICE1-TESTS/sensors

Gateway Web Admin

Retrieving values from WAZIUP platform

Using curl command

Assuming device 2 sends TC/22.5 which means a temperature of 22.5°C

curl -X GET http://www.waziup.io/api/v1/domains/waziup-UPPA-OFFICE1-TESTS/sensors/UPPA_Sensor2/measurements/TC

Additionally, go to www.waziup.io and search for your sensor name (e.g. UPPA_Sensor2)

Additional ressources & tutorials

The general github repository https://github.com/CongducPham/LowCostLoRaGw
The WAZIUP github https://github.com/Waziup
IoT device video https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YsKbJeeav_M
Gateway video https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=peHkDhiH3IE





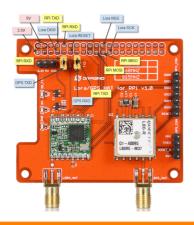


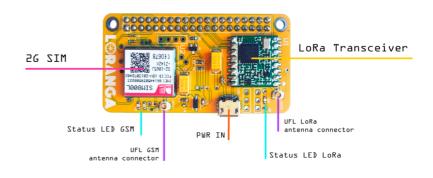
Using integrated LoRa radio shield/hat

Shield/hat with integrated LoRa radio modules

There are some shields/hats that integrate a LoRa radio, mostly the HopeRF RFM95W radio module

Many of these board also propose additional features such as GPS or 2G/3G connectivity 2G/3G connectivity is definitely a good choice if cellular-based Internet is the only solution in isolated areas





Dragino LoRa/GPS hat For Raspberry PI

La Fábrica Alegre Loranga LoRa/2G/3G board For Raspberry Pl

Connecting the gateway to the Internet

The best way to provide Internet to the gateway is through Ethernet via a DSL router for instance

The DSL router can be replaced by a 3G router. This solution is better than using a USB 3G dongle because of power issues.

The Loranga hat mentioned above is a great solution that provides high flexibility of deployment. We have collaboration with the Loranga development team and support of the board is included in the github distribution









External 3G router + Ethernet

3G USB dongle

2G/3G Loranga hat

Loranga hat on an RPIO

INFORMATION ON YOUR GATEWAY: default configuration

Connecting to your gateway

Connect your gateway to a DHCP network to have Internet connectivity

Your gateway also acts as a WiFi access point. Search for WAZIUP_PI_GW_XXXXXXXXXX

Connect to this WiFi, password is loragateway

Use a web browser (you can use a smartphone or tablet for instance) and open http://192.168.200.1/admin

Login: admin Password: loragateway

Test Internet connectivity and update your gateway using Full update as explained in page 1 of the gateway booklet

LoRa radio configuration

LoRa mode 1 (BW=125kHz, CR=4/5, SF=12)

This configuration allows for the longest range

Frequency is **865.2MHz** (CH_10_868)

Configured clouds

Your gateway has 2 enabled clouds defined in clouds.json: WAZIUP cloud and ThingSpeak cloud

The default device: Arduino_LoRa_Simple_temp

The end-device that comes with your gateway also use LoRa mode 1 on 865.2Mhz frequency. Its address is 6.

When powered on, the device will send the measured temperature (TC) every 10 minutes

Configuration of WAZIUP cloud

The project name is waziup

The service-tree is empty

The organization name is **ORG**

The domain will therefore be waziup-ORG

The device id will be ORG_Sensor+device_addr

e.g. from sensor 6: ORG_Sensor6

Go to www.waziup.io, click on TRY WAZIUP Login: waziup Password: waziup

Click on Sensor menu and search for your sensor name, e.g. ORG_Sensor6

Configuration of ThingSpeak cloud

The ThinkSpeak channel is https://thingspeak.com/channels/66794. Data with the default end-device will be on chart 3.

It is our Test LORA Gateway channel for testing

The write key is SGSH52UGPVAUYG3S

You can create/use your new/existing ThingSpeak channel and enter your own write key using the **Cloud** menu of the gateway web interface. Then reboot your gateway

Recommended tutorials

The gateway web admin interface

https://github.com/CongducPham/tutorials/blob/master/Low-cost-LoRa-GW-web-admin.pdf

The gateway presentation and tutorial

https://github.com/CongducPham/tutorials/blob/master/Low-cost-LoRa-GW-step-by-step.pdf