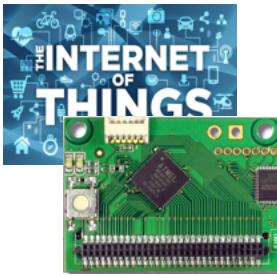


DEPLOYING LOW-COST AND LONG-RANGE INTERNET OF THINGS IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES



PROF. CONG DUC PHAM
[HTTP://WWW.UNIV-PAU.FR/~CPHAM](http://www.univ-pau.fr/~cpham)
UNIVERSITÉ DE PAU, FRANCE





IOT FOR DEVELOPMENT



Irrigation



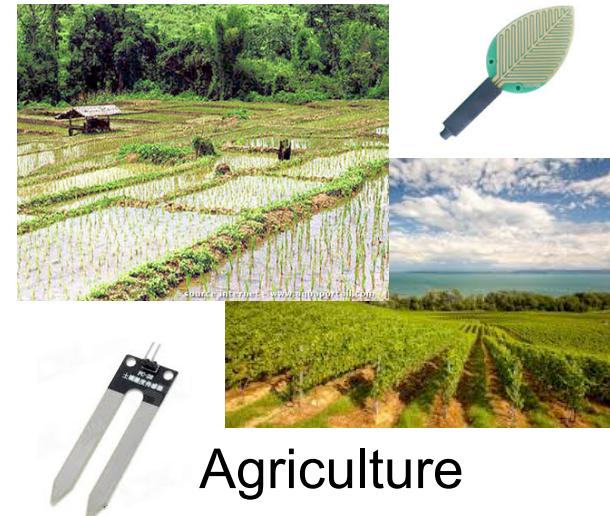
Livestock farming



Fish farming & aquaculture



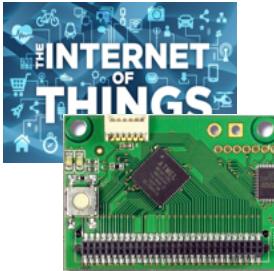
Storage & logistic



Agriculture



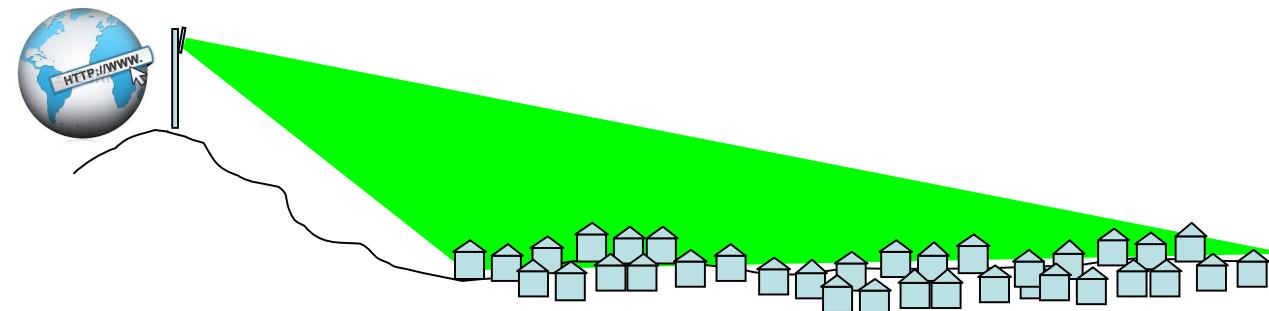
Fresh water



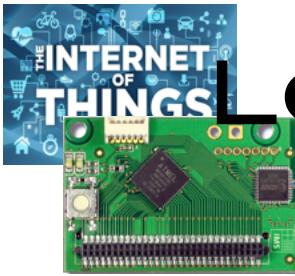
LONG-RANGE SENSING



Moisture/
Temperature of
storage areas



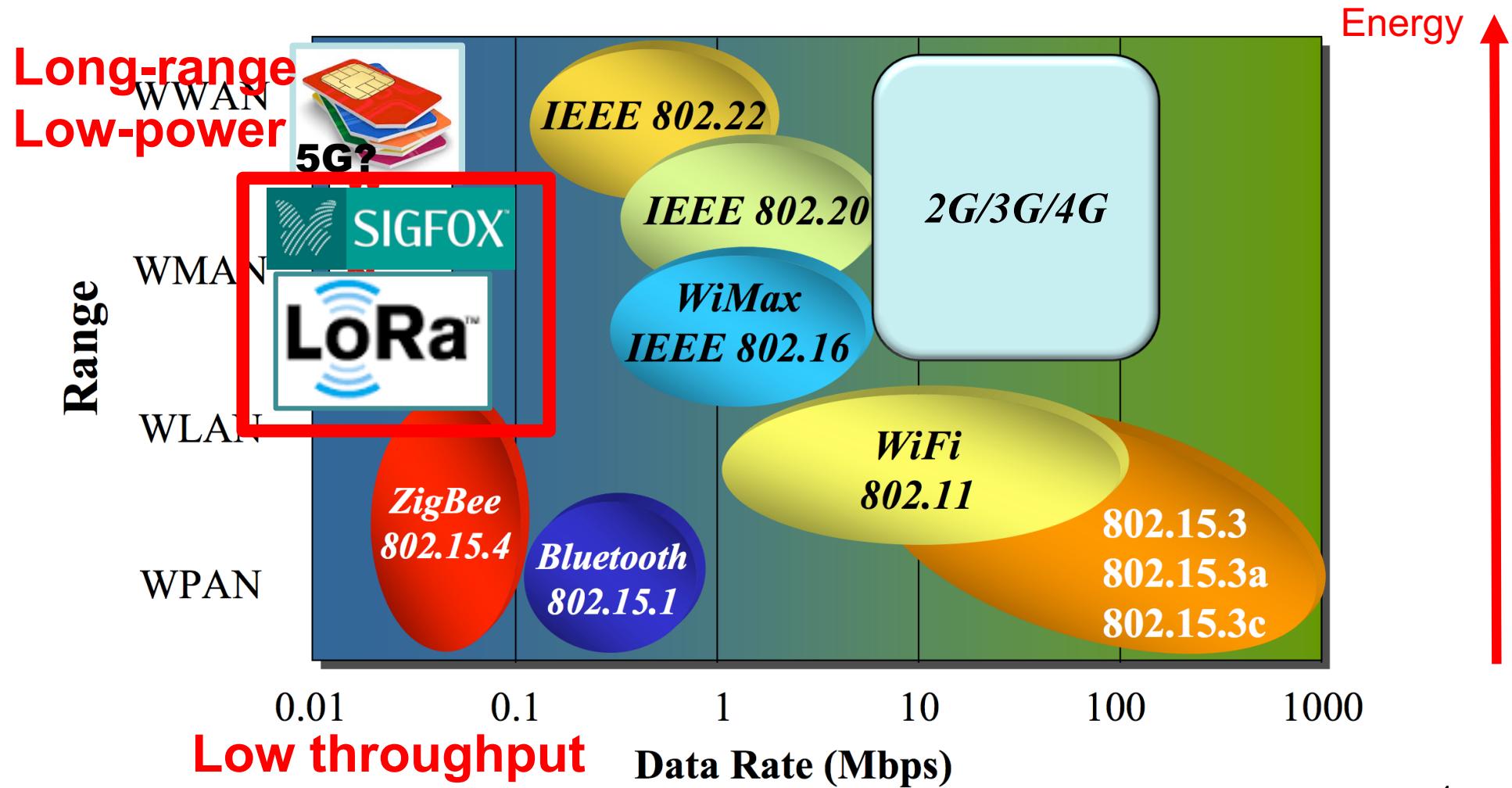
Technology	2G	3G	LAN
Range (I=Indoor, O=Outdoor)	N/A	N/A	O: 300m I: 30m
Tx current consumption	200-500mA	500-1000mA	100-300mA
Standby current	2.3mA	3.5mA	NC

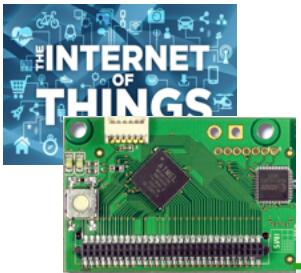


LOW-POWER & LONG-RANGE RADIO TECHNOLOGIES



Energy-Range dilemma

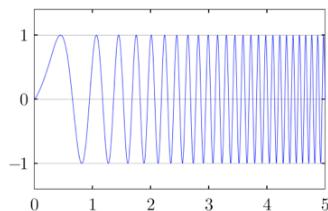




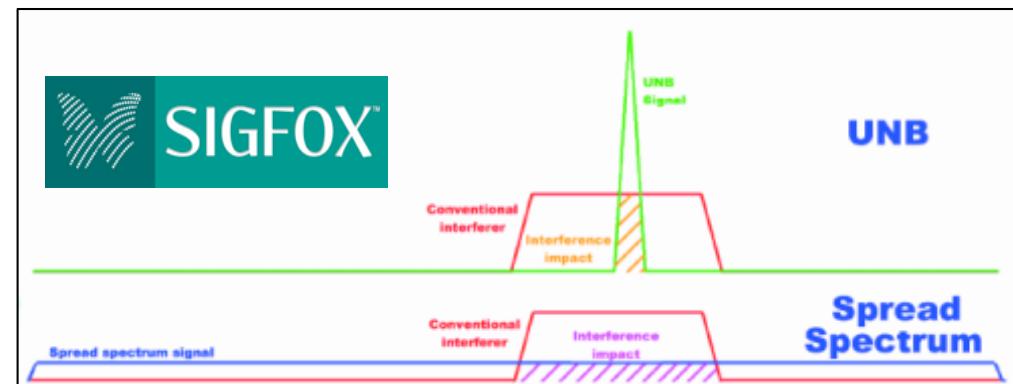
INCREASING RANGE?

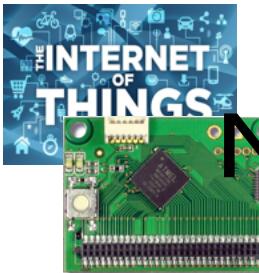


- Generally, robustness and sensitivity can be increased when **transmitting much slower**
- A Sigfox message is sent relatively slowly in an ultra narrow band of spectrum. **Max throughput=~100bps**
- LoRa also increases time-on-air when maximum range is needed. But LoRa uses spread spectrum approach. **Throughput=~300bps-37500bps**



LoRa™



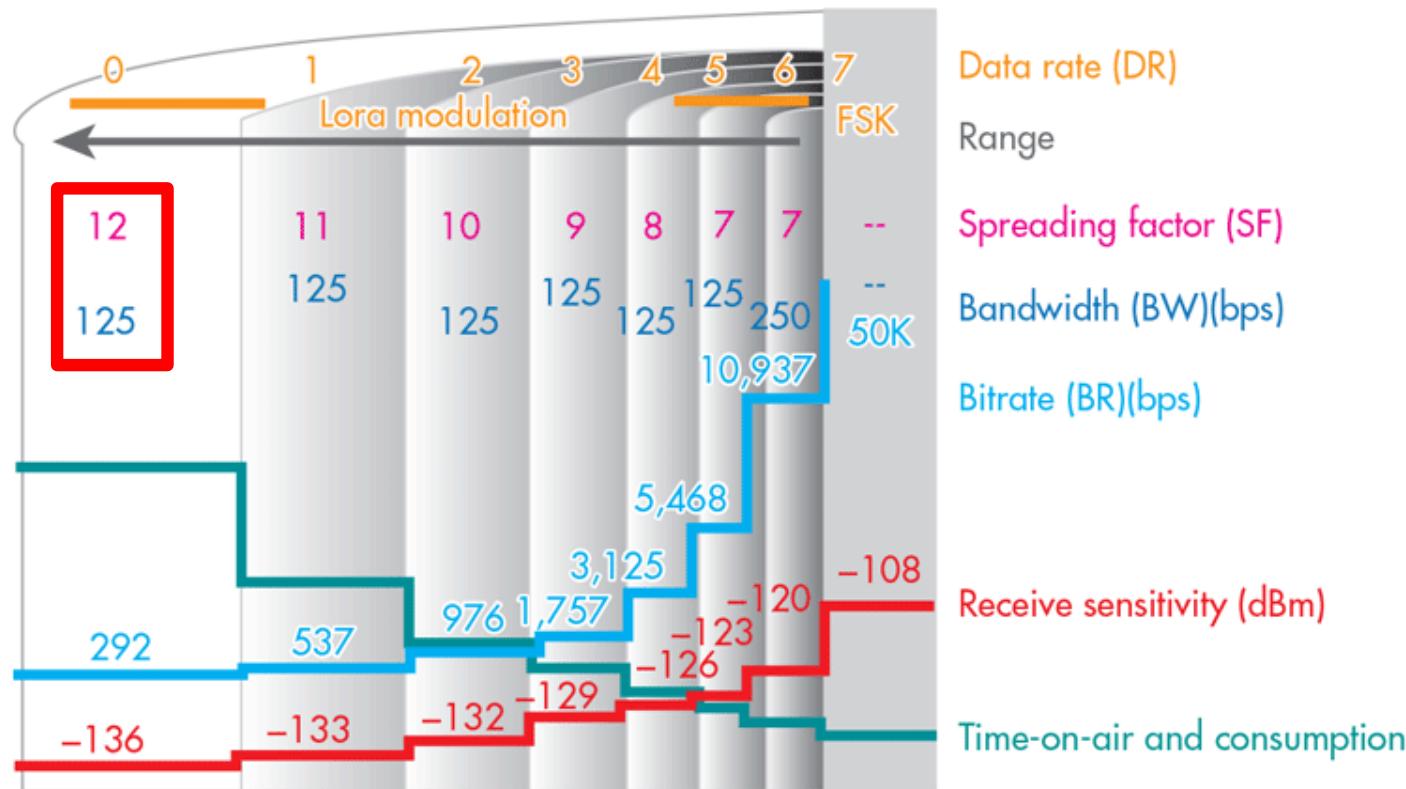


MAIN LORA PARAMETERS



□ Main parameters

- Bandwidth: 62.5kHz, 125kHz, 250kHz, 500kHz
- Spreading factor: 6 to 12





LORA DETAILS SPECS



□ Main parameters

- **Bandwidth:** 62.5kHz, 125kHz, 250kHz, 500kHz
- **Spreading factor:** 6 to 12
- **Rate code:** 4/4+CR (CR=1, 2, 3, 4)

$$R_b = SF * \frac{\text{Rate Code}}{\left[\frac{2^SF}{BW} \right]} \text{ bits/sec}$$

Sensitivity: lowest input power with acceptable link quality, typically 1% PER

<i>SpreadingFactor (RegModemConfig2)</i>	<i>Spreading Factor (Chips / symbol)</i>	<i>LoRa Demodulator SNR</i>
6	64	-5 dB
7	128	-7.5 dB
8	256	-10 dB
9	512	-12.5 dB
10	1024	-15 dB
11	2048	-17.5 dB
12	4096	-20 dB

Bandwidth (kHz)	Spreading Factor	Nominal Rb (bps)	Sensitivity (dBm)
125	6	9380	-122
125	12	293	-137
250	6	18750	-119
250	12	586	-134
500	6	37500	-116
500	12	1172	-131

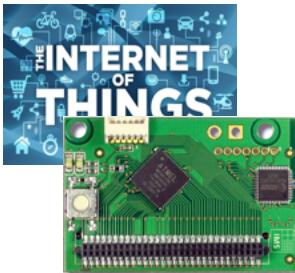
Rule of thumb

6dB increase = twice the range in LOS

12dB needed for urban areas

Bandwidth (kHz)	Spreading Factor	Coding rate	Nominal Rb (bps)	Sensitivity (dBm)
125	12	4/5	293	-137
250	12	4/5	586	-134
500	12	4/5	1172	-131

Tables from Semtech

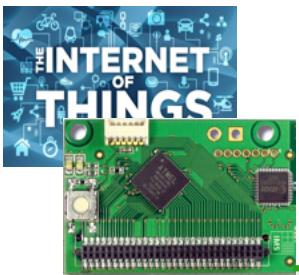


LORA TIME-ON-AIR



**Very low throughput
Transmission time can be several seconds**

LoRa mode	BW	CR	SF	time on air in second for payload size of						max thr. for 255B in bps
				5 bytes	55 bytes	105 bytes	155 Bytes	205 Bytes	255 Bytes	
1	125	4/5	12	0.95846	2.59686	4.23526	5.87366	7.51206	9.15046	223
2	250	4/5	12	0.47923	1.21651	1.87187	2.52723	3.26451	3.91987	520
3	125	4/5	10	0.28058	0.69018	1.09978	1.50938	1.91898	2.32858	876
4	500	4/5	12	0.23962	0.60826	0.93594	1.26362	1.63226	1.95994	1041
5	250	4/5	10	0.14029	0.34509	0.54989	0.75469	0.95949	1.16429	1752
6	500	4/5	11	0.11981	0.30413	0.50893	0.69325	0.87757	1.06189	1921
7	250	4/5	9	0.07014	0.18278	0.29542	0.40806	0.5207	0.63334	3221
8	500	4/5	9	0.03507	0.09139	0.14771	0.20403	0.26035	0.31667	6442
9	500	4/5	8	0.01754	0.05082	0.08154	0.11482	0.14554	0.17882	11408
10	500	4/5	7	0.00877	0.02797	0.04589	0.06381	0.08301	0.10093	20212



ENERGY CONSUMPTION COMPARAISON



Tables from Semtech

Technology	2G	3G	LAN	ZigBee	Lo Power WAN
Range (I=Indoor, O=Outdoor)	N/A	N/A	O: 300m I: 30m	O: 90m I: 30m	Same as 2G/3G
Tx current consumption	200-500mA	500-1000mA	100-300mA	18mA	20-40mA
Standby current	2.3mA	3.5mA	NC	0.003mA	0.001mA
Energy harvesting (solar, other)	No	No	No	Possible	Possible
Battery 2000mAh (LR6 battery)	4-8 hours(com) 36 days(idle)	2-4 hours(com) X hours(idle)	50 hours(com) X hours(idle)	60hours (com)	120 hours(com) 10 year(idle)
Module Revenue Annually	12 \$	20 \$	4 \$	\$3	3 \$

Autonomy GSM with 2000mAh -



Autonomy LP WAN with 2000mAh -



Example for energy meter

1 year

5 years

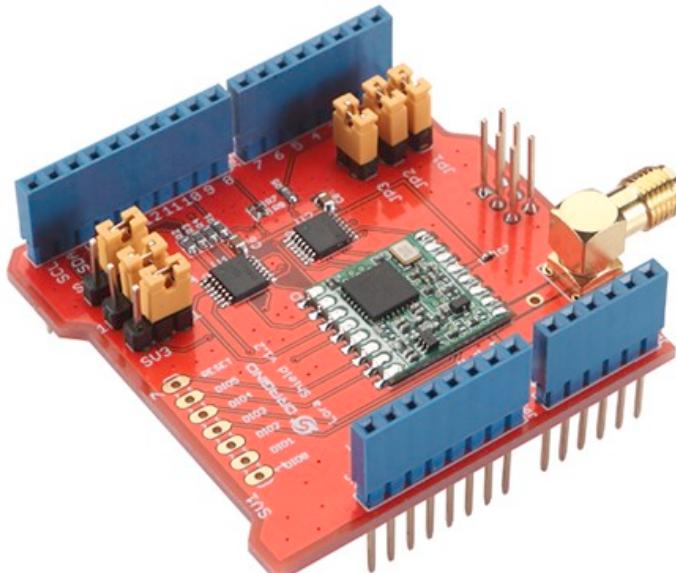
10 years



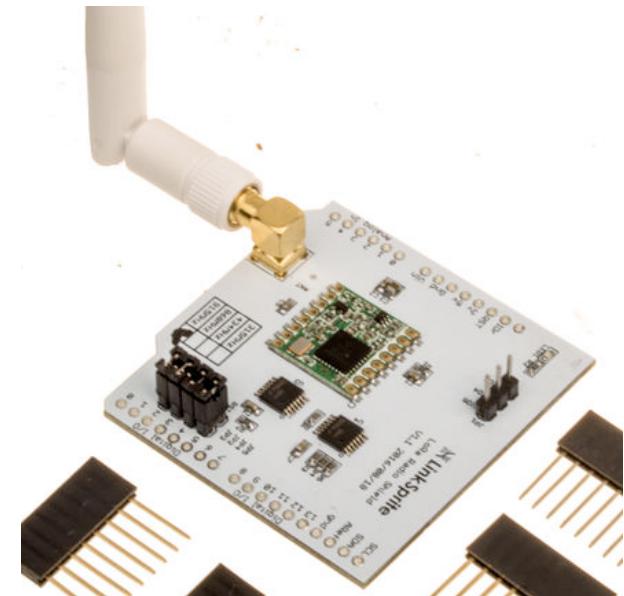
MORE AND MORE EASY-TO-CONNECT LORA MODULES!



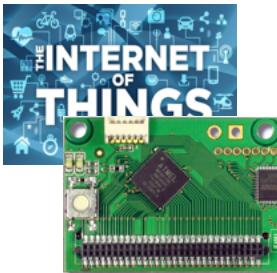
LORANGA LoRa +
2G/3G board,
mainly for
Raspberry PI



Dragino LoRa shield
for Arduino

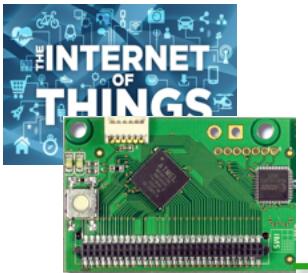


LinkSprite LoRa shield
for Arduino

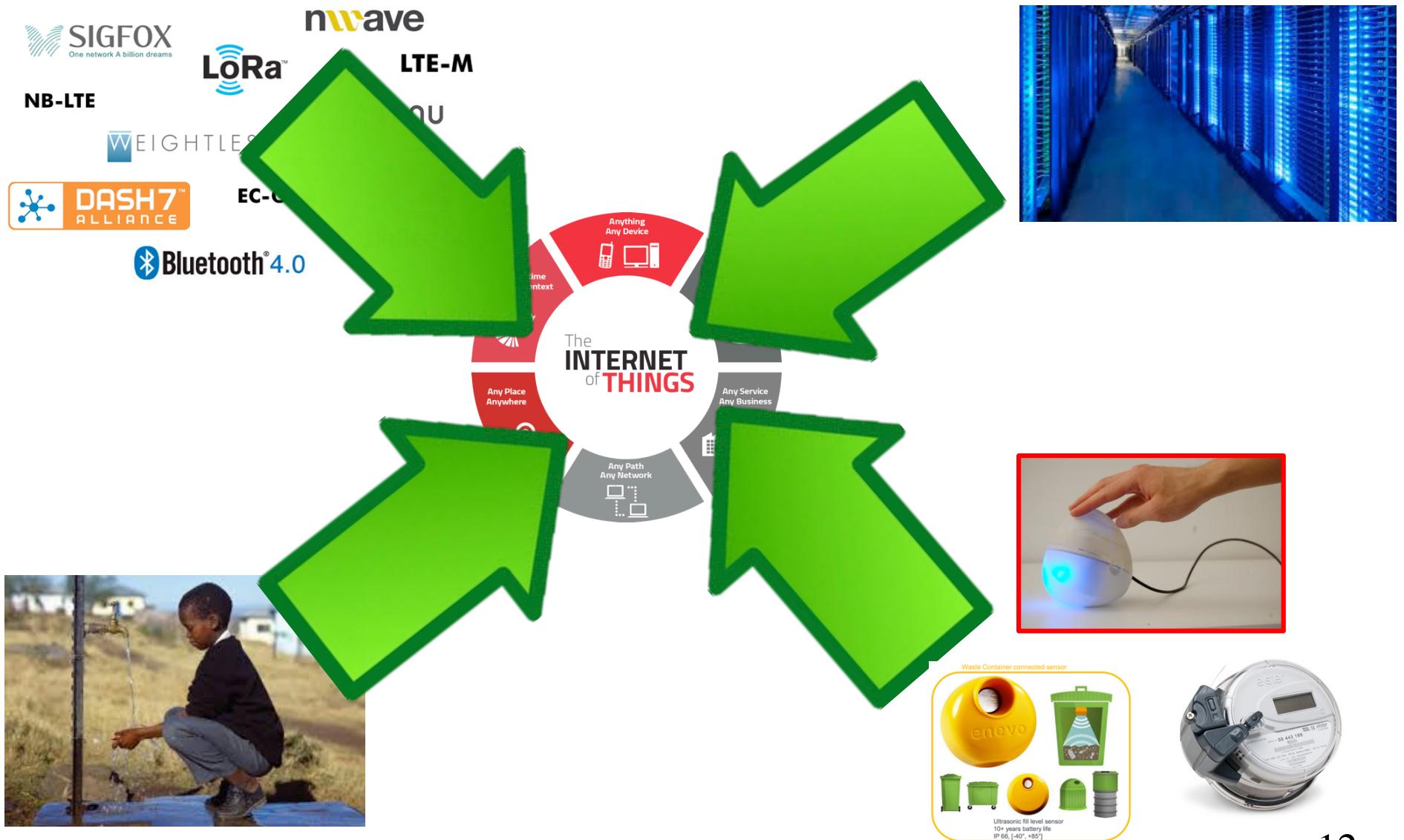


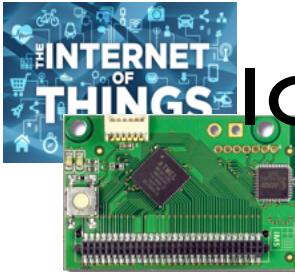
MATURATION OF THE IOT MARKET...





IoT BECOMES REALITY!



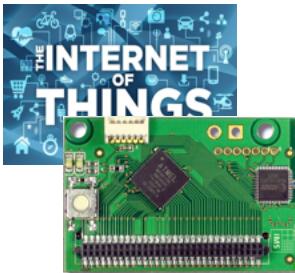


IoT IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES OR RURAL AREAS?

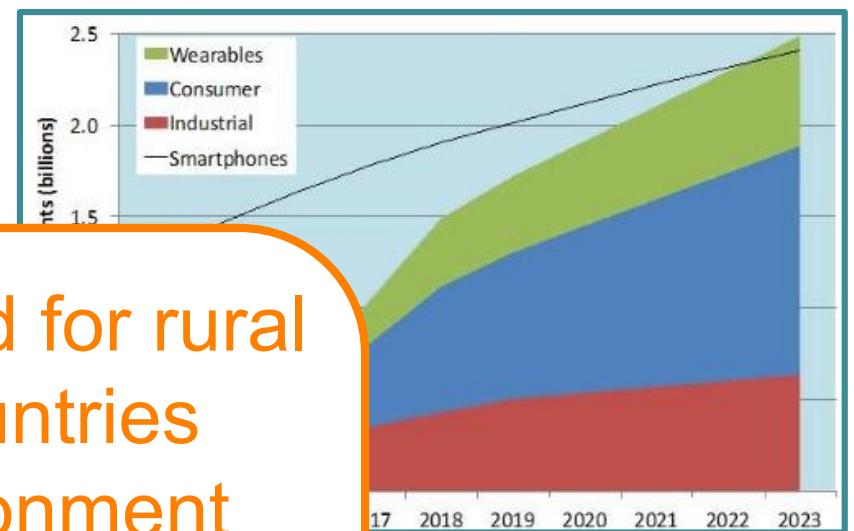


- Developing countries/rural areas are still far from being ready to enjoy the smallest benefit of IoT
 - lack of infrastructure
 - high cost of hardware
 - competition
 - lack of...

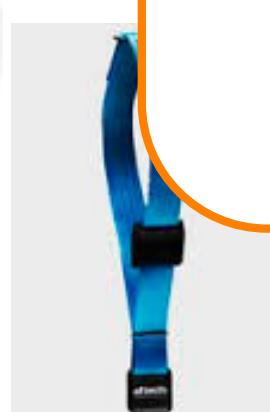




MATURATION OF THE IOT MARKET...

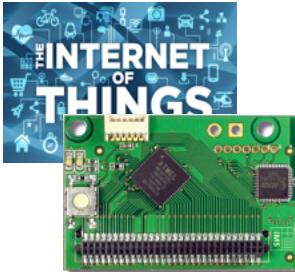


... but not adapted for rural developing countries context & environment

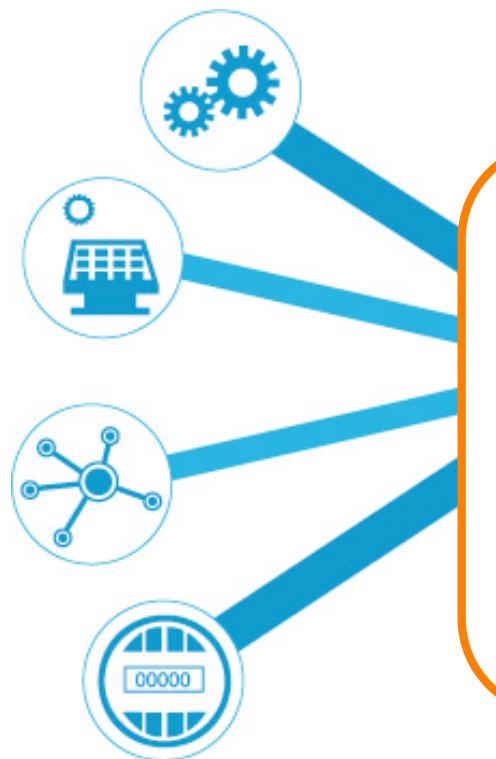


Ultrasonic fill level sensor
10+ years battery life
IP 66, [-40°, +85°]





INTERNET, CLOUD & BIG DATA ANALYTICS

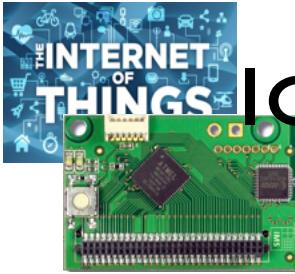


Internet connectivity is weak and expensive!

Nearly impossible in remote/rural areas



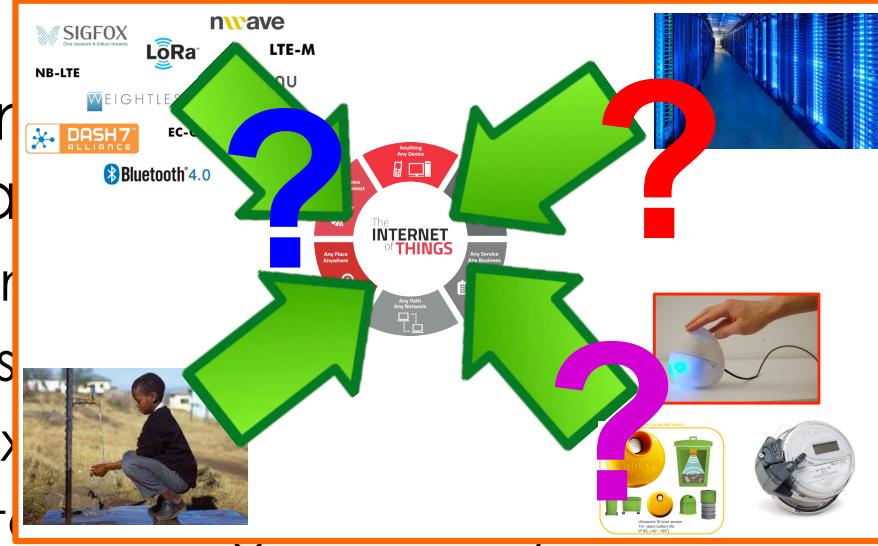
Graphics from <http://www.vitria.com/iot-analytics/>

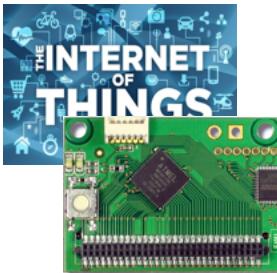


IoT IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES AND RURAL AREAS



- Developing countries are still far from benefiting from the IoT revolution
 - lack of infrastructure
 - high costs
 - complex technologies
 - lack of technical background
- to deploy IoT in developing countries, it is necessary to target three major issues**
 - reduce cost of infrastructures, hardware and services
 - limit dependency to proprietary infrastructures and provide local interaction models
 - target technology appropriation, push for local business models



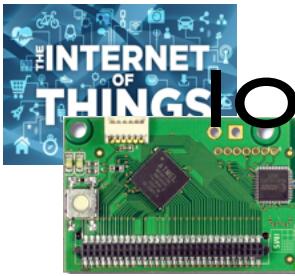


WAZIUP: LOW-COST IoT



[ABOUT »](#) [TECHNOLOGIES »](#) [COMMUNITY](#) [NEWS & EVENT »](#) [DOWNLOADS](#) [DEV KIT](#) [FAQ](#) [CONTACT](#)

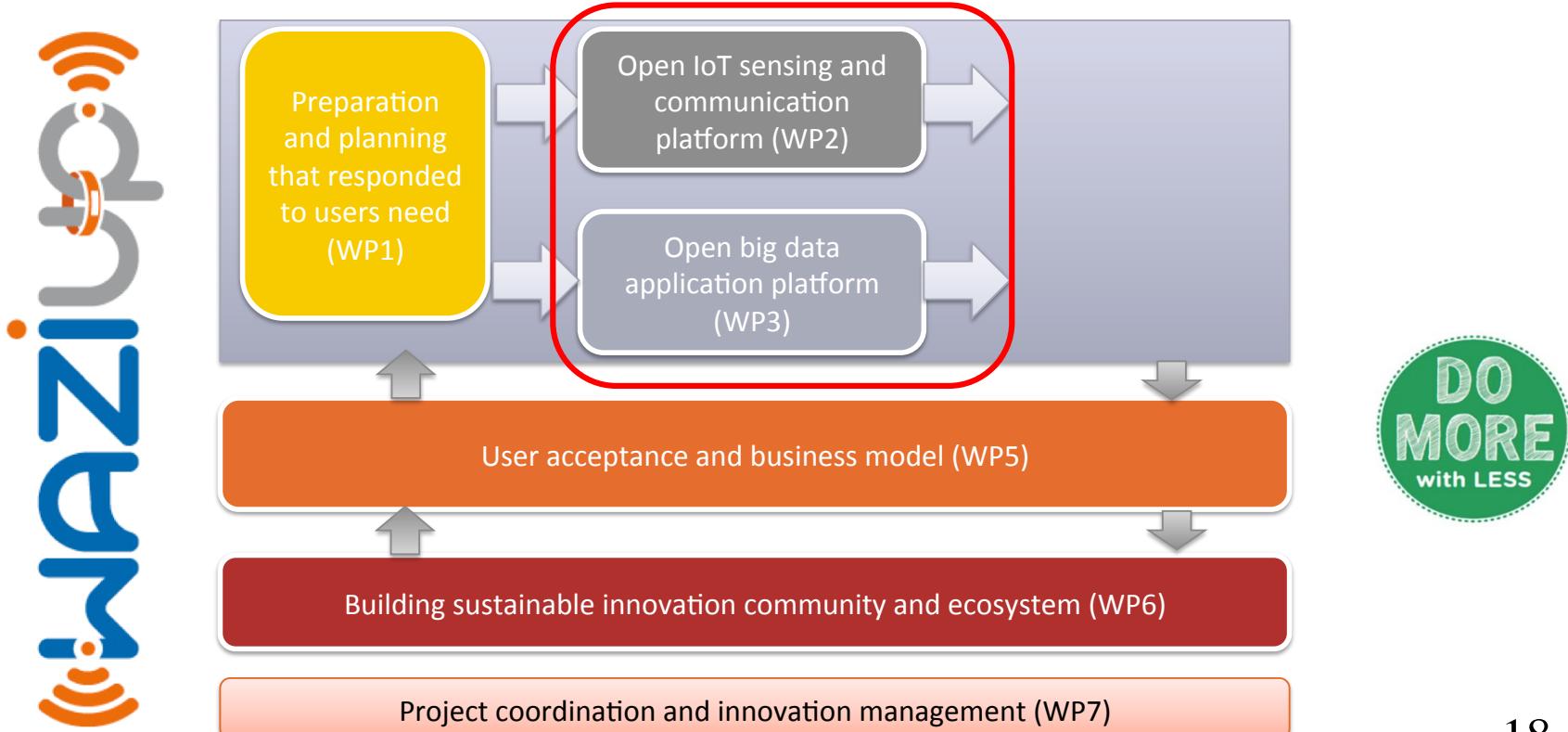




IoT FOR RURAL APPLICATIONS IN DEVELOPPING COUNTRIES

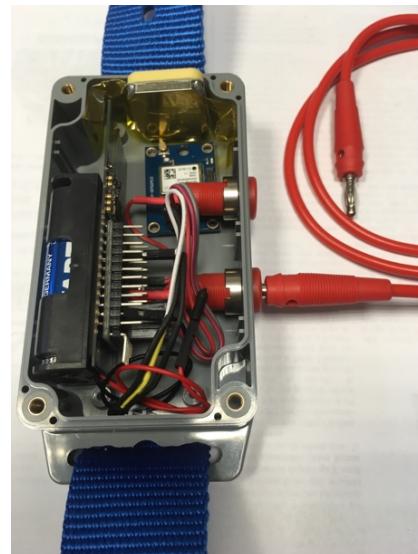


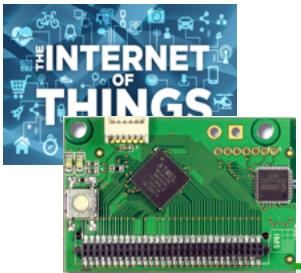
- WAZIUP is an EU H2020 project (2016-2019)
- contributes to long-range networks for rural applications with WP2 and big data with WP3





LOW-COST IoT DEVICES





LOW-COST HARDWARE INITIATIVE



WHAT IS ARDUINO?

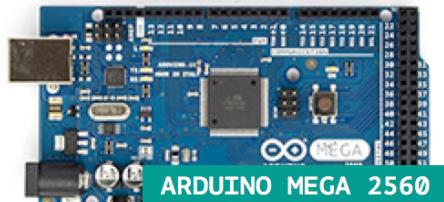
Arduino is an open-source electronics platform based on easy-to-use hardware and software. It's intended for anyone making interactive projects.

ARDUINO BOARD

Arduino senses the environment by receiving inputs from many sensors, and affects its surroundings by controlling lights, motors, and other actuators.



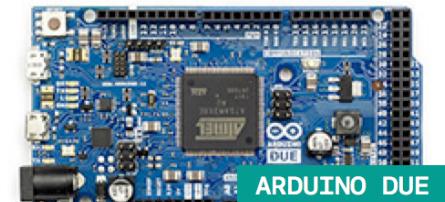
ARDUINO UNO



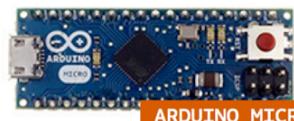
ARDUINO MEGA 2560



ARDUINO ZERO



ARDUINO DUE



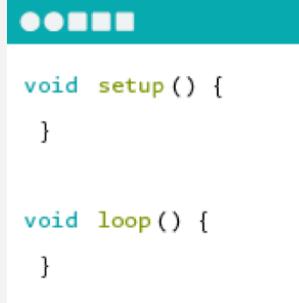
ARDUINO MICRO



ARDUINO PRO MINI



ARDUINO NANO



ARDUINO SOFTWARE

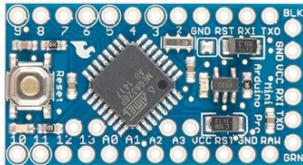
You can tell your Arduino what to do by writing code in the Arduino programming language and using the Arduino development environment.



LARGE ECOSYSTEM, STILL GROWING...



Arduino Pro Mini



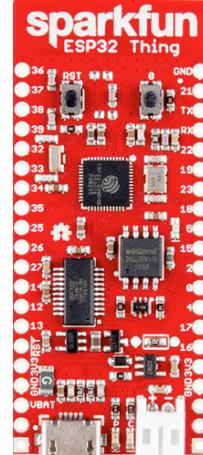
LoPy



Theairboard



LinkIt
Smart7688 duo



Expressif ESP32



STM32 Nucleo-32



Adafruit Feather



Sparkfun ESP32
Thing

Tessel

SodaqOnev2



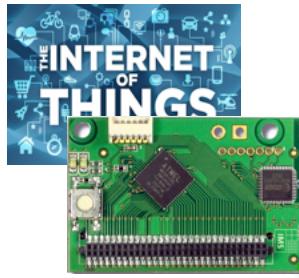
Teensy 3.2



Heltec ESP32 + OLED



Tinyduino



... STIMULATING "DO-IT-YOURSELF" WORLDWIDE



- ❑ DIY usually means
 - ❑ More open-source software from larger community
 - ❑ More flexibility

The screenshot shows the Projets DIY website's homepage. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for Domotique & IoT, Arduino, Raspberry Pi, Impression 3D, Projets, Bon Plans, and Forums. Below the navigation is a search bar with the placeholder "Chercher". The main content area features a large banner for Gearbest's Black Friday sale, titled "#Bons plans du Week End chez Gearbest (semaine 46) spécial Black Friday". The banner includes a "SHOT-BY CATEGORY" section with categories like Christmas Sticker, Christmas Pillow Case, Stockings, Christmas Hats, and Christmas Led Lights. Each category has a small image and a "LIRE LA SUITE" button. Above the banner, there's a promotional offer for \$1.11 COOL ADD-ONS and \$0.11 LUCKY BAGS. The Gearbest logo is visible at the bottom of the banner.

Pinterest

Bricolage et artisanat > Arduino

S'inscrire Se connecter

Arduino

Union mécanique Arduino can Apprendre à programmer en python Apprendre à programmer avec python Apprendre à coder en python programmation Unix Arduino for Circuit arduino

Vous vivez en appartement, vous n'avez pas le temps d'alter ou voir plus

BREADBOARD ARDUINO

Breadboard Arduino Wiring Schematic (Computer Tech)

Solar Powered WiFi Weather Station

Solar Powered WiFi Weather

Comment faire une station météo solaire avec un Arduino.

Comment mesurer le niveau d'une cuve de récupération de pluie à Voir plus

ARDUINO PLANT WATERING SYSTEM

CLICK HERE

Best list of arduino project ideas along with sources we have

Réalisation de mon

Nous allons voir dans ce tutoriel comment réaliser un muhtronom audio Voir plus

WIDGET BOX

Utiliser plusieurs petits LED pour la base d'un boîtier de boîtier

Knob Knob Knob Knob Knob

200+ ARDUINO PROJECTS

Comment construire un module WiFi pour Arduino

Présentation de Jeedom: la

Jeedom est une solution domotique développée à l'origine par deux

Cette table basse vous fait

Vouc, étape par étape, comment créer de vos propres mains cette

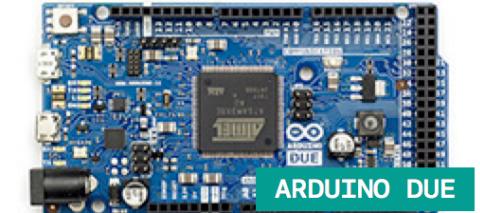
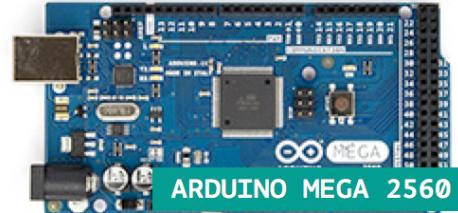
KIT Boîtier Ultra Plat Aluminium pour Raspberry Pi 3 / Pi 2 - Ce

Simple Electronic

Comment brancher les fils de la base de l'Arduino



WAZIUP PROVIDES SW/HW BUILDING BLOCKS INTEGRATION



Adafruit Feather 32u4/M0

Expressif ESP8266/ESP32

IoT-MCU LoRa radio node

Heltec LoRa

More to come...



LoRa radios that
our library already
supports



HopeRF RFM9x

Libelium LoRa

Modtronix inAir4/9/9B

NiceRF LoRa1276

Long-Range communication library



WAZIUP PROPOSES 100% OPEN-SOURCE SOFTWARE



```
/* temperature sensor on analog 0 to test the LoRa gateway
 * Copyright (C) 2015 Congduc Pham, University of Pau, France
 *
 * This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify
 * it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
 * the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or
 * (at your option) any later version.
 *
 * This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
 * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
 * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS
 * GNU General Public License
 *
 * You should have received
 * along with the program.
 *
 *****
 */
// Include the SX1272
#include "SX1272.h"

// IMPORTANT
// please uncomment only 1 ch
// it seems that both HopRF
// boards we set the initial
// comment if your radio is
// #define RADIO_APM92
// Uncomment if your radio is
// #define RADIO_INAIR9B
// *****
// THININSTANT

11
```

Teensyduino 1.27

ARDUINO Genuino

AN OPEN PROJECT WRITTEN, DEBUGGED, AND SUPPORTED BY ARDUINO.CC AND THE ARDUINO COMMUNITY WORLDWIDE

LEARN MORE ABOUT THE CONTRIBUTORS OF ARDUINO.CC ON arduino.cc/credits

Teensy 3.2 / 3.1, Serial, 72 MHz optimized, US English on /dev/cu.usbmodem1433801

CongducPham / LowCostLoRaGw

Watch 50 ⭐ Star 161 Fork 95

Code Issues 62 Pull requests 2 Projects 0 Pulse Graphs

Low-cost LoRa IoT & gateway with SX1272/76, Raspberry and Arduino

122 commits 1 branch 0 releases 2 contributors

Branch: master New pull request Find file Clone or download ▾

Congduc Pham bug fix in lora_gateway.cpp Latest commit a0daa4a a day ago

Arduino update SMS scripts 15 days ago

gw_full_latest bug fix in lora_gateway.cpp a day ago

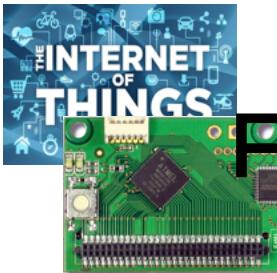
tutorials update SMS scripts 15 days ago

.gitignore .DS_Store banished 10 months ago

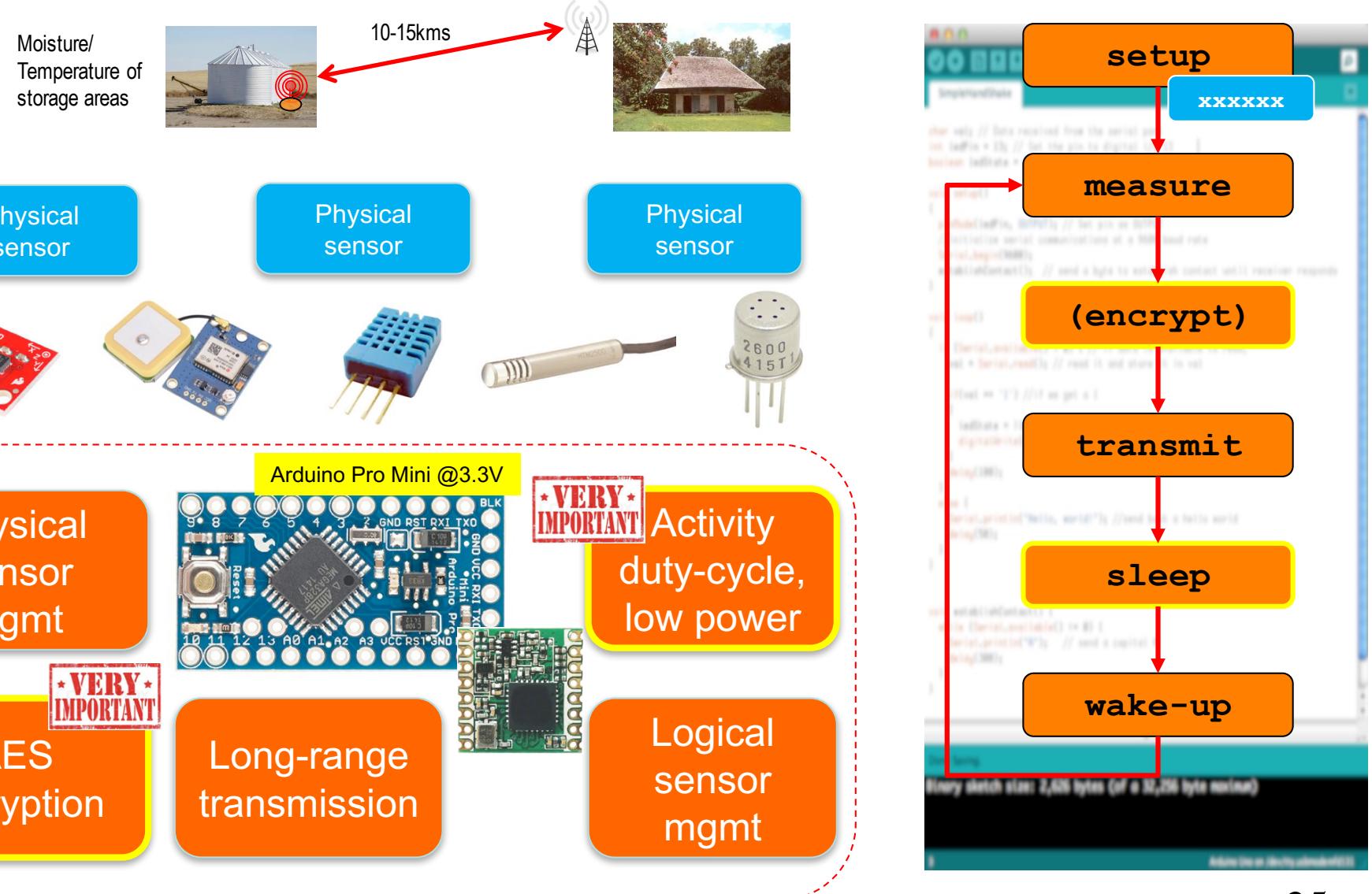
README.md update README 11 days ago

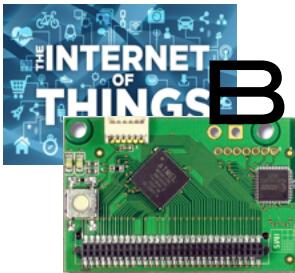
LowCostLoRaGw github has latest general distribution:
<https://github.com/CongducPham/LowCostLoRaGw>

WAZIUP-specific configuration can be found on
<https://github.com/Waziup/waziup-gateway>

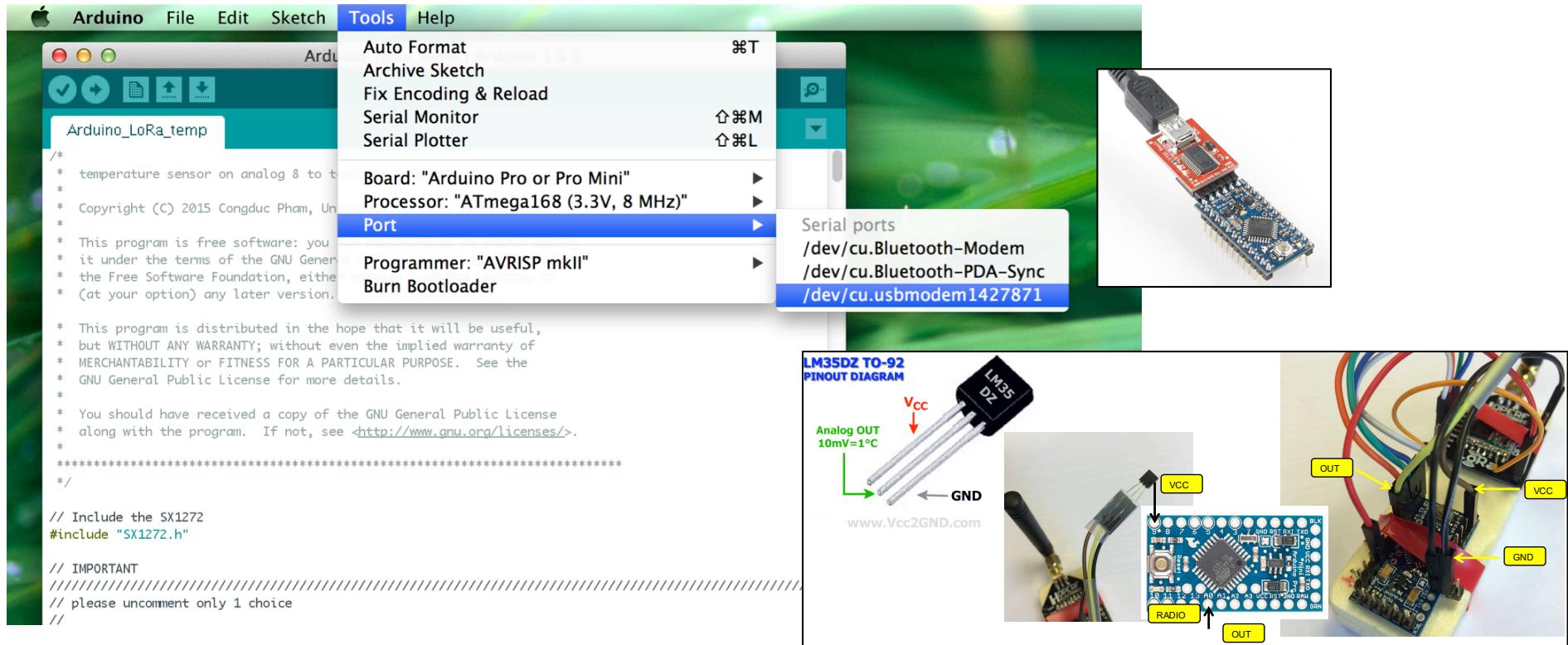


READY-TO-USE TEMPLATES



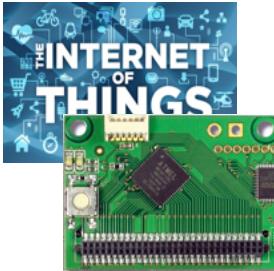


BUILD YOUR FIRST LORA IOT DEVICE

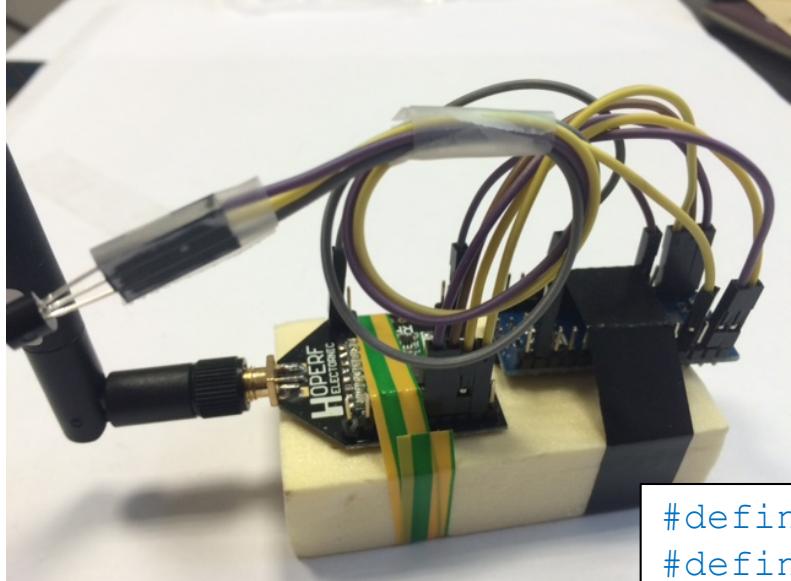


Connect the USB end to your computer and the USB port should be detected in the Arduino IDE. Select the serial port for your device. It may have another name than what is shown in the example. Then click on the « upload » button

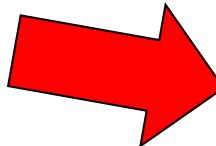




DEFAULT CONFIGURATION



\!TC/18.5



```
#define DEFAULT_DEST_ADDR 1  
#define LORAMODE 1  
#define node_addr 6
```



The default configuration in the Arduino_LoRa_Simple_temp example is:

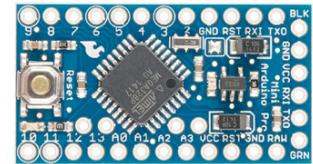
Send packets to the gateway (one or many if in range)

LoRa mode 1

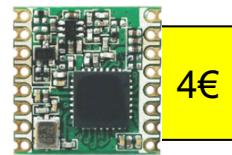
Node short address is 6



LOW-COST INTEGRATION

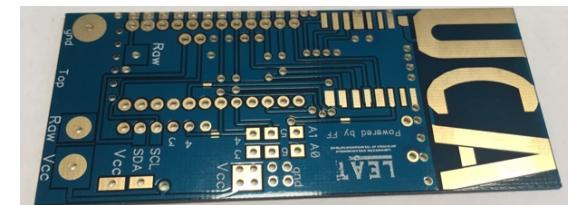


1.5€

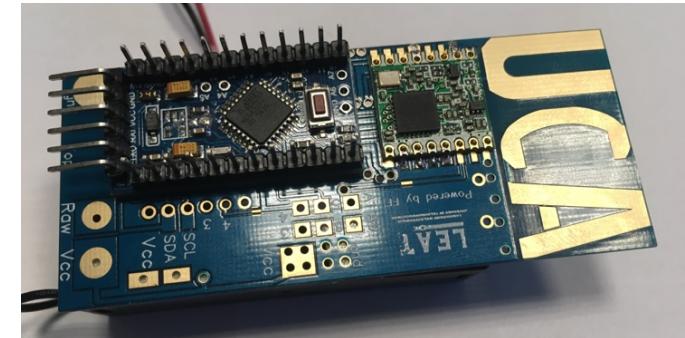


4€

https://github.com/FabienFerrero/UCA_Board



1€



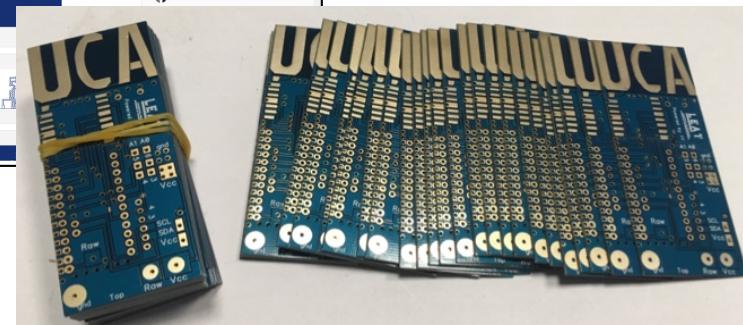
PCBWay+ Home Shared Projects Sponsorships Feedback Blog Search projects, profiles ...

2017 FIRST PCB DESIGN CONTEST Win Awards Worth \$ 1000.00

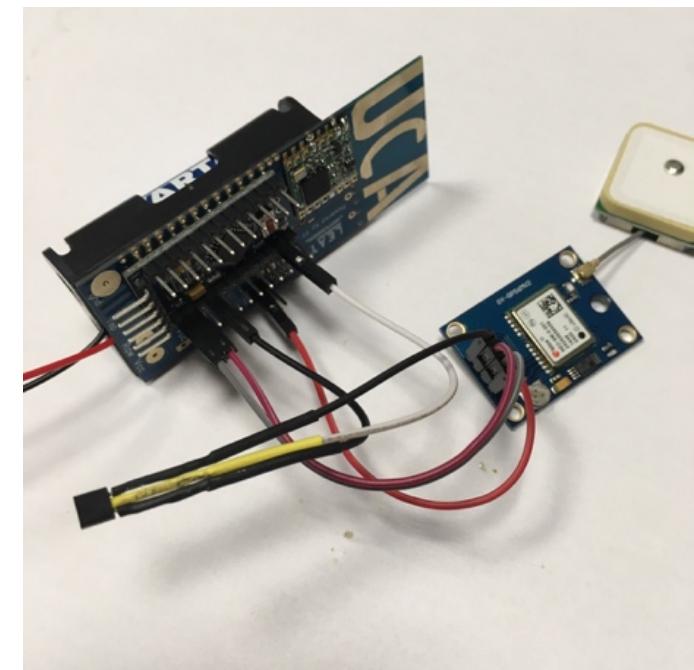
Appreciate Project Share

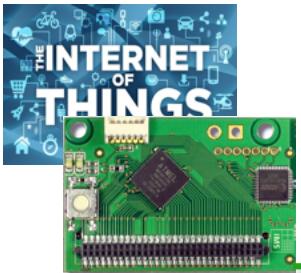
UCA reverse with LoRa and Arduino
2 Layers PCB 34x60mm FR-4, 0.8mm, 1 oz Cu, HASL with lead, Blue Solder Mask, White silkscreen
C****rum Follow
Published: October 24, 2017
Download Documentation Source Code

Less than
10€/device

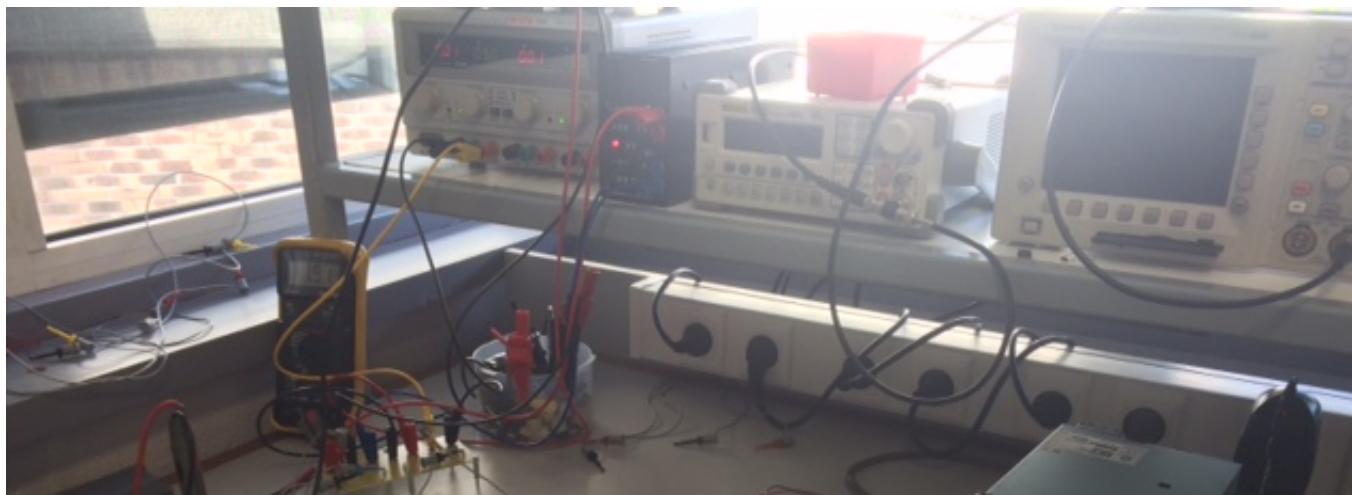


1-click order

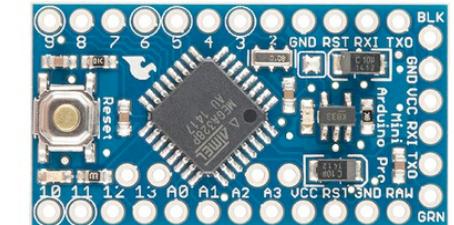




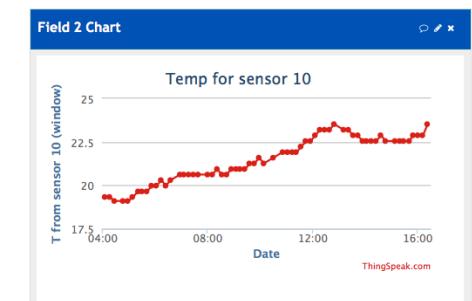
LOW-POWER FOR LONGER LIFETIME!



Can run more than 1 year
with 1 measure/10min
**Can run several years with
1 measure/1h**



Wakes-up every
10min, take a
measure (temp) and
send to GW



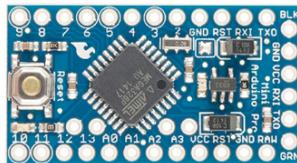
**5 μ A in deep sleep
mode, about
40mA when active
and sending!**



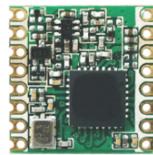
A SIMPLE TEMPERATURE SENSOR EXAMPLE



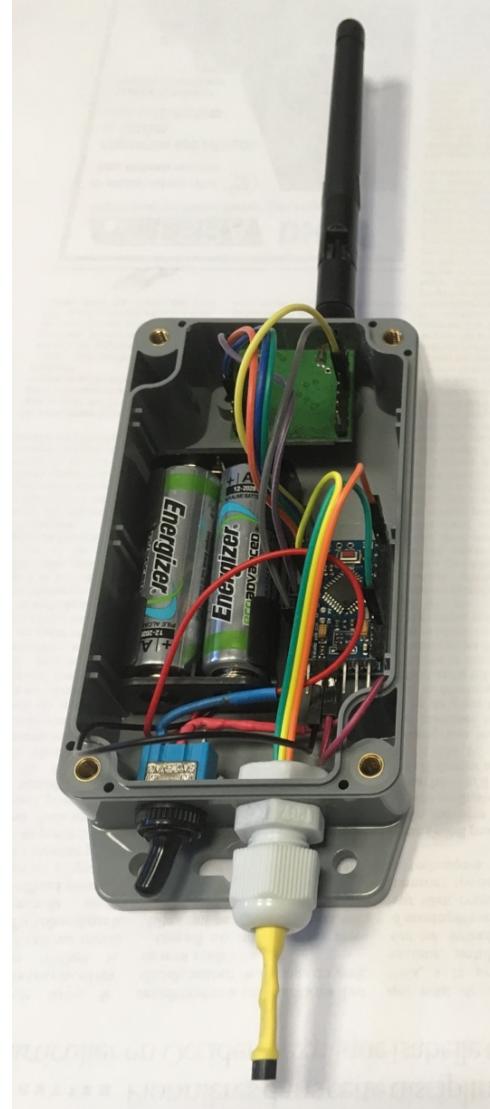
Arduino Pro Mini @3.3V

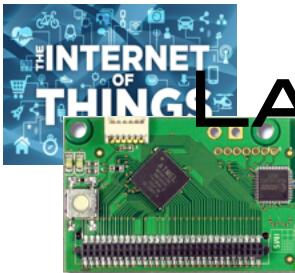


Modtronix inAir9 RFM95W



TMP36





LARGE VARIETY OF EXAMPLES TO LEARN AND ADAPT



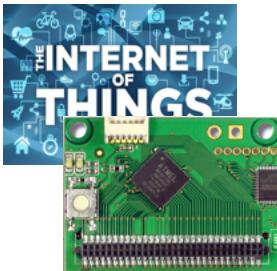
CongducPham / LowCostLoRaGw

Code Issues Pull requests Projects Wiki Insights Settings

Branch: master / LowCostLoRaGw / Arduino /

Create new file Upload files Find file History

File	Description	Last Commit
Arduino_LoRa_GPS	update README	19 days ago
Arduino_LoRa_Gateway	update gateway related files and some sketch	4 months ago
Arduino_LoRa_Gateway_1_4	improve management of transmission power, add channels in 863-865	a year ago
Arduino_LoRa_Generic_Sensor	update Arduino examples	a month ago
Arduino_LoRa_InteractiveDevice	update Arduino examples	a month ago
Arduino_LoRa_Ping_Pong	update Arduino examples	a month ago
Arduino_LoRa_Simple_BeaconCol...	update Arduino example	23 days ago
Arduino_LoRa_Simple_SoilHum	update Arduino examples	a month ago
Arduino_LoRa_Simple_temp	update Arduino examples	a month ago
Arduino_LoRa_SoilHum	update Arduino examples	a month ago
Arduino_LoRa_temp	update Arduino examples	a month ago
Arduino_LoRa_ucamll	update image support	3 months ago
libraries	update README files, fix MD5 digest computation of gw id, always use ...	2 days ago
README.md	update README	19 days ago



TUTORIALS AND VIDEOS



LOW-COST LORA IOT DEVICE: A STEP-BY-STEP TUTORIAL



PROF. CONGDUCK PHAM
[HTTP://WWW.UNIV-PAU.FR/CPHAM](http://www.univ-pau.fr/cpham)
UNIVERSITÉ DE PAU, FRANCE



The image is a composite of three screenshots. The top part shows a close-up of a hand soldering a component onto a breadboard. The middle part is a YouTube video thumbnail showing a person's hands working on a project. The bottom part is a screenshot of a GitHub repository titled "low-power-loremote" by "congducpham". The repository description includes: "This project is for creating a low power LoRa remote control device using Arduino Pro Mini and HopeRF RFM95W module. It can be used to control a servo or a DC motor via LoRa. The code is based on the Arduino IDE and uses the RFM95W library. The project is open source and free to use." The repository has 26 stars and 12 forks.



Congduc Pham, <http://opham.perso.univ-pau.fr>



<http://www.waziup.eu>

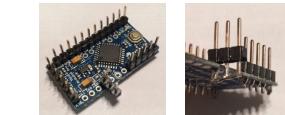
The generic hardware platform

The Arduino Pro Mini

The Arduino Pro Mini is a compact form factor Arduino board based on the ATmega328P microcontroller. Use the **3.3v and 8MHz version** of the Arduino Pro Mini for lower power consumption



You can get the original board designed by Sparkfun or get one of the various clones available mainly from Chinese manufacturer. The last solution is very cost-effective as the Pro Mini board can be purchased for a bit more than 1€ a piece.



Depending on how many sensors you want to connect, the number of ground (GND) pins may be limited. You can extend a GND pin with a header pin where all pins are soldered together.

The LoRa radio module

There are various LoRa radio modules that are all based on the Semtech SX1272/1276 chips family



Fully tested LoRa
radio modules



HopeRF RFM92W 95W



Lilium LoRa

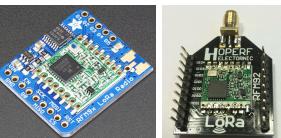


Modtronix inAir 9/9B



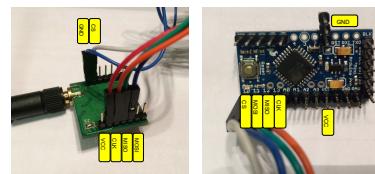
NiceRF LoRa1276

Most of SPI-based LoRa radio modules are supported. We recommend the Modtronix inAir model if you don't have delicate soldering experience as this module come with header pins ready to be connected with Dupont wires.



The RFM95W can be found assembled (Adafruit) or an adapter can be purchased (from Ideutron for instance)

Connect the LoRa radio module



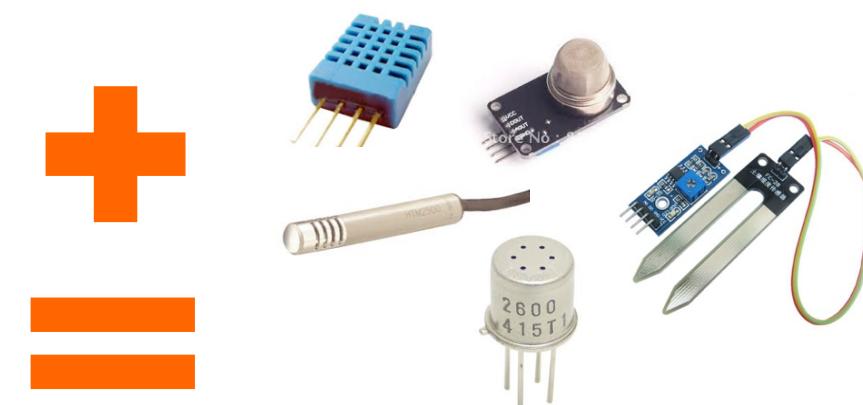
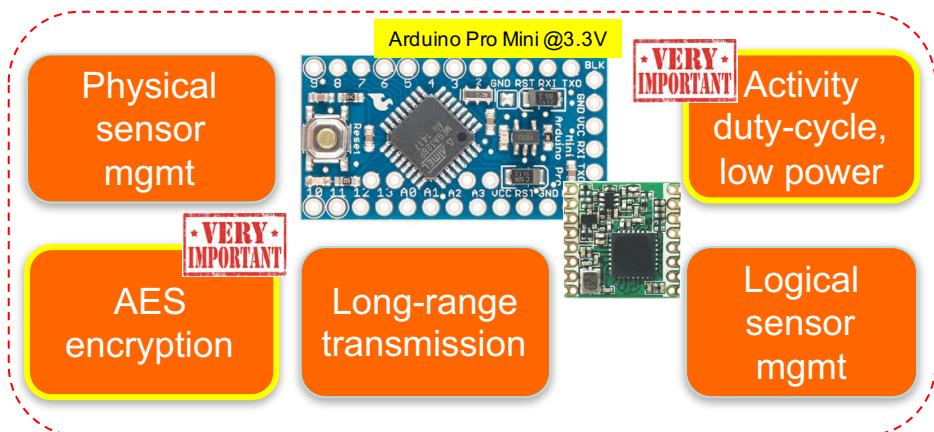
Connect the corresponding SPI pins of the radio module to the SPI pins on the Pro Mini board. MOSI (blue) is pin 11, MISO (green) is pin 12, CS (white) is pin 10 and CLK (orange) is pin 13 (right picture). Then connect also the VCC (red) and the GND (black) of the radio module to the VCC and the GND of the board (right picture). The VCC of the Pro Mini board gets 3.3v from the on-board voltage regulator.



GENERIC SENSING IOT DEVICE



- Build low-cost, low-power, Long-range enabled generic platform
- Methodology for low-cost platform design
- Technology transfers to user communities, economic actors, stakeholders,...





GENERIC SENSING IOT DEVICE

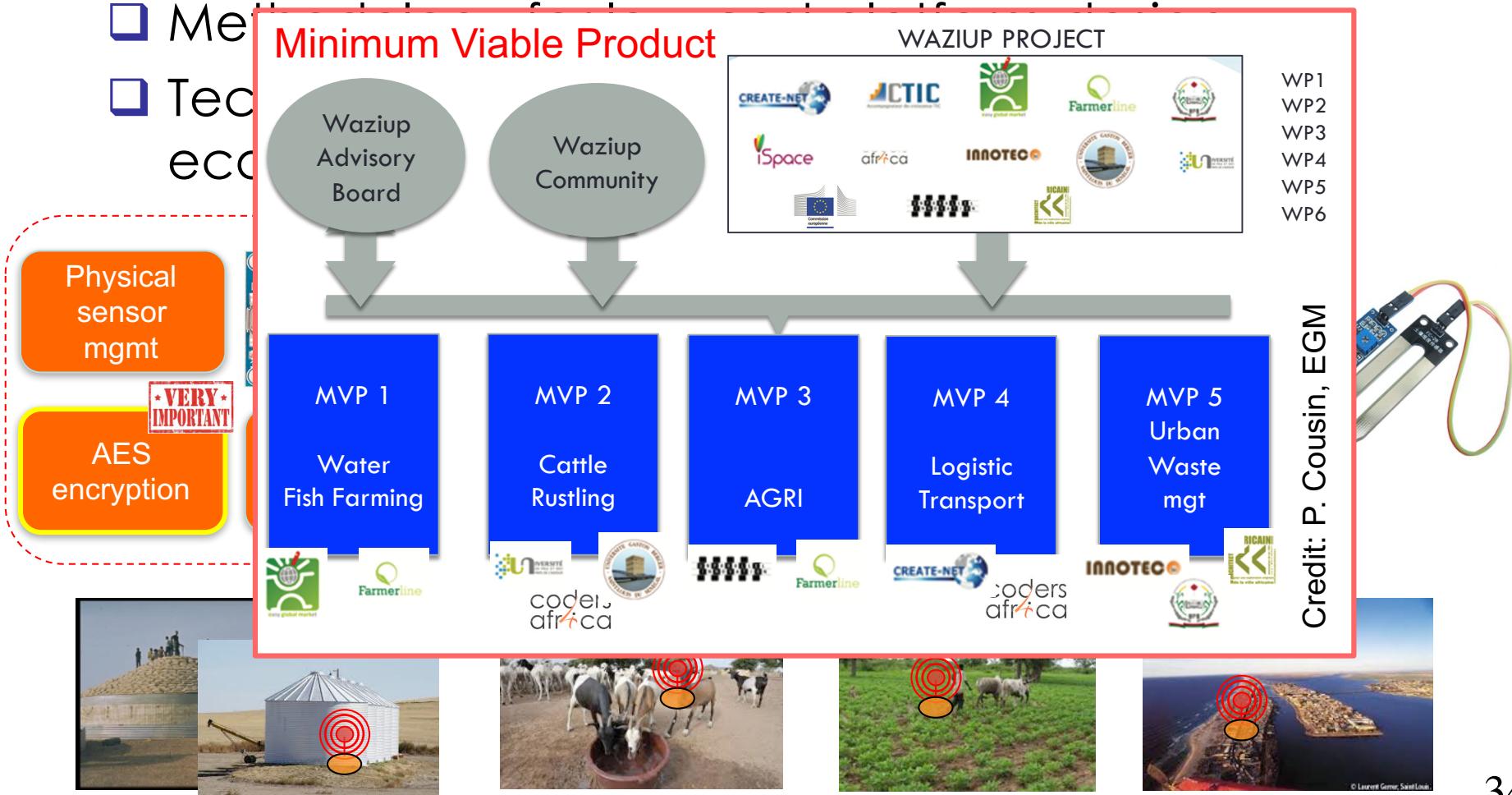


- ❑ Build low-cost, low-power, Long-range enabled generic platform
 - ❑ Meet the needs of the end users
 - ❑ Technical validation
 - ❑ Economic viability

Minimum Viable Product

WAZIUP PROJECT

CREATE-NET	CTIC	green market	Farmerline	WAZIUP
iSpace	africa	INNOTECH	UNIVERSITY CAEN BREST	UNISCI
Waziup Advisory	Waziup Community			
WP1	WP2	WP3	WP4	WP5





FROM GENERIC TO SPECIFIC APPLICATIONS



The collage illustrates various IoT applications:

- Image sensors:** A close-up of a device's internal circuitry and batteries.
- GPS collar:** A GPS tracking device being fitted onto an animal's neck.
- Soil Moisture:** Sensors inserted into the ground in a field.
- Weather Station:** A weather station mounted on a pole in a field.
- Buoy for water quality:** A man holding a large cylindrical buoy used for monitoring water quality.
- Waste Mngt:** A wooden bin with a blue liner, labeled "Waste Mngt".
- Photo from EGM:** A man standing next to a large cylindrical structure.
- Photo from Unparallel:** Two people working with equipment in a flooded area.

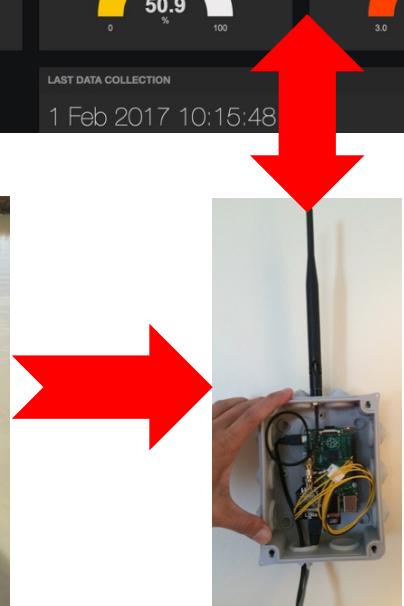
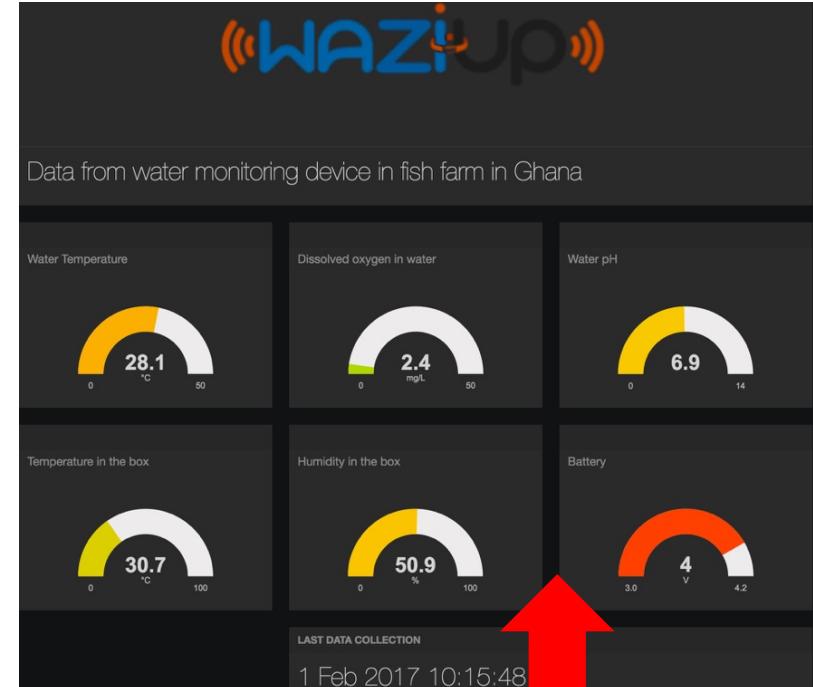


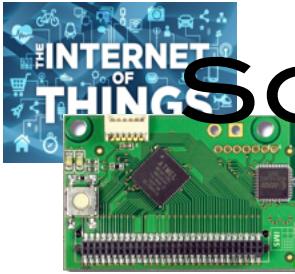
LOW-COST BUOY FOR FISH FARMING MVP



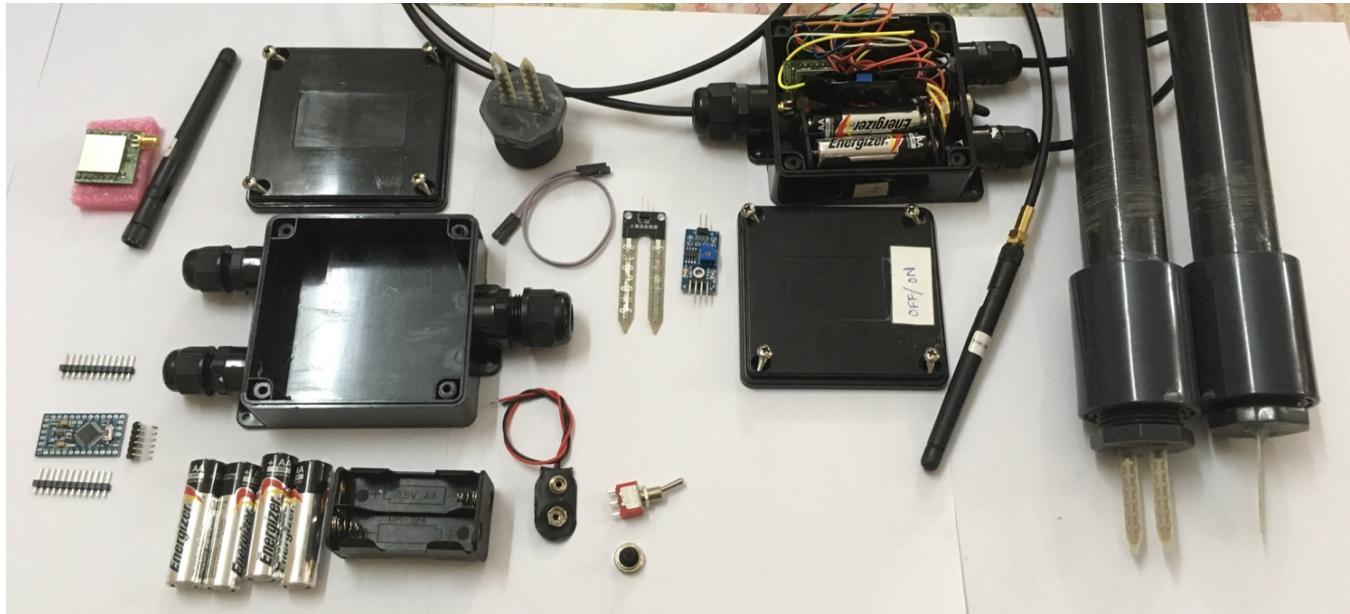
WAZIUP
Physical sensor reading

Credit: EGM

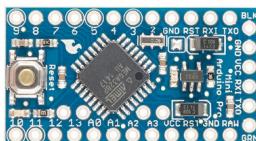




SOIL HUMIDITY SENSORS FOR AGRI MVP



Physical
sensor
management



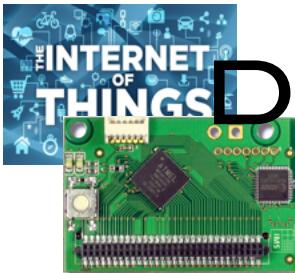
Activity duty-
cycle, low
power

Security

Long-range
transmission

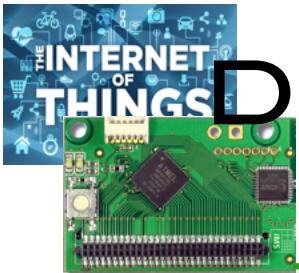
Logical sensor
management



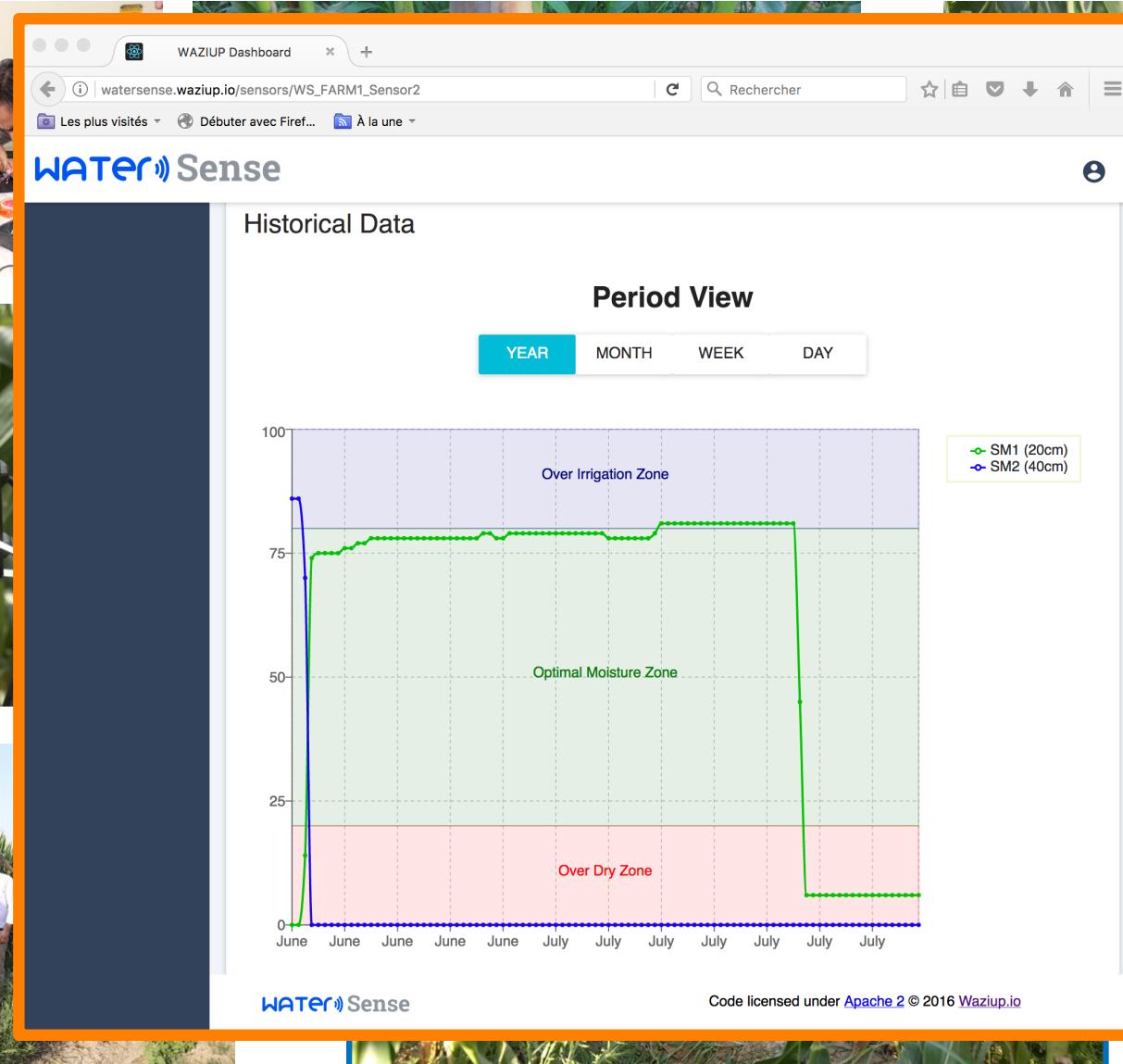


DEPLOYMENT FOR NESTLÉ'S WATERSENSE PROJECT



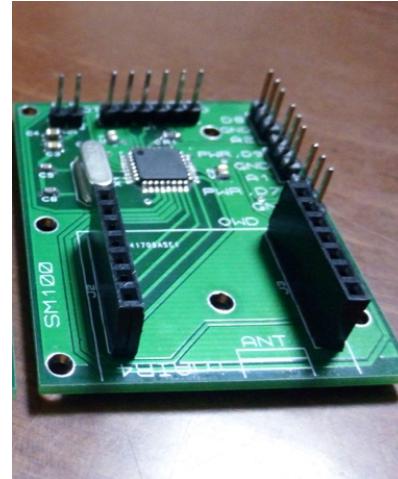


DEPLOYMENT FOR NESTLÉ'S WATERSENSE PROJECT



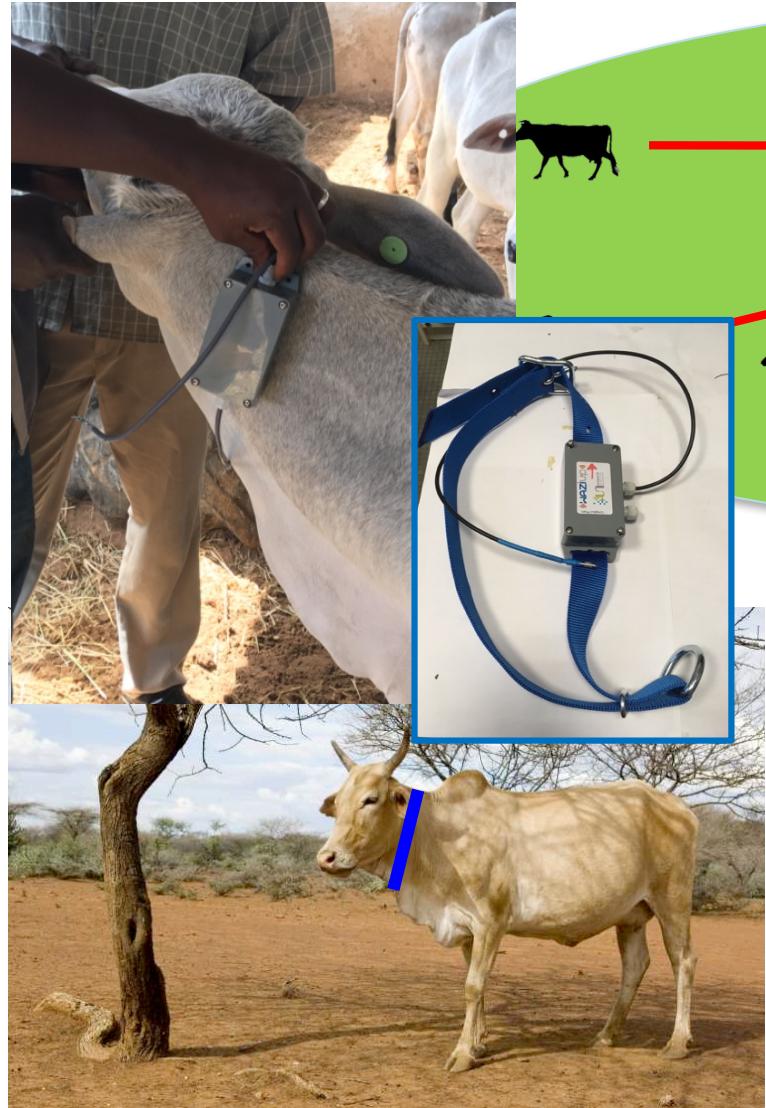


LOCAL INTEGRATION WITH TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER



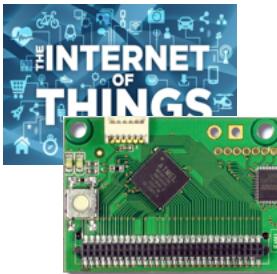


COLLAR FOR CATTLE RUSTLING MVP

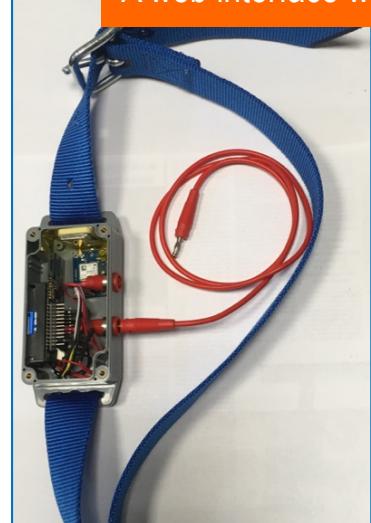
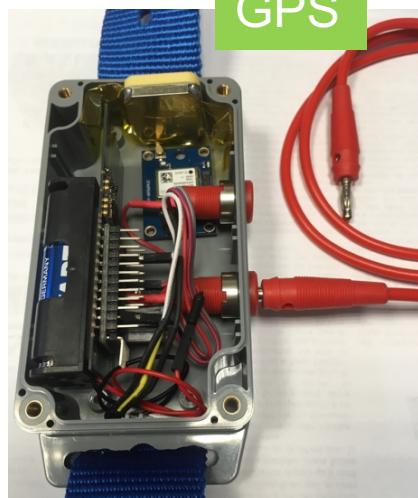
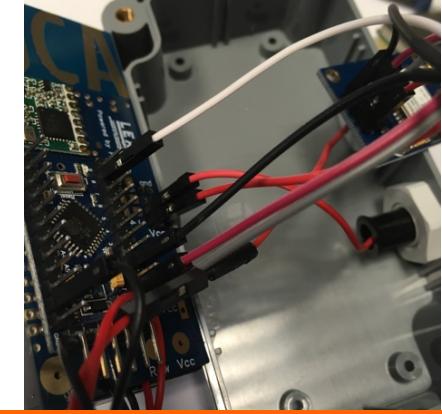
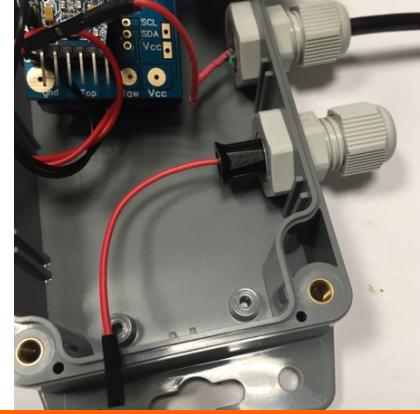
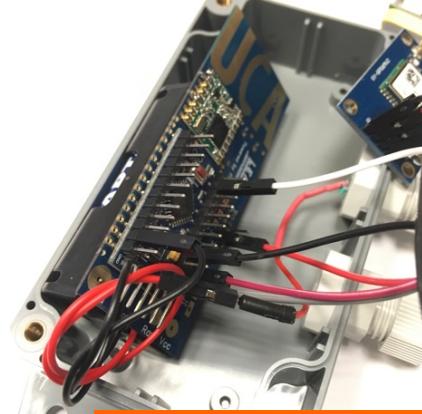
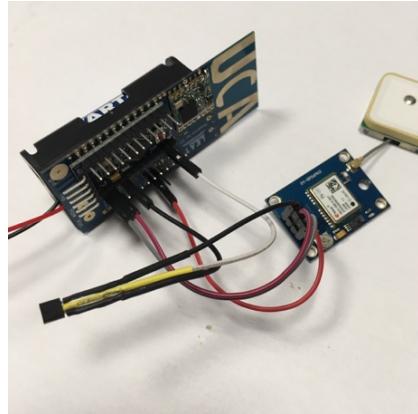


In Africa, the practice of animal husbandry has always been and still remain farmers' livelihood and incomes

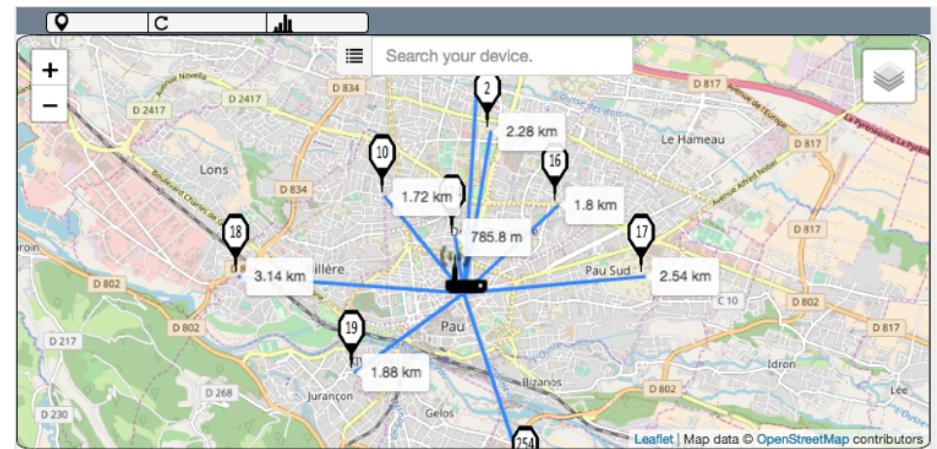
Their main problem in this activity remain the cattle rustling and some families are put in dramatic situation after a theft (reported 2 billions CFA losses)



EASY INTEGRATION AND CUSTOMIZATION

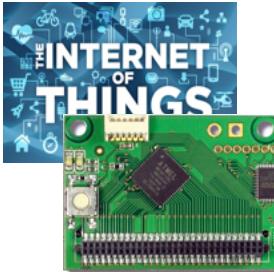


A web interface will display the position of the gateway and those of the remote GPS devices

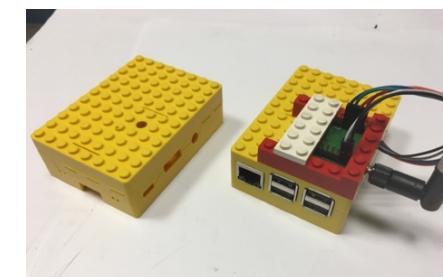


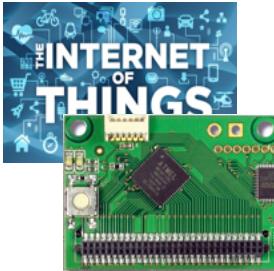
Dedicated tutorial on low-cost IoT collar w/GPS

<https://github.com/CongducPham/tutorials/blob/master/Low-cost-LoRa-Collar.pdf>



THE VERSATILE IoT GATEWAY

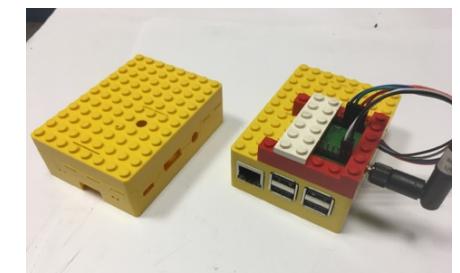




RASPBERRY-BASED LOW-COST LORA GATEWAY



We can use all model of Raspberry. The most important usefull feature is the Ethernet interface for easy Internet connection. Then WiFi and Bluetooth can be added with USB dongles. RPI3 provides built-in Ethernet, WiFi and Bluetooth!

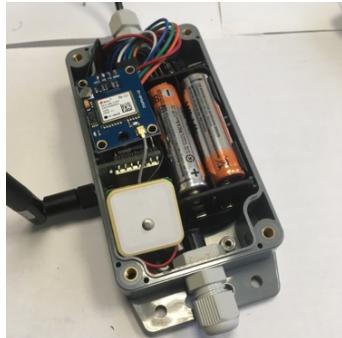


Get the ready-to-use SD card image

<http://cpham.perso.univ-pau.fr/LORA/WAZIUP/raspberrypi-jessie-WAZIUP-demo.dmg.zip>



100% DO-IT-YOURSELF !



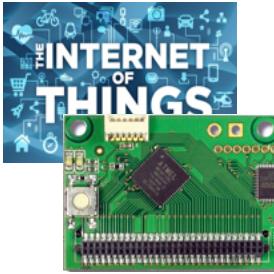
Step-by-step tutorial
and source code
available



Step-by-step tutorial
and source code
available



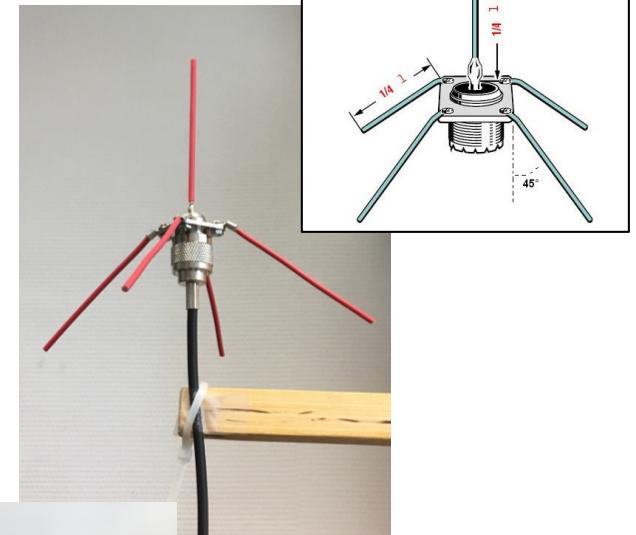
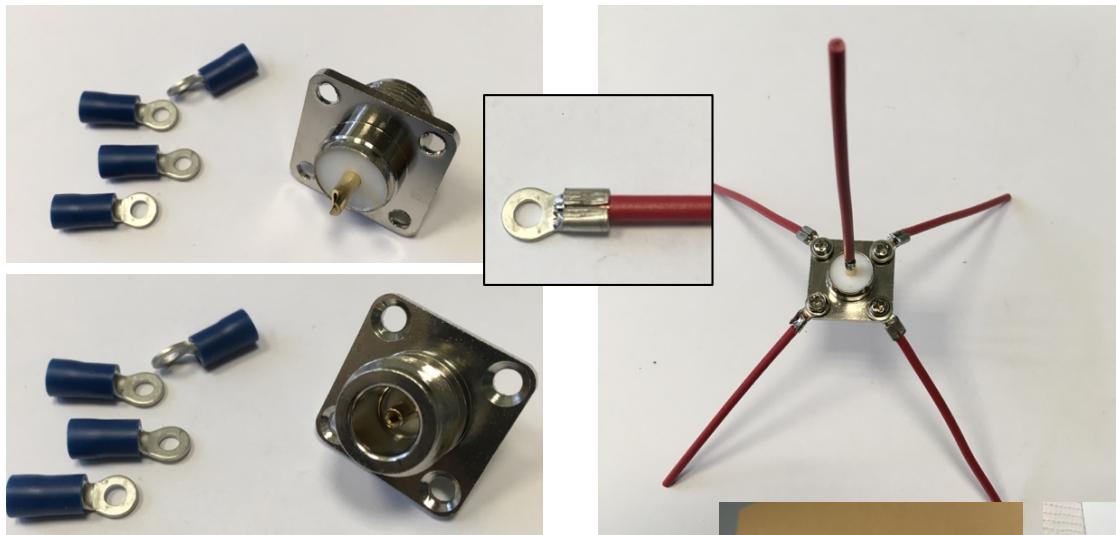
Python scripts
available



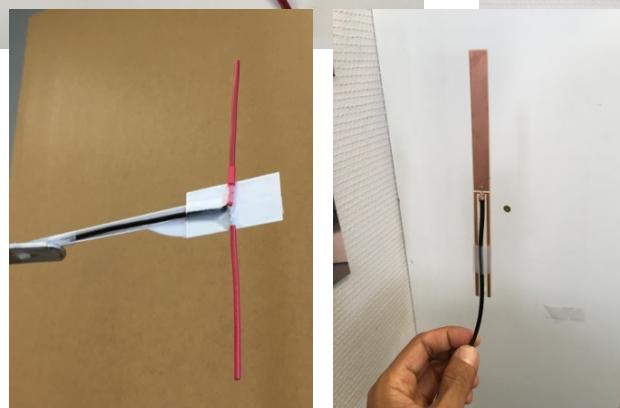
DIY ANTENNA AS WELL



- The ground plane antenna can be made with 5 pieces of $\frac{1}{4}$ wave wires. $\frac{1}{4}$ wave in 868MHz is about 8.2cm.



- Simple dipole antenna





SIMPLICITY!



More to come...



LoRa radios that
our library already
supports

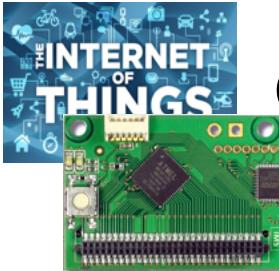


Long-Range communication library

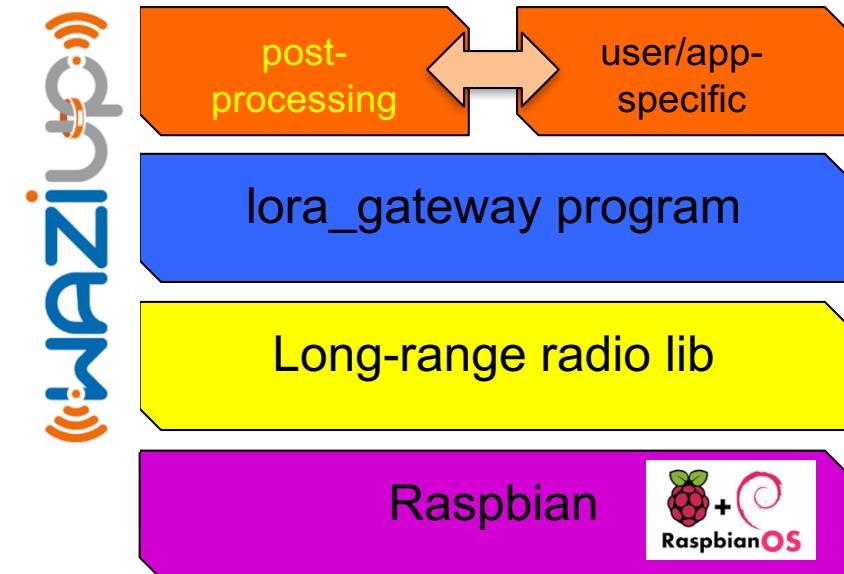
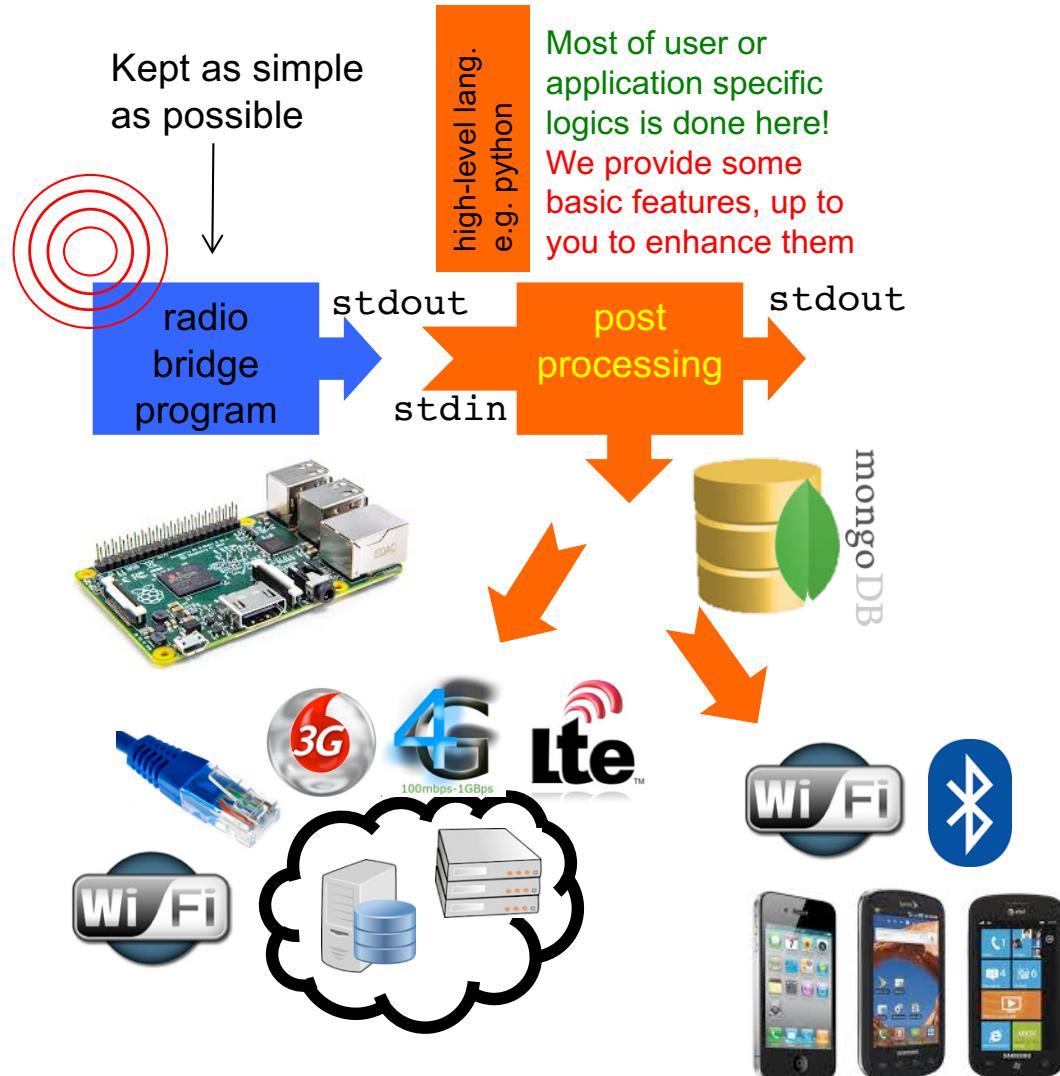
```
sendPacketTimeout("TC/18.5");
// sends to gateway
// TC : temperature celcius
// 18.5 : value
```

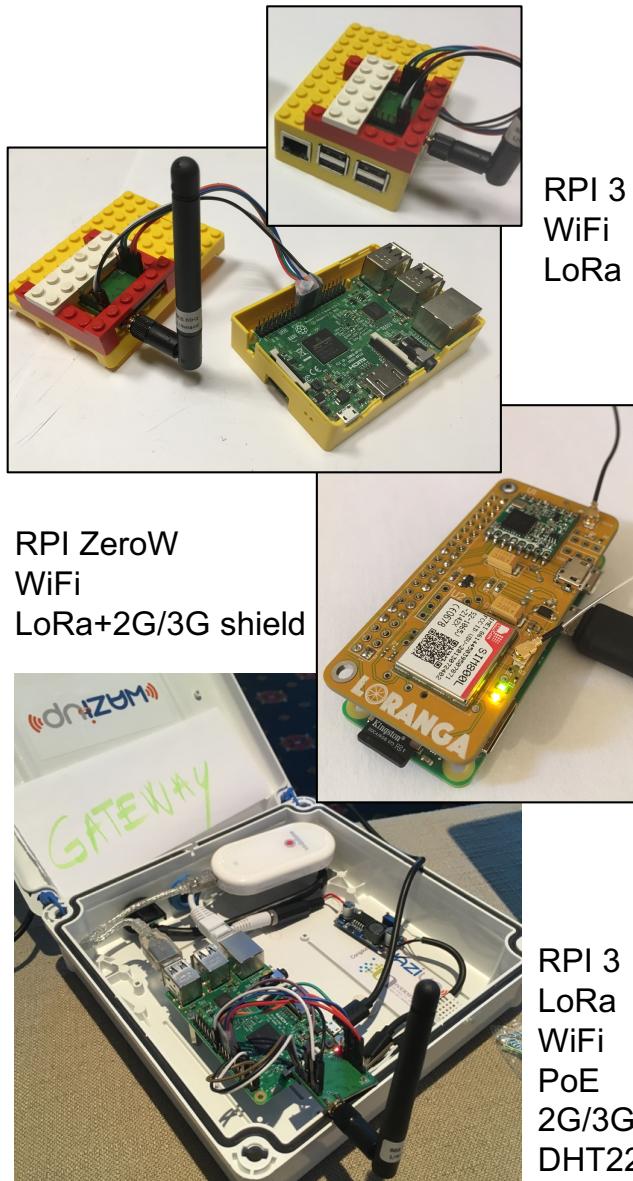
1 send function!



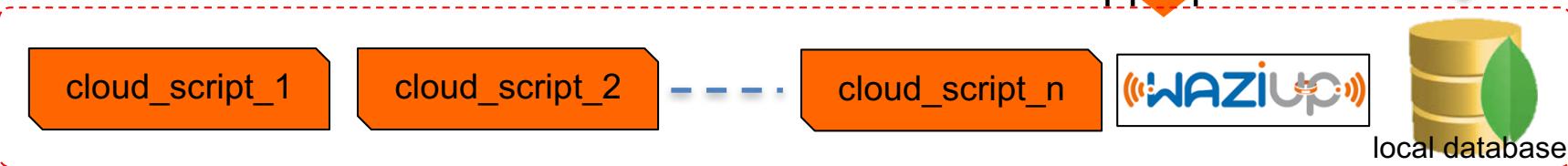


OUR LOW-COST GATEWAY ARCHITECTURE



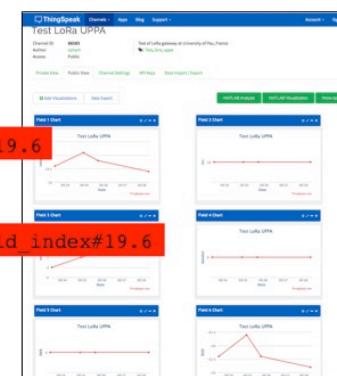
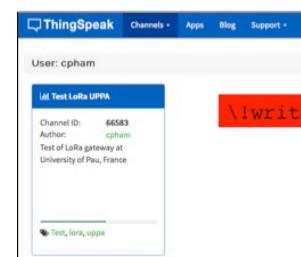
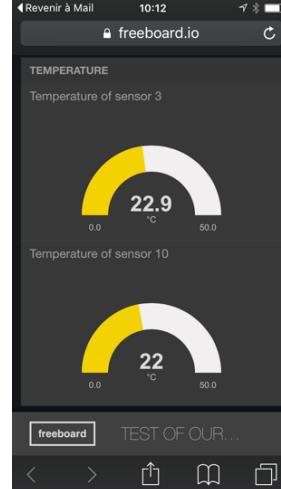
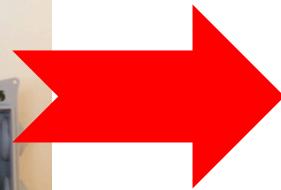


Cloud definition





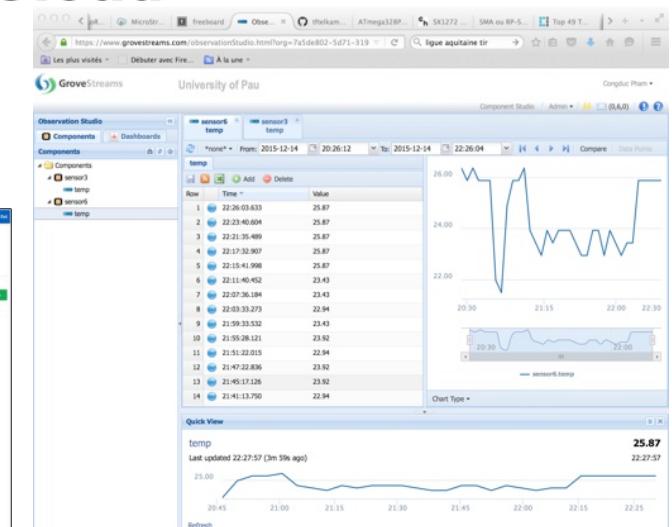
TEMPLATES FOR VARIOUS CLOUDS



Dropbox

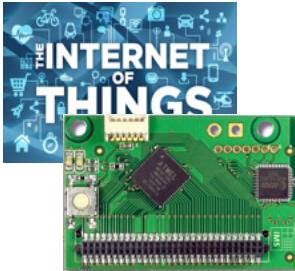


Firebase



GroveStreams

And much more: HTTP, FTP, MQTT, Node-Red...



THE WAZIUP CLOUD PLATFORM

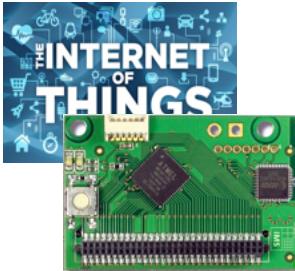


□ dashboard.waziup.io

The screenshot shows the WAZIUP Cloud Platform dashboard. On the left, there are three sensor nodes listed:

- Node UPPA Sensor 6**: Shows Temperature at 17.21 °C.
- Node (UPPA_Sensor3)**: Shows (TC) at 21.43.
- Node (UPPA_Sensor10)**: Shows (TC) at 23.97.

On the right, a detailed view for **UPPA Sensor 6** is shown, featuring a graph of Temperature over time (17.21 °C) and a map of Europe with a marker indicating the location of the sensor node.



CLOUDS.JSON

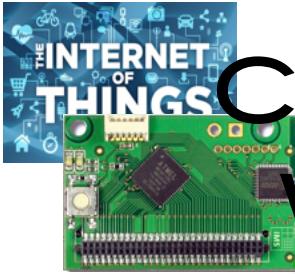


```
{  
  "clouds": [  
    {  
      "notice": "do not remove the MongoDB cloud declaration",  
      "name": "Local gateway MongoDB",  
      "script": "python CloudMongoDB.py",  
      "type": "database",  
      "max_months_to_store": 2,  
      "enabled": true  
    },  
    {  
      "name": "WAZIUP Orion cloud",  
      "script": "python CloudOrion.py",  
      "type": "iotcloud",  
      "write_key": "",  
      "enabled": true  
    },  
    {  
      "name": "ThingSpeak cloud",  
      "script": "python CloudThingSpeak.py",  
      "type": "iotcloud",  
      "write_key": "",  
      "enabled": true  
    },  
    {  
      "name": "GroveStreams cloud",  
      "script": "python CloudGroveStreams.py",  
      "type": "iotcloud",  
      "write_key": "",  
      "enabled": false  
    },  
    {  
      "name": "Firebase cloud",  
      "script": "python CloudFireBase.py",  
      "type": "jsoncloud",  
      "write_key": "",  
      "enabled": false  
    },  
  ]  
}
```

For each cloud, you have to provide a script and the launcher program (e.g. python)

Enabled clouds will be called by the post-processing stage

Each cloud script can incorporate parameters from a dedicated configuration file, e.g. key_ThinkSpeak.py for CloudThinkSpeak.py



CONFIGURE YOUR GATEWAY WITH THE WEB INTERFACE

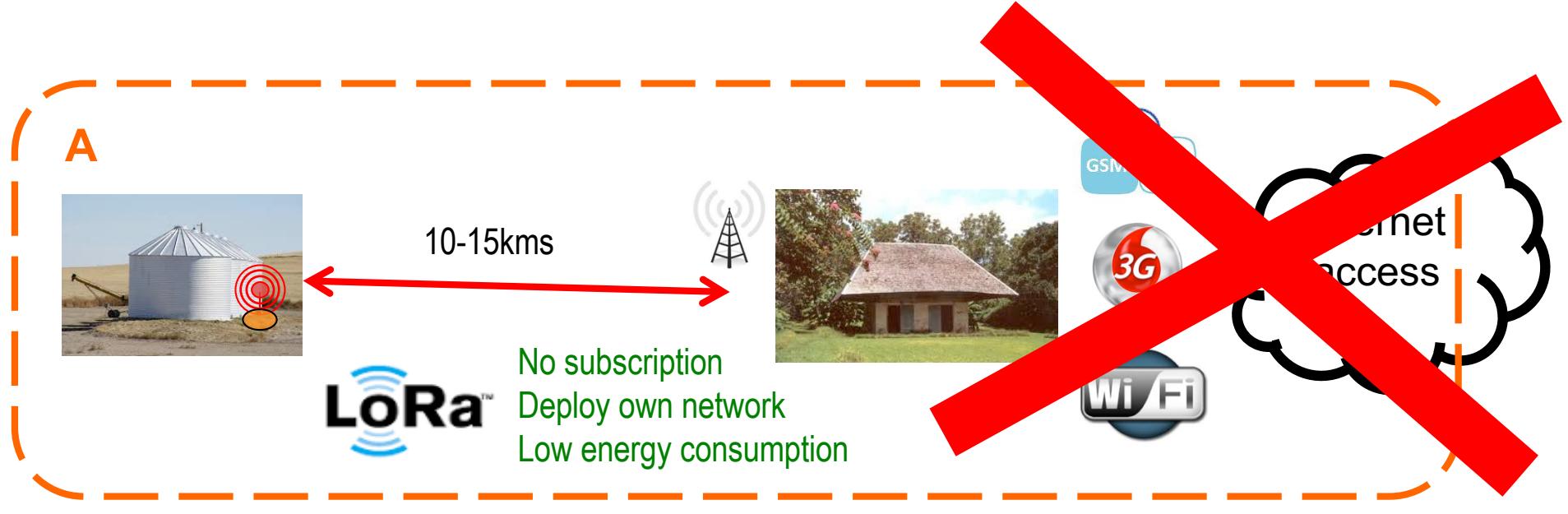


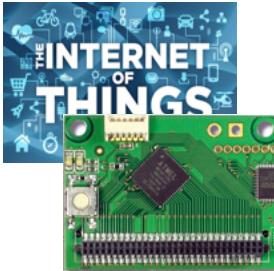
- <http://192.168.200.1/admin>
 - Login: admin
 - Password: loragateway

The screenshot shows a web browser window titled "Admin" with the URL "192.168.200.1/admin/pages/gateway_config.php". The page is titled "Gateway configuration". It features a navigation sidebar with "Clouds", "Gateway Update", and "System". The main content area has tabs for "Radio", "Gateway", "Alert Mail", "Alert SMS", "Downlink Request", and "Get post-processing.log file". The "Radio" tab is selected. Below it, there are two rows of configuration fields: "Mode" set to "4" and "Frequency" set to "-1", each with a blue edit icon.

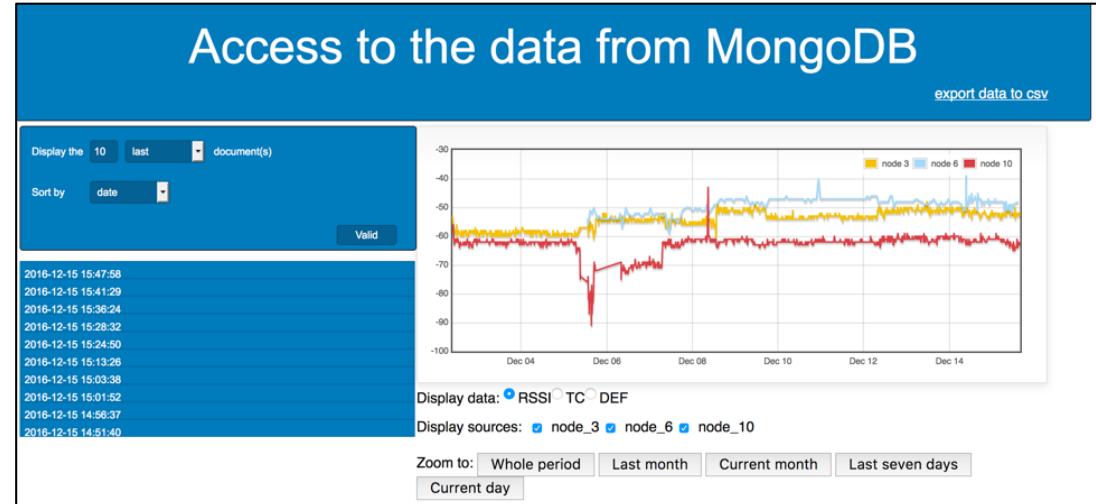
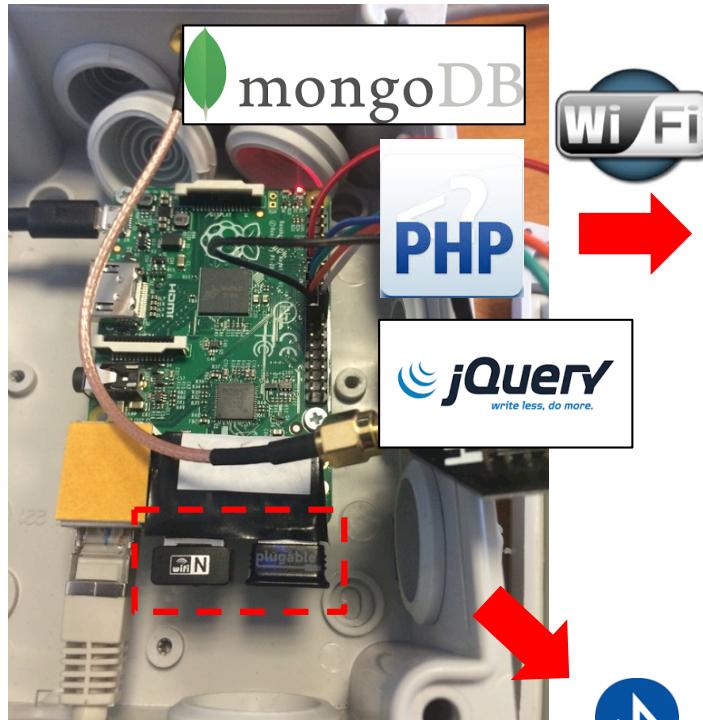


WORKING WITHOUT INTERNET ACCESS





STANDALONE GATEWAY



Orange F * N 10:34

Bluetooth_raspi

NODES PREFERENCES

1 check to retrieve its data
8 check to retrieve its data

DATES PREFERENCES

Pick a begin date Retrieve data since 09-05-2016

Pick an end date Retrieve data until 17-05-2016

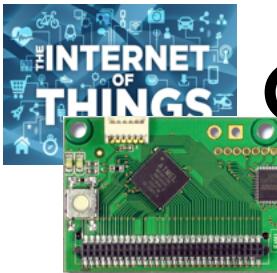
Creating .csv file with the data received... File 17-05-2016_10h39m36s.csv created and saved in the folder /storage/emulated/0/Raspberry_local_data

Display data Retrieve data in a csv file

Display data Retrieve data in a csv file

Isolated areas

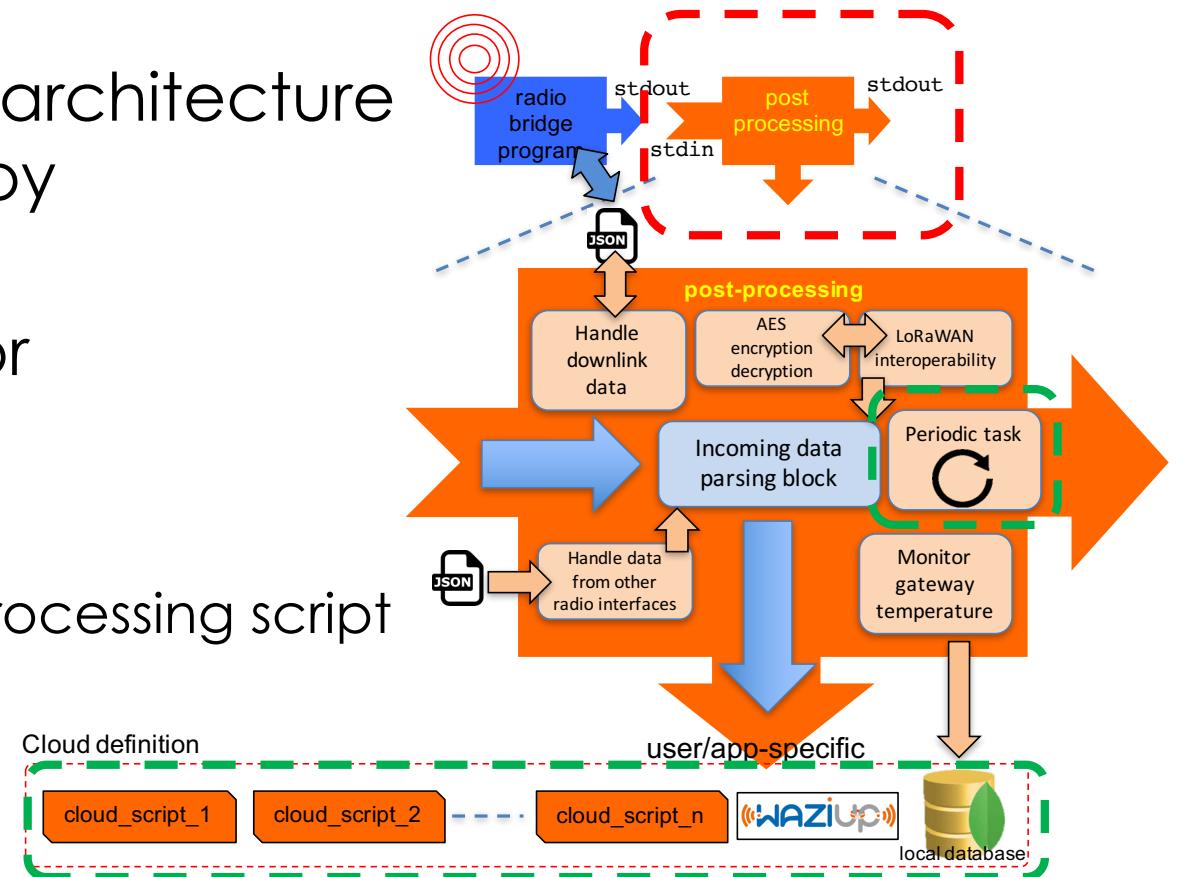


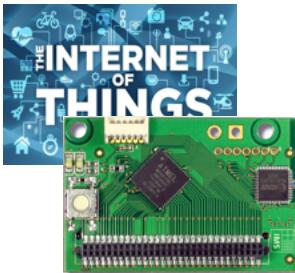


CUSTOMIZING/EXTENDING YOUR GATEWAY



- The flexible gateway architecture offers high versatility by customization
- There are 3 options for customization
- **The geek way**
 - Modify/extend post-processing script
- **The "smarter" way**
 - Add "cloud" scripts
 - On packet reception
 - Add periodic tasks
 - Independant from packet reception



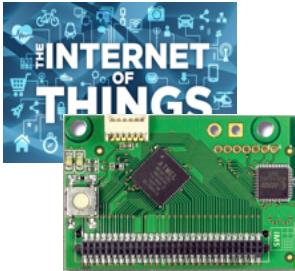


WRITE YOUR OWN CLOUD SCRIPT

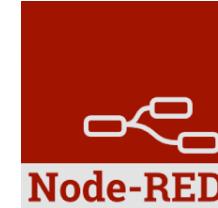


- Use our templates to write your own cloud script
- A cloud script is called with 5 arguments
 - ldata: the received data
 - e.g. #4#TC/21.5 as 1st argument (sys.argv[1] in python)
 - pdata: packet information
 - e.g. "1,16,3,0,10,8,-45" as 2nd argument (sys.argv[2] in python)
 - interpreted as dst,ptype,src,seq,len,SNR,RSSI for the last received packet
 - rdata: the LoRa radio information
 - e.g. "500,5,12" as 3rd argument (sys.argv[3] in python)
 - interpreted as bw,cr,sf for the last received packet
 - tdata: the timestamp information
 - e.g. "2016-10-04T02:03:28.783385" as 4th argument (sys.argv[4] in python)
 - gwid: the gateway id
 - e.g. 00000027EBBEDA21 as 5th argument (sys.argv[5] in python)

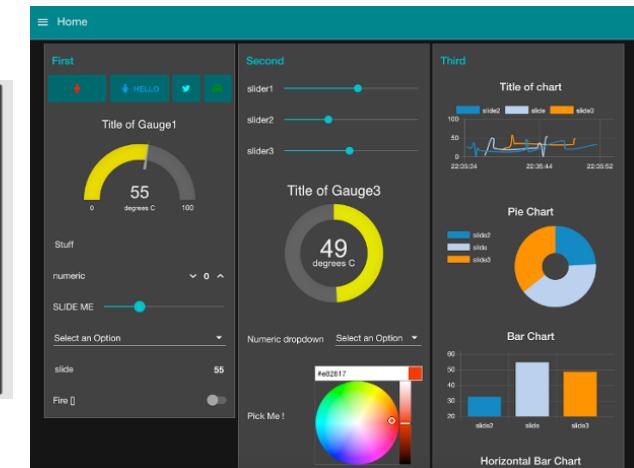
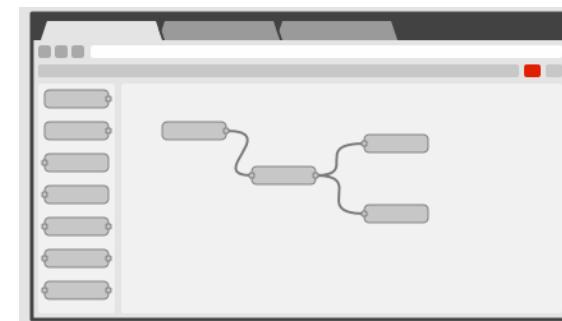
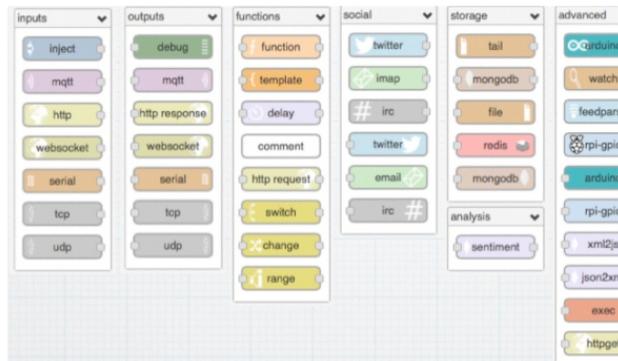
These parameters are passed to the script. It is up to the cloud script to use these parameters or not.

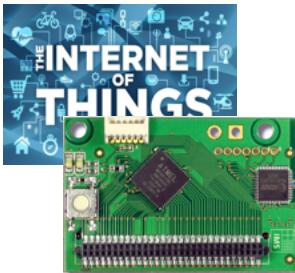


Ex: NODE-RED

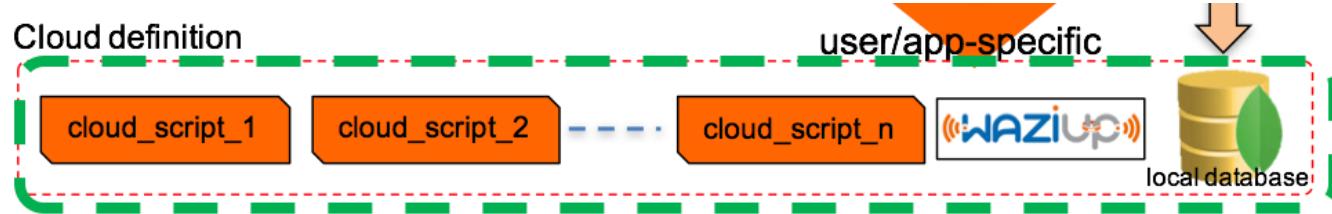


- Node-RED is a programming tool for wiring together hardware devices, APIs and online services, e.g. clouds of various types
- provides a browser-based flow editor to wire together flows with a wide range of nodes

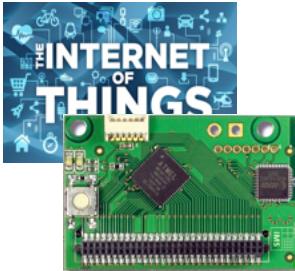




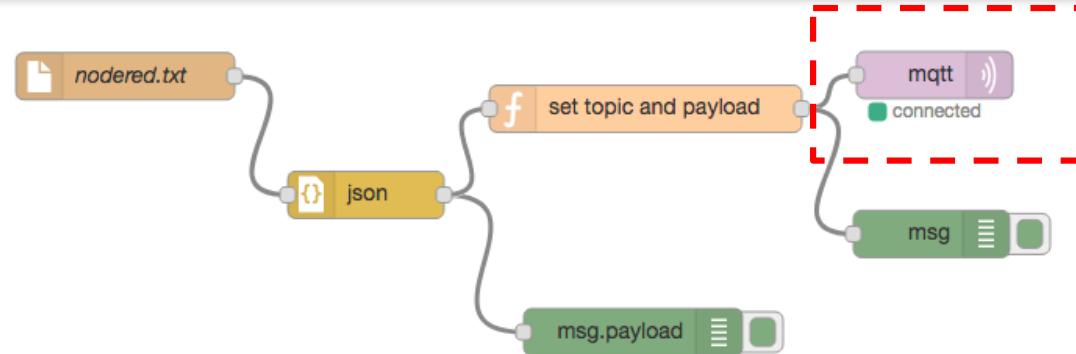
CLOUDNODERED.PY



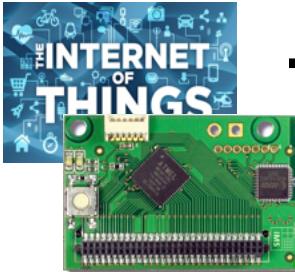
- CloudNodeRed.py shows how interface with Node-Red can be simply implemented to benefit from the facility offered by Node-Red
- 3 variables will be used by CloudNodeRed.py
 - project_name="waziup"
 - organization_name="UPPA"
 - sensor_name="Sensor"
- when a device which address is 2 sends "TC/21.65/HU/85" to the gateway, CloudNodeRed.py will generate the following json entries in nodered/nodered.txt file
 - {"source": "waziup/UPPA/Sensor2", "measure": "TC", "value": 21.65}
 - {"source": "waziup/UPPA/Sensor2", "measure": "HU", "value": 85}



ADDING MQTT



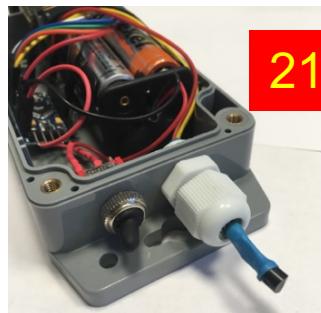
- An MQTT node using the test.mosquitto.org broker will receive the messages with the topic defined as waziup/UPPA/Sensor2/TC and waziup/UPPA/Sensor2/HU
- It will then respectively publish 21.65 and 85 under these topics
- More information on:
 - https://github.com/CongducPham/LowCostLoRaGw/blob/master/gw_full_latest/README-NodeRed.md



THE NODE-RED ENABLED GATEWAY

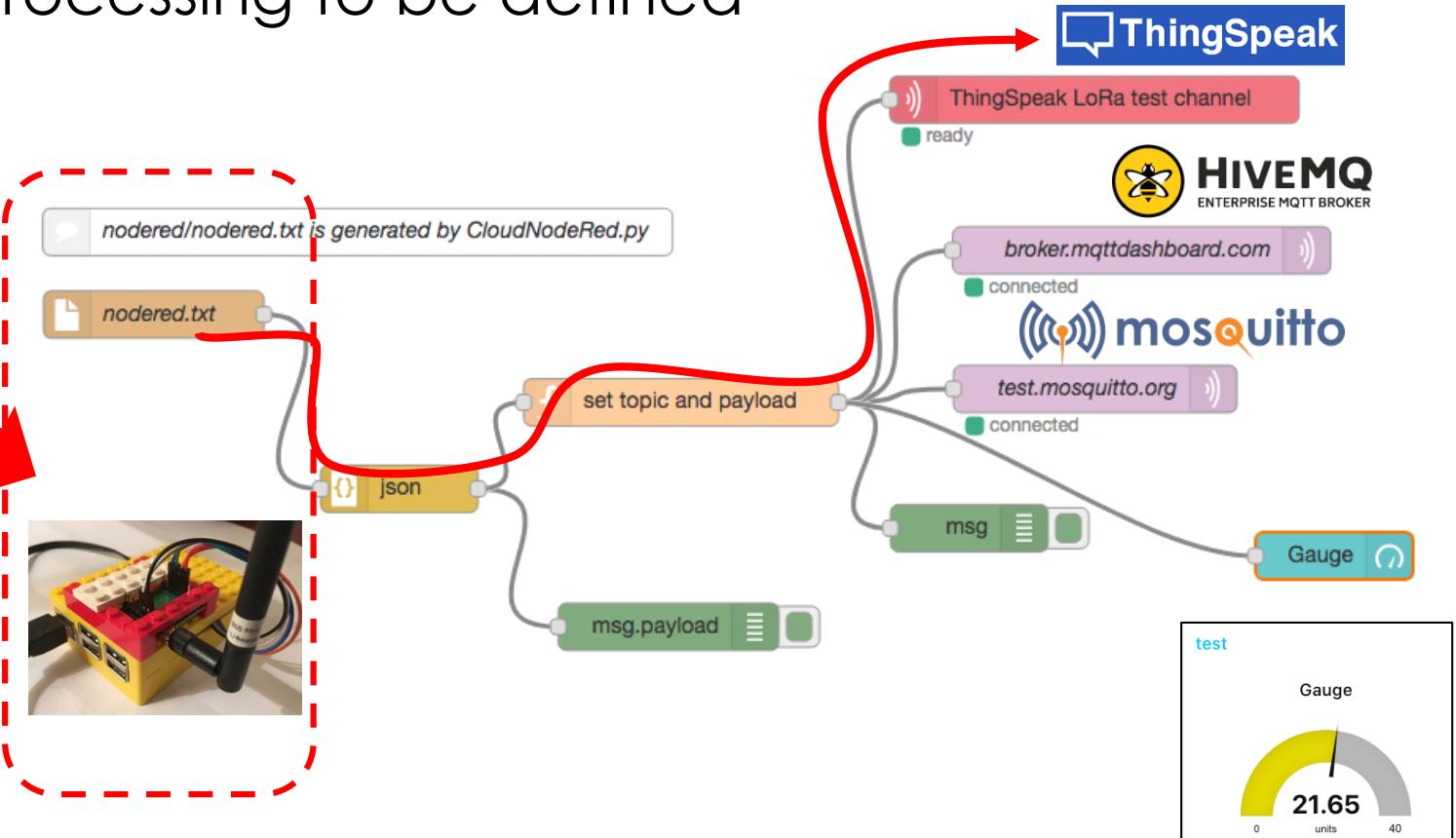


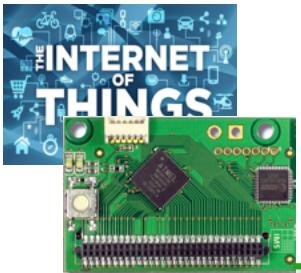
- Messages received on the gateway can be injected into a Node-Red flow, allowing complex data processing to be defined



LoRa™

21.65





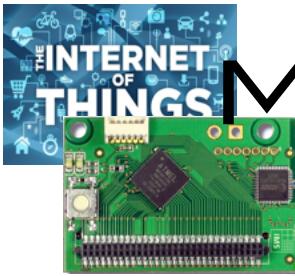
ANOTHER EXAMPLE WITH CLOUDGPSFILE.PY



- ❑ CloudGpsFile.py is a dedicated "cloud" module that will search in incoming messages a valid 'LAT' and 'LGT' field such as in "BC/9/LAT/43.31402/LGT/-0.36370/FXT/4180"
- ❑ You can enable CloudGpsFile.py in clouds.json. When a message with valid GPS coordinates is received, CloudGpsFile.py will write an entry in gps/gps.txt file containing relevant packet and GPS information, including the distance (in km) between the gateway and the GPS device

```
src waziup_UPPA_Sensor15 seq 188 bc 9 snr 5 rssi -90 time 2017-11-20T14:18:54 gw
00000027EB5171F7 fxt 4180 lat 43.31402 lgt -0.36370 distance 0.0224
```

- ❑ For distance calculation, the gateway position MUST be provided in the gateway_conf.json file (see Annex)
- ❑ For range test campaign, you can import (or copy/paste) this file in an Excel sheet to plot distance against SNR/RSSI



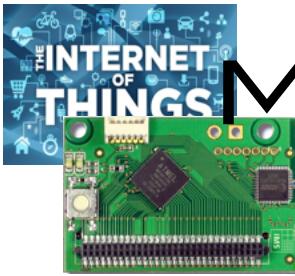
MAINTAINING A LIST OF GPS DEVICES (1)



- CloudGpsFile.py also maintains a list of GPS devices in gps/gps.json

```
{  
    "devices": [  
        {  
            "gw": "00000027EB5171F7",  
            "src": "waziup_UPPA_Sensor15",  
            "seq": 188,  
            "distance": 0.0224,  
            "fxt": 4180,  
            "bc": 9,  
            "lat": 43.31402,  
            "snr": 8,  
            "time": "2017-11-20T14:18:54",  
            "active": "yes",  
            "rssi": -45,  
            "lgt": -0.3637  
        }  
    ]  
}
```

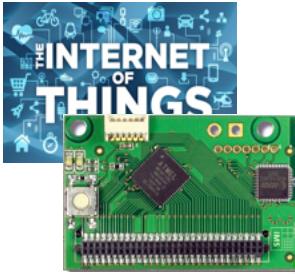
- New devices (from src field) will be added, while existing devices will be updated



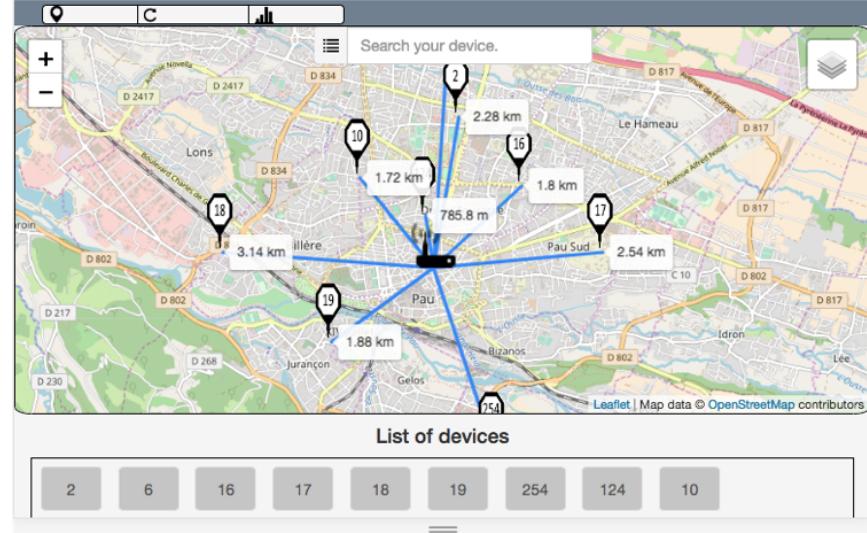
MAINTAINING A LIST OF GPS DEVICES (2)



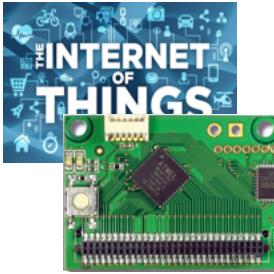
- ❑ CloudGpsFile.py also extract from the list of GPS devices those that have sent GPS information in during the last time window
- ❑ key_GpsFile.py defines
 - ❑ active_interval_minutes=20
 - ❑ For instance, devices that have sent GPS info in the last 20 minutes will be indicated as active
- ❑ Those active devices are further maintained in gps/active_gps.json
- ❑ Further versions can also create kml or gpx file or any combination that would allow more complex visualization features



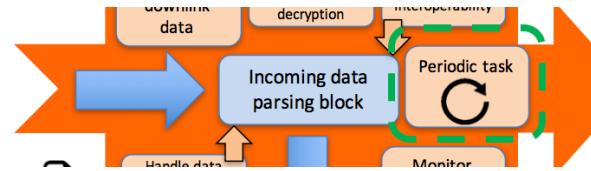
A WEB INTERFACE FOR TRACKING GPS DEVICES



- A web interface could use `gps/gps.json` and `gps/active_gps.json` to show:
 - the last updated GPS device
 - active devices
 - inactive devices
- Especially useful in mobility scenario



EXTENDING BY ADDING A NEW PERIODIC TASK

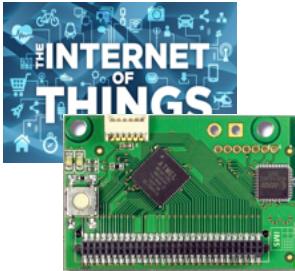


- Illustration with dynamic gateway GPS position
- The gateway's coordinates are stored in `gateway_conf.json`

```
"gateway_conf" : {  
    "gateway_ID" : "000000XXXXXXXXXX",  
    "ref_latitude" : "43.31416",  
    "ref_longitude" : "-0.36430",
```

- In a mobility scenario, the position of the gateway can be updated
- `post_status_processing_gw.py` which is periodically called by the main post-processing loop can be extended to get the position of the gateway using a connected GPS module.





WHEN ENABLING DYNAMIC_GPS



- ❑ Enabling dynamic_gps in gateway_conf.json activates the following tasks
 - ❑ post_status_processing_gw.py which is periodically called by post_processing_gw.py will try to get the position of the gateway using a connected GPS module. It uses get_gps.py in the sensors_in_raspi folder
 - ❑ get_gps.py produces a gateway_gps.txt file if a valid GPS fix is obtained. The file simply contains the coordinates in decimal degree: 43.31427, -0.36424
 - ❑ If post_status_processing_gw.py finds a gateway_gps.txt file, it will update in gateway_conf.json the GPS coordinate fields used by CloudGpsFile.py



NOW,

IoT BECOMES REALITY!



NB-LTE



LTE-M

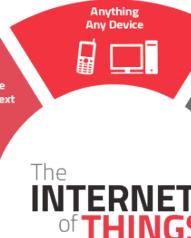


EC-C

EU

OU

U



Firebase

FIWARE

ThingSpeak

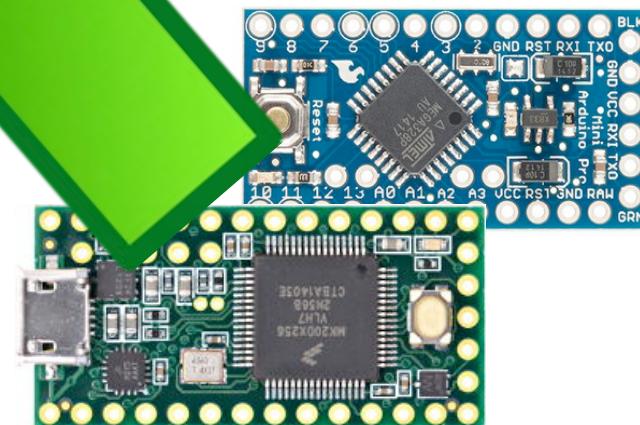
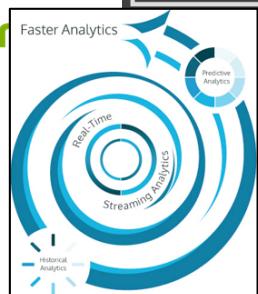
SensorCloud™

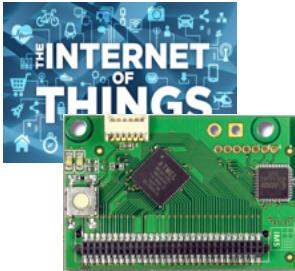
openRan



GroveStreams

freeboard





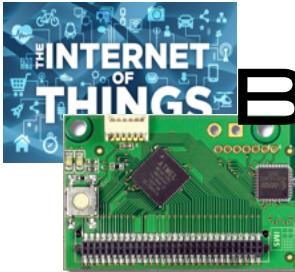
INVOLVING INNOVATION HUBS/STAKEHOLDERS



- **Close to dev & entrepreneurs** communities
- Have their **own community and com channels** (community builders & catalysts)
- Used to organizing disruptive events
- **On the field** (know the targets personally & the market)
- **Used to empowering startups & businesses** (coaching, business dev, incubation, acceleration...)
- Affiliated to **international networks** that could be involved in dissemination or Business dev (Afrilabs)



Credit: C. Vavasseur, CTIC Dakar



BUILDING WAZIUP COMMUNITY AND ECOSYSTEM



International Events
+ 20 organized & attended



Launch event (Senegal, CTIC Dakar)



Launch event (Ghana, iSpace)

Workshop at the European Conference
on Networks & Communications
(Greece, CNET)



IoTWeek2016 (Belgrade, EGM)



IoTBIGDATA2016
(Italy, EGM)



IoTCareConference (Budapest, CNET)

WAZIUP Workshop on IoT (Togo,
L'Africaine d'Architecture)



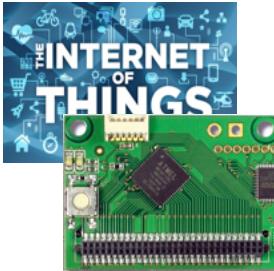
Credit: C. Vavasseur, CTIC Dakar



RESSACS 2016



Workshop at the RESSACS 2016 (France, UPPA) 70



TUTORIALS/RESOURCES



<https://github.com/CongducPham/tutorials>



Low-cost LoRa IoT devices and gateway FAQ

1) What is Internet-of-Thing (IoT)?

From IERC (European Research Cluster for the Internet of Things)

The IERC definition states that IoT is "A dynamic global network infrastructure with intelligent communication objects and embedded technology to sense or interact with their internal state or external environment, and to participate in communication protocols where physical and virtual "things" have identities, physical attributes, and virtual personalities and use intelligent interfaces, and are seamlessly integrated into the Internet."

From <http://www.gartner.com/glossary/internet-of-things>

"The Internet of Things (IoT) is the network of physical objects that contain embedded technology to communicate and sense or interact with their internal state or external environment, and to participate in communication protocols where physical and virtual "things" have identities, physical attributes, and virtual personalities and use intelligent interfaces, and are seamlessly integrated into the Internet."

From <http://internetofthingsagenda.techtarget.com/definition/Internet-of-Things-IoT>

"The Internet of Things (IoT) is a system of interconnected computing devices, mechanical and digital machines, objects, animals and people that are provided with unique identifiers and the ability to transfer data over a network without requiring human-to-human or human-to-computer interaction."

2) What is WAZIUP?

The EU H2020 WAZIUP project, namely the Open Innovation Platform for IoT-Big Data in Sub-Saharan Africa is a collaborative research project using cutting edge technology sharing IoT and Big Data knowledge and expertise between the EU and several countries in Africa. First, WAZIUP operates by involving farmers and breeders in order to define the platform requirements and specifications in focused validation cases.

Second, WAZIUP proposes a series of training activities which are specific to the rural ecosystem. Finally, WAZIUP proposes softs

WAZIUP will deliver a common generic locally the know how and capacity building to radically new paradigms for driven by the following R&D:

1. Empower the African rural population to empower the African rural population through the rapid urbanization and capacity building and breeding on a new scale

Author : Congduc Pham, University of Pau
Last update : 07.09.2016

TUTORIAL ON HARDWARE & SOFTWARE FOR LOW-COST LONG-RANGE IOT



LIUPPA
T2i team

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LOW-COST LORA IOT DEVICE: A STEP-BY-STEP TUTORIAL



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BUILDING AN IOT DEVICE FOR OUTDOOR USAGE: A STEP-BY-STEP TUTORIAL



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LOW-COST LORA IOT DEVICE: SUPPORTED PHYSICAL SENSORS



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The Arduino hardware platform

The Arduino Pro Mini

The Arduino Pro Mini is a compact form-factor Arduino board based on the ATmega328 microcontroller. Use the 3.3V and 5VDC version of the Arduino Pro Mini for lower power consumption.



You can get the original board designed by Sparkfun or get one of the various clones from many Chinese manufacturers. The last solution is very cost effective as the Pro Mini board can be purchased for a bit more than 1€ per piece.

The LoRa radio module

There are various LoRa radio modules that are all based on the Semtech SX1272/1276.

Fully tested LoRa radio modules: HopeRF RFM95W/96W, Lulum LoRa, Medtronic iM4/9396. Most of off-the-shelf LoRa modules are supported. We recommend the Medtronic iM4 model if you don't have delicate soldering experience as this module can come with header pins ready to be connected with Dupont wires.

The RFM95W can be found assembled (Adafruit) or an adapter can be purchased (from Elektor for instance).

Connect the LoRa radio module

Connect the corresponding pins to the SPI pins (blue is pin 11, MISO is pin 10 and CSK (orange) is pin 9). Note that the VCC of the radio module is connected to the VCC of the Pro Mini board (right picture). The VCC of the Pro Mini board gets 3.3V from the on-board voltage regulator.

LOW-COST LORA GATEWAY: WEB ADMIN INTERFACE



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LOW-COST LORA IOT: USING THE WAZIUP DEMO KIT



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IOT DEPLOYMENT WITH WAZIUP

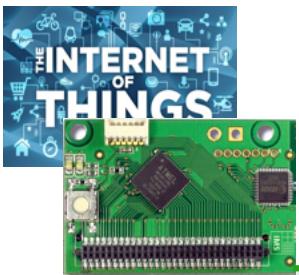
GUIDELINES, BEST PRACTICES, TROUBLESHOOTING AND FAQ



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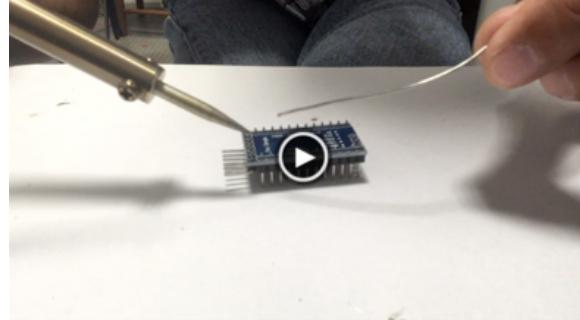


YOUTUBE VIDEOS



Low-cost
LoRa IoT
device

+73000 views



Low-cost
LoRa IoT
gateway

+11000 views



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YsKbJeeav_M

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mj8ItKA14PY>

Extreme low-
power LoRa
IoT



Setting up a
gateway in
5mins



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2_VQpcCwdd8

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CJbUFXLpSok>



Thanks.
Let's keep in touch



Carine VAVASSEUR

Communication & Event Manager

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www.cticdakar.com
contact@cticdakar.com



facebook.com/waziupIoT



twitter.com/waziupIoT



linkedin.com/groups/8156933



github.com/waziup