

Exercise 3.1

- Give the recognized tokens of the following program in Pascal.

```
function max(i, j: integer): integer;  
  {return the maximum of integers i and j}  
begin  
  if i > j then max := i else max := j  
end;
```

答：

function : <Reserved words, function>

max : <Identifiers, max>

(: <Punctuation, (>

i : <Identifiers, i>

, : <Punctuation, ,>

j : <Identifiers, j>

:: <Punctuation, :>

integer : <Reserved words, integer>

) : <Punctuation,)>

:: <Punctuation, :>

integer : <Reserved words, integer>

; : <Punctuation, ;>

{ : <Punctuation, {>

"return the maximum of integers i and j" : <Constants, "return the maximum of integers i and j">

} : <Punctuation, } >

begin : <Reserved words,begin>

if : <Reserved words, if>

i : <Identifiers, i>

> : <Operators, > >

j : <Identifiers, j>

then : <Reserved words,then>

max : <Identifiers, max>

:= : <Operators, := >

i : <Identifiers, i>

else : <Reserved words, else>

max : <Identifiers,max>

:= : <Operators, := >

j : <Identifiers, j>

end : <Reserved words, end>

; : <Punctuation, ;>

Exercise 3.2

- (DBv2, Ch.3, pp.125, ex.3.3.2) Describe the languages denoted by the following regular expressions:
 - $a(a|b)^*a$
 - $a^*ba^*ba^*ba^*$

答：

$a(a|b)^*a$ ：该字符串仅包含 a, b，同时该字符串以 a 开头和结尾

$a^*ba^*ba^*ba^*$ ：该字符串仅包含 a, b，同时该字符串只包含 3 个 b

Exercise 3.3

- (DBv2, Ch.3, pp.125, ex.3.3.4) Most Languages are case sensitive, so keywords can be written only one way, and the regular expressions describing their lexemes are very simple.
- However, some languages, like Pascal and SQL, are case insensitive. For example, the SQL keyword **SELECT** can also be written **select**, **Select**, or **sELEcT**.
- Show how to write a regular expression for a keyword in a case insensitive language. Illustrate your idea by writing the expression for **SELECT** in SQL.

答：select \rightarrow $[Ss][Ee][Ll][Cc][Ee][Tt]$

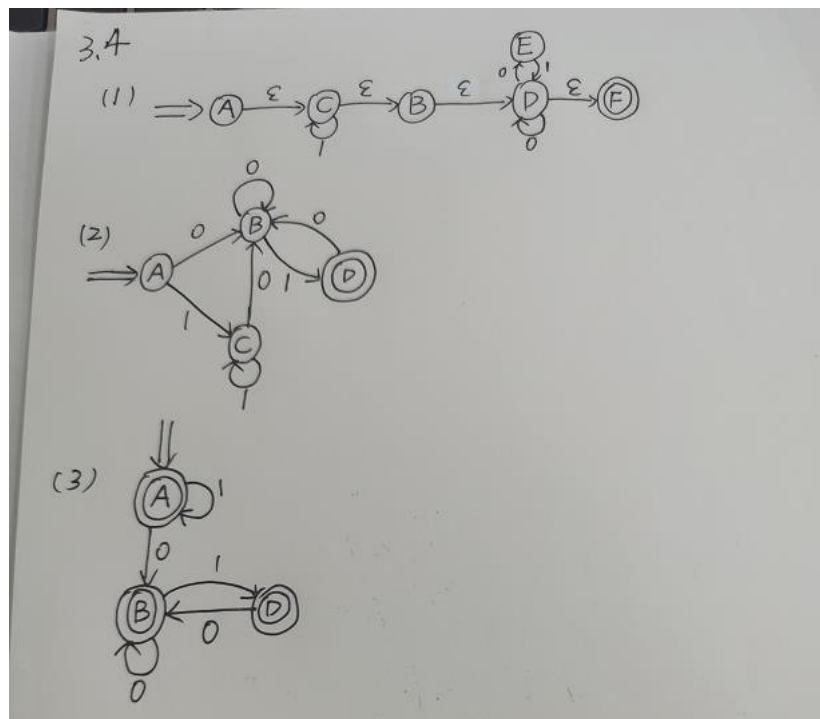
Exercise 3.4

- Given the following regular expression

$$1^*(0 \mid 01)^*$$

- Transform it to an equivalent finite automaton.
- Construct an equivalent DFA for the result of exercise (1).
- Reduce the result of (2) and get a reduced DFA.

答：



Exercise 3.5**

- Given the alphabet $\Sigma = \{ z, o, / \}$, a comment in a program over Σ begins with `"/o"` and ends with `"o/"`. Embedded comments are not permitted.
- Draw a DFA that recognizes nothing but all the comments in the source programs.
 - Write a single regular expression that exactly describes all the comments in the source programs.

答：

