

# CTX-Task-Scheduler User Guide



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# **Versions**

## **Document Revisions**

The following revisions have been made to this document

Date	Revision	Notes
04/12/2018	1.0	First Release

# **Module Versions**

The following revisions have been made to this module

Date	Revision	Notes	
		Creation of:	
		CTS-Manage-Schedules	
04/12/2018	1.0	CTS-DI-Database-Interaction	
04/12/2010	1.0	CTS-GS-Generate-Schedule	
		CTS-GSC-Generate-Schedule-Components	
		CTS-AUDS-Add-Update-Delete-Schedule	



## **Preface**

## **About this Manual**

This document is a user guide for the CTX-Task-Scheduler module.

## **Audience**

The audience for this document is those wanting to understand how to use CTX-Task-Scheduler module.

## **Related Material**

#### Document

CTX-Task-Scheduler – Deployment Plan

CTX-Task-Scheduler.studiopkg

## Abbreviations used in this Document

**OCI** Orchestration Communication Interface

**UI** User Interface

**DB** Database



# Requirements

The CTX-Task-Scheduler module requires the following:

- Cortex Database OCI
- Cortex LivePortal

Instructions for how to install these are included in the deployment plan.



## Integration

## **Integration with Third-Party Systems**

None

## **Integration with Existing Infrastructure**

#### Task Scheduler Database

For the flows and subtasks to work in the CTX-Task-Scheduler module, the flow must connect to the Reactor DB to read and write data to the Scheduler tables.

The tables involved in the Task Scheduler schema are:

- CFG TASK- Table containing the definition of each task
- CFG\_TASK\_EXECUTION Table storing the current scheduled executions
- CFG TASK SCHEDULE Table storing the Schedule details for the Task Scheduler
- CFG\_TASK\_PARAMETERS Table storing the Parameters for the scheduled tasks
- CFG\_PARAMETER\_TYPE table storing the definitions of each parameter

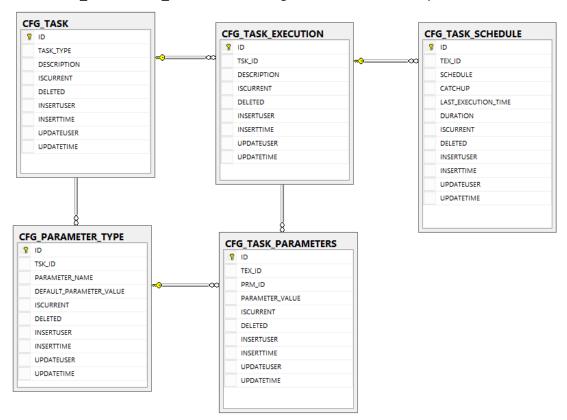


Figure 1 - Cortex Task Scheduling database schema



## 1 Cortex Task Scheduler Overview

The Cortex Task Scheduler Module allows the user to configure a variety of different schedules from a standardised UI. This is a lot easier than configuring directly in the DB, and can handle most of the simpler cases:

- One Off Schedule
  - o Configured to run once at a set date and time
- Periodic Schedule
  - o Run every x seconds / minutes / hours starting at set date and time
- Daily Schedule
  - o Run at a time or multiple times on one or more days of the week
- Weekly Schedule
  - o Run every x weeks at a set time for the selected days of the week

## 1.1 Using the module

Once the .studiopkg file has been imported, the global variable 'G\_SQL\_Server' should be set to an appropriate value. This is the SQL Server containing the Reactor and CortexWeb Databases, although the user is prompted to enter a different value if required in the 1<sup>st</sup> UI Screen.

This allows the flows to be deployed on one system (e.g. Development) while also allowing them to configure schedules on other environments (e.g. UAT or Production), if it is possible to connect to those environments from the server running the flows.

Authentication is handled using the Cortex Database Interface service user. This user must have:

- read permissions to CortexWeb database
- read and write permissions to Reactor database

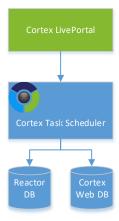
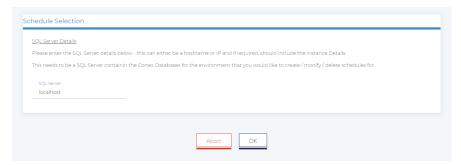


Figure 2 – CTX-Task-Scheduler Architecture

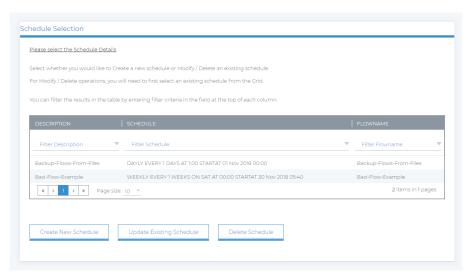


## 1.2 User Interface Experience

- 1. In the 1st UI Screen, the user can select which Database to connect to
- This DB must contain both the Reactor Database and the CortexWeb Database which are added as part of the Cortex Installation process, and this field is prepopulated based on the global variable 'G\_SQL\_Server'.

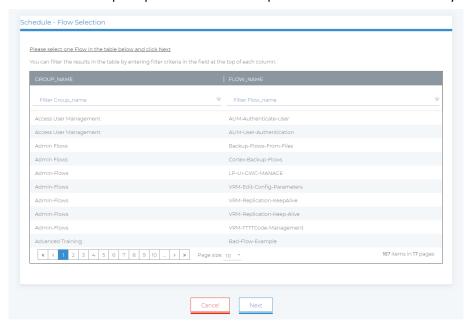


- 2. The user is then prompted to select whether to Add, Modify or Delete a schedule
- For Modify operations, one existing schedule must be selected
- For Delete operations, one or more existing schedule(s) can be selected.

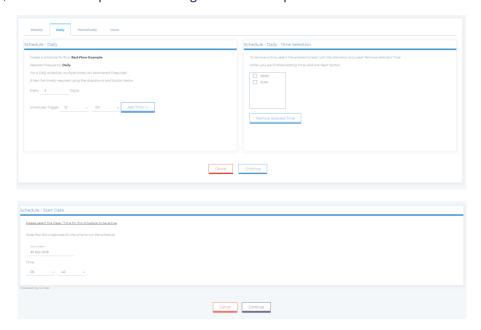




3. The user is then prompted to select the required flow for an Add or Modify Schedule

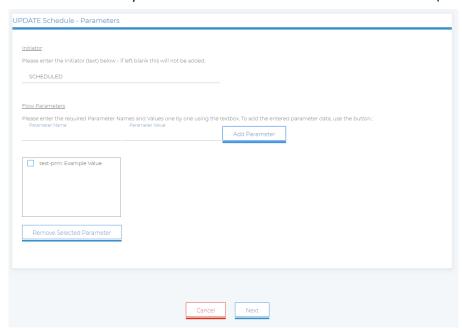


- 4. In the next UI Screen (for Add / Modify) the user is prompted to select the preferred schedule and insert the required values
  - If a Modify operation is selected, Cortex will parse the existing schedule string and where possible, pre-populate the values
  - ∀ Validation is performed using inline JavaScript.

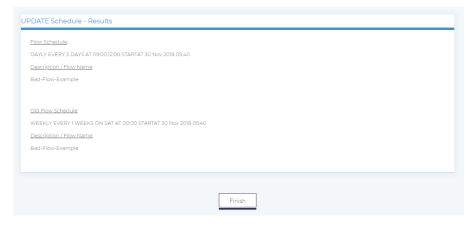




5. The Initiator and any Parameters can then be set in the next UI Screen (if required)



6. After this stage, Cortex will perform an operation on the DB to either Insert, Modify or Delete as required. The results of this will be presented to the user





## 2 Cortex Task Scheduler Flows

## 2.1 CTS-Manage-Schedules

#### 2.1.1 Overview

Allows the user to Add / Modify / Delete schedules, including any parameters. This is controlled via LivePortal UIs and performs processing and DB operations.

#### **Add Schedule**

- Select DB Server to run on
- Select Flow to Schedule
- Select Schedule Type and populate schedule details for the selected schedule type
- Add any Parameters / Initiator details if required
- Insert to the DB

#### **Modify Schedule**

- Select DB Server to run on
- Select Schedule to Modify
- Select Flow to Schedule
- Select Schedule Type and populate schedule details for the selected schedule type
  - o Where possible this will be pre-populated with existing details
- Add / Modify any Parameters / Initiator details if required
- Insert / Update operation to the DB

#### **Delete Schedule**

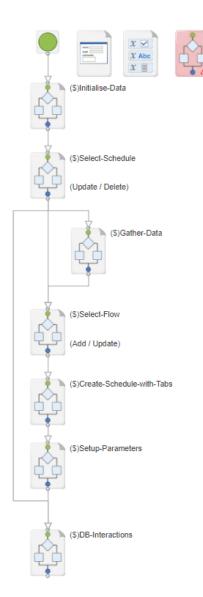
- Select DB Server to run on
- Select Schedule to Delete
- Delete DB Entires

Exceptions will be raised inline to the User Interface screens where possible (Data Entry Validation).

If any other exceptions occur during the flow, the details will be shown in a separate UI Screen.



#### 2.1.2 States



This flow handles Add / Update / Delete operations for Cortex Scheduling of flows.

To run correctly, the global variable 'G\_SQL-Server' needs to be initialised with the DB Server associated with the Cortex Environment.

This flow is triggered from LivePortal.

For ADD operations the user selects the Flow from the available flows in Cortex Gateway and then sets up the schedule. Note that if the flow has not been deployed, it will not be triggered.

For UPDATE / DELETE operations, the user selects from existing configured Schedules and can then modify them.

The flow also allows for Parameters to be specified in JSON format.

Supported Schedule Types:
Once. Periodically. Daily. Weekly

#### Initialise-Data

Sets a table containing the days of the week to be used later and prompts the user to enter a SQL Server to connect to. Pre-populated based on G\_SQL\_Server variable.

#### Select-Schedule

Shows a table containing existing schedules on the system and prompts the user to select whether to Add / Modify / Delete. Table selection is validated based on the operation selected (Add does not required selection, modify required 1 to be selected and Delete required 1 or more to be selected).

## Gather-Data

This is used for Update operations and will parse the existing schedule details to extract Initiator, Parameters, Flow Name, and all Schedule components. These are used in the next state to pre-populate the relevant controls.



#### Create-Schedule-With-Tabs

Prompts the user to select the Schedule Type from the tabs at the top. Based on the selected type, the user needs to enter a set of schedule parameters which are used to generate the Schedule text. Validation occurs on each tab based on the selection. If the Schedule Type is not Once, the user will also have to enter the StartAt date (Date and Time for the schedule to be active).

#### Setup-Parameters

Prompts the user to enter any Parameter data and an Initiator. These are both optional. Parameter entry is restricted to simple Parameter Name / Values and will then be processed into the correct format. If complex Parameters are required, these would have to be entered manually into the DB.

#### DB-Interactions

Performs the selected operation in the DB and presents results to the user.

#### 2.1.3 Inputs

There are no required inputs to the process, however the global variable 'G\_SQL\_Server' should be set to an appropriate value.

## 2.1.4 Outputs

There are no required outputs to the process



## 3 Cortex Task Scheduler Subtasks

## 3.1 CTS-DI-Database-Interaction

#### 3.1.1 Overview

This subtask is used throughout the flow and performs any DB operations. This subtask can support Get / Insert / Update operations.

Exceptions will be raised if

- The query provided cannot be run successfully
- The Database cannot be connected to

## 3.1.2 Inputs

Input Variables	Туре	Description
DI_i_action	Text	Text containing the DB Operation required e.g. Insert Only, Query Value.
DI_i_query	Text	The SQL query to run against the target DB.
DI_i_db_name	Text	The DB Name to connect to.
DI_i_sql_server	Text	The DB Server to connect to.

## 3.1.3 Outputs

Output Variables	Туре	Description
DI_o_table	Table	A table containing the result (if Action is Query Table)
DI_o_out_id	Integer	The ID of the entered item (if Action is Insert Get ID or Update Get ID)
DI_o_out_val	List	A list containing the result (if Action is Query Value, Insert only or Update Only)

## 3.2 CTS-GS-Generate-Schedule

#### 3.2.1 Overview

This subtask generates the schedule string for the user selection in the format the Cortex Reactor DB requires. This Subtask branches based on the Schedule Type. For more complex items (multiple days for a Weekly Schedule or multiple times for a Daily Schedule) this will



also call the CTS-GSC-Generate-Schedule-Components to convert this data into the correct format.

Exceptions will be raised if

• Some of the parameters are missing.

## 3.2.2 Inputs

Input Variables	Туре	Description
GS_i_Schedule-Type	Text	The Schedule Type – Once, Periodically, Daily or Weekly
GS_i_Frequency-Num-Txt	Text	How often to run (depending on the selected Schedule Type)
GS_i_Start-At	Text	The StartAt Date and Time – when the schedule becomes active
GS_i_Trigger-Time	Text	The time to trigger the schedule
GS_i_Days-List	List	The days to run (for a Weekly Schedule)
GS_i_Times-List	List	The times to run (for a Daily Schedule)
GS_i_Periodic-Frequency	Text	Frequency (Seconds / Minutes / Hours) for a Periodic Schedule.

## 3.2.3 Outputs

Output Variables	Туре	Description
GS_o_Schedule-String	Text	The schedule string to add to the DB.

# 3.3 CTS-GSC-Generate-Schedule-Components

#### 3.3.1 Overview

This subtask is called by the CTX-GS-Generate-Schedule subtask and will convert a list of Days or Times to run into the delimited format. This can support 1 or more values for Days or Hours.



## 3.3.2 Inputs

Input Variables	Туре	Description
GSC_i_Selection-List	List	The List of either Days or Times to run the schedule on (for Weekly or Daily schedules)
GSC_i_Selection-Type	Text	The Type of list to process – Days or Times.

## 3.3.3 Outputs

Output Variables	Туре	Description
GSC_o_Component	Text	The processed text containing Days or Times to add to the Schedule String.

# 3.4 CTS-AUDS-Add-Update-Delete-Schedule

#### 3.4.1 Overview

This subtask is called at the end of the process and performs the DB Operations for the schedule operation. This handles Insert / Update / Delete operations. Based on the operation selected, the subtask will generate SQL Statements to perform the operations (for Update operations these will include 'If Exists' statements.

For New and Update operations, some data is passed back to display in the UI

For Delete operations, this subtask is called on a loop to support deleting multiple schedules. in one go.



# 3.4.2 Inputs

Input Variables	Туре	Description
AUDS_i_Schedule	Text	The Schedule String generated from the previous subtasks.
AUDS_i_DB-Server	Text	DB Server to perform the operation on.
AUDS_i_DB-Name	Text	DB Name (Reactor)
AUDS_i_Operation	Text	A value containing either New, Update or Delete
AUDS_i_FlowName	Text	The name of the flow to Add or Modify the schedule for.  (Add / Modify)
AUDS_i_TEX-ID	Integer	The ID of the existing schedule.  (Modify / Delete)
AUDS_i_Params-Text	Text	The string containing all params to enter, in the format structure ( <param data=""/> )
AUDS_i_Initiator	Text	The Initiator for the Scheduled Flow.

# 3.4.3 Outputs

Output Variables	Туре	Description
AUDS_o_Schedule-Data	Structure	Results of the operation to be shown to the user.
		(Add / Modify)