



Quickly Testing Legacy C++ Code with Approval Tests



Clare Macrae (She/her)

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16 September 2019

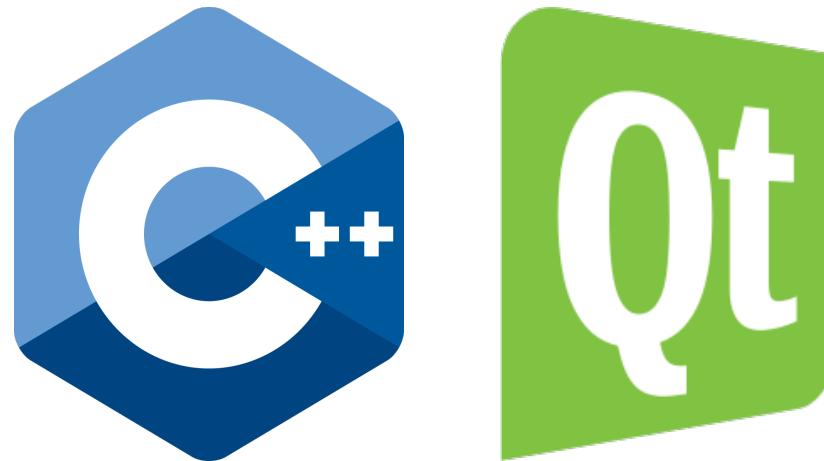
CppCon 2019, Aurora, USA

Contents

- **Introduction** ←
- Legacy Code
- Golden Master
- Approval Tests
- Example
- Resources
- Summary



@ClareMacraeUK



Clare Macrae Consulting Ltd

The Cambridge Structural Database (CSD)

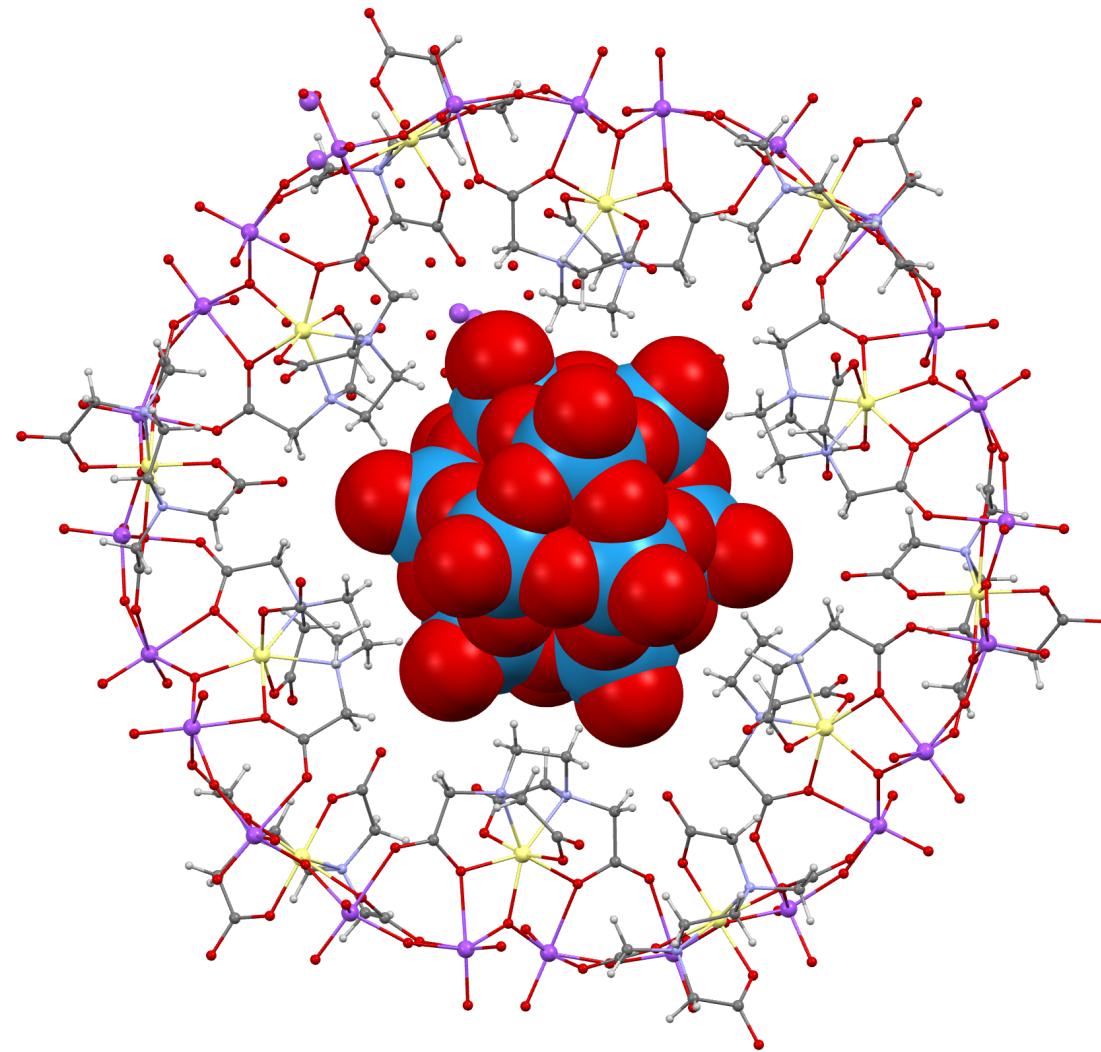


The Cambridge Structural Database (CSD) is a highly curated and comprehensive resource.

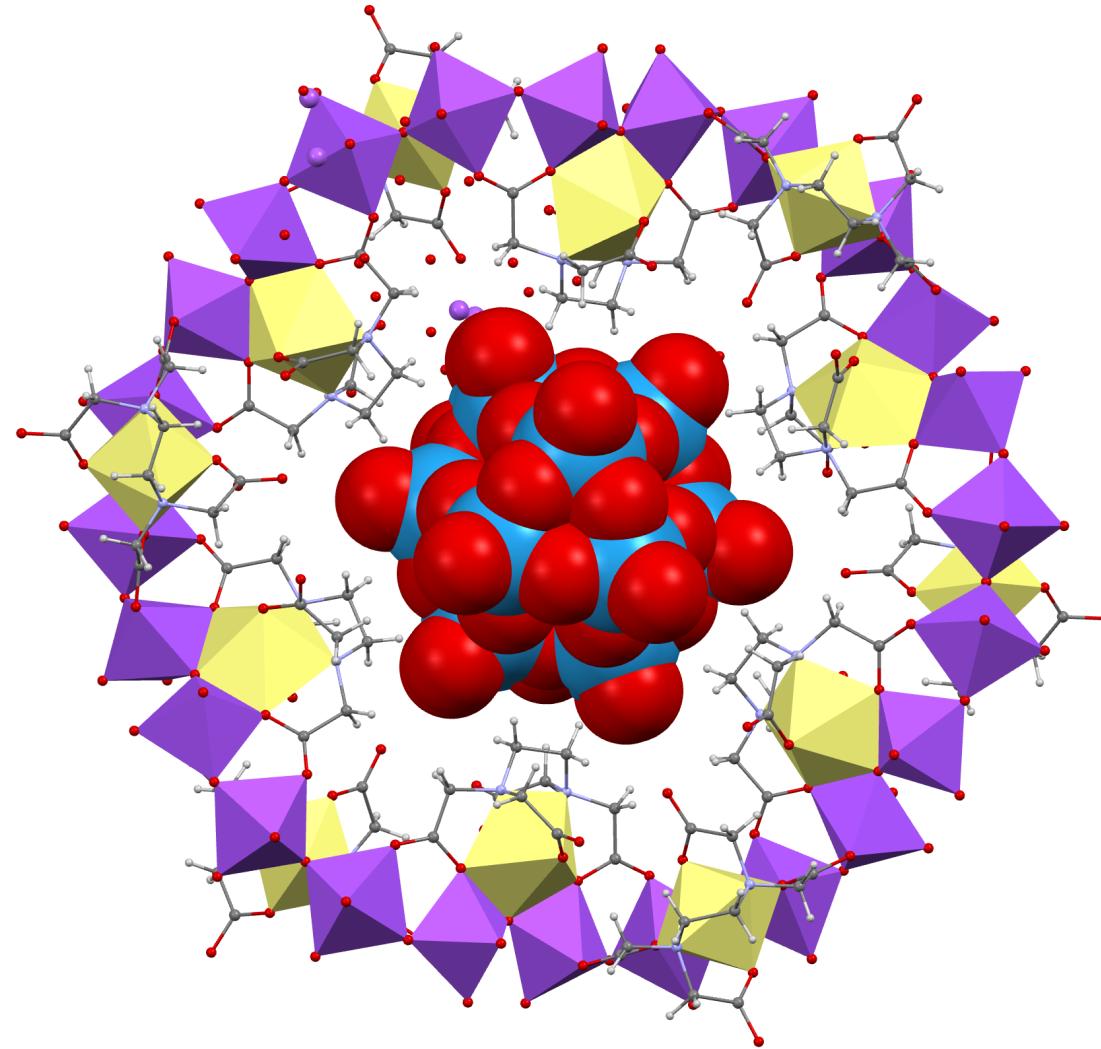
Established in 1965, the CSD is the world's repository for small-molecule organic and metal-organic crystal structures. Containing over one million structures from x-ray and neutron diffraction analyses, this unique database of accurate 3D structures has become an essential resource to scientists around the world.

Requirement

What I could do:



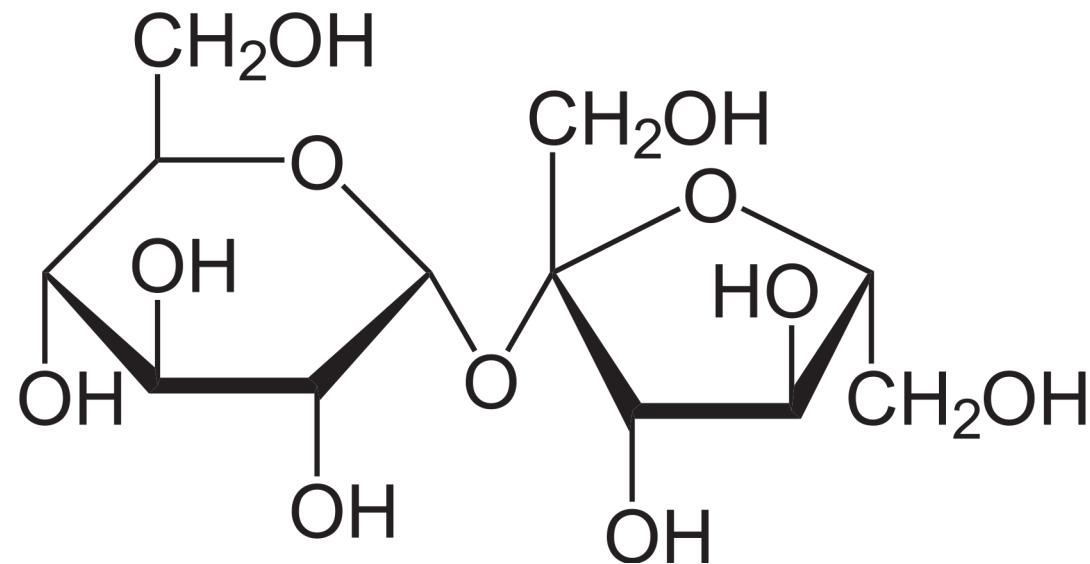
What I needed to do:



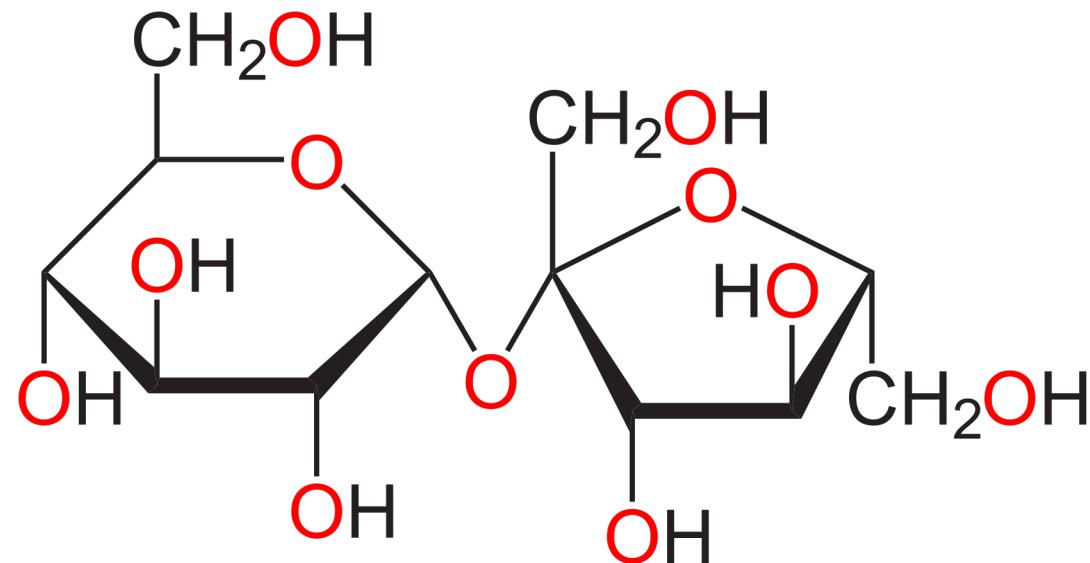
Sugar - sucrose



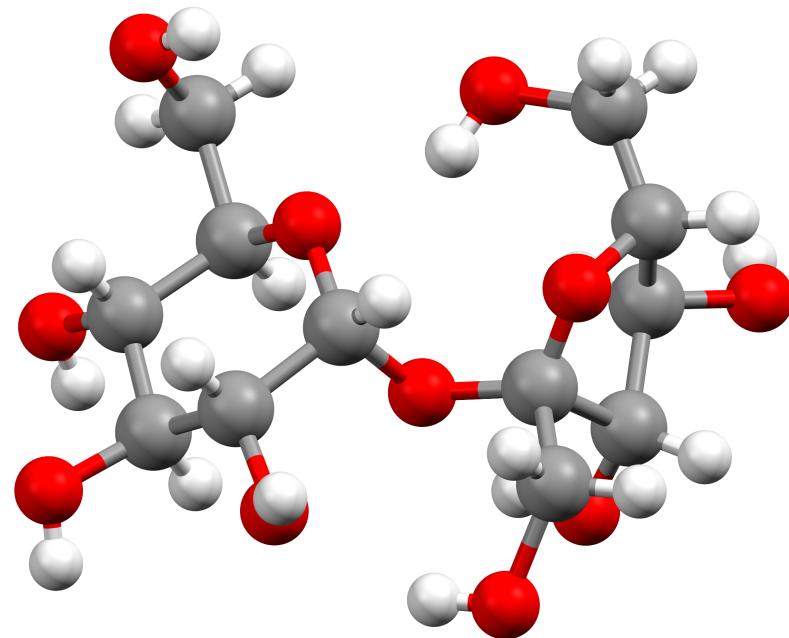
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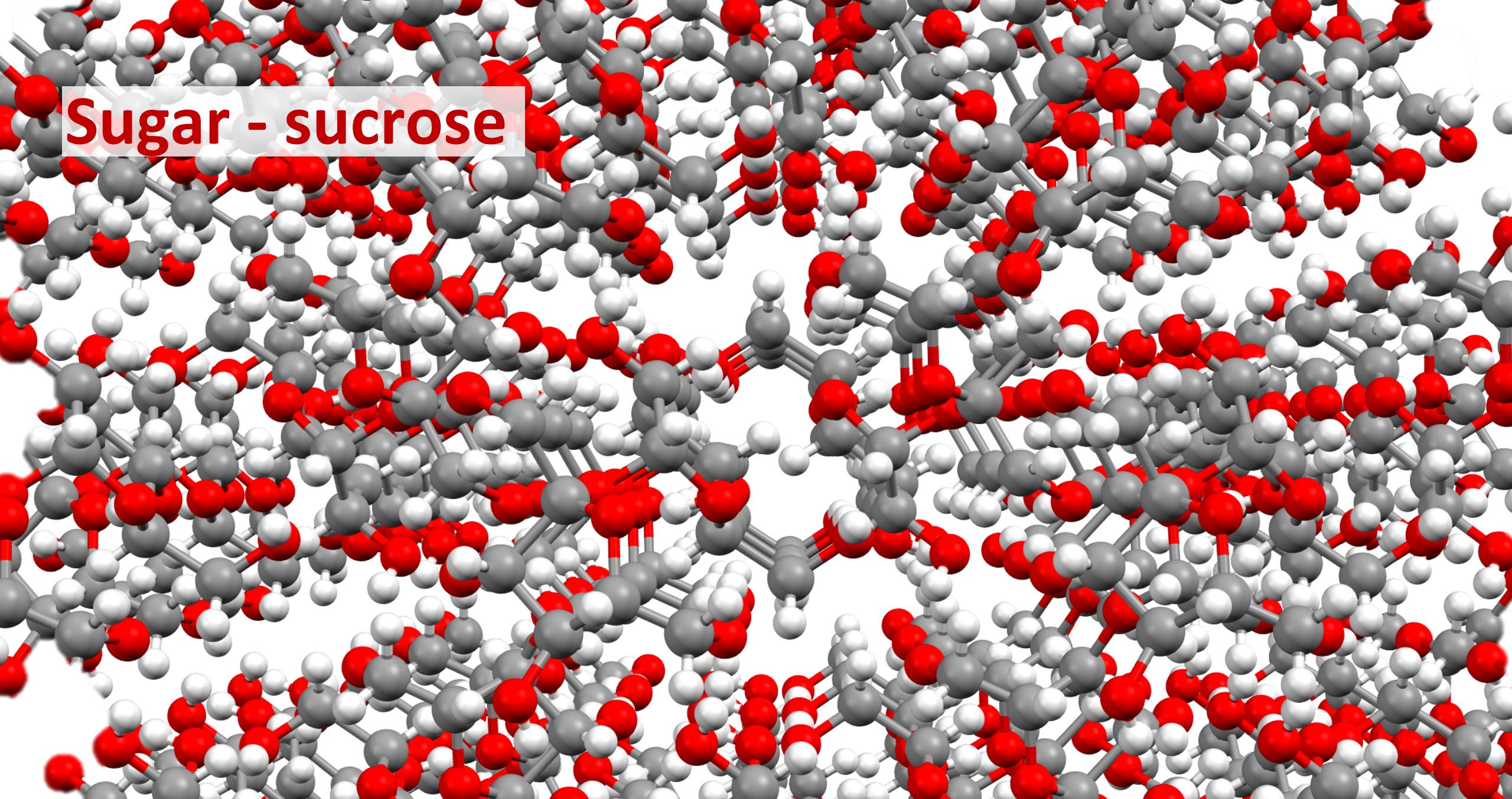
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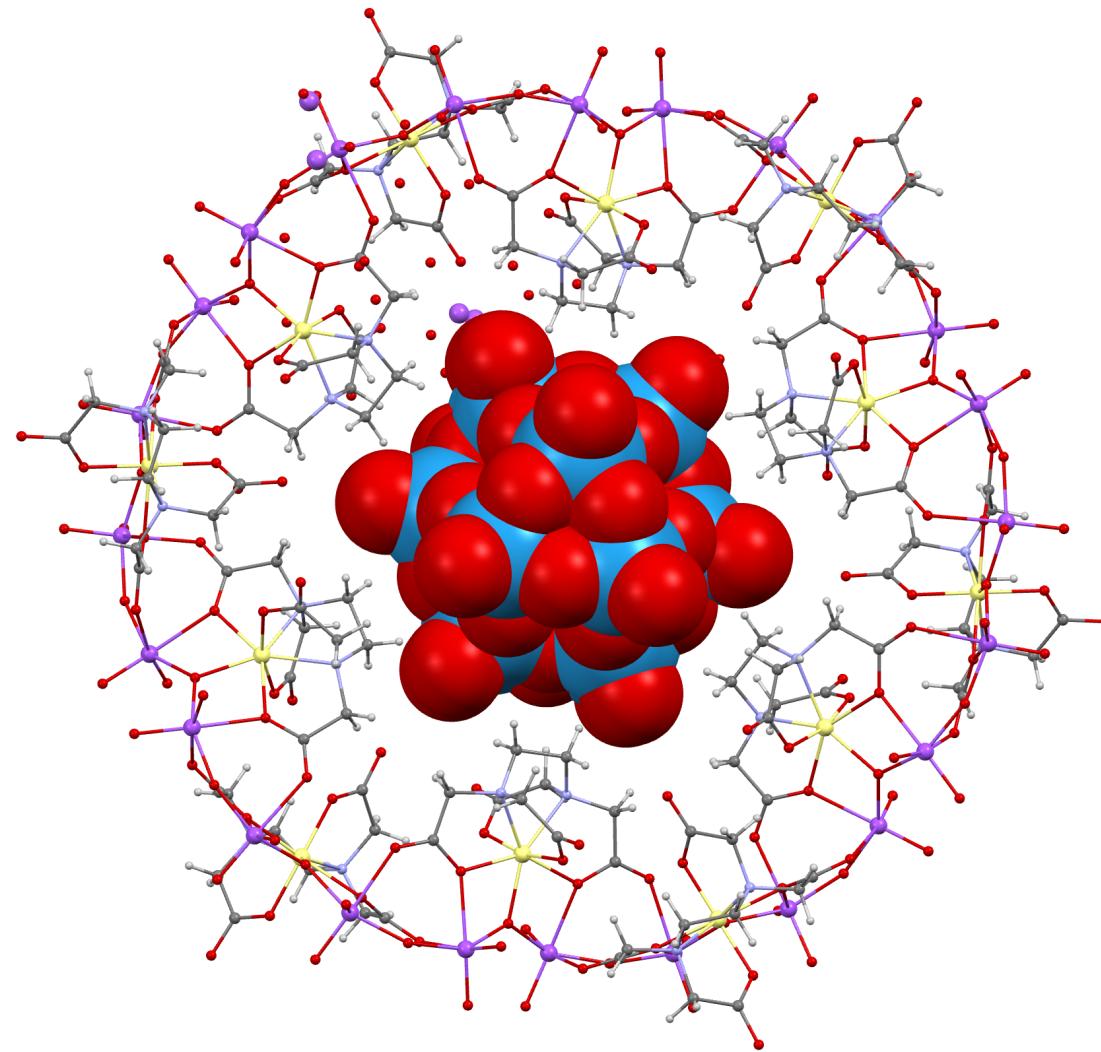
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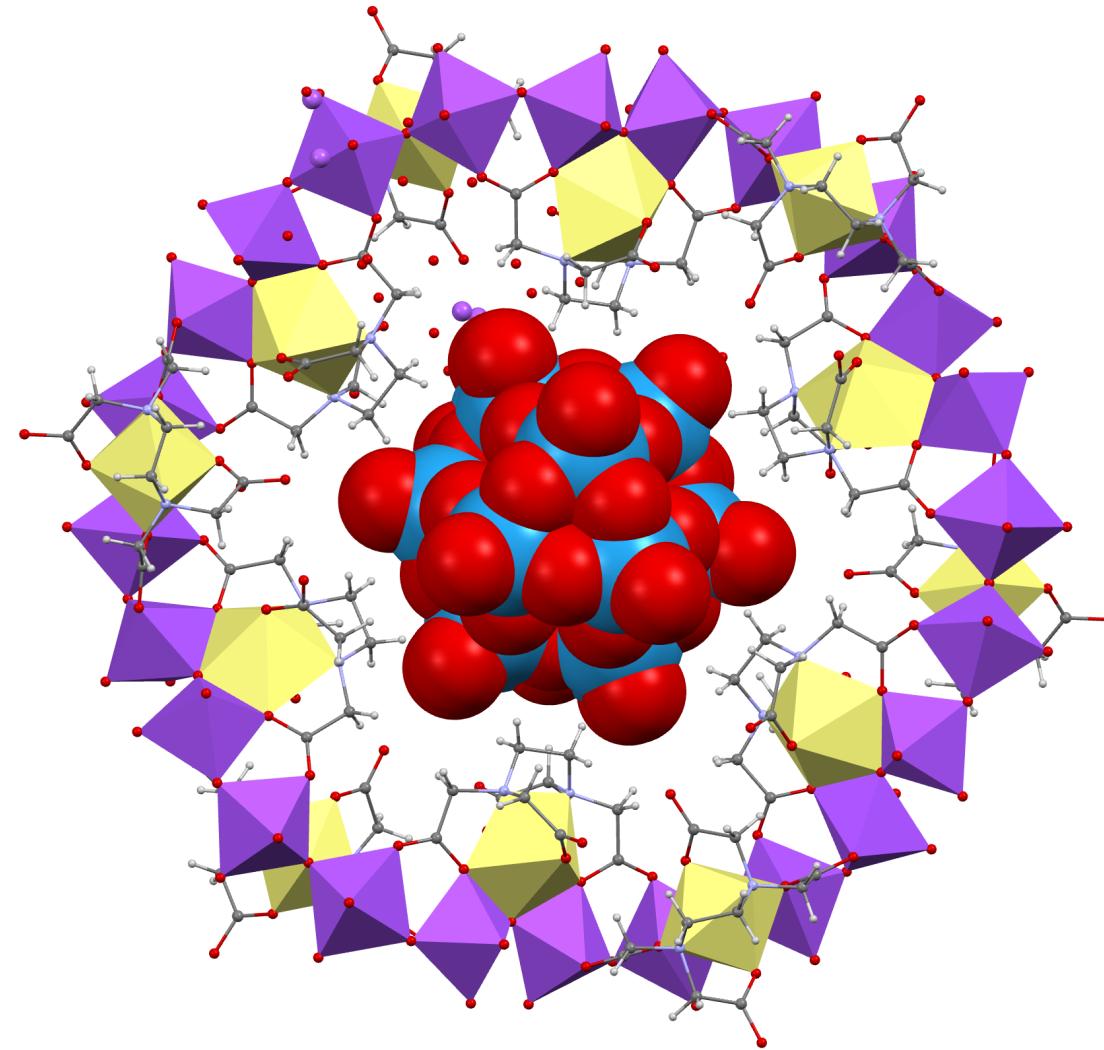
Sugar - sucrose



What I could do:



What I needed to do:



How could I implement this safely?



Llewellyn Falco

@LlewellynFalco

As part of expanding my c++ I was thinking of improving [#ApprovalTests](#) and making it work with GoogleTest. Anyone interested in pairing on that?

12:52 PM - 26 Nov 2017



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12:52 PM - 26 Nov 2017



Clare Macrae

@ClareMacraeUK

Replies to [@LlewellynFalco](#)

Would be interested in hearing more.

2:46 PM - 26 Nov 2017

~2 Years of remote pairing later...

Goal:
**Share techniques for easier testing
in challenging scenarios**

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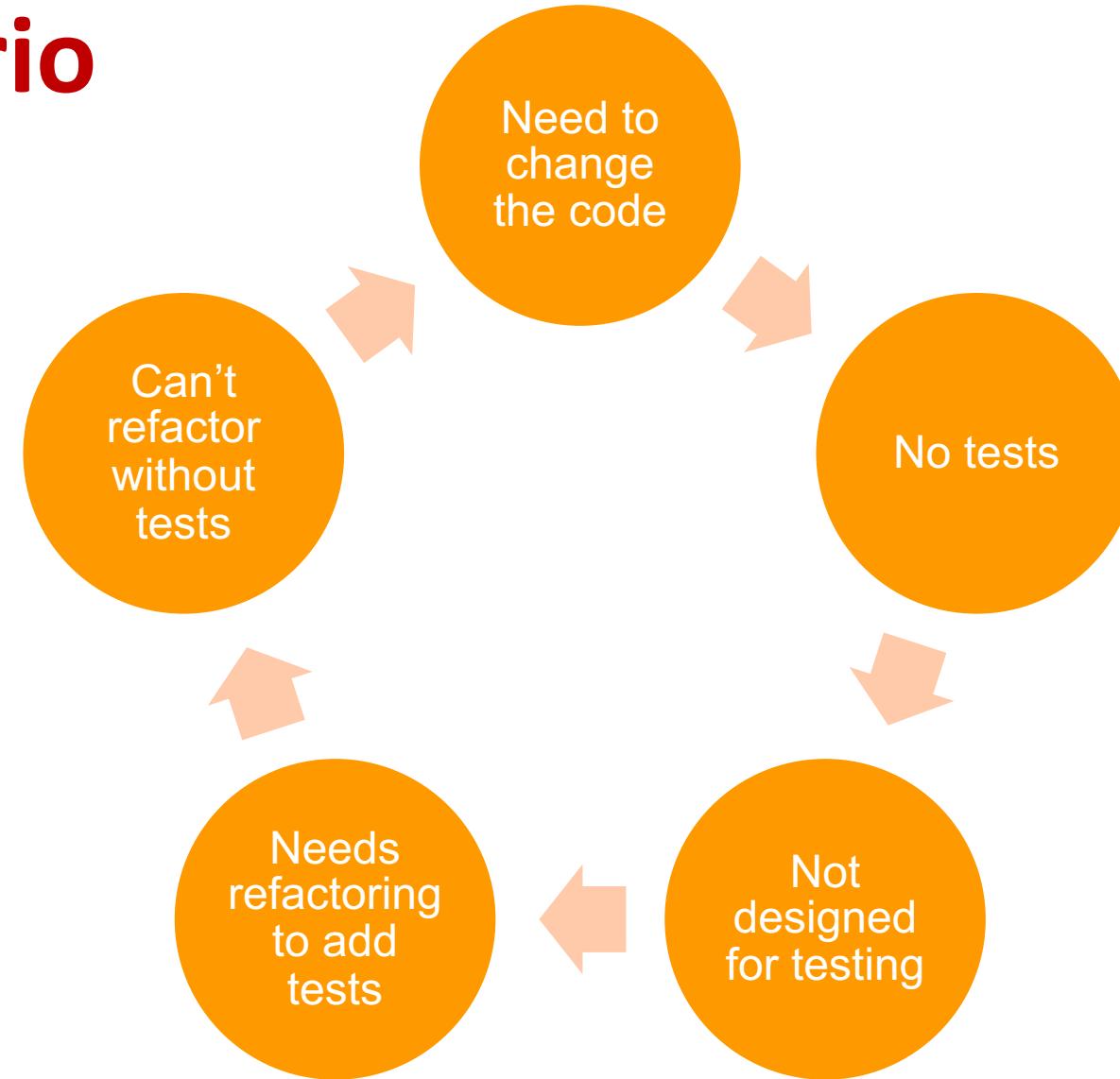
Quickly Testing Legacy Code

What does Legacy Code really mean?

- **Dictionary**
 - “**money or property that you receive from someone after they die**”
- **Michael Feathers**
 - “**code without unit tests**”
- **J.B. Rainsberger**
 - “**profitable code that we feel afraid to change.**”
- **Kate Gregory**
 - “**any code that you want to change, but are afraid to**”

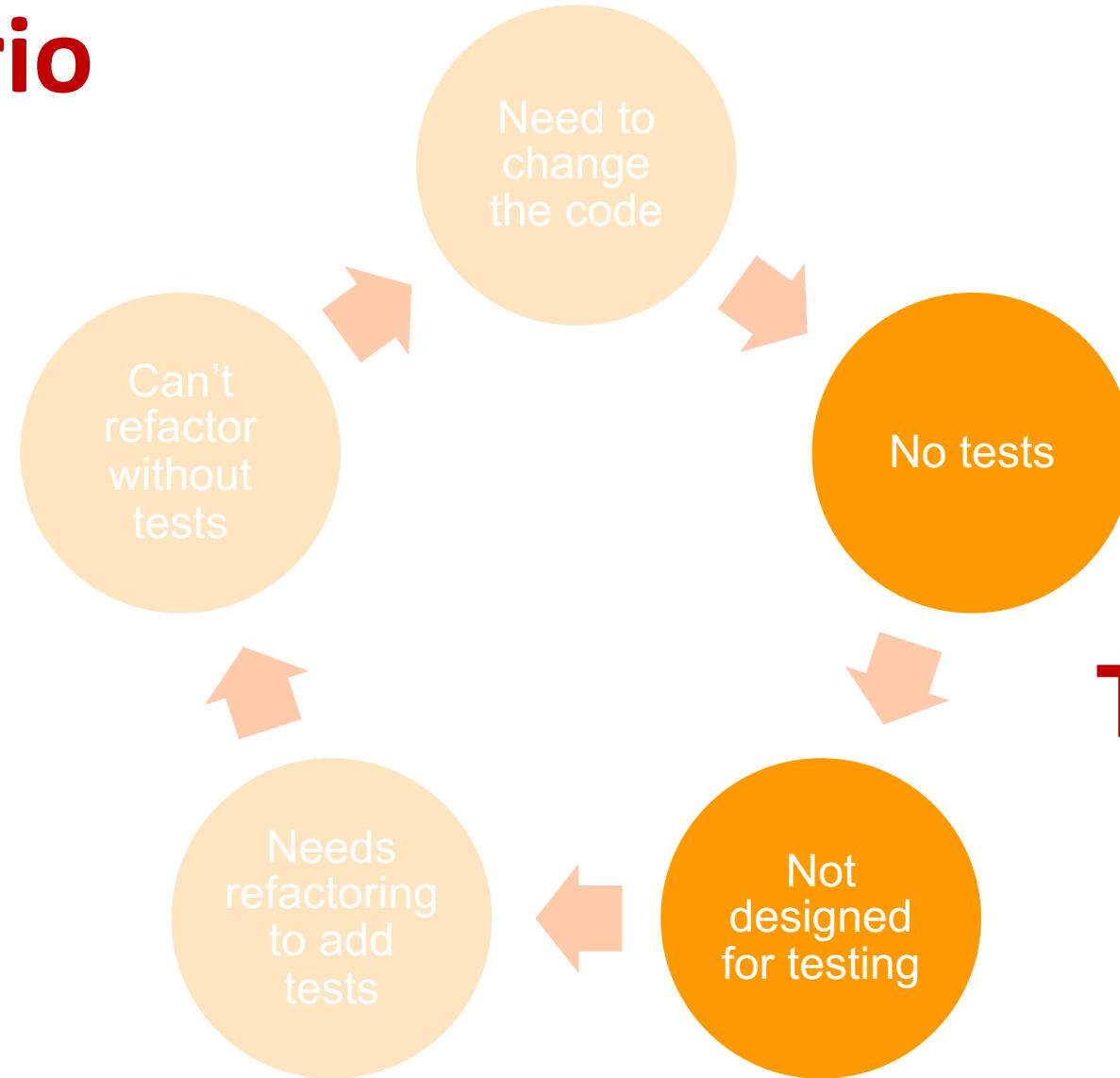
Typical Scenario

- I've inherited some legacy code
- It's valuable
- I need to add feature
- Or fix bug
- How can I ever break out of this loop?



Typical Scenario

- I've inherited some legacy code
- It's valuable
- I need to add feature
- Or fix bug
- How can I ever break out of this loop?



Topics of this talk

Assumptions

- Value of automated testing
- Evaluate existing tests
 - Code coverage tools
 - Mutation testing
- No worries about types of tests
 - (unit, integration, regression)

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Quickly **Testing** Legacy Code

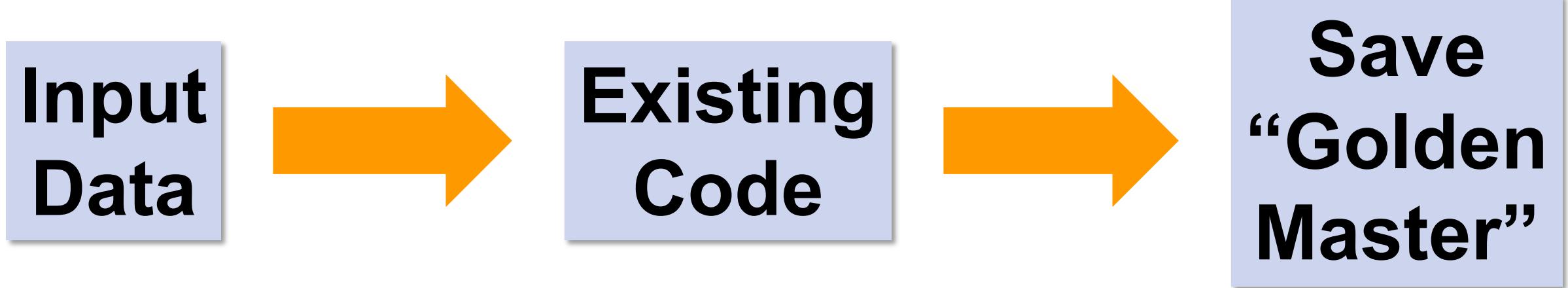
Key Phrase :
“Locking Down Current Behaviour”

Writing Unit Tests for Legacy Code

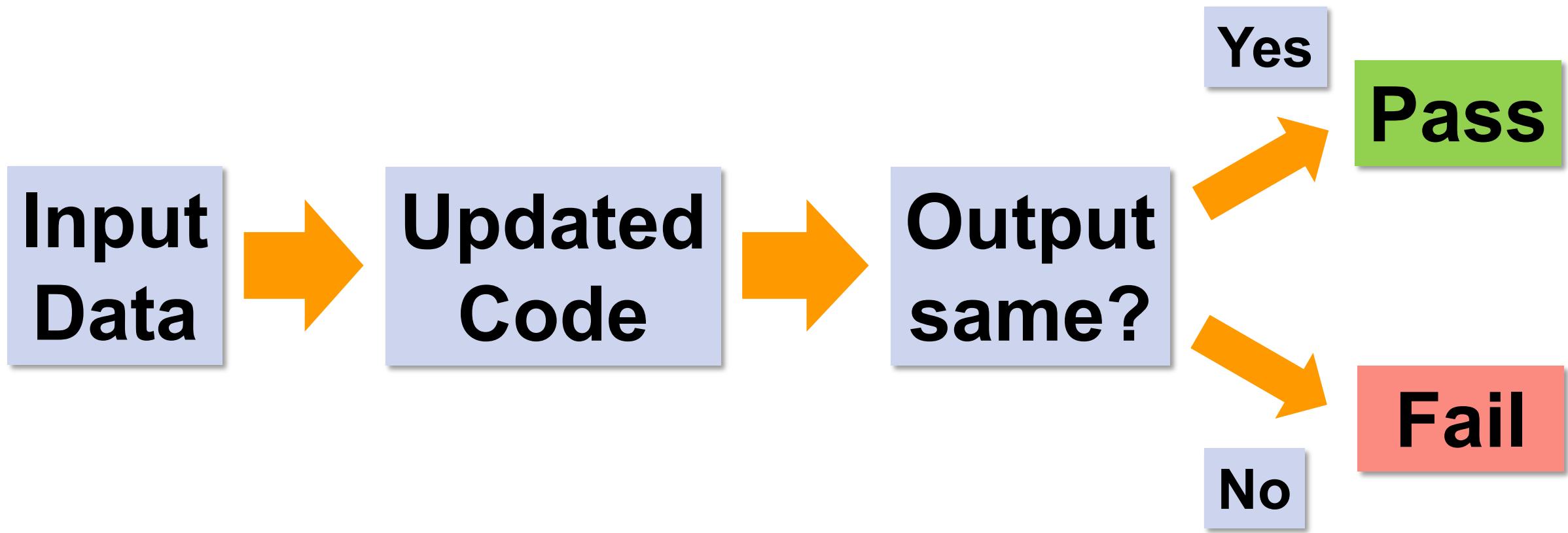
- Time-consuming
- What's intended behaviour?
- Is there another way?

Alternative: Golden Master Testing

Golden Master Test Setup



Golden Master Tests In Use



Thoughts on Golden Master Tests

- Good to start testing legacy systems
- Good when goal is to keep behaviour unchanged
- Depends on ease of:
 - Capturing output
 - Getting stable output
 - Reviewing any differences
 - Avoiding overwriting Golden Master by mistake!

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Quickly Testing Legacy Code

One approach: “ApprovalTests”

- Llewellyn Falco’s convenient, powerful, flexible Golden Master implementation
- Supports many language

GO

Java

Lua

.NET

.Net.ASP

NodeJS

Objective-C

PHP

Perl

Python

Swift

And now C++!

ApprovalTests.cpp – Approval Tests for C++

- New C++ library for applying Llewellyn Falco’s “Approval Tests” approach
- For testing cross-platform C++ code (Windows, Linux, Mac)
- For legacy and green-field systems

ApprovalTests.cpp

- It's on github
- Header-only
- Open source - Apache 2.0 licence

ApprovalTests.cpp

- C++11 and above
- Works with a range of testing frameworks
- Currently supports Google Test, Catch1, Catch2 and doctest
 - Easy to add more



Getting Started with Approvals in C++

StarterProject with Catch2

- <https://github.com/approvals/ApprovalTests.cpp.StarterProject>
- Download ZIP

The screenshot shows a GitHub repository page for 'approvals / ApprovalTests.cpp.StarterProject'. The repository has 83 commits, 1 branch, 0 releases, and 3 contributors. It includes topics like approval-test, approval-testing, c-plus-plus, cpp11, testing, and example-project. A red box highlights the 'Download ZIP' button in the 'Clone or download' section.

approvals / ApprovalTests.cpp.StarterProject

Code Issues 1 Pull requests 0 Projects 0 Wiki Security Insights Settings

Starter project for easy learning and use of ApprovalTests.cpp

Edit

approval-test approval-testing c-plus-plus cpp11 testing example-project Manage topics

83 commits 1 branch 0 releases 3 contributors

Branch: master New pull request Create new file Upload files Find File Clone or download

claremacrae Update to Approvals v.5.1.0

.idea e Don't track .gitignore and workspace.xml

code Revert "Refactor CMakeLists.txt files"

lib Update to Approvals v.5.1.0

tests t Update code in preparation for v5.0.0 release

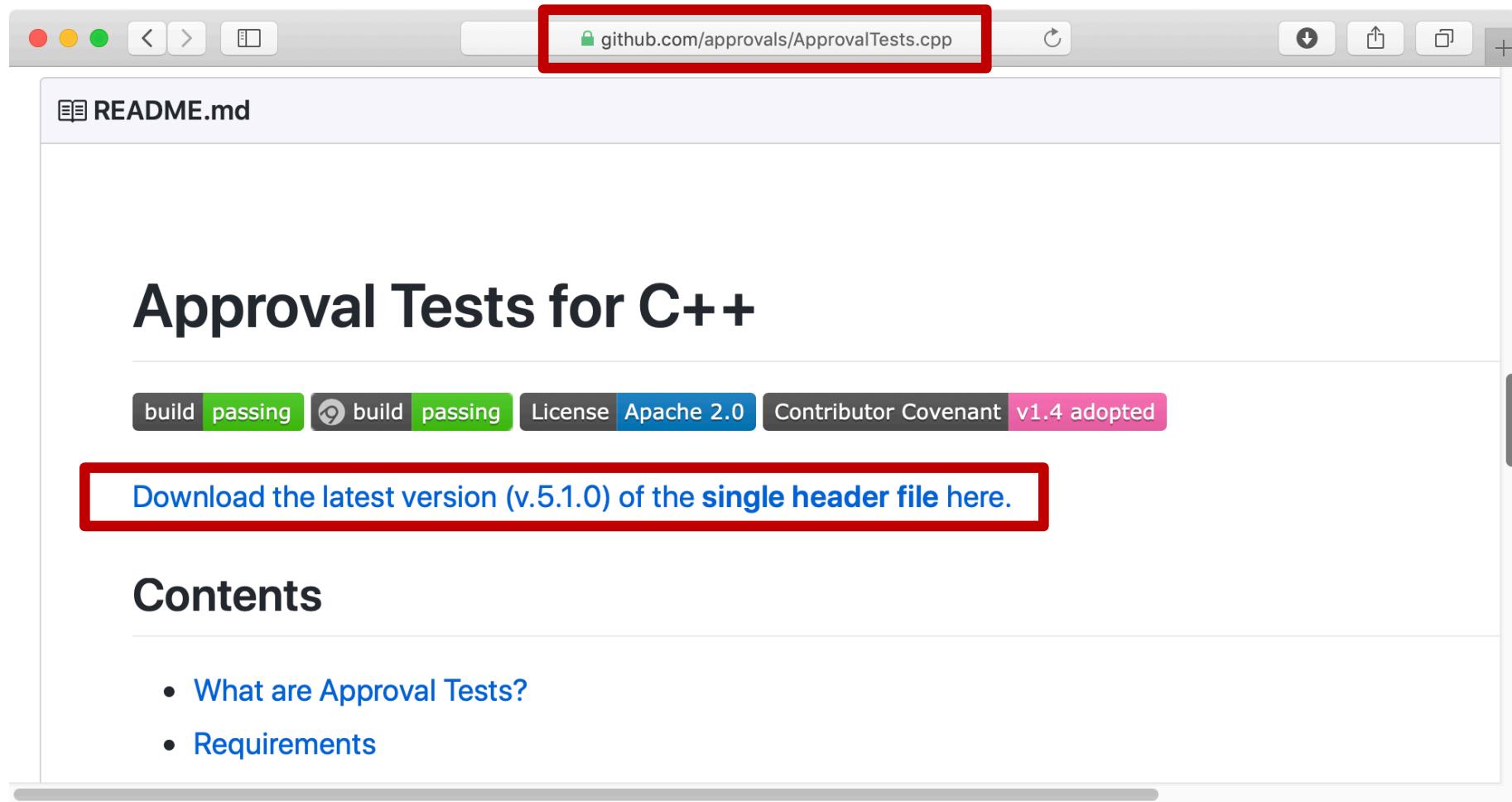
Clone with HTTPS Use SSH

Use Git or checkout with SVN using the web URL.

<https://github.com/approvals/ApprovalTests.cpp.StarterProject>

Open in Desktop Download ZIP

Download it Yourself...



Naming Options

- About that version number in the download (`ApprovalTests.v.5.1.0.hpp`)...

- Could just call it by your preferred convention:

`ApprovalTests.h`

`ApprovalTests.hpp`

- Or use a wrapper and keep the version number, e.g.:

// In `ApprovalTests.hpp`

```
#include "ApprovalTests.v.5.1.0.hpp"
```

Getting Started with Approvals in C++



Test Frameworks

- [Using Approval Tests With Catch](#)
- [Using Approval Tests With Google Tests](#)
- [Using Approval Tests With Doctest](#)
- [Supporting a new test framework](#)

How to use it: Catch2 Boilerplate

- Your main.cpp

```
// main.cpp:  
#define APPROVALS_CATCH  
#include "ApprovalTests.hpp"
```

How to use it: Catch2 Boilerplate

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- Your main.cpp

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// main.cpp:  
#define APPROVALS_CATCH  
#include "ApprovalTests.hpp"
```

Pure Catch2 Test

- A test file

```
#include "Catch.hpp"

// Catch-only test
TEST_CASE( "Sums are calculated" )
{
    REQUIRE( 1 + 1 == 2 );
    REQUIRE( 1 + 2 == 3 );
}
```

Pure Catch2 Test

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}
```

Approvals Catch2 Test

- A test file (Test02.cpp)

```
#include "ApprovalTests.hpp"
#include "Catch.hpp"

// Approvals test - test static value, for demo purposes
TEST_CASE( "TestFixedInput" )
{
    Approvals::verify("Some\nMulti-line\noutput");
}
```

Approvals Catch2 Test

- A test file (Test02.cpp)

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#include "ApprovalTests.hpp"
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```

Approvals Catch2 Test

- A test file (Test02.cpp)

```
#include "ApprovalTests.hpp"
#include "Catch.hpp"

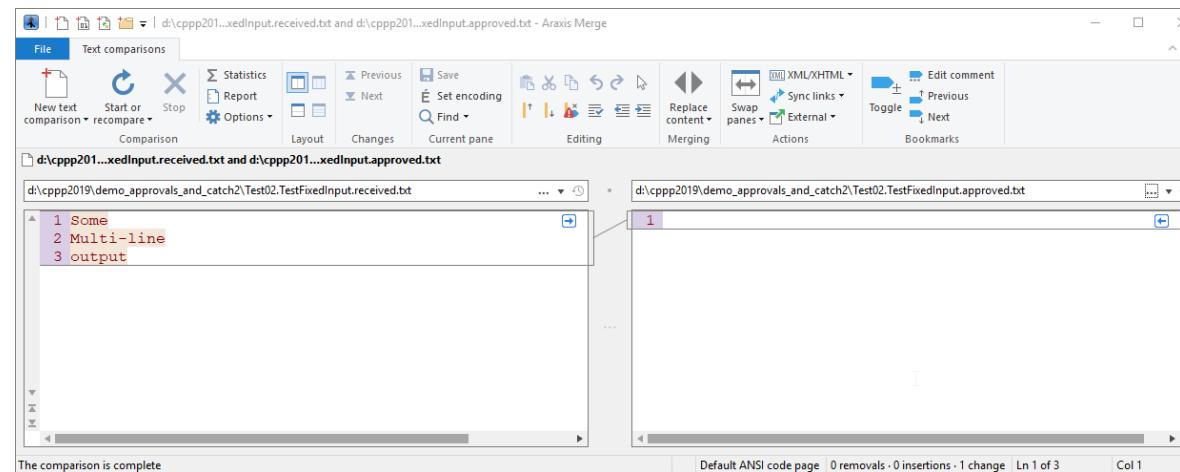
// Approvals test - test static value, for demo purposes
TEST_CASE( "TestFixedInput" )
{
    Approvals::verify("Some\nMulti-line\noutput");
}
```

First run

- 1. TestFixedInput failed

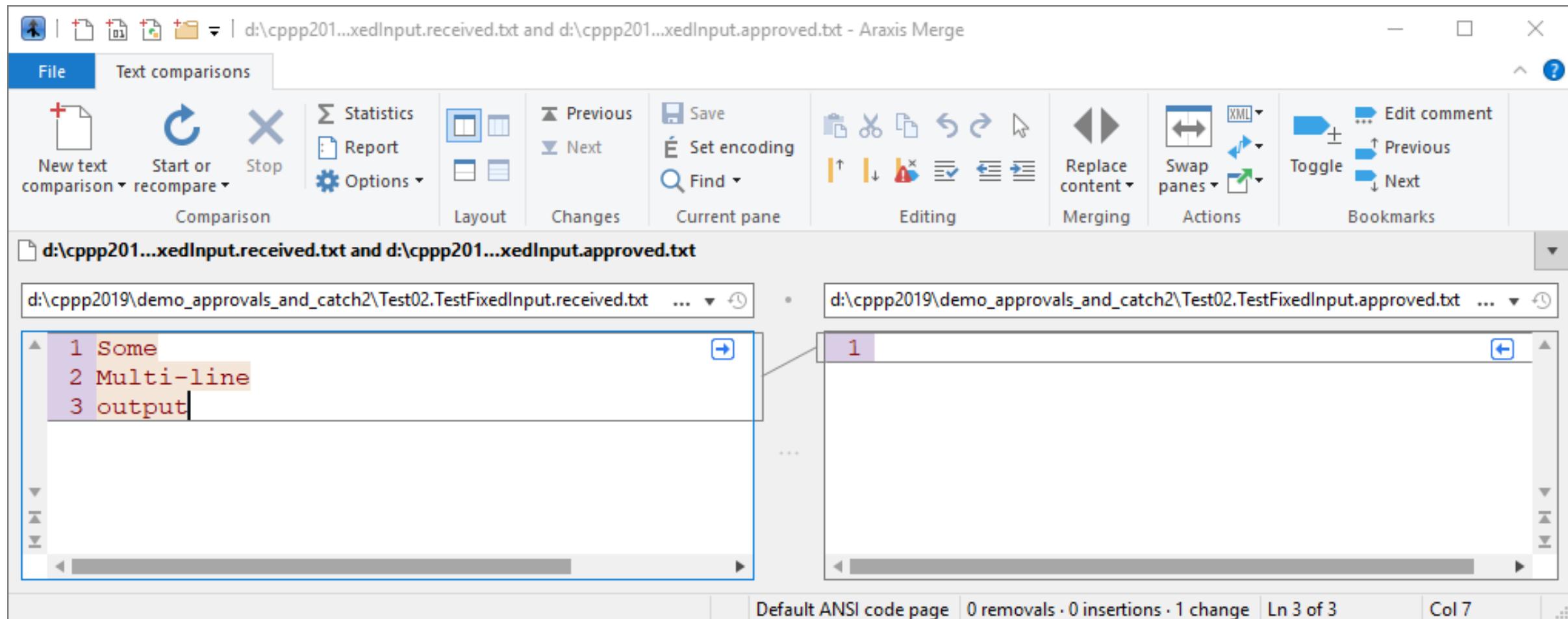
```
d:\cppp2019\demo_approvals_andCatch2\test02.cpp(5): exception: Failed Approval:  
Approval File Not Found  
File: "d:\cppp2019\demo_approvals_andCatch2\Test02.TestFixedInput.approved.txt"
```

- 2. Differencing tool pops up (Araxis Merge, in this case)



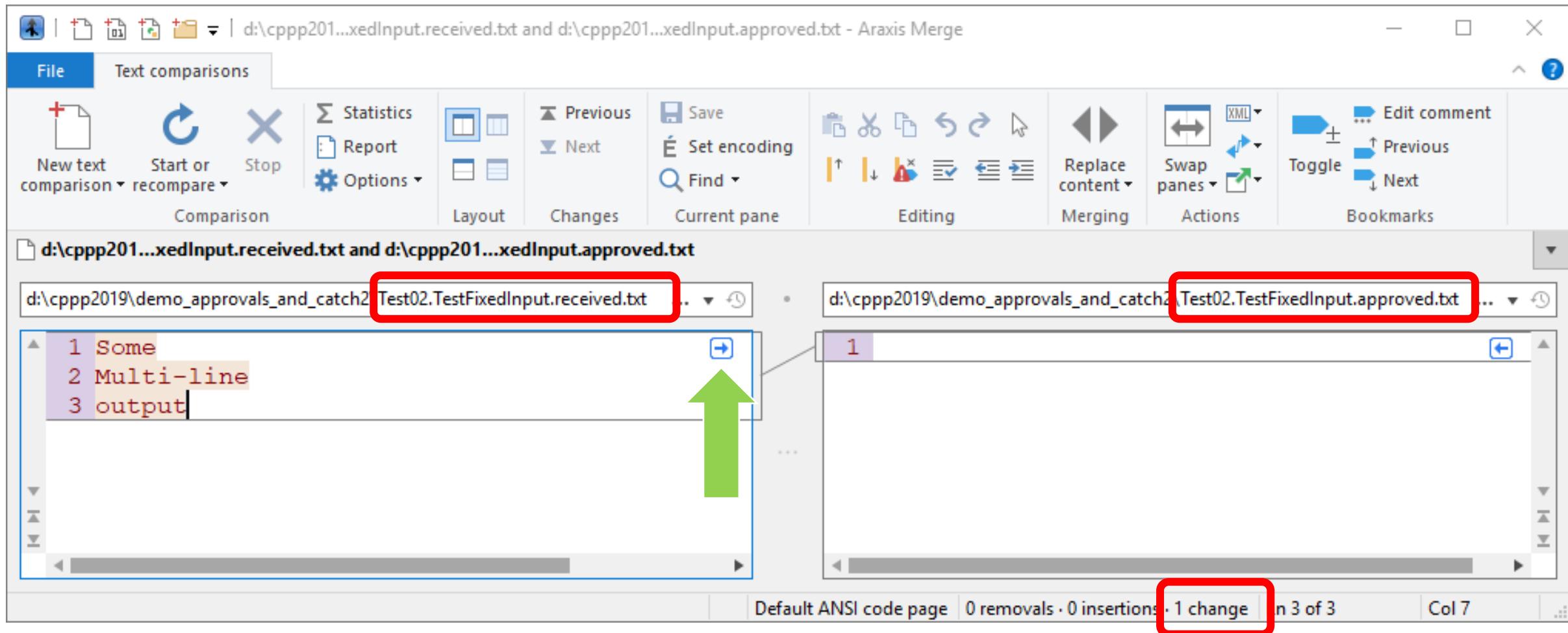
Actual/Received

Expected/Approved



Actual/Received

Expected/Approved

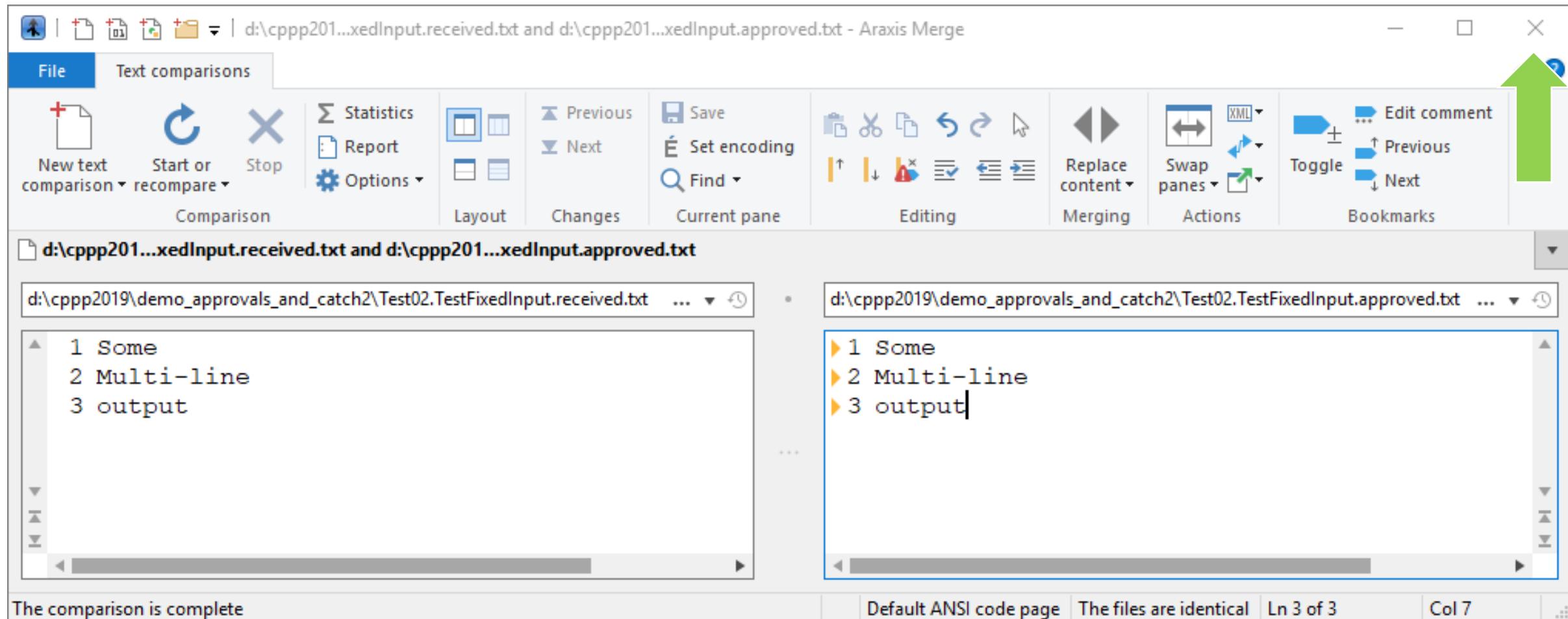


Actual/Received

The screenshot shows the Araxis Merge application interface. The title bar reads "d:\cppp201...xedInput.received.txt and d:\cppp201...xedInput.approved.txt - Araxis Merge". The menu bar has "File" and "Text comparisons" selected. The toolbar includes buttons for "New text comparison", "Start or recompare", "Stop", "Statistics", "Report", "Options", "Save", "Set encoding", "Find", "Layout", "Changes", "Editing", "Merging", "Actions", and "Bookmarks". The main window displays two panes: the left pane shows the contents of "d:\cppp201...xedInput.received.txt" and the right pane shows the contents of "d:\cppp201...xedInput.approved.txt". Both panes contain the same text: "1 Some", "2 Multi-line", and "3 output". The status bar at the bottom left says "The comparison is complete" and the bottom right says "Default ANSI code page" and "The files are identical". A green arrow points from the "Save" button in the toolbar to the "Current pane" list. A green box highlights the status bar message "The files are identical".

Expected/Approved

Actual/Received



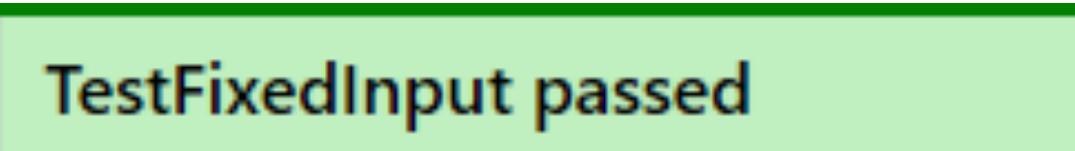
The comparison is complete

Default ANSI code page | The files are identical | Ln 3 of 3 | Col 7

Expected/Approved

Second run

- I approved the output



TestFixedInput passed

- Then we commit the test, and the approved file(s) to version control
- The diffing tool only shows up if:
 - there is not (yet) an Approved file or
 - the Received differs from the Approved

What's going on here?

- It's a very convenient form of Golden Master testing
- Objects being tested are stringified
- Captures snapshot of current behaviour

Approval Tests *versus* Test Framework?

- Think of Approval Tests as an addition to your test framework
- ... easy way to test larger, more complex things
- Useful for locking down behaviour of existing code
 - Combines with your testing framework
 - Not intended to replace Unit Tests

Reference: Variations on a Theme

Catch	doctest	Google Test
#define APPROVALS_CATCH #include "ApprovalTests.hpp"	#define APPROVALS_DOCTEST #include "ApprovalTests.hpp"	#define APPROVALS_GOOLETTEST #include "ApprovalTests.hpp"
TEST_CASE("Sums are calculated") { REQUIRE(1 + 1 == 2); REQUIRE(1 + 2 == 3); }		TEST(Test01, SumsAreCalculated) { EXPECT_EQ(1 + 1, 2); EXPECT_EQ(1 + 2, 3); }
TEST_CASE("TestFixedInput") { Approvals::verify("Some\nMulti-line\noutput"); }		TEST(Test02, TestFixedInput) { Approvals::verify("Some\nMulti-line\noutput"); }
Test02.TestFixedInput.approved.txt		Test02.TestFixedInput.approved.txt

Example test directory

Test02.cpp

Test02.TestFixedInput.approved.txt

Test03CustomReporters.cpp

Test03CustomReporters.UseCustomReporter.approved.txt

Test03CustomReporters.UseQuietReporter.approved.txt

Test03CustomReporters.UseSpecificReporter.approved.txt

Test04ConsoleReporter.cpp

Test04ConsoleReporter.UseConsoleReporter.approved.txt

Test04ConsoleReporter.UseConsoleReporter.received.txt

How to use it: Catch2 Boilerplate

- Your main.cpp

```
#define APPROVALS_CATCH
#include "ApprovalTests.hpp"
```

```
// Put all approved and received files in "approval_tests/"
auto dir =
    Approvals::useApprovalsSubdirectory("approval_tests");
```

Example test directory

Test02.cpp

Test02.TestFixedInput.approved.txt

Test03CustomReporters.cpp

Test03CustomReporters.UseCustomReporter.approved.txt

Test03CustomReporters.UseQuietReporter.approved.txt

Test03CustomReporters.UseSpecificReporter.approved.txt

Test04ConsoleReporter.cpp

Test04ConsoleReporter.UseConsoleReporter.approved.txt

Test04ConsoleReporter.UseConsoleReporter.received.txt

Example test directory

Test02.cpp

Test03CustomReporters.cpp

Test04ConsoleReporter.cpp

approval_tests/

 Test02.TestFixedInput.approved.txt

 Test03CustomReporters.UseCustomReporter.approved.txt

 Test03CustomReporters.UseQuietReporter.approved.txt

 Test03CustomReporters.UseSpecificReporter.approved.txt

 Test04ConsoleReporter.UseConsoleReporter.approved.txt

 Test04ConsoleReporter.UseConsoleReporter.received.txt

Delving Deeper

To get the most out of ApprovalTests, start with the [Tutorial](#). Once you're up and running, consider the following reference material.

Contents

- [Preparation](#)
 - [Introduction](#)
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 - [Writing Tests](#)
 - [Test Frameworks](#)
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 - [Common Challenges](#)
 - [Common Scenarios](#)
- [Miscellaneous](#)
 - [Extras](#)
 - [Advanced Topics](#)
 - [Suggested Examples](#)



<https://github.com/approvals/ApprovalTests.cpp/blob/master/doc/README.md#top>

Documentation

Writing the Test

Let's add our first test:

```
TEST_CASE("HelloApprovals")
{
    ApprovalTests::Approvals::verify("Hello Approvals");
}
```

[snippet source / anchor](#)

Source code

```
using namespace ApprovalTests;
```

```
16  
17 // Maintenance note: keep the 'ApprovalTests::' – for the docs  
18 // begin-snippet: hello_approvals  
19 TEST_CASE("HelloApprovals")  
20 {  
21     ApprovalTests::Approvals::verify("Hello Approvals");  
22 }  
23 // end-snippet  
24
```

...



How does this help with legacy code?

Applying this to legacy code

```
TEST_CASE("New test of legacy feature")
{
    // Standard pattern:
    // Wrap your legacy feature to test in a function call
    // that returns some state that can be written to a text file
    // for verification:
    const LegacyThing result = doLegacyOperation();
    Approvals::verify(result);
}
```

Implementation

```
class LegacyThing;

std::ostream &operator<<(std::ostream &os, const LegacyThing &result) {
    // write interesting info from result here:
    os << result...
    return os;
}

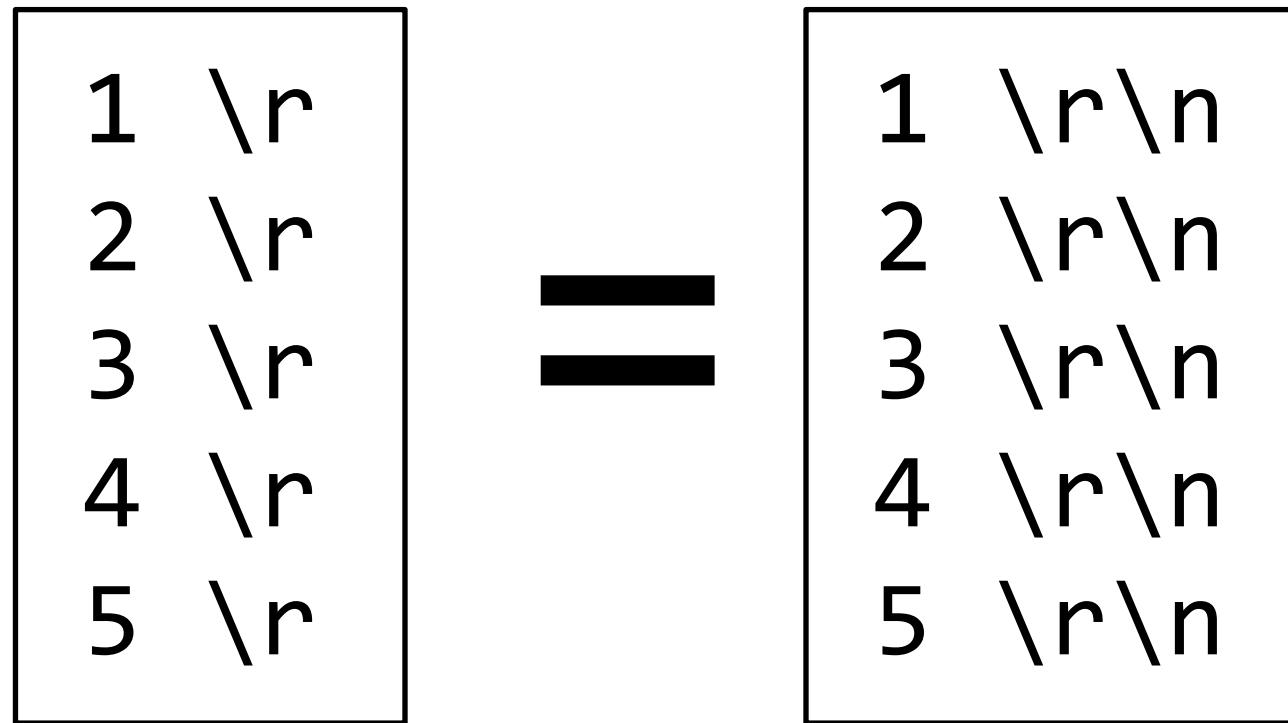
LegacyThing doLegacyOperation() {
    // your implementation here..
    return LegacyThing();
}
```

Feature: **Consistency over machines**

- Naming of output files
- Approved files version controlled
- **Caution!** Renaming **test files or test names** requires renaming **.approved files**

Feature: Consistency over Operating Systems

- Line-endings



Feature: Consistency over Languages

- Consistent concepts and nomenclature in all the implementations

.NET:

```
Approvals.Verify("should be approved");
```

C++:

```
Approvals::verify("should be approved");
```

Python:

```
verify("should be approved")
```

Feature: Quick to write tests

```
TEST_CASE("verifyAllWithHeaderBeginEndAndLambda")
{
    std::list<int> numbers{ 0, 1, 2, 3};
    // Multiple convenience overloads of Approvals::verifyAll()
    Approvals::verifyAll(
        "Test Squares", numbers.begin(), numbers.end(),
        [](int v, std::ostream& s) { s << v << " => " << v*v << '\n' ; });
}
```

Feature: Quick to write tests

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TEST_CASE("verifyAllWithHeaderBeginEndAndLambda")
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    Approvals::verifyAll(
        "Test Squares", numbers.begin(), numbers.end(),
        [](int v, std::ostream& s) { s << v << " => " << v*v << '\n' ; });
}
```

All values in single output file:

Test Squares

0 => 0

1 => 1

2 => 4

3 => 9

Feature: Quick to get good coverage

```
TEST_CASE("verifyAllCombinationsWithLambda")
{
    std::vector<std::string> strings{"hello", "world"};
    std::vector<int> numbers{1, 2, 3};
    CombinationApprovals::verifyAllCombinations(
        // Lambda that acts on one combination of inputs, and returns the result to be approved:
        [](std::string s, int i) { return s + " " + std::to_string(i); },
        strings,                                // The first input container
        numbers);                               // The second input container
}
```

Feature: Quick to get good coverage

```
TEST_CASE("verifyAllCombinationsWithLambda")
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    std::vector<std::string> strings{"hello", "world"};
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        strings,                                // The first input container
        numbers);                               // The second input container
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```

Feature: Quick to get good coverage

```
TEST_CASE("verifyAllCombinationsWithLambda")
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    CombinationApprovals::verifyAllCombinations(
        // Lambda that acts on one combination of inputs, and returns the result to be approved:
        [](std::string s, int i) { return s + " " + std::to_string(i); },
        strings, // The first input container
        numbers); // The second input container
}
```

All values in single output file:

(hello, 1) => hello 1

(hello, 2) => hello 2

(hello, 3) => hello 3

(world, 1) => world 1

(world, 2) => world 2

(world, 3) => world 3

Tip: To String docs

- <https://github.com/approvals/ApprovalTests.cpp/blob/master/doc/ToString.md#top>

Notice how this:

```
rectangles
```

```
[0] = [x: 4 y: 50 width: 100 height: 61]
[1] = [x: 50 y: 5200 width: 400 height: 62]
[2] = [x: 60 y: 3 width: 7 height: 63]
```

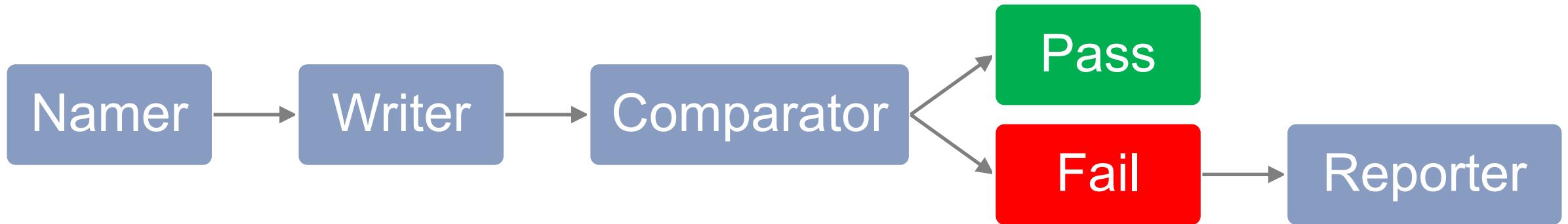
compares to this:

```
rectangles
```

```
(x,y,width,height) = (4,50,100,61)
(x,y,width,height) = (50,5200,400,62)
(x,y,width,height) = (60,3,7,63)
```

Customisability

Stages



Customisability: Reporters

Customisability: Reporters

- Reporters act on test failure
- Very simple but powerful abstraction
- Gives complete user control over how to inspect and act on a failure
 - If you adopt Approvals, do review the supplied reporters for ideas

“Disposable Objects” (RAII)

```
TEST_CASE("DisposableExplanation")
{
    {
        auto disposer = Approvals::useAsDefaultReporter(
            std::make_shared<Mac::BeyondCompareReporter>());
        // Your tests here will use Mac::BeyondCompareReporter...

    } // as soon as the code passes this }, the disposer is destroyed
      // and Approvals reinstates the previous default reporter
}
```

“Disposable Objects” (RAII)

```
TEST_CASE("DisposableExplanation")
{
    {
        auto disposer = Approvals::useAsDefaultReporter(
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“Disposable Objects” (RAII)

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}
```

“Disposable Objects” (RAII)

```
TEST_CASE("DisposableExplanation")
{
    {
        auto disposer = Approvals::useAsDefaultReporter(
            std::make_shared<Mac::BeyondCompareReporter>());
        // Your tests here will use Mac::BeyondCompareReporter...
    } // as soon as the code passes this }, the disposer is destroyed
      // and Approvals reinstates the previous default reporter
}
```

“Disposable Objects”

- Hold on to the object returned by a customization (`[[nodiscard]]`)
- Most customizations are reversible
- Gives good, fine-grained control

Feature: Change the default Reporter

```
// main.cpp - or in individual tests:  
  
#include <memory>  
  
auto disposer = Approvals::useAsDefaultReporter(  
    std::make_shared<Windows::AraxisMergeReporter>() );  
  
auto disposer = Approvals::useAsDefaultReporter(  
    std::make_shared<GenericDefaultReporter>(  
        "E:/Program Files/Araxis/Araxis Merge/Compare.exe") );
```

Feature: Change the default Reporter

```
// main.cpp - or in individual tests:
```

```
#include <memory>
```

```
auto disposer = Approvals::useAsDefaultReporter(  
    std::make_shared<Windows::AraxisMergeReporter>() );
```

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auto disposer = Approvals::useAsDefaultReporter(  
    std::make_shared<GenericDefaultReporter>(  
        "E:/Program Files/Araxis/Araxis Merge/Compare.exe") );
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Feature: Change the default Reporter

```
// main.cpp - or in individual tests:
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```
#include <memory>
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```
auto disposer = Approvals::useAsDefaultReporter(  
    std::make_shared<Windows::AraxisMergeReporter>() );
```

```
auto disposer = Approvals::useAsDefaultReporter(  
    std::make_shared<GenericDefaultReporter>(  
        "E:/Program Files/Araxis/Araxis Merge/Compare.exe" ) );
```

Feature: Change the Reporter in one test

```
TEST_CASE("Demo custom reporter")
{
    std::vector<std::string> v{"hello", "world"};
    Approvals::verifyAll(v, MyCustomReporter{});
}
```

Feature: Doesn't run GUIs on build servers

- Since v5.1.0
- Any failing tests will still fail
- No diff tool pops up
- Concept: “Front loaded reporters”

Feature: Convention over Configuration

- Fewer decisions for developers
- Users only specify unusual behaviours

Challenge: Golden Master is a log file

- Dates and times?
- Object addresses?



Options for unstable output

- Introduce date-time abstraction?
- Customised comparison function?
- Or: strip dates from the log file

Tip: Rewrite output file



Customisability: ApprovalWriter interface

```
class ApprovalWriter
{
public:
    virtual std::string getFileExtensionWithDot() = 0;
    virtual void write(std::string path) = 0;
    virtual void cleanUpReceived(std::string receivedPath) = 0;
};
```

Challenge: Multiple output files per test

- Naming convention generates one file name per test
- Multiple verify calls in one test case just overwrite same file
- Multiple options provided for this:
- <https://github.com/approvals/ApprovalTests.cpp/blob/master/doc/MultipleOutputFilesPerTest.md>

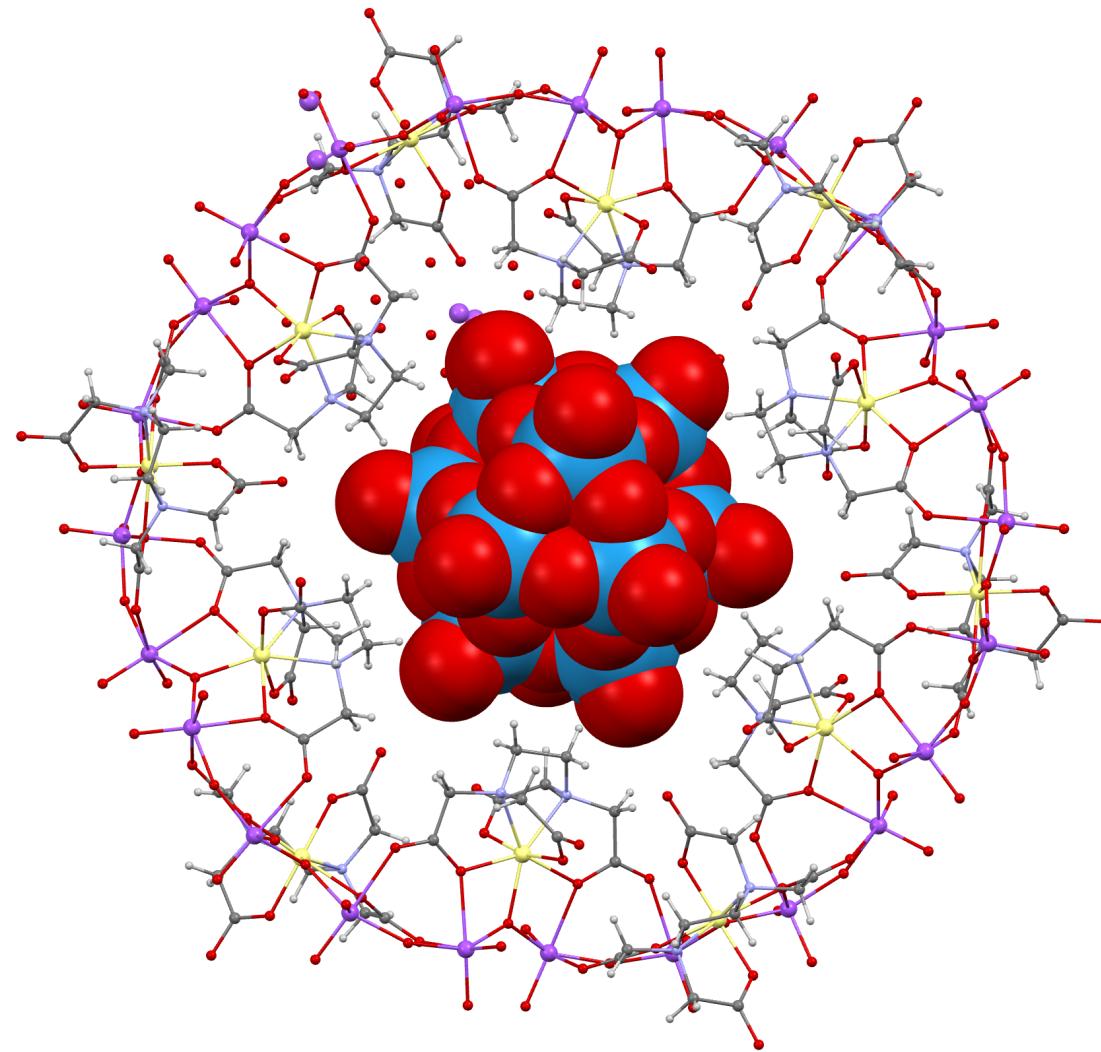
Flexibility gives non-obvious power

- Approval Tests approach is deceptively simple
- Reporter could:
 - Convert numbers to picture for comparison
 - Or Excel file
- ApprovalWriter could:
 - Write out a hash value of contents of very large file

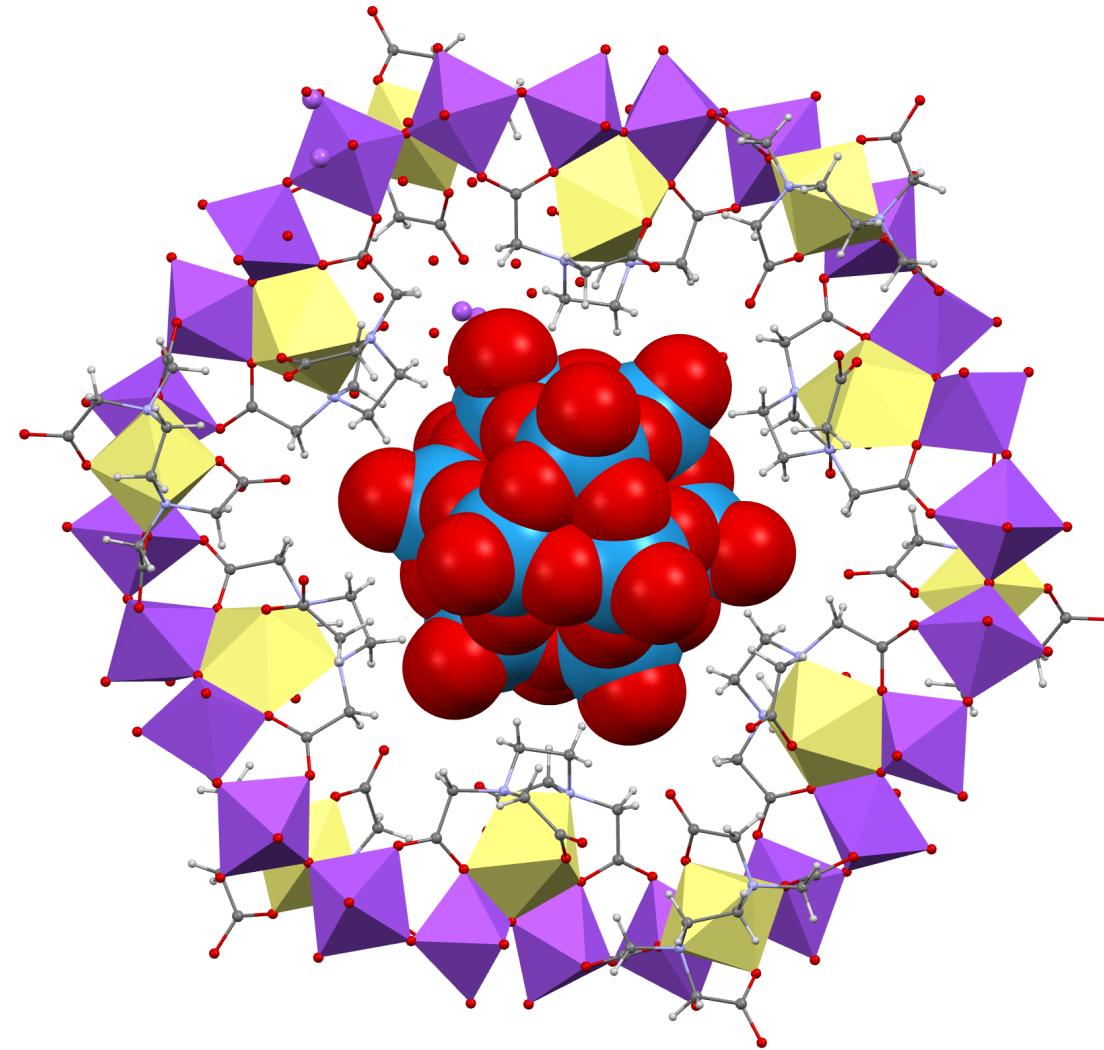
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What I could do:



What I needed to do:



Approving Images

What I'm aiming for

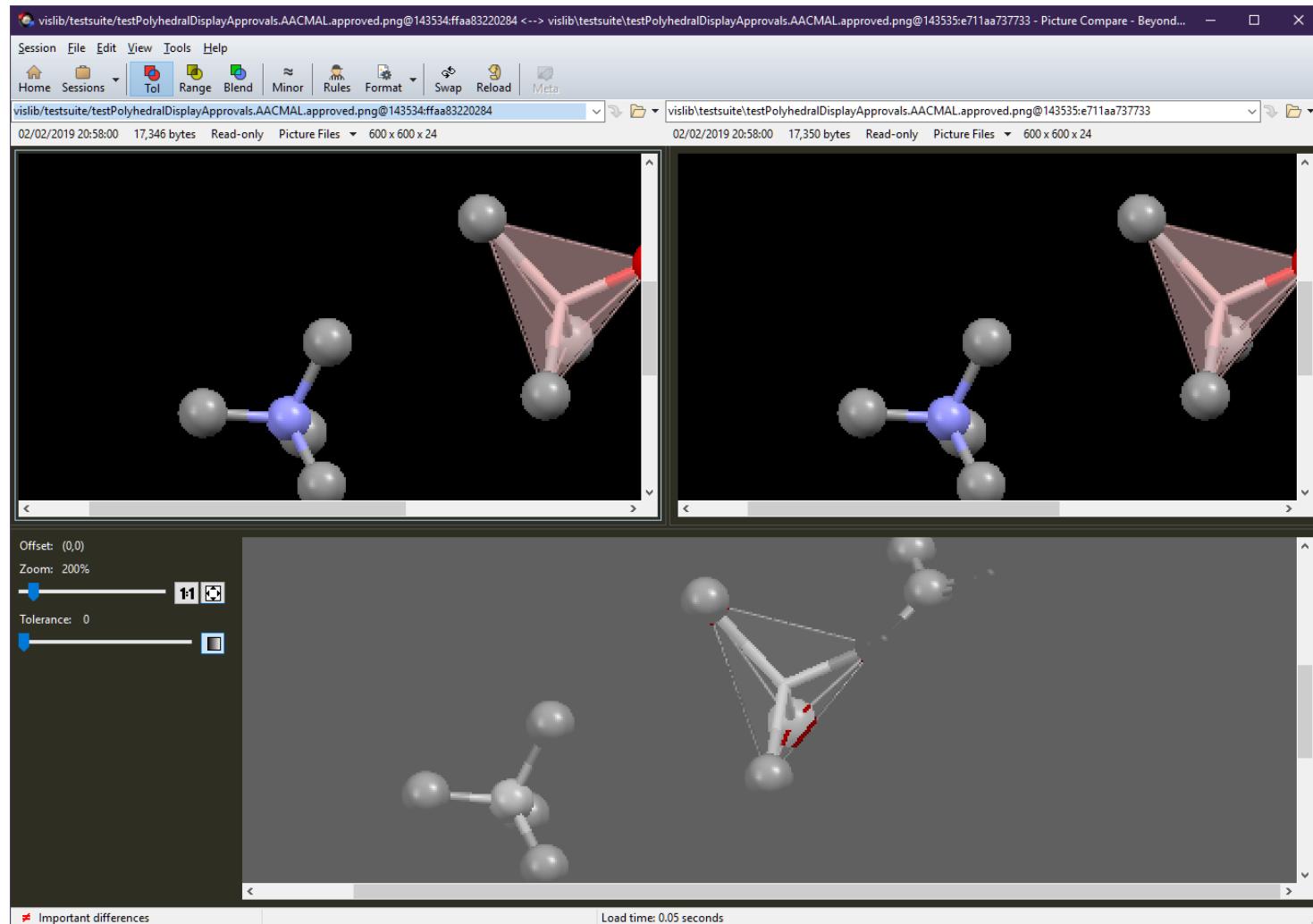
```
TEST(PolyhedralGraphicsStyleApprovals, CUVXAT)
{
    // CUVXAT identifies a crystal structure in the database
    const QImage crystal_picture = loadEntry("CUVXAT");
    verifyQImage(crystal_picture);
}
```

Idiomatic verification of Qt image objects

```
void verifyQImage(  
    QImage image, const Reporter& reporter = DefaultReporter())  
{  
    QImageWriter writer(image); // implements ApprovalWriter  
    Approvals::verify(writer, reporter);  
}
```

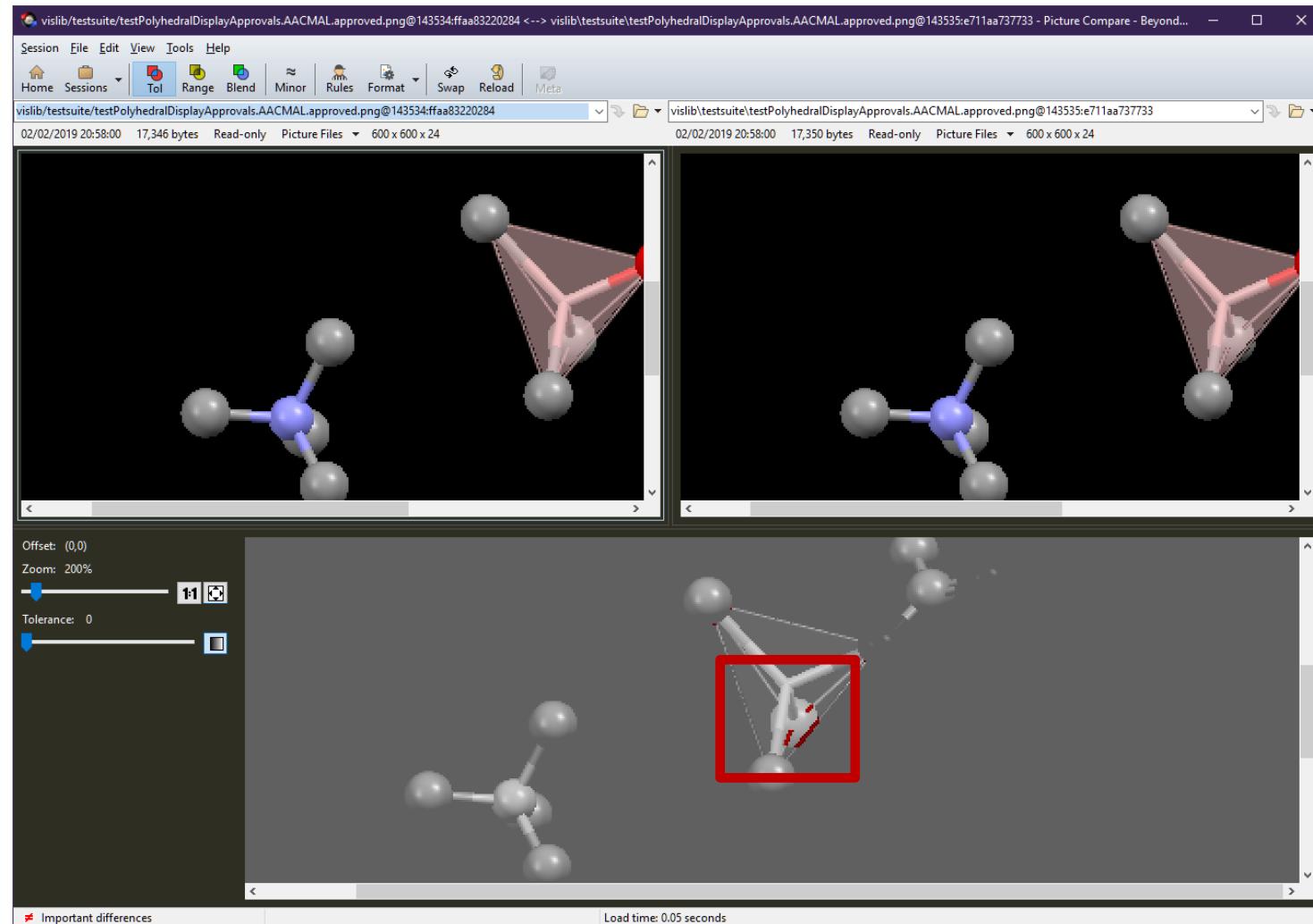
Useful feedback

BeyondCompare 4



Useful feedback

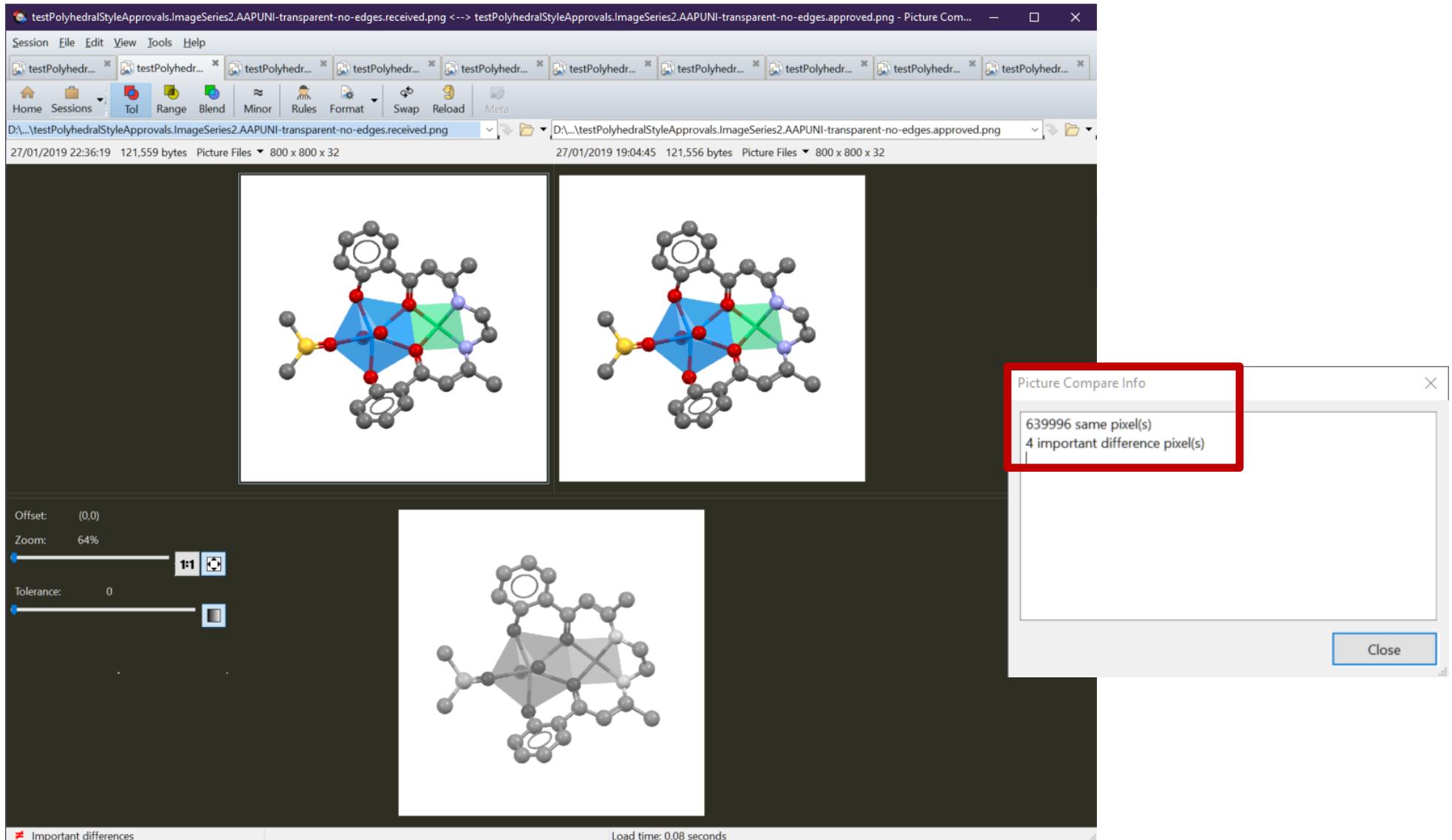
BeyondCompare 4

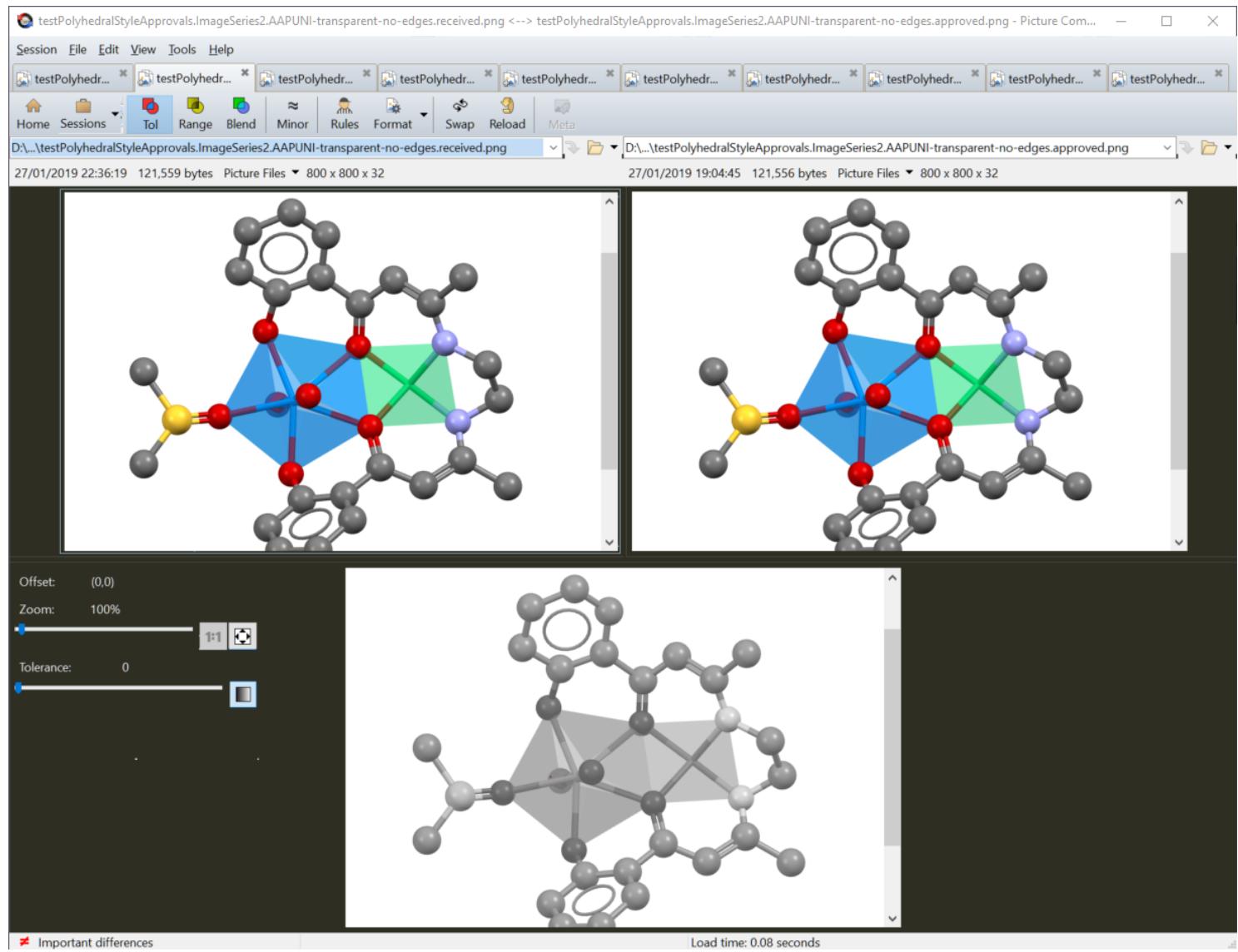


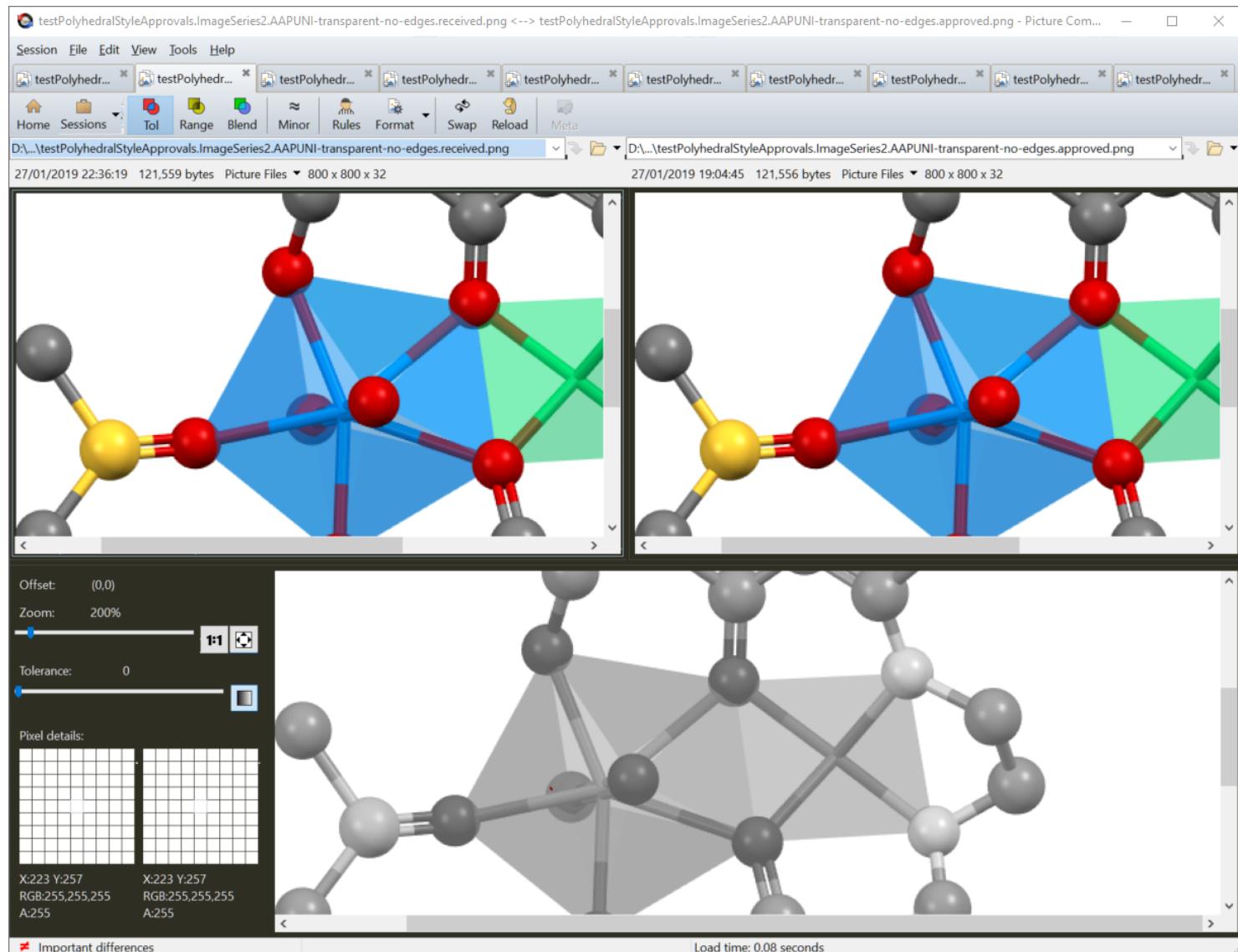
Back In work...

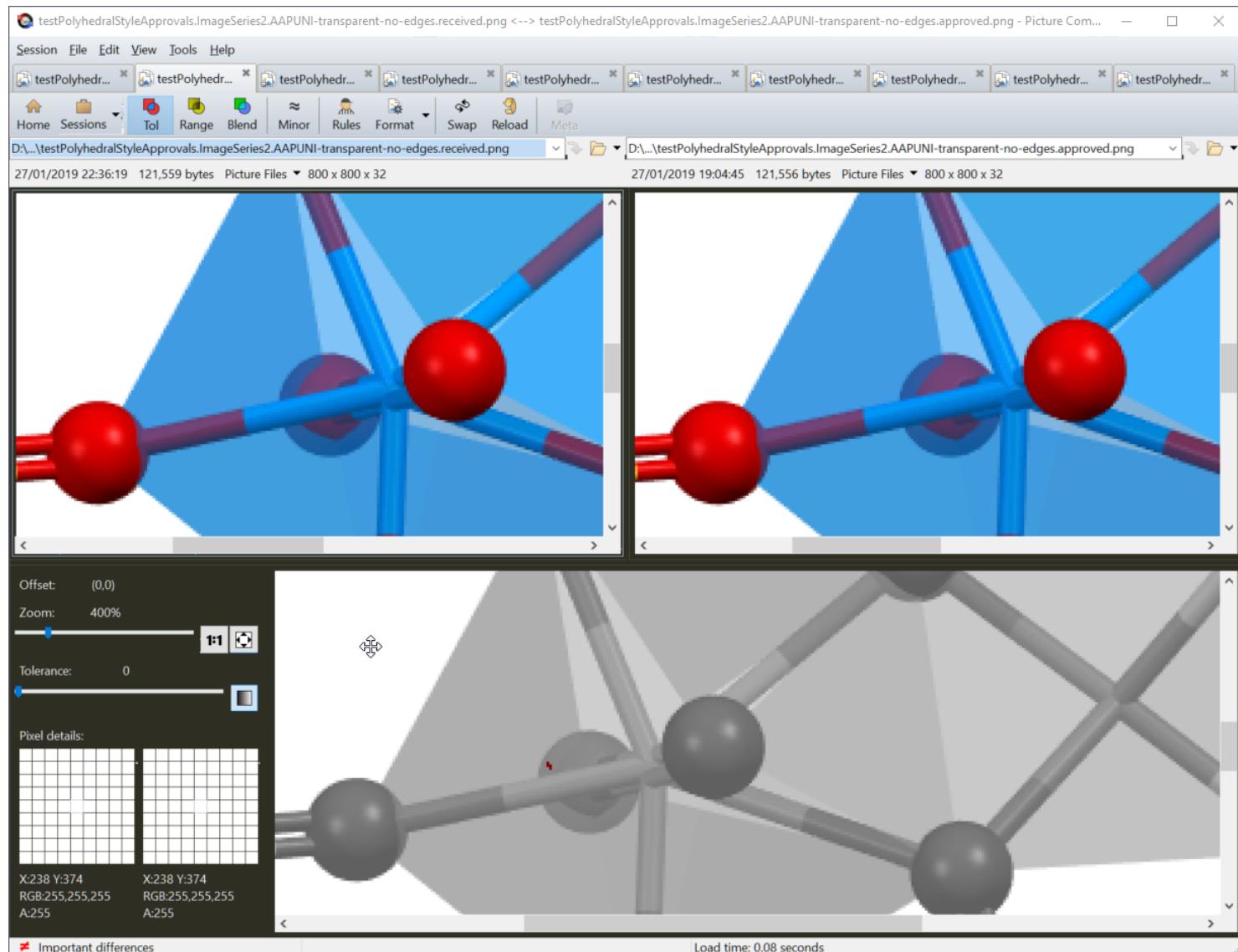
- Previously, working from home via Remote Desktop
- The tests started failing randomly when I ran them in work

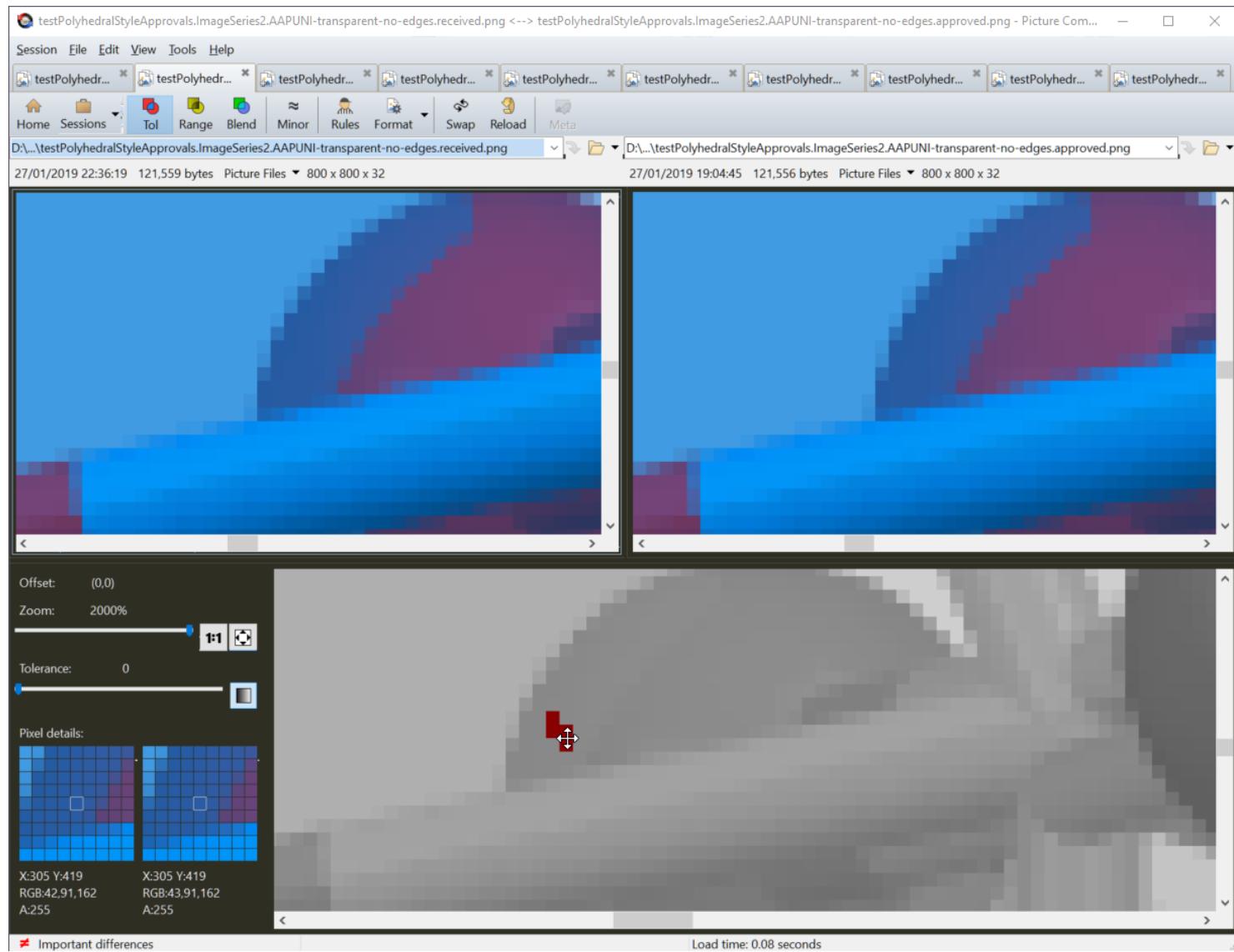
BeyondCompare 4

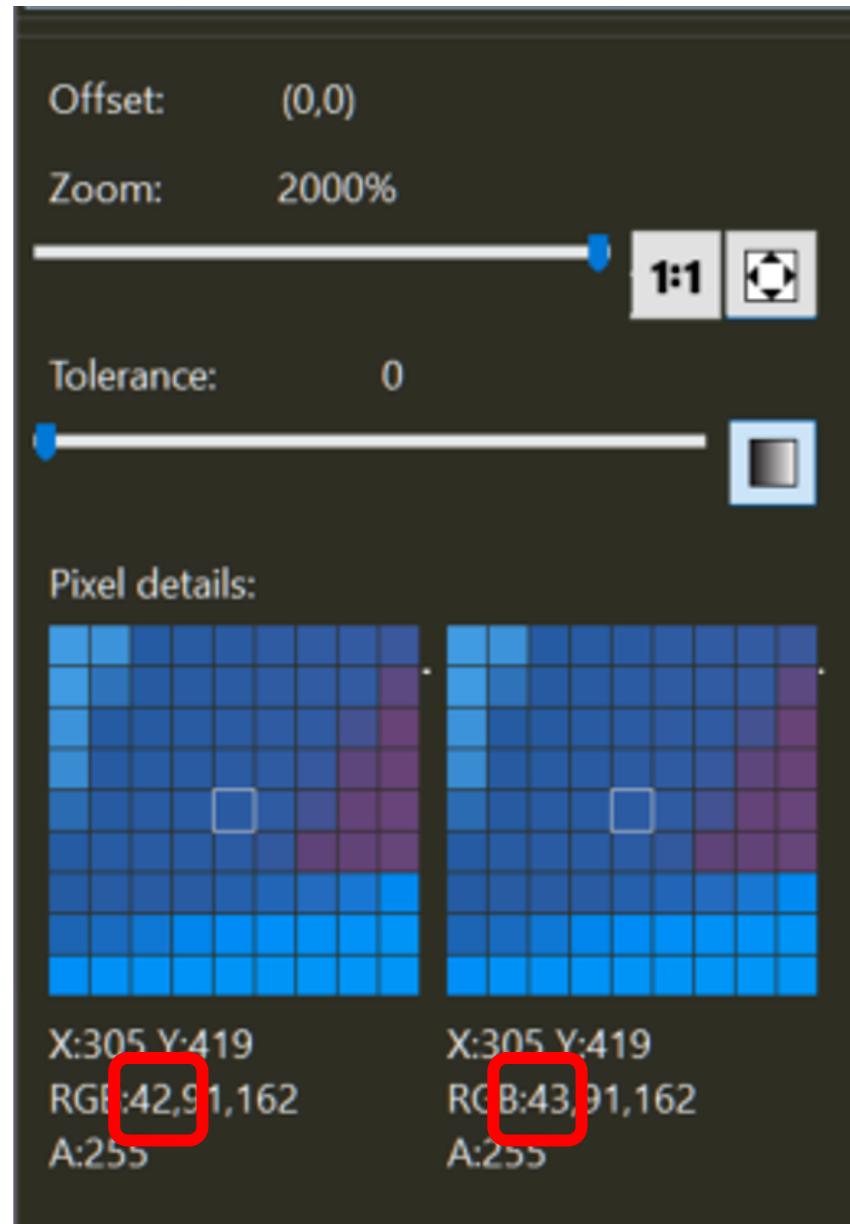












Create custom QImage comparison class

- Solution: Allow differences in up to 1/255 of RGB values at each pixel
- Not visible to the human eye.
- <https://github.com/approvals/ApprovalTests.cpp/blob/master/doc/CustomComparators.md>

Does the difference matter?

- Legacy code is often brittle
- Testing makes changes visible
- Then decide if change matters
- Fast feedback cycle for efficient development

Looking back

- User perspective
- Learned about own code
- Enabled unit tests for graphics problems
- Approvals useful even for temporary tests

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References: Tools Used

- Diffing
 - Araxis Merge: <https://www.araxis.com/merge/>
 - Beyond Compare: <https://www.scootersoftware.com/>

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Adopting legacy code

- You can do it!
- ApprovalTests.cpp makes it really easy
 - Even for non-text types

Quickly Test Legacy C++ Code with Approval Tests

Want to know more?

- **Monday:** Beverages with Backtrace
- **Tuesday:** Tool Time – try it out!

Thank You

- Clare Macrae Consulting Ltd
 - <https://claremacrae.co.uk/>
 - clare@claremacrae.co.uk
- Slides, Example Code
 - <https://claremacrae.co.uk/conferences/presentations.html>
- ApprovalTests.cpp
 - <https://github.com/approvals/ApprovalTests.cpp>
 - <https://github.com/approvals/ApprovalTests.cpp.StarterProject>

Please connect on
LinkedIn 

