

Developing SPAs using React.js and Power BI Embedding



Agenda

- Developing SPAs using React.js, Typescript and Webpack
- Designing React Components to Create a User Experience
- Using the React Fetch API to Retrieve Power BI Embedding Data
- Authenticating in an SPA with Azure Active Directory
- Installing the Power BI JavaScript API Package in an SPA Project
- Implementing Power BI Embedding using Client-side Code



Introducing React

- React is a library for building user interfaces
 - Not as all-encompassing as a framework like Angular
 - Focused on building HTML-based user experiences
 - Based on reusable component-based architecture
 - Components *react* to state changes by updating UI
 - React uses shadow DOM for efficient event handling
- React was originally designed for Facebook
 - Also a good fit for building SPFx web parts



Hello World with React.js

- Obtain the React library with npm or from a CDN
 - `npm install react --save`
 - `npm install react-dom --save`

```
<> SimpleReactApp.html x
1  <!DOCTYPE html>
2  <html>
3  <head>
4    <meta charset="utf-8" />
5    <title>Simple React App</title>
6  </head>
7  <body>
8
9    <div id="app">
10     <!-- this is where your app renders -->
11   </div>
12
13   <!-- React Libraries -->
14   <script src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/react/15.5.4/react.min.js"></script>
15   <script src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/react/15.5.4/react-dom.min.js"></script>
16
17   <script>
18     var reactComponentent = React.DOM.h1(null, "Hello, React!");
19     var target = document.getElementById("app");
20     ReactDOM.render(reactComponentent, target);
21   </script>
22
23 </body>
24 </html>
```

Hello, React!



React versus ReactDOM

- **React** and **ReactDOM** are separate libraries
 - **React** (**react.js**) is the primary library used to build out user experiences
 - **ReactDOM** (**react-dom.js**) is used to render **React** user experience in the browser
- **React** library exposes global **React** object
 - **React** object is the main entry point into React API
 - **React.DOM** wraps standard HTML elements
- **ReactDOM** library exposes global **ReactDOM** object
 - **ReactDOM** object used to render React components on web page

```
var reactComponentent = React.DOM.h1(null, "Hello, React!");  
  
var target = document.getElementById("app");  
  
ReactDOM.render(reactComponentent, target);
```



Understanding JSX (and TSX)

- JSX provides better syntax for HTML composition
 - JSX allows extends JavaScript with XML-like syntax
 - JSX syntax must be transpiled into JavaScript code

```
var myHtml = <div id="myAppContainer" style={{ backgroundColor:"yellow", padding:8 }}>
  <h2>Hello JSX</h2>
  <p>I'm composing HTML elements using JSX syntax.</p>
</div>;

ReactDOM.render( myHtml , document.getElementById("app") );
```

- JSX/TSX is separate from React library
 - JSX/TSX commonly used in React development
 - Babel compiler used to transpile JSX to JavaScript
 - TypeScript compiler used to transpile TSX to JavaScript



Defining React Components using TypeScript

- Component is class extending `React.Component`
 - Component usually defined in its own **tsx** file
 - Component class must define **render** method

```
my-component.tsx •
import * as React from 'react';

export class MyComponent extends React.Component<any, any> {
  render() {
    return <h2>Hello from my component</h2>;
  }
}
```

- Component can be instantiated with JSX/TSX syntax

```
app.tsx •
import * as ReactDOM from 'react-dom';

import { MyComponent } from './components/my-component'

window.onload = () => {
  // Create and render component
  ReactDOM.render( <MyComponent/>, document.getElementById("app") );
}
```



Component Properties and State

- Component can contain properties and state
 - Properties are initialized by external components
 - Properties are read-only to hosting component
 - State is set internally by hosting component
 - Changing state triggers UI refresh by calling render
 - UI experience created by ***reacting*** to changes in state



React Component Properties

- Defining component with a property

```
component1.tsx •  
  
import * as React from 'react';  
  
export interface MyCustomProps {  
  Name: string;  
}  
  
export class Component1 extends React.Component<MyCustomProps, {}> {  
  render() {  
    return <div>Hello, my name is {this.props.Name}</div>;  
  }  
}
```

- Instantiating component with a property

```
ReactDOM.render(  
  <Component1 Name="Fred" />,  
  document.getElementById("app")  
)
```



Stateful Component

TS IBeanCounterProps.ts •

```
export interface IBeanCounterProps {  
  StartingValue: number;  
}
```

TS IBeanCounterState.ts •

```
export interface IBeanCounterState {  
  count: number;  
}
```

BeanCounter.tsx •

```
import * as React from 'react';  
import styles from './BeanCounter.module.scss';  
import { IBeanCounterProps } from './IBeanCounterProps';  
import { IBeanCounterState } from './IBeanCounterState';  
  
export default class BeanCounter extends React.Component<IBeanCounterProps, IBeanCounterState> {  
  constructor(props: any) {  
    super(props);  
    this.state = { count: this.props.StartingValue };  
  }  
  
  private incrementCounter() {  
    var previousCount: number = this.state.count;  
    this.setState({ count: previousCount + 1 });  
  }  
}
```



Stateful Component Rendering

BeanCounter.tsx

```
import * as React from 'react';
import styles from './BeanCounter.module.scss';
import { IBeanCounterProps } from './IBeanCounterProps';
import { IBeanCounterState } from './IBeanCounterState';

export default class BeanCounter extends React.Component<IBeanCounterProps, IBeanCounterState> {

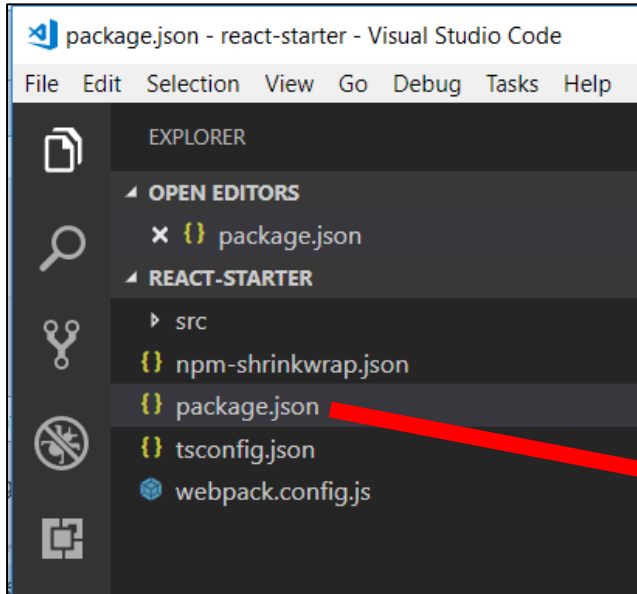
  constructor(props: any) {
    super(props);
    this.state = { count: this.props.StartingValue };
  }

  private incrementCounter() {
    var previousCount: number = this.state.count;
    this.setState({ count: previousCount + 1 });
  }

  public render(): React.ReactElement<IBeanCounterProps> {
    return (
      <div className={styles.beanCounter}>
        <h3>Mr Bean Counter</h3>
        <div className={styles.toolbar}>
          <button onClick={(event) => { this.incrementCounter(); }} >Add another Bean</button>
        </div>
        <div className={styles.beanCounterDisplay} >
          Bean Count: {this.state.count}
        </div>
      </div>
    );
  }
}
```

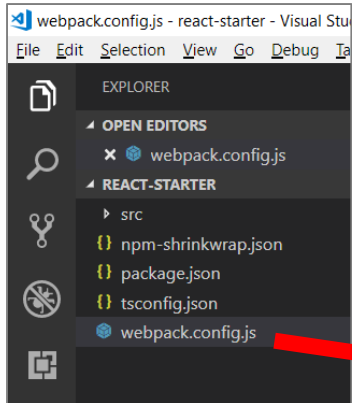


Starter Project - package.json



```
{ package.json •
{
  "name": "react-starter",
  "version": "1.0.0",
  "description": "",
  "main": "index.js",
  "scripts": {
    "build": "webpack",
    "start": "webpack-dev-server --open --history-api-fallback"
  },
  "devDependencies": {
    "@types/react": "^16.4.13",
    "@types/react-dom": "^16.0.7",
    "awesome-typescript-loader": "^5.2.0",
    "bootstrap": "^4.1.3",
    "clean-webpack-plugin": "^0.1.19",
    "copy-webpack-plugin": "^4.5.2",
    "css-loader": "^0.28.11",
    "expose-loader": "^0.7.5",
    "file-loader": "^1.1.11",
    "html-webpack-plugin": "^3.2.0",
    "jquery": "3.3.1",
    "popper.js": "1.14.4",
    "react": "^16.4.2",
    "react-dom": "^16.4.2",
    "style-loader": "^0.21.0",
    "typescript": "3.0.1",
    "url-loader": "1.0.1",
    "webpack": "4.16.4",
    "webpack-cli": "3.1.0",
    "webpack-dev-server": "3.1.5"
  }
}
```

Starter Project - webpack.config.js



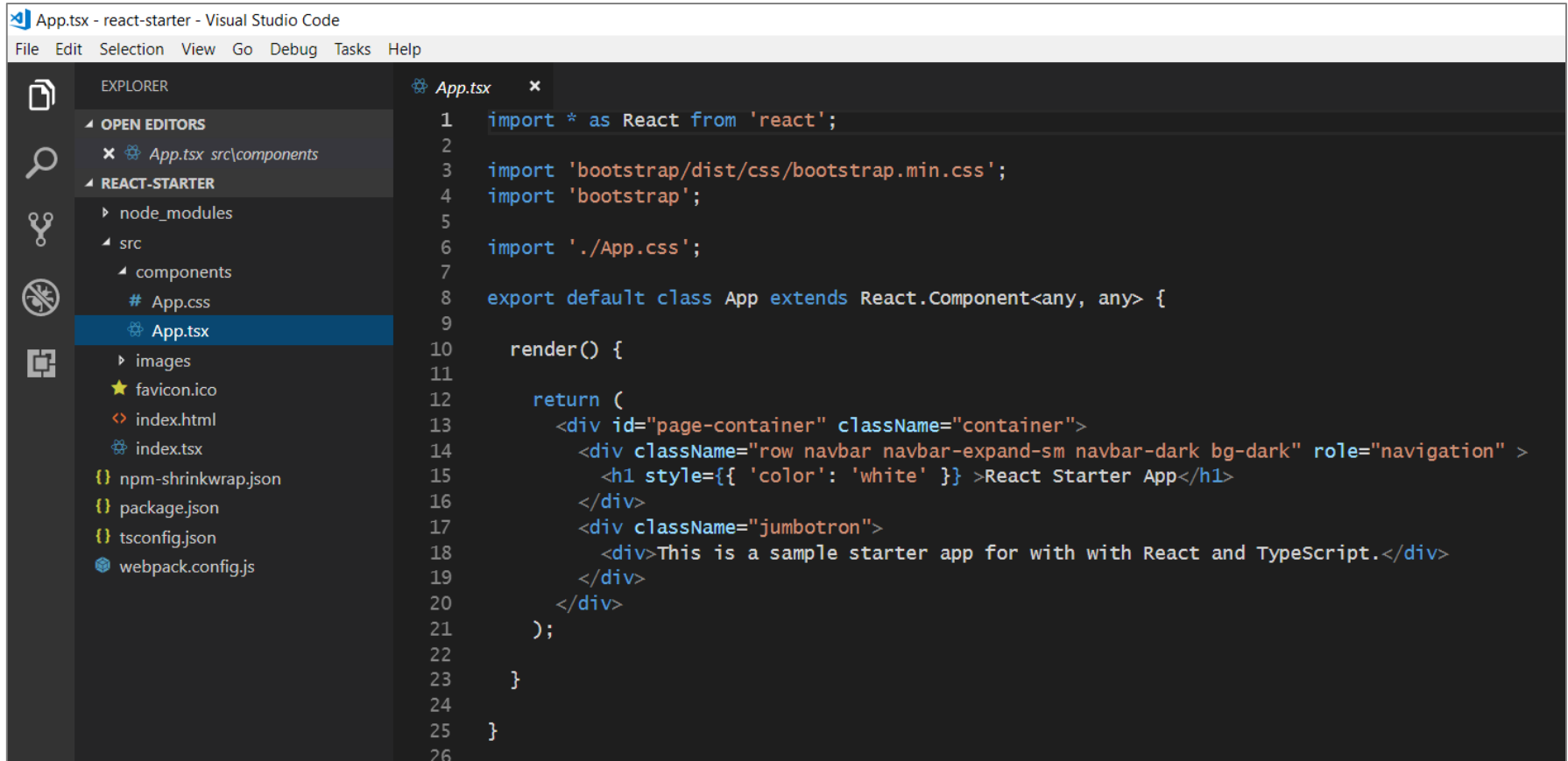
```
webpack.config.js x
const path = require('path');

const HtmlWebpackPlugin = require('html-webpack-plugin');
const CopyWebpackPlugin = require('copy-webpack-plugin');
const CleanWebpackPlugin = require('clean-webpack-plugin')

module.exports = {
  entry: './src/index.tsx',
  output: {
    filename: 'scripts/bundle.js',
    path: path.resolve(__dirname, 'dist'),
  },
  resolve: {
    extensions: ['.js', '.json', '.ts', '.tsx'],
  },
  plugins: [
    new CleanWebpackPlugin(['dist']),
    new HtmlWebpackPlugin({ template: path.join(__dirname, 'src', 'index.html') }),
    new CopyWebpackPlugin([{ from: './src/favicon.ico', to: 'favicon.ico' }])
  ],
  module: {
    rules: [
      { test: /\.ts|tsx$/, loader: 'awesome-typescript-loader' },
      { test: /\.css$/, use: ['style-loader', 'css-loader'] },
      { test: /\.(png|jpg|gif)$/, use: [{ loader: 'url-loader', options: { limit: 8192 } }] }
    ],
  },
  mode: "development",
  devtool: 'source-map',
  devtool: 'cheap-eval-source-map'
};
```



The Top-level App Component



The screenshot displays the Visual Studio Code editor interface for a React starter project. The Explorer sidebar on the left shows the project structure, with the `App.tsx` file selected under the `src/components` directory. The main editor area shows the content of `App.tsx`, which is a TypeScript file defining a top-level React component.

```
1 import * as React from 'react';
2
3 import 'bootstrap/dist/css/bootstrap.min.css';
4 import 'bootstrap';
5
6 import './App.css';
7
8 export default class App extends React.Component<any, any> {
9
10   render() {
11
12     return (
13       <div id="page-container" className="container">
14         <div className="row navbar navbar-expand-sm navbar-dark bg-dark" role="navigation" >
15           <h1 style={{ 'color': 'white' }} >React Starter App</h1>
16         </div>
17         <div className="jumbotron">
18           <div>This is a sample starter app for with with React and TypeScript.</div>
19         </div>
20       </div>
21     );
22   }
23 }
24
25 }
```



React Component Hierarchies

App.tsx - react-lab-exercise2 - Visual Studio Code

File Edit Selection View Go Debug Tasks Help

EXPLORER

1

OPEN EDITORS 1 UNSAVED

- App.tsx src\components

REACT-LAB-EXERCISE2

- node_modules
- src
 - components
 - App.css
 - App.tsx
 - Banner.css
 - Banner.tsx
 - MainView.css
 - MainView.tsx
 - TopNav.css
 - TopNav.tsx
 - images
 - favicon.ico
 - index.html

App.tsx

```
import * as React from 'react';

import Banner from './Banner';
import TopNav from './Topnav';
import MainView from './MainView';

export default class App extends React.Component<any, any> {

  render() {
    return (
      <div id="page-container" className="container">
        <Banner appTitle="React Lab App" >
          <TopNav />
        </Banner>
        <MainView />
      </div>
    );
  }
}
```

App

Banner

Topnav

MainView

React Router

- Used to create route map in single page application (SPA)
 - Installed as a pair of npm packages
 - `npm install react-router @types/react-router --save-dev`
 - `npm install react-router-dom @types/react-router-dom --save-dev`
- Router must be added in as top-level component above App

```
index.tsx  x
import * as React from 'react';
import { render } from 'react-dom';
import App from './components/App';
import { HashRouter } from 'react-router-dom';

var topLevelAppComponent =
  <HashRouter>
    <App />
  </HashRouter>;

var target = document.getElementById('react-target');

render(topLevelAppComponent, target);
```




Using React Router

- Import Route and Switch components

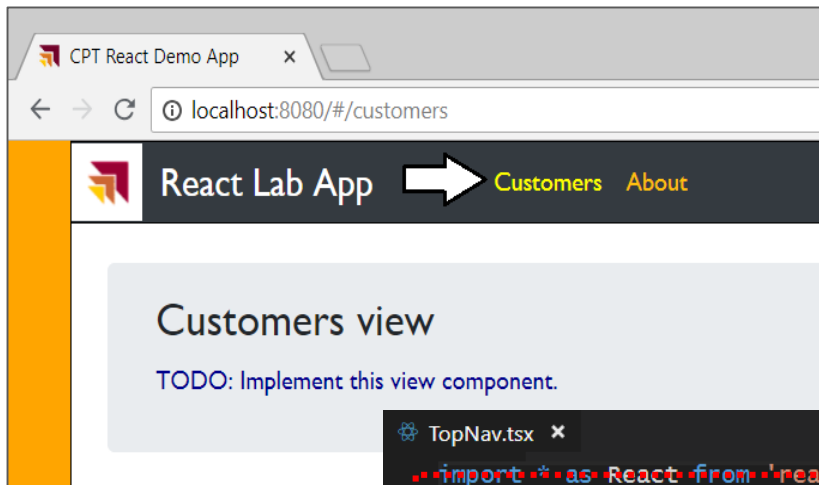
```
import * as React from 'react';  
import { Route, Switch } from 'react-router-dom';
```

- Create route map in HTML output

```
export default class App extends React.Component<any, any> {  
  
  render() {  
  
    return (  
      <div id="page-container" className="container">  
        <Banner appTitle="React Lab App" >  
          <TopNav />  
        </Banner>  
         <Switch>  
          <Route path="/" exact component={ViewHome} />  
          <Route path="/customers" component={ViewCustomers} />  
          <Route path="/about" component={ViewAbout} />  
        </Switch>  
      </div>  
    );  
  }  
}
```



Creating Route Links



```
TopNav.tsx x
import * as React from 'react';
import { Link, NavLink } from 'react-router-dom';
import './TopNav.css';

export default class TopNav extends React.Component<any, any> {

  render() {
    return (
      <div id="top-nav" className="navbar-collapse collapse" >
        <nav>
          <ul className="nav navbar-nav" >
            <li className="nav-item" >
              <NavLink exact to="/" className="navbar-link" activeClassName="active-nav-link" >
                Home
              </NavLink>
            </li>
            <li className="nav-item" >
              <NavLink to="/customers" className="navbar-link" activeClassName="active-nav-link" >
                Customers
              </NavLink>
            </li>
          </ul>
        </nav>
      </div>
    );
  }
}
```

Component Lifecycle

- `componentWillUpdate`
 - executed before component is rendered
- `componentDidUpdate`
 - executed after component is rendered
- `componentWillMount`
 - executed before node is added to the DOM
- `componentDidMount`
 - executed after node is added to the DOM
- `componentWillUnmount`
 - executed before node is removed from the DOM
- `shouldComponentUpdate(newProps, newState)`
 - executed before component is updated



Calling a Web Service using the Fetch API

```
getCustomers(): Promise<ICustomer[]> {  
  const restUrl =  
    "http://subliminalsystems.com/api/Customers/?" +  
    "$select=CustomerId,LastName,FirstName,EmailAddress,WorkPhone,HomePhone,Company" +  
    "&$filter=(CustomerId+1e+12)&$top=200";  
  return fetch(restUrl)  
    .then(response => response.json())  
    .then(response => {  
      console.log(response.value);  
      return response.value;  
    });  
}
```

```
getCustomer(customerId: string): Promise<ICustomerDetail> {  
  const restUrl = "http://subliminalsystems.com/api/Customers(" + customerId + ")";  
  return fetch(restUrl)  
    .then(response => response.json())  
    .then(response => {  
      console.log(response);  
      return response;  
    });  
}
```





DEMO

The react-powerbi-embedding Project

Summary

- Developing SPAs using React.js, Typescript and Webpack
- Designing React Components to Create a User Experience
- Using the React Fetch API to Retrieve Power BI Embedding Data
- Authenticating in an SPA with Azure Active Directory
- Installing the Power BI JavaScript API Package in an SPA Project
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