Writeup For Wednesday Thursday Friday

Name: Wednesday Thursday Friday

Domain: Reversing

Difficulty: Medium

Description: Enter the Flag!!

Points: 283

Author: Yogesh Rathod, Hrishikesh Mahajan

File given: solveme

when we disassemble the elf file with IDA we will see the below code.

ok we can see that the elf file is just checking some conditions and if all of them are true we will get CORRECT else we will get INCORRECT.

we can solve it easily using Z3. Below is a script for that

```
from z3 import *
s = []
for i in range(34):
    byte = BitVec("%s" % i, 8)
    s.append(byte)
z = Solver()
z.add(s[3] + s[4] + s[1] + s[7] - s[8] * s[2] * s[6] * s[5] - s[11] - s[9] -
s[10] == 4242650506)
z.add(s[3] - s[4] - s[6] + s[9] + s[8] * s[11] * s[10] - s[2] + s[5] + s[7] *
s[12] == 285707
z.add(s[11] + s[10] * s[4] + s[3] - s[12] * s[7] - s[13] - s[5] * s[9] * s[6] +
s[8] == -797145)
z.add(s[4] + s[12] - s[7] * s[11] - s[9] - s[5] * s[6] - s[14] - s[8] * s[13] *
s[10] == -289275
z.add(s[13] + s[14] + s[7] + s[6] - s[12] - s[15] * s[11] - s[5] + s[8] * s[10]
* s[9] == 666868)
z.add(s[12] + s[15] * s[16] + s[11] + s[13] - s[10] + s[6] * s[8] - s[7] - s[9]
+ s[14] == 9837
z.add(s[7] + s[11] - s[8] + s[16] * s[13] - s[17] - s[14] - s[9] + s[10] *
s[15] - s[12] == 9858
z.add(s[17] + s[12] + s[9] - s[18] - s[8] - s[15] + s[16] + s[11] * s[14] *
s[13] - s[10] == 296504)
z.add(s[11] * s[13] * s[18] * s[16] - s[17] - s[10] + s[9] + s[15] * s[12] -
s[19] - s[14] == 10963387)
z.add(s[17] + s[16] + s[20] + s[12] - s[14] * s[18] * s[15] * s[19] - s[13] -
s[11] - s[10] == -65889660)
z.add(s[16] - s[19] - s[15] + s[11] * s[13] + s[18] + s[21] * s[12] + s[14] +
s[17] * s[20] == 13340)
z.add(s[18] * s[16] + s[17] * s[15] - s[20] - s[12] - s[19] * s[14] + s[22] +
s[13] * s[21] == 4641)
z.add(s[15] + s[20] + s[18] + s[21] + s[13] * s[19] - s[22] - s[16] - s[14] +
s[17] * s[23] == 6428
z.add(s[19] * s[24] + s[15] * s[20] + s[16] * s[14] + s[23] - s[18] * s[21] -
s[22] * s[17] == 7851)
```

```
z.add(s[19] + s[24] + s[22] + s[21] + s[25] + s[16] + s[18] + s[20] * s[23] -
s[15] + s[17] == 2997)
z.add(s[17] * s[23] + s[20] * s[25] - s[16] + s[26] * s[21] - s[24] + s[22] *
s[19] * s[18] == 342425)
z.add(s[20] + s[26] + s[24] * s[17] + s[27] * s[22] * s[25] - s[21] - s[19] *
s[18] + s[23] == 243251)
z.add(s[24] + s[22] + s[25] * s[21] - s[28] - s[19] - s[26] * s[27] * s[20] -
s[23] + s[18] == -434772
z.add(s[28] + s[19] + s[25] + s[29] - s[24] - s[21] - s[23] + s[27] - s[22] *
s[26] + s[20] == -4957
z.add(s[21] + s[30] + s[26] + s[22] * s[23] - s[29] + s[20] - s[24] * s[25] -
s[27] - s[28] == -1625)
z.add(s[22] + s[26] + s[25] + s[30] + s[23] - s[24] - s[29] - s[31] - s[21] -
s[27] - s[28] == -144)
z.add(s[29] + s[30] + s[31] - s[26] - s[25] - s[23] - s[28] - s[27] - s[22] -
s[32] * s[24] == -7001)
z.add(s[33] + s[25] - s[31] * s[23] + s[27] - s[26] * s[32] + s[30] - s[24] *
s[29] - s[28] == -18763
flag_format = "VishwaCTF{"
# check if first 10 chars will be like flag_format
for i in range(10):
    z.add(s[i] == ord(flag_format[i]))
# check if all chars will be ascii printable
for i in range (10,34):
     z.add(s[i] >= ord('!'))
     z.add(s[i] <= ord('~'))</pre>
# check if the last char will be "}"
z.add(s[-1] == ord('}'))
# check if z3 can solve it
if z.check() == sat:
    solution = z.model()
    flag = ""
```

```
for i in range(0, 34):
    flag += chr(int(str(solution[s[i]])))
print(flag)

#Check if z3 can't solve it
elif z.check() == unsat:
    print("Condition is not satisfied, would recommend crying: " + str(z.check()))
```

We use the Z3 library to solve the problem.

We significantly reduce the time required to achieve the result by providing the known flag format and limiting the possibilities to printable characters.

Flag: VishwaCTF{N3V3r_60NN4_61V3_Y0U_UP}