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1. Train the Bayesian Machine (Transform function)
    I = \{1,2,3...,i...\} the set of intersections
    S = \{1, 2, 3, ..., s, ...\} the set of streets
    V = \{1, 2, 3, ..., v, ...\} the set of vehicles
    T = \{1, 2, 3, ... t, ...\} the set of time slot
    Roads as the set of streets that vehicles pass
    LocaToStr as the set of streets that vehicles pass in each time slot
                LocaToStr(v,t) = 0 means in time slot t, vehicle v is on one intersection
    LenR as the set of length of each vehicle's routine
    For each v in V
       Start_time ← arrival time slot of v
       End time ← departure time slot of v
       t: From Start_time to End_time
             LocaToStr(v,t) \leftarrow the street that v passes in current slot t(Function Get street)
             if LenR(v) = 0 \ or \ LocaToStr(v,t) \neq Roads(v, LenR(v))
                LenR(v) \leftarrow LenR(v) + 1
                Roads(v, LenR(v)) \leftarrow LocaToStr(v, t)
              end
       End
    End
    maxl the maximum prediction length
    PD\_likehood(s, sta) the set of the probability that vehicle go to street s passing streets
    sta
         Ps: the definition of sta is in the middle code Transform.m
    For each v in V
       sl: From 1 to LenR(v)
           pl: From 1 to maxl
               Calculate sta of sl, pl
               PD\_prior(sl, sta) \leftarrow PD\_prior(sl, sta) + 1
           End
       End
    End
    For each v in V
       sl: From 1 to LenR(v)
           pl: From 1 to maxl
               Calculate sta_now of sl,pl
               Calculate sta\_pre of sl - 1, pl - 1
            PD\_likehood(sl, sta\_now) \leftarrow PD\_prior(sl - 1, sta_{nre})/PD\_prior(sl, sta\_now)
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End
   End
   Pararoad the set of properties of roads
             Ps: The definition of Pararoad is in the middle code Transform.m
   Crossroad the set of properties of intersections
                 Ps: the Definition Crossroad is in the meddle code Transform.m
   For each v in V
       Start time ← arrival time slot of v
       End_time ← departure time slot of v
       cs \leftarrow 1
       t: From Start_time to End_time
             If LocaToStr(v,t) \neq Road(v,cs) and ocaToStr(v,t) \neq 0
               ParaRoad ← ParaRoad + Calc_property(Velocity, Position)
               CurrentIns ← City.Street(Road(v, cs), 2)
               Crossroad(CurrenstIns) \leftarrow Crossroad(CurrenstIns) + Time Cost of
   CurrentIns
               cs \leftarrow cs + 1
             Else
               Velocity \leftarrow [Velocity, speed(v, t)]
               Position \leftarrow [Position, postion(v, t)]
             End
         End
       ParaRoad ← ParaRoad + Calc_property(Velocity, Position)
       CurrentIns ← City.Street(Road(v, cs), 2
        Crossroad(CurrenstIns) ← Crossroad(CurrenstIns) +Time Cost of CurrentIns
   End
   For each s in S
       Calculate the average ParaRoad
   End
   For each i in I
       Calculate the average Crossroad
   End
2. Sumo Prediction
   Input:
   Pastroad the set of intersections that vehicle has passed
   CurrentLocation the current location of vehicle
   e. g: based on the City you just sent me
    Pastroad = [14, 15, 16, 17] CurrenLoation = [2300, 1244]
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End

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Suftime: the remaining time of vehicle
Other necessary input are showed in code
 nowRoad: the set of vehicle has passed
Trace: the set of vehicle will pass predicted by Bayesian Machine
 Prob: the probability of vehicle' Trace
 FinaLocation: the final location of vehicle
Remaintime: the remaining time of vehicle to pass current street
prdl: the most proper prediction length, current is two
 Len ← length of Pastroad
 lenow ←Lenow
 Use Pastroad and CurrentLocation find nowRoad
    j: From max(1, lenow - prdl) to lenow - 1
       Calculate the sta of nowRoad(lenow)
    Fnd
    l: For 1 to 3
       suf \leftarrow the next street that go from street nowRoad(lenow) in direction l
       nextStreet \leftarrow the suf that has <math>max\{PD\_likehood(suf, sta * 4 + l)\}
    End
    Remaintime \leftarrow the remaining time of vehicle to current street nowRoad(lenow)
    if Remaintime \leq Suftime
        Calculate FinaLocation
        Break
    Else
        if nextStreet = 0
          FinaLocation \leftarrow [-1, -1] //The vehicle will go out of the city
          Break
        Else
           Suftime = Suftime - Remaintime
           if Suftime \leq Crossroad(currentIns) //the vehicle can't pass the intersection
               FinaLocation ← Location of currentIns
               Break
           Else
               Suftime \leftarrow Suftime - Crossroad(currentIns)
               lenow \leftarrow lenow + 1
               nowRoad \leftarrow [nowRoad, nextStreet]
               Trace \leftarrow [Trace, nextStreet]
               Prob \leftarrow [Prob, the probability of nextStreet based on past roads]
            End
        End
    End
end
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