BT110
User Manual



#### **BT110**

The BT110 is an innovative musical instrument based on Bytebeat synthesis, a fascinating sound method discovered by Viznut in 2011. This technique generates sound waves using simple mathematical operations, opening the door to uniquely abstract and experimental musical creation.

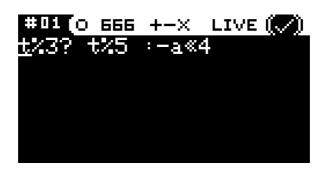
While some features may seem familiar, the BT110 stands out from traditional synthesizers by requiring a different approach to musical creation. Mastering this instrument requires some adaptation, as its use is based on a unique sound design logic.

To get the most out of the BT110 and fully explore the richness of Bytebeat synthesis, we recommend starting by using it alone. Take the time to experiment and discover the formulas that work for you before integrating it into your musical setup.

Designed to work harmoniously with other machines, the BT110 offers impressive creative possibilities, but it can sometimes be difficult to achieve satisfactory results immediately. This instrument is the result of an ambitious project aimed at making the power of Bytebeat synthesis accessible through an adapted interface and controls.

We hope that the BT110 will inspire you as much as it has excited us, and that it will become an infinite source of musical pleasure and sound exploration for you.

Editor Mode MODE + 1



The editing screen consists of two distinct parts: The status bar (at the top), and the input area where the user edits a formula.

Editing and navigation are done using controls A and B as well as the numbered keys. Using a PS2 keyboard is possible.

The status bar indicates the different modes and menus in which the user is located.

The editor can compile C-compatible bytebeat formulas.

#### Formula ID

Indicates the location of the formula in the BT110's memory.

### Symbol Menu

Indicates what type of symbol will be inserted into the Formula

**+-X** Operators +, -, \*, ...

**123...** Numbers 1, 2, 3, ...

**f(\*)** Functions rand(), ...

**URR5** Variables t, a, b, c, ...

**()7:** Punctuations ', '', '(', ')', ...

### Playback Mode

**LIWE** Listen to formula modifications in real-time.

**HOLD** Lock the current formula.

#### **Chaos Mode**

**БББ** Allows global modification of the formula.

#### **Compilation Status**

Informs about the correct syntax of the formula

The formula is correct.

The formula contains a syntax error, a square appears at the height of the first error.

#### **GENERAL**

**FUNC + MODE** Activate/Deactivate live/hold mode

MODE + 1 held Display the saved formulas menu

MODE + 1 Switch to the editor screen

MODE + 4 Switch to the editor controls screen

MODE + 6 Activate/Deactivate midi

**FUNC + 1** Save the formula

FUNC + 2 Insert a "t"

FUNC + 3 Activate/Deactivate chaos mode

#### LIVE MODE / HOLD MODE

1 T to zero

2 Next symbol

3 Delete a character
3 held Delete the formula

4 Move left

5 Previous symbol

6 Move right

**A** Move right or left

B Next or previous symbol

**FUNC + 4** Insert a left parenthesis

FUNC + 5 Insert a space

FUNC + 6 Insert a right parenthesis

A Click Previous symbol type

B Click Next symbol type

# **CHAOS MODE**

| 6        | Next operators  |
|----------|---|
| 4        | Previous operators  |
| 1        | Random operators  |
| 2        | Next numbers  |
| 5        | Previous numbers  |
| 3        | Random numbers  |
| FUNC + 4 | Insert a random formula of type "operator (t operator number) |

### **CONTROLS**

| 1 t init                    | tInit corresponds to the initial value of t when a midi note is received                   |
|-----------------------------|--|
| 2 global operator           | the globop is an operator coupled with a value applied to each occurrence of T             |
| 3 tune                      | the tune is the value of the t increment. It can be positive or negative                   |
| 4 bitCrush                  | The bitCrush applies audio deterioration.  |
| 5 tt tempo                  | The tempo acts on the special variable tt and allows its increment to be adapted to a bpm. |
| <b>6</b> variable increment | Varinc acts on the increment of the 3 special variables a, b, c placed in the formula.     |

#### **MEMORY**

Memory mode MODE + 1 (held)

The memory mode allows loading a saved formula from the factory memory or saved by the user. The user can save up to 15 formulas in the BT110's memory.

2 Move the cursor up

3 Close the saved formulas menu

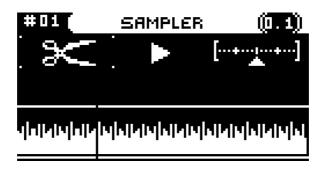
4/6 Toggle between factory/saved formulas

5 Move the cursor down

**FUNC held** Preview the selected formula

Sampler Mode (Editor)

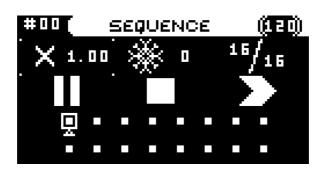
MODE + 2



The sampler allows looping a recording of a formula. The sample can be played backward, at different speeds, and reduced/enlarged.

| 1 | Trim Mode                                   |
|---|---|
| A | reduce/enlarge the sample from the left     |
| В | reduce/enlarge the sample from the right    |
|   |   |
| 2 | Speed Mode                                  |
| A | increase/decrease the sample playback speed |
| В | toggle between normal/reverse playback      |
|   |   |
| 3 | Position Mode                               |
| A | move the sample left/right                  |
| В | reduce/enlarge the sample                   |

Sequencer Mode MODE + 3

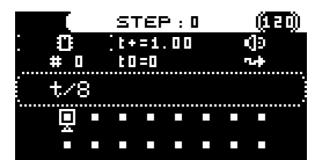


This mode allows playing sequences of 16 steps. Each step can load a formula from the factory or saved formulas.

| 1 | Playback speed     |
|---|--------------------|
| 2 | Freeze             |
| 3 | Sequence length    |
| 4 | Play/Pause         |
| 5 | Stop               |
| 6 | Playback direction |
| Λ | Move the cursor    |
| Λ | Move the cursor    |

# **SEQUENCE STEP**

Step Mode FUNC held



The step mode allows controlling various parameters of a selected step independently of the others.

| 1 | Formula origin (factory/saved)             |
|---|--|
| 2 | t increment                                |
| 3 | Mute/Unmute                                |
| 4 | Loaded formula number                      |
| 5 | t init (if reset T is enabled in controls) |
| 6 | Step playback direction                    |
| Α | Move the cursor                            |
|   |  |
| В | Modify the parameter                       |
|   |  |

#### **CONTROLS**

Controls Mode MODE + 4

**1** reset T At the start of a new step, t is reset to 0,

otherwise t increments independently of the

step change

2 Bpm Determines the sequence playback speed (midi

disabled)

#### **MEMORY**

Memory Mode

MODE + 3 (held)

The sequencer's memory mode allows saving up to 4 sequences with the parameters of each step.

| 1 | Load the se | lected sequen | ce into the | sequencer |
|---|-------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|
|---|-------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|

2 Move the cursor up

3 Close the saved formulas menu

4/6 Toggle between loading/saving sequences

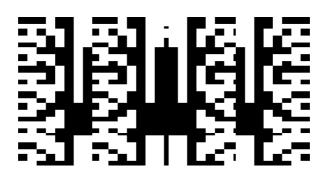
5 Move the cursor down

**6** Step playback direction

**A** Move the cursor

**B** Modify the parameter

Visualizer Mode MODE + 5



It is possible to display a visual result of your ByteBeat synthesis and switch between different modes.

| 2 | Next visualizer |
|---|-----------------|
|   |                 |

5 Previous visualizer

B Slow down/Speed up the display frequency

# **CONFIGURATION**

# Configuration Mode

DOUBLE MODE

This mode allows modifying the general configuration of the device.

| stereo      | Activate stereo on the audio output             |  |
|-------------|---|--|
| midiMode    | Switch between MIDI input DIN or USB            |  |
| midiChannel | Allows modification of the MIDI channel         |  |
| autosave    | Allows activation/deactivation of the automatic |  |
|             | saving of the current editor formula            |  |
| keyboard    | Allows modification of the default keymap for   |  |
|             | the PS2 keyboard                                |  |
| about       | Displays a QRCode pointing to the               |  |
|             | DODCircuits website                             |  |
| update      | Puts the device in Bootloader mode to load the  |  |
|             | firmware  |  |

# **MIDI**

The various parameters of the BT110 are controllable using MIDI CC.  $\,$ 

### **Editor**

| Parameter   | Description                               | CC | CC Min | CC Max |
|-------------|---|----|--------|--------|
| t increment | modifies how much the T increment changes | 22 | -16    | 16     |
| reset t     | resets the value of t to 0                | 24 | 0      | 1      |

# Sampler

| Parameter       | Description  | CC | CC Min | CC Max |
|-----------------|--|----|--------|--------|
| sample start    | modifies the sample<br>start point                             | 30 | 0      | 127    |
| sample end      | modifies the sample<br>end point                               | 31 | 0      | 127    |
| sample position | modifies the start and end points of the sample simultaneously | 32 | 0      | 127    |

# Audio

| Parameter     | Description                            | CC | CC Min | CC Max |
|---------------|--|----|--------|--------|
| prescaler     | modifies the audio<br>generation speed | 40 | 0      | 127    |
| top pwm       | modifies the pwm top<br>wrap           | 41 | 0      | 127    |
| pwm frequency | modifies the pwm<br>frequency          | 41 | 0      | 127    |
| Other         |  |    |        |        |
| panic         | resets all midi<br>parameters          | 70 | 0      | 127    |

# **HAPPY DISCOVERY!**

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