## W3WI DS304.1 Applied Machine Learning Fundamentals

Exercise Sheet #5 - Neural Networks / Deep Learning

### Question 1 2021 (Perceptron)

Under what circumstances does the *Perceptron* learning algorithm converge?

#### Question 2 2020 (Number of network parameters)

You want to train a neural network on the MNIST dataset to recognize hand-written digits. The images of 10 possible digits (the classes) have a resolution of  $28 \times 28$  pixels.

The MLP (*multi-layer perceptron*) used for the task has two hidden layers with 64 and 32 units, respectively. Each layer has a constant bias input and the classes are one-hot encoded.

How many adjustable network parameters does the model have?

#### Question $3 \times 2020$ (Neural networks for regression)

Your colleague suggests to use neural networks to solve a regression task. Which activation function would you have to use in the output layer of your network to achieve the desired result?

# Question 4 2021 (Activation functions)

Which statements regarding the activation functions of neural networks are correct?

$\Box$ Activation functions should be non-linear.
$\Box$ The $softmax$ activation function is usually used in the output layer of a neural network
$\square$ One problem of the $ReLU$ function is the vanishing gradient.
$\square$ The $ReLU$ activation is computed according to $min(0, x)$ .

## Question 5 2021, modified (Network architectures)

What kind of neural network is usually applied to classify (a) images, and (b) sequences? Do some research and explain these types of networks.

#### Question 6 2023, modified (Network training with gradient descent)

Your task is to train the neural network depicted in figure 1 using the *stochastic gradient* descent algorithm. The current training example is given by the vector  $\mathbf{x} := \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{\mathsf{T}}$ . The label is one-hot encoded and given by  $\mathbf{y} := \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}^{\mathsf{T}}$ .

**Network architecture:** The network consists of one hidden layer with ReLU activation as well as an output layer with sigmoid activation. For simplicity you decide to use the least  $squares\ error$  as the loss function (as shown in the lecture).

Compute the weight updates for all network parameters when applying the learning rate  $\alpha := 0.5$ .

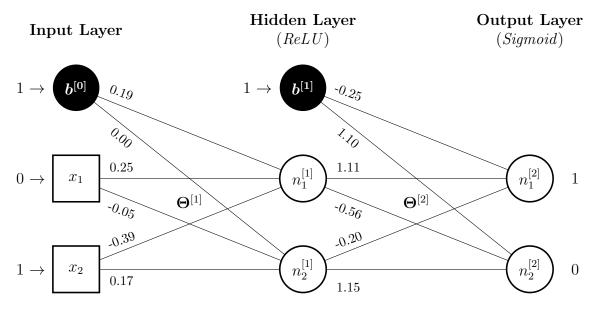


Figure 1: Visualization of the neural network used for the task above.