

# Exercise 1 - Introduction

August 16, 2019



## 1 Linear Algebra Refresher

### a) Matrix Operations (1 point)

A fellow student suggests that matrix addition and multiplication are very similar to scalar addition and multiplication, i. e. commutative, associative and distributive. Is this a correct statement? Prove it mathematically or disprove it by providing at least one counter example per property (commutativity, associativity, distributivity).

Solution:

b) Matrix Inverse (1 point)

What is a matrix inverse? How can you build the inverse of a non-square matrix? You would like to invert a matrix  $M \in \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 3}$  - write down the equation for computing it and specify the dimensionality of the matrices after each single operation (e.g. multiplication, inverse).

Solution:

c) Eigenvectors and Eigenvalues (1 point)

Explain what eigenvectors and eigenvalues of a matrix  $M$  are. Why are they relevant in machine learning?

Solution:

## 2 Statistics Refresher

a) Terminology (1 point)

What is a random variable? What is a probability density function (PDF)? What is a probability mass function (PMF)? What do a PDF and a PMF tell us about a random variable?

Solution:

b) Expectation and Variance (1 point)

State the general definition of expectation and variance for the probability density  $f : \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  of a continuous random variable. What do expectation and variance express?

Solution:

### 3 Optimization

a) Numerical Optimization - Gradient Descent (5 points)

Implement a simple gradient descent algorithm for finding a minimum of the Rosenbrock function with  $n = 2$  using Python and NumPy:

$$f(x) = \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} [100(x_{i+1} - x_i^2)^2 + (x_i - 1)^2]$$

Submit your code and a plot of the learning curve for the best run of your gradient descent implementation. Which learning rate worked best? (Hint: You need to find the first derivative(s) of  $f(x)$  for  $n = 2$  and iteratively evaluate them during gradient descent. Automatic differentiation tools are not allowed for this exercise.)

Solution: