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Contents

1	Introduction	2
2	Methylation status calling	
0	2.1 Description of columns	
	Plots and enrichment analysis	
4	Export results	7
5	Session Info	7

1 Introduction

Methimpute implements a powerful HMM-based binomial test for methylation status calling. Besides improved accuracy over the classical binomial test, the HMM allows imputation of the methylation status of **all cytosines** in the genome. It achieves this by borrowing information from neighboring covered cytosines. The confidence in the methylation status call is reported as well. Methimpute also outputs context-specific conversion rates, which might be used to optimize the experimental procedure.

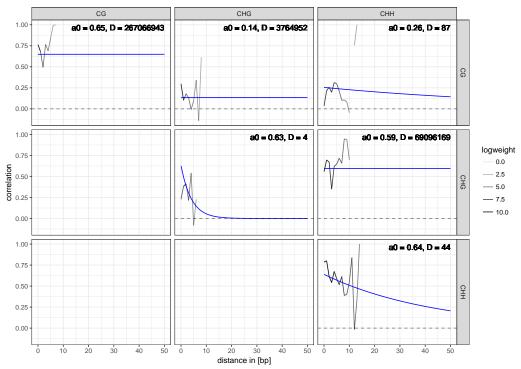
For the exact workings of *methimpute* we refer the interested reader to our publication at $\frac{https:}{doi.org/10.1101/190223}$.

2 Methylation status calling

The following example explains the necessary steps for methylation status calling (and imputation). To keep the calculation time short, it uses only the first 200.000 bp of the Arabidopsis genome. The example consists of three steps: 1) Data import, 2) estimating the distance correlation and 3) methylation status calling. At the end of this example you will see that positions without counts are assigned a methylation status, but the confidence (column "posteriorMax") is generally quite low for those cytosines. Column "posteriorMeth" gives the HMM posterior probability for a cytosine being methylated, which can be interpreted as a methylation level for each site. Column "status" contains the imputed and non-imputed methylation status calls.

```
library(methimpute)
# ===== Step 1: Importing the data ===== #
# We load an example file in BSSeeker format that comes with the package
file <- system.file("extdata", "arabidopsis_bsseeker.txt.gz", package="methimpute")</pre>
bsseeker.data <- importBSSeeker(file)</pre>
print(bsseeker.data)
## GRanges object with 110927 ranges and 2 metadata columns:
##
              segnames
                                  ranges strand | context
                                                               counts
##
                 <Rle>
                               <IRanges> <Rle> | <factor> <matrix>
                                              - |
##
          [1]
                  chr1
                                [34, 34]
                                                        CHG
                                                                  0:4
          [2]
                                [80, 80]
                                                         CHH
##
                   chr1
                                                                  2:9
##
          [3]
                   chr1
                                [84, 84]
                                                         CHH
                                                                  1:1
##
          [4]
                   chr1
                                [85, 85]
                                                         CHH
                                                                  1:1
##
          [5]
                  chr1
                                [86, 86]
                                                         CHH
                                                                  1:1
##
          . . .
                   . . .
                                                         . . .
                                                                   . . .
##
     [110923]
                  chr1 [533552, 533552]
                                                          CG
                                                                  2:2
##
     [110924]
                  chr1 [533554, 533554]
                                                          CG
                                                                  2.2
##
     [110925]
                  chr1 [533595, 533595]
                                               + |
                                                         CHG
                                                                  0:1
##
     [110926]
                  chr1 [533601, 533601]
                                                         CHG
                                                                  0:2
##
     [110927]
                  chr1 [533614, 533614]
                                                          CG
                                                                  0:2
     seqinfo: 1 sequence from an unspecified genome; no seqlengths
# Because most methylation extractor programs report only covered cytosines,
# we need to inflate the data to inlcude all cytosines (including non-covered sites)
fasta.file <- system.file("extdata", "arabidopsis_sequence.fa.gz", package="methimpute")</pre>
```

```
cytosine.positions <- extractCytosinesFromFASTA(fasta.file,</pre>
                                                                                                                      contexts = c('CG','CHG','CHH'))
seqlengths(cytosine.positions) <- seqlengths(bsseeker.data) # only necessary</pre>
                                                                                                                                                   # for our toy example
methylome <- inflateMethylome(bsseeker.data, cytosine.positions)</pre>
print(methylome)
## GRanges object with 199978 ranges and 2 metadata columns:
                  seqnames ranges strand | context counts
                  | Context | Cont
##
##
##
##
                                                                            [8, 8] + | CHH 0:0
##
                                                                             [9, 9] + | CHH
##
                    [5] chr1
                                                                                                                                                     0:0
                      ... ...
##
                                                                                                                                    . . .
                                                                                                                                                         . . .
## [199974] chr1 [533554, 533554] - |
## [199975] chr1 [533557, 533557] + |
## [199976] chr1 [533560, 533560] + |
## [199977] chr1 [533561, 533561] - |
## [199978] chr1 [533565, 533565] - |
                                                                                                                                                      2:2
                                                                                                                                   CG
                                                                                                                                    CHH
                                                                                                                                                         0:0
                                                                                                                                    CG
                                                                                                                                                          0:0
                                                                                                                                     CG
                                                                                                                                                          0:0
                                                                                                                                    CHH
                                                                                                                                                          0:0
##
## seqinfo: 1 sequence from an unspecified genome; no seqlengths
# ===== Step 2: Obtain correlation parameters ===== #
# The correlation of methylation levels between neighboring cytosines is an important
# parameter for the methylation status calling, so we need to get it first. Keep in mind
# that we only use the first 200.000 bp here, that's why the plot looks a bit meagre.
distcor <- distanceCorrelation(methylome)</pre>
fit <- estimateTransDist(distcor)</pre>
print(fit)
## $transDist
## CG-CG
                                                  CG - CHG
                                                                                     CG-CHH
                                                                                                                  CHG - CHG
                                                                                                                                                  CHG - CHH
                                                                                                                                                                                   CHH - CHH
## 2.670669e+08 3.764952e+06 8.663764e+01 4.124081e+00 6.909617e+07 4.409969e+01
##
## $plot
## Warning: Removed 24 rows containing missing values (geom_path).
```



===== Step 3: Methylation status calling (and imputation) ===== # model <- callMethylation(data = methylome, transDist = fit\$transDist)</pre> Iteration log(P) dlog(P) Time in sec ## 0 -inf 0 1 -40631.538451 0 ## inf 2 -26304.340662 14327.197788 0 ## ## 3 -24210.680437 2093.660225 ## 4 -23635.136896 575.543541 ## -23374.140217 260.996679 -23224.427468 149.712749 ## 6 ## 7 -23134.096595 90.330873 1 ## 8 -23079.925956 54.170639 1 9 -23047.280535 32.645421 1 ## ## 10 -23027.416404 19.864131 ## 11 -23015.215509 12.200895 ## 12 -23007.665767 7.549743 ## 13 -23002.971021 4.694745 ## 14 -23000.044357 2.926664 1 ## 15 -22998.218617 1.825740 1 ## 16 -22997.079103 1.139514 1 ## 17 -22996.365832 0.713271 1 ## HMM: Convergence reached! # The confidence in the methylation status call is given in the column "posteriorMax". # For further analysis one could split the results into high-confidence # (posteriorMax >= 0.98) and low-confidence calls (posteriorMax < 0.98) for instance. print(model) ## GRanges object with 199978 ranges and 10 metadata columns:

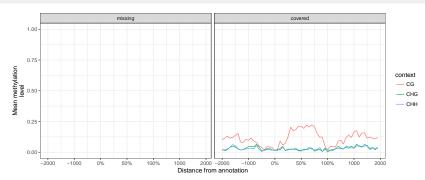
##		seqnames		ranges	stran	d	context	counts	distance	transitionContext	posteriorMax
##		<rle></rle>	<	IRanges>	<rle< td=""><td>> </td><td><factor></factor></td><td><matrix></matrix></td><td><numeric></numeric></td><td><factor></factor></td><td><pre><numeric></numeric></pre></td></rle<>	>	<factor></factor>	<matrix></matrix>	<numeric></numeric>	<factor></factor>	<pre><numeric></numeric></pre>
##	[1]	chr1		[1, 1]		+	CHH	0:0	Inf	<na></na>	0.6606448
##	[2]	chr1		[2, 2]		+	CHH	0:0	0	CHH - CHF	0.7068376
##	[3]	chr1		[3, 3]		+	CHH	0:0	0	CHH - CHF	0.7471539
##	[4]	chr1		[8, 8]		+	CHH	0:0	4	CHH - CHF	0.7624977
##	[5]	chr1		[9, 9]		+	CHH	0:0	0	CHH - CHF	0.7963517
##											
##	[199974]	chr1 [[533554,	533554]		-	CG	2:2	0	CG - CG	0.9999923
##	[199975]	chr1 [[533557,	533557]		+	CHH	0:0	2	CG-CHF	0.5029823
##	[199976]	chr1 [[533560,	533560]		+	CG	0:0	2	CHH - CG	0.5294277
##	[199977]	chr1 [[533561,	533561]		-	CG	0:0	0	CG - CG	0.5595388
##	[199978]	chr1 [[533565,	533565]		-	CHH	0:0	3	CG - CHF	0.7689333
##		posteriorM	1eth pos	teriorUnn	neth		status	rc.meth.l	vl rc.coun	ts	
##		<numer< td=""><td>ric></td><td><numer< td=""><td>ric></td><td><</td><td>factor></td><td><numeri< td=""><td>c> <matri< td=""><td>X></td><td></td></matri<></td></numeri<></td></numer<></td></numer<>	ric>	<numer< td=""><td>ric></td><td><</td><td>factor></td><td><numeri< td=""><td>c> <matri< td=""><td>X></td><td></td></matri<></td></numeri<></td></numer<>	ric>	<	factor>	<numeri< td=""><td>c> <matri< td=""><td>X></td><td></td></matri<></td></numeri<>	c> <matri< td=""><td>X></td><td></td></matri<>	X>	
##	[1]	0.3393	3552	0.6606	6448 U	nmet	hylated	0.116182	98 0	: 0	
##	[2]	0.2931	1624	0.7068	3376 U	nmet	hylated	0.100477	55 0	: 0	
##	[3]	0.2528	3461	0.7471	L539 U	nmet	hylated	0.0867709	90 0	: 0	
##	[4]	0.2375	5023	0.7624	1977 U	nmet	hylated	0.0815543	34 0	: 0	
##	[5]	0.2036	5483	0.7963	3517 U	nmet	hylated	0.070044	77 0	: 0	
##											
##	[199974]	0.9999	9923	7.6687046	e-06	Met	hylated	0.82388	26 6	:7	
##	[199975]	0.4970	9177 !	5.0298236	e-01 U	nmet	hylated	0.169783	38 0	: 0	
##	[199976]	0.4705	5723	5.2942776	e-01 U	nmet	hylated	0.39068	49 0	: 0	
##	[199977]	0.4404	1612	5.5953886	e-01 U	nmet	hylated	0.36604	65 0	: 0	
##	[199978]	0.2310	9667	7.6893336	e-01 U	nmet	hylated	0.07936	64 0	: 0	
##											
##	seqinfo:	1 sequence	e from a	n unspeci	fied	geno	me; no s	eqlengths			

2.1 Description of columns

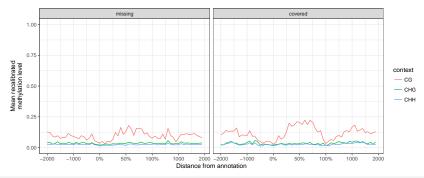
- **context** The sequence context of the cytosine.
- counts Counts for methylated and total number of reads at each position.
- **distance** The distance in base-pairs from the previous to the current cytosine.
- transitionContext Transition context in the form "previous-current".
- posteriorMax Maximum posterior value of the methylation status call, can be interpreted as the confidence in the call.
- posteriorMeth Posterior value of the "methylated" component.
- posteriorUnmeth Posterior value of the "unmethylated" component.
- status Methylation status.
- **rc.meth.lvl** Recalibrated methylation level, calculated from the posteriors and the fitted parameters (see ?methimputeBinomialHMM for details).

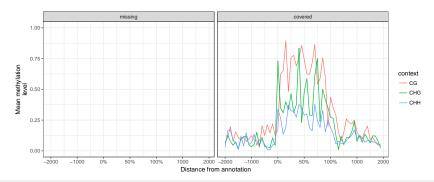
3 Plots and enrichment analysis

This package also offers plotting functions for a simple enrichment analysis. Let's say we are interested in the methylation level around genes and transposable elements. We would also like to see how the imputation works on cytosines with missing data compared to covered cytosines.

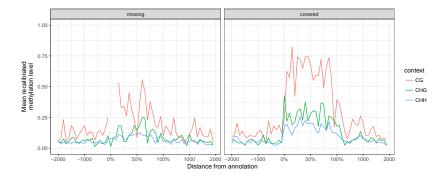


##
\$rc.meth.lvl





##
\$rc.meth.lvl



4 Export results

You can export the results as TSV file with the following columns:

 chromosome, position, strand, context, counts.methylated, counts.total, posteriorMax, posteriorMeth, posteriorUnmeth, status, rc.meth.lvl

exportMethylome(model, filename = tempfile())

Please see section 2.1 for a description of the columns.

5 Session Info

toLatex(sessionInfo())

- R version 3.4.3 (2017-11-30), x86_64-apple-darwin15.6.0
- Locale: en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8/C/en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8
- Running under: macOS High Sierra 10.13.3
- Matrix products: default
- BLAS: /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/3.4/Resources/lib/libRblas.0.dylib
- LAPACK: /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/3.4/Resources/lib/libRlapack.dylib
- Base packages: base, datasets, graphics, grDevices, methods, parallel, stats, stats4, utils
- Other packages: BiocGenerics 0.24.0, devtools 1.13.4, GenomeInfoDb 1.14.0, GenomicRanges 1.30.3, ggplot2 2.2.1, IRanges 2.12.0, knitr 1.19, methimpute 1.0.0, S4Vectors 0.16.0

Loaded via a namespace (and not attached): backports 1.1.2, BiocStyle 2.6.1, Biostrings 2.46.0, bitops 1.0-6, colorspace 1.3-2, compiler 3.4.3, digest 0.6.15, evaluate 0.10.1, GenomeInfoDbData 1.0.0, grid 3.4.3, gtable 0.2.0, highr 0.6, htmltools 0.3.6, labeling 0.3, lazyeval 0.2.1, magrittr 1.5, memoise 1.1.0, minpack.lm 1.2-1, munsell 0.4.3, pillar 1.1.0, plyr 1.8.4, Rcpp 0.12.15, RCurl 1.95-4.10, reshape2 1.4.3, rlang 0.1.6, rmarkdown 1.8, rprojroot 1.3-2, scales 0.5.0, stringi 1.1.6, stringr 1.2.0, tibble 1.4.2, tools 3.4.3, withr 2.1.1, XVector 0.18.0, yaml 2.1.16, zlibbioc 1.24.0