

**ISE 4623/5023: Deterministic Systems Models / Systems Optimization****University of Oklahoma****School of Industrial and Systems Engineering  
Fall 2020****Final Exam (100 points – undergraduate students; 120 points –graduate students)**

To solve this Exam, you can use your notes, the book, and any material uploaded in Canvas. You may not look online (outside Canvas) for codes or any help of any kind. Also, you cannot receive assistance of any type from anyone else.

You need to write your name and sign on each page. You need to upload a copy of the document with the solutions in Canvas (PDF format) along with the Gurobi/Excel files used to solve the exam and any other relevant support files. Problems without a proper support will not receive any points. If you are solving the exam with Excel, I suggest using only a single Excel file for the entire exam (using one sheet per problem).

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Last name: \_\_\_\_\_

First name: \_\_\_\_\_

Student ID: \_\_\_\_\_

Section (mark with X): \_\_\_\_\_ ISE 4623

\_\_\_\_\_ ISE 5023

Pledge: "On my honor, I have neither given nor received inappropriate assistance in the completion of this Exam."

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**Problem 1 (40 points): Knapsack problem**

Imagine that you are planning your next vacations. For your trip, first you want to determine which items to pack. To take this decision, you make a list of 30 items from which you want to pick the ones to be packed. For each of these 30 items, you know its weight (in pounds) and its associated intrinsic value (the more you want to take the item, the higher its “value”), as indicated below (Table 1).

Table 1. Weight and value of each item

ITEM	Weight (pounds)	Value
Item 1	4	4
Item 2	5	10
Item 3	5	6
Item 4	9	1
Item 5	9	4
Item 6	4	4
Item 7	7	8
Item 8	7	6
Item 9	6	5
Item 10	3	1
Item 11	7	9
Item 12	8	4
Item 13	3	4
Item 14	8	5
Item 15	4	7
Item 16	3	1
Item 17	7	7
Item 18	9	9
Item 19	6	3
Item 20	7	9
Item 21	6	3
Item 22	8	10
Item 23	7	2
Item 24	9	5
Item 25	3	2
Item 26	4	5
Item 27	5	5
Item 28	4	10
Item 29	3	3
Item 30	8	9

**PART I. (20 points)**

Assume that for your trip you can only use a single bag, with a maximum capacity of 15 pounds.

- 1.1. (10 points) Considering this weight constraint, what is the optimal packing strategy (the one that maximizes the total value of the items packed)? Indicate in the table below (with an X) the items that you would pack in the bag.

ITEM	Bag 1
Item 1	
Item 2	
Item 3	
Item 4	
Item 5	
Item 6	
Item 7	
Item 8	
Item 9	
Item 10	
Item 11	
Item 12	
Item 13	
Item 14	
Item 15	
Item 16	
Item 17	
Item 18	
Item 19	
Item 20	
Item 21	
Item 22	
Item 23	
Item 24	
Item 25	
Item 26	
Item 27	
Item 28	
Item 29	
Item 30	

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- 1.2. (5 points) In the optimal packing strategy (the one that maximizes the total value packed) what is the total value associated with the items that you can pack in your bag?

\_\_\_\_\_

- 1.3. (5 points) In the optimal packing strategy (the one that maximizes the total value packed) what is the total weight associated with the items that you can pack in your bag?

\_\_\_\_\_ pounds

## PART II. (20 points)

Now, assume that for your trip you can use two bags. The first bag has a maximum capacity of 15 pounds and the second one has a maximum capacity of 50 pounds.

- 1.4. (4 points) Considering these weight constraints, what is the new maximum total value associated with the items that you can pack in both bags?

\_\_\_\_\_

- 1.5. (3 points) In the new optimal packing strategy (the one that maximizes the total value packed) what is the total weight associated with the items that you pack in the first bag?

\_\_\_\_\_ pounds

- 1.6. (3 points) In the optimal packing strategy (the one that maximizes the total value packed) what is the total weight associated with the items that you pack in your second bag?

\_\_\_\_\_ pounds

- 1.7. (10 points) What is the new optimal packing strategy (the one that maximizes the total value of the items packed)? Indicate in the following table (with an X) the items that you would pack in each bag.

ITEM	Bag 1	Bag 2
Item 1		
Item 2		
Item 3		
Item 4		
Item 5		
Item 6		
Item 7		
Item 8		
Item 9		
Item 10		
Item 11		
Item 12		
Item 13		
Item 14		
Item 15		
Item 16		
Item 17		
Item 18		
Item 19		
Item 20		
Item 21		
Item 22		
Item 23		
Item 24		
Item 25		
Item 26		
Item 27		
Item 28		
Item 29		
Item 30		

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**Problem 2. (40 points) (additional 20 points for Graduate Students or extra credit for undergraduate): TSP**

You are still planning your next vacations. For your vacations, you have decided to visit six cities (labeled as city 1, 2, ..., 6). Your trip will start and finish in your hometown (labeled as city 7). To visit each of the cities, you can either take a bus or a plane. The travel costs (in USD) and times (in hours) are shown in the tables below (Tables 2 and 3). Note that, as expected, the bus is often much cheaper, but usually takes longer. Also, note that these costs and travel times are not symmetric.

Table 2. Travel times and travel costs for bus trips

		Travel time - bus (hours)						
		Destination city						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Departure city	1	0	21	38	15	22	17	9
	2	17	0	14	9	11	11	5
	3	18	14	0	7	13	11	14
	4	19	9	7	0	7	6	10
	5	26	11	13	7	0	2	14
	6	24	11	11	6	2	0	14
	7	25	4	14	10	14	14	0

		Travel cost - bus (USD)						
		Destination city						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Departure city	1	0	68	90	76	130	72	39
	2	34	0	28	45	44	22	12
	3	36	70	0	14	39	33	56
	4	57	27	35	0	14	12	30
	5	78	44	52	35	0	6	42
	6	72	55	22	24	10	0	56
	7	52	65	42	20	70	42	0

Table 3. Travel times and travel costs for airplane trips

		Travel time - airplane (hours)						
		Destination city						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Departure city	1	0	2.4	2.6	2.7	3.7	3.4	1.9
	2	2.4	0	2	1.3	1.6	1.6	0.6
	3	2.6	2	0	1	1.9	1.6	2
	4	2.7	1.3	1	0	1	0.9	1.4
	5	3.7	1.6	1.9	1	0	0.3	2
	6	3.4	1.6	1.6	0.9	0.3	0	2
	7	3.9	1.1	2	1.4	2	2	0

		Travel cost - airplane (USD)						
		Destination city						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Departure city	1	0	670	340	60	390	130	340
	2	580	0	300	410	490	540	110
	3	50	550	0	240	480	640	650
	4	180	440	80	0	140	460	340
	5	700	450	790	770	0	330	490
	6	210	50	400	150	230	0	730
	7	470	460	460	60	110	150	0

**PART I. (20 points)**

Assume that you want to **minimize your total travel time**. Help: for this particular problem, this means that you will travel using **only airplanes** (not buses).

- 2.1 (5 points) What is the total travel time (in hours) for the optimal trip (the one that minimizes the total travel time)?

\_\_\_\_\_ hours

- 2.2 (5 points) What is the total cost (in USD) associated with the optimal trip (the one that minimizes the total travel time)?

\_\_\_\_\_ dollars

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2.3 (2 points) For the trip that minimizes the total travel time, which was the first city visited?

- A. City 1
- B. City 2
- C. City 3
- D. City 4
- E. City 5
- F. City 6

2.4 (2 points) For the trip that minimizes the total travel time, which was the second city visited?

- A. City 1
- B. City 2
- C. City 3
- D. City 4
- E. City 5
- F. City 6

2.5 (2 points) For the trip that minimizes the total travel time, which was the third city visited?

- A. City 1
- B. City 2
- C. City 3
- D. City 4
- E. City 5
- F. City 6

2.6 (2 points) For the trip that minimizes the total travel time, which was the fourth city visited?

- A. City 1
- B. City 2
- C. City 3
- D. City 4
- E. City 5
- F. City 6

2.7 (2 points) For the trip that minimizes the total travel time, which was the fifth city visited?

- A. City 1
- B. City 2
- C. City 3
- D. City 4
- E. City 5
- F. City 6

## PART II. (20 points)

Assume that now you want to minimize your total travel cost. Help: for this particular problem, this means that you will travel using only buses (not airplanes).

2.8 (5 points) What is the total travel time (in hours) for the optimal trip (the one that minimizes the total travel cost)?

\_\_\_\_\_ hours

2.9 (5 points) What is the total cost (in USD) associated with the optimal trip (the one that minimizes the total travel cost)?

\_\_\_\_\_ dollars

2.10 (2 points) For the trip that minimizes the total travel cost, which was the first city visited?

- A. City 1
- B. City 2
- C. City 3
- D. City 4
- E. City 5
- F. City 6

2.11(2 points) For the trip that minimizes the total travel cost, which was the second city visited?

- A. City 1
- B. City 2
- C. City 3
- D. City 4
- E. City 5
- F. City 6

2.12(2 points) For the trip that minimizes the total travel cost, which was the third city visited?

- A. City 1
- B. City 2
- C. City 3
- D. City 4
- E. City 5
- F. City 6

2.13(2 points) For the trip that minimizes the total travel cost, which was the fourth city visited?

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- A. City 1
- B. City 2
- C. City 3
- D. City 4
- E. City 5
- F. City 6

2.14(2 points) For the trip that minimizes the total travel cost, which was the fifth city visited?

- A. City 1
- B. City 2
- C. City 3
- D. City 4
- E. City 5
- F. City 6

**PART III. (20 points) Graduate students only (or Extra Credit for Undergraduate Students)**

Assume that now you want to minimize your total travel cost, but while guaranteeing that the total travel time is less than or equal to 30 hours. In this case, it is necessary to use both buses and airplanes.

2.15 (5 points) What is the total travel time (in hours) for the optimal trip (the one that minimizes the total travel cost using less than or equal to 30 hours)?

\_\_\_\_\_ hours

2.16 (5 points) What is the total cost (in USD) associated with the optimal trip (the one that minimizes the total travel cost using less than or equal to 30 hours)?

\_\_\_\_\_ USD

2.17 (2 points) For the trip that minimizes the total travel cost using less than or equal to 30 hours, which was the first city visited?

- A. City 1
- B. City 2
- C. City 3
- D. City 4
- E. City 5
- F. City 6

2.18 (2 points) For the trip that minimizes the total travel cost using less than or equal to 30 hours, which was the second city visited?

- A. City 1
- B. City 2
- C. City 3
- D. City 4
- E. City 5
- F. City 6

2.19(2 points) For the trip that minimizes the total travel cost using less than or equal to 30 hours, which was the third city visited?

- A. City 1
- B. City 2
- C. City 3
- D. City 4
- E. City 5
- F. City 6

2.20(2 points) For the trip that minimizes the total travel cost using less than or equal to 30 hours, which was the fourth city visited?

- A. City 1
- B. City 2
- C. City 3
- D. City 4
- E. City 5
- F. City 6

2.21(2 points) For the trip that minimizes the total travel cost using less than or equal to 30 hours, which was the fifth city visited?

- A. City 1
- B. City 2
- C. City 3
- D. City 4
- E. City 5
- F. City 6

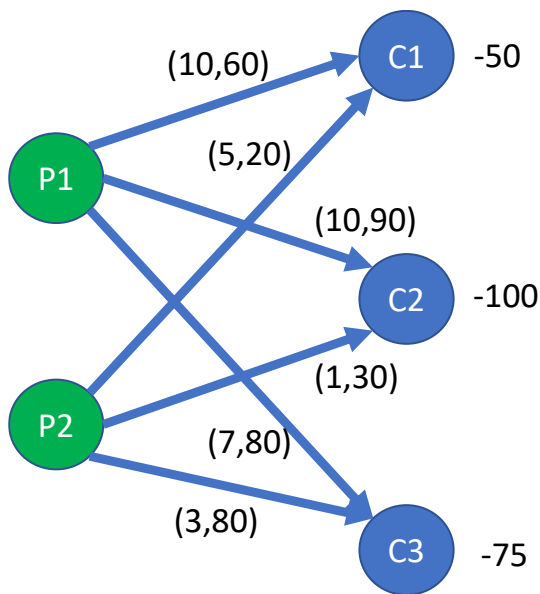
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**Problem 3. (20 points): Production capacity and distribution**

Suppose that you are about to open a company that produces paint. You have built two production plants (P1 and P2) to supply the demands of three nearby cities (C1, C2, and C3), but you still need to decide how much production capacity (in tons) you should assign to each plant.

The figure below indicates the expected demand in each city (in tons). Also, the figure indicates (in parenthesis) the unitary flow cost (dollars per ton) and the maximum capacity (in tons) associated with each arc (respectively).



- 3.1. (5 points) Considering the information given, how much production capacity should be given to plants P1 and P2, so that the final paint distribution cost is minimized?

Production capacity of P1: \_\_\_\_\_ tons

Production capacity of P2: \_\_\_\_\_ tons

- 3.2. (5 points) What is the optimal distribution cost for this problem?

\_\_\_\_\_ USD

- 3.3. (10 points) Construct and solve the associated dual problem. Create a table to indicate the values of each dual variable found and discuss their meaning in the context of the original problem.

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