

64-195

RoboCup Project

Guidelines for the written report



University of Hamburg
Faculty of Mathematics, Informatics and Natural Sciences
Department of Informatics
Technical Aspects of Multimodal Systems

Winter 2014/2015

Overview

What is expected from you?

- ▶ Submission of a written report (15-20 pages long)
- ▶ A group of two → 15 pages, a group of three → 20 pages
- ▶ Each group member's contribution should be made clear

- ▶ It is strongly suggested to use the Springer LNICST template
- ▶ Submission deadline: End of February, 2015
- ▶ Please submit the report to: erichter@inf...

Springer LNICST template

Get the template from:

`tams.informatik.uni-hamburg.de/people/erichter/doc/
misc/robocup_lnicst_template.tar.gz`

The archive contains an example document to get you started

For further reference please visit:

`ftp.springer.de/pub/tex/latex/lnicst/author`

Structure of your report

You should structure your report according to the following format

- ▶ Title
- ▶ Authors
- ▶ Abstract
- ▶ Introduction / Literature review
- ▶ Main text / Methodology
- ▶ Results / Discussion
- ▶ Summary / Conclusions
- ▶ References
- ▶ Appendices [optional]

General suggestions

- ▶ Do not exceed the page limit
- ▶ Choose a representative title (it does not have to be a very short one)
- ▶ Be economic and concise with the use of language
- ▶ Use visual (figures) and structural (lists, tables) tools to present complex data
- ▶ Use cross-references to avoid redundancy
- ▶ **Beware:** Don't use a tool because you can - use it only if it helps you to convey information

Abstract

- ▶ Use the abstract section to provide a '*teaser*' for the contents of your report
- ▶ Do not attempt to write a review or summary
- ▶ Be concise: Your abstract should have 200 words or less (do not use more than 250 words)

Introduction / Literature review

- ▶ Outline of underlying concepts
- ▶ Brief summary of relevant theoretical background knowledge
- ▶ Review of existing (published) work relevant for your topic(s)
- ▶ Motivate the reader for the issue(s) you are trying to solve
- ▶ Explain why your work (your approach) is necessary

Main text / Methodology

What did you do and how did you do it?

- ▶ Methods
- ▶ Design
- ▶ Implementation

- ▶ Do not include every possible detail and avoid redundancy
- ▶ Use subsections to emphasize certain aspects/components of your work - **but do not overuse them!**
- ▶ **Avoid** the passive voice: **Y was done by X**, **use** the active voice: **X did Y**

Results / Discussion

- ▶ Present your results in a logical sequence
- ▶ Highlight the importance of your results and explain your analysis methodology
- ▶ Discuss the results you infer from your work
- ▶ **Important:** Adopt a critical approach in your discussion
- ▶ Do not oversell your results - put the advantages first, but don't forget to mention the shortcomings!

Summary / Conclusions

- ▶ Be more informative than your abstract!
- ▶ Include a concise version of your discussion
- ▶ Highlight what you found out
- ▶ Highlight the problems you encountered
- ▶ Explain how your results support your conclusions!

- ▶ Provide suggestions for future research and briefly outline how suggested research can be attempted
- ▶ **Important:** Make this section readable

References

- ▶ Very important section of your report
- ▶ **If you used external information/results ⇒ Provide a reference!**
- ▶ References will help the reader understand the basis of your work and provide context for comparison
- ▶ Use of references might also help you to be more concise
- ▶ There are several types of reference
 - ▶ Book
 - ▶ Journal article
 - ▶ Conference publication
 - ▶ Web site
- ▶ Web sites are usually unchecked sources - **be careful!**

Appendices

- ▶ Appendices are optional - if you can avoid them, don't use them!
- ▶ However: Appendices *do* help to minimize reader effort for the main text, providing relevant information if required
- ▶ Use appendices for background material and data, source code listings or raw data (e.g. sensor data)

Figures, Graphs and Tables

- ▶ Make sure that all figures, graphs etc. are properly labeled and have a caption
- ▶ A neat hand drawn figure/diagram is preferable to a poorly made computer diagram, or a low resolution image copied from the web
- ▶ Use long descriptive captions
- ▶ Very good approach to minimize reader effort