

## Lab 6.4 – Implement a Map using an ArrayList in Java

### Learning Goals

- 1) Develop your understanding of a map data structure.
- 2) Develop your ability to implement objects composed of other objects.

### Background

A **list** is useful for storing sequential data.

A **map**, in contrast, is useful for storing key, value pairs. For example, we can store a student's grade information using their name as a key.

Maps are a fundamental data structure available in all modern languages. They are called dictionaries in Python and are defined by {} in JSON documents.

The Java language provides robust support of **maps** through `java.util.Map`.

In this series of assignments, you will implement `bca.util.BCAMap`, a slightly simplified version of `java.util.Map`. (The primary simplifications being that `bca.util.Map` requires the key to be a `String` and does not support generics.)

### Your Task

The interface **`bca.util.BCAMap`** has been defined.

Your task is to implement this interface with the class **`BCAMapByArrayList`**.

**`BCAMapByArrayList`** should have a single member variable **`BCAArrayList list`**.

You will need a supporting class, which we will create together, called `BCAEntry`. Instances of `BCAEntry` will be stored in the list, maintaining the correspondence between the key,value pairs.

Specifications for the methods of **`BCAMapByArrayList`** are provided in **`bca.util.BCAMap`**.

### Testing

**`bca.util.BCAMapTest`** provides a basic set of test cases to verify the accuracy of your implementation.