Why you should contract test your Microservices

Agenda

- Introduction to Microservices
- How Contract Testing Works
- Comparison with Traditional testing
- Introduction to Pact.io
- Closing Thoughts



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 - o edX/2U
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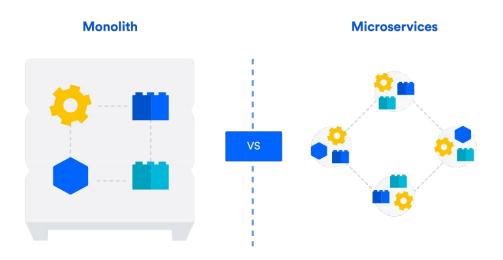


syed-muhammad-dawoud-sheraz-ali



Microservices

- Highly maintainable and testable
- Loosely coupled
- Independently deployable
- Owned by small teams





Microservices Architecture Industry Examples













Pros vs Cons

- Continuous Delivery
- Small in size
- Fault isolation/tolerance
- Commitment to a tech-stack

- Increased complexity of <u>Communication</u>
- Infrastructure management
- Integration Testing Challenges





https://twitter.com/elonmusk/status/1632810081497513993?s=20



Contract Testing

"Contract tests assert that **inter-application messages** conform to a **shared understanding** that is **documented in a contract**. Without contract testing, the only way to ensure that applications will **work correctly together** is by using expensive and brittle integration tests." - Pact.io



Contract Testing

- "Contract testing is a technique for testing an integration point by checking each application in isolation to ensure the messages it sends or receives conform to a shared understanding that is documented in a "contract"." Pact.io
- Message types
 - HTTP communication → HTTP requests and responses
 - \circ Queue \rightarrow Events



```
"name": "Dummy",
"age": 30,
"city": "Barcelona",
"gender": "Male",
"active": true,
"country": "Spain"
Provider API
response
```

{
 "name": "Dummy",
 "age": 30
}

Consumer

requirement

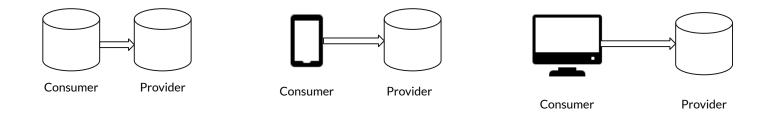
Contract tests will only assert the name and age fields

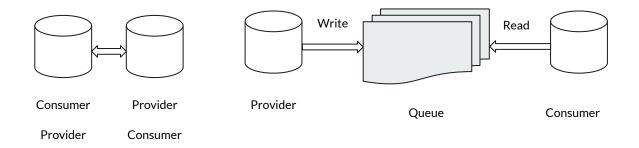


Important Terms

- Consumer: An application/service that uses data/functionality from another service(s)
 - \circ HTTP \rightarrow Application that initiates the request
 - Queues → Application reading from queue
 - Events → Application receiving the event
- Provider: An application/service that provides the data/functionality for another service(s)
 - HTTP → Application that returns the response
 - Queues → Application writing to the queue
 - Events → Application sending the event









Important Terms

- Interaction (HTTP)
 - An expected request by the consumer
 - A minimal expected response by the provider containing only the data that consumer requested
- Contract
 - Collection of interactions between a provider and a consumer
 - o Each interaction in the contract is unique and independent



Consumer Driven Contract Testing

- 1. Contract/Pact is created by "Consumer" application that contains the "interactions" with a "Provider" application
- 2. Consumer generated contract is verified against provider by replaying the interactions against Provider



Generating the Contract(s): Consumer Tests

- Written as part of Consumer unit tests
- Interactions are registered when writing contract tests against a Mock Provider service
- During execution, unit tests emit a real request to Mock Provider
- Mock Provider compares the incoming request with registered request in interaction
- Upon match, return the registered response



Generating the Contract(s): Consumer Tests

Consumer test

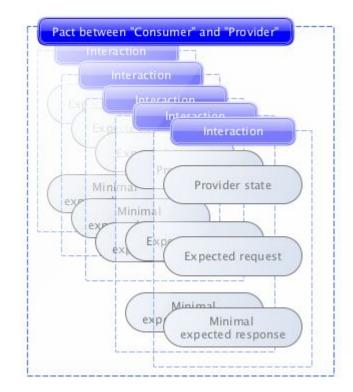
- Provided an User account exists
- Upon receiving a request for account
- With request GET /api/account/1
- Respond with {"account owner": "Dummy"}

Interaction

- If an user account exists
- GET /api/account/1
- Return {"account_owner": "Dummy"}



Consumer Test Output

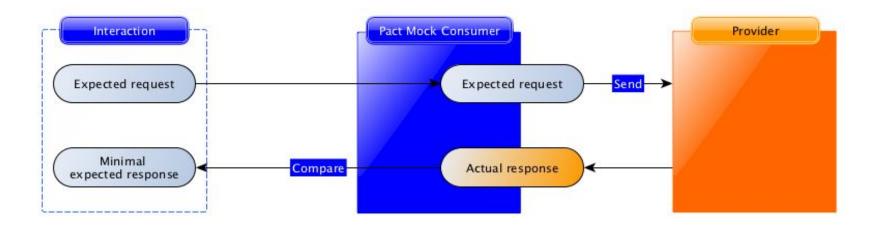




Verifying the Contract: Provider Verification

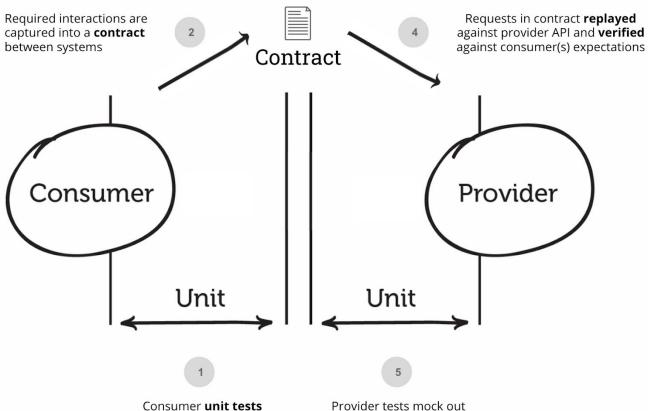
- Replay each interaction from contract against an actual provider
- Compare the response from provider with the expected minimal response in interaction
- Contract will be verified once every interaction is replayed successfully







Contract is **shared** amongst teams to enable collaboration, using tools like Pactflow



its behaviour against

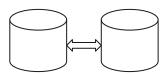
provider mock

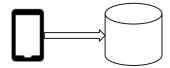


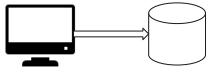
Provider tests mock out any other systems, so it can be **tested in isolation**

When to Contract Test

• 2 or more services, communicating with each other









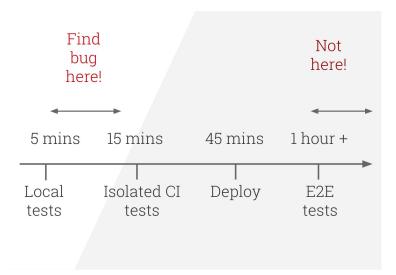
Need for Contract Testing in MicroServices

- Integration and communication → Backbones of Microservices architecture
- E2E/Integration testing requires infrastructure to be setup for "communication integration testing"
- Infrastructure setup is expensive in both time and resources
 - o Can't set the house on fire to test smoke alarm



Need for Contract Testing in MicroServices

• Find integration failures prior to deployments and deployment pipeline





Comparison with Unit & E2E Testing

Unit Tests

- Individual modules/units
- Verify the side-effects
- Testing each and every scenario
- Fast execution

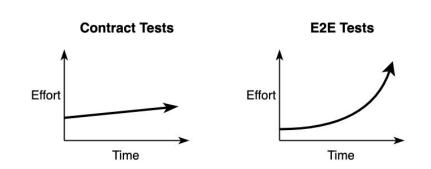
E2E Tests

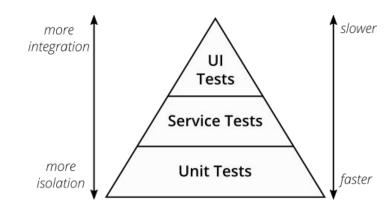
- Multiple applications/modules
- End-end user behaviors
- Time consuming
- Prone to flakiness



Comparison with Unit & E2E Testing

- Contract test sit in middle of testing pyramid
- Fast like unit tests
- Verify integration like E2E tests
- No Flakiness
- Effort to maintain does not scale exponentially







Pact.io

- Open source tool for testing HTTP and Event driven communications in Web apps
- Provides various tools and native libraries for writing consumer tests, provider verification and automating CI
 - Pact-python
 - Pact-js
 - Pact-ruby
 - Pact-swift
 - o Pact-c++
 - Pact-broker
 - Pactflow.io



pact-python: consumer tests

```
@pytest.fixture(scope='session')
def pact(request):
    pact = Consumer('pactflow-example-consumer-python').has_pact_with(
        Provider('pactflow-example-provider-python'), host_name=PACT_MOCK_HOST, port=PACT_MOCK_PORT,
       pact_dir="./pacts", log_dir="./logs")
    try:
        print('start service')
       pact.start_service()
        yield pact
   finally:
       print('stop service')
       pact.stop service()
def test_get_product(pact, consumer):
    expected = {
        'id': "27",
        'name': 'Margharita',
        'type': 'Pizza'
    (pact
     .given('a product with ID 10 exists')
     .upon_receiving('a request to get a product')
     .with_request('GET', '/product/10')
     .will_respond_with(200, body=Like(expected)))
    with pact:
        user = consumer.get_product('10')
        assert user.name == 'Margharita'
```



pact-js: consumer tests

const mockProvider = new Pact({

```
consumer: 'pactflow-example-consumer',
 provider: process.env.PACT_PROVIDER
   ? process.env.PACT_PROVIDER
   : 'pactflow-example-provider'
}):
describe('API Pact test', () => {
 describe('retrieving a product', () => {
   test('ID 10 exists', async () => {
     // Arrange
      const expectedProduct = {
        id: '10',
       type: 'CREDIT_CARD',
        name: '28 Degrees'
      // Uncomment to see this fail
      // const expectedProduct = { id: '10', type: 'CREDIT_CARD', name: '28 Degrees', price: 30.0, newField: 22}
      mockProvider
        .given('a product with ID 10 exists')
        .uponReceiving('a request to get a product')
        .withRequest({
         method: 'GET',
          path: '/product/10',
         headers: {
            Authorization: like('Bearer 2019-01-14T11:34:18.045Z')
        })
        .willRespondWith({
         status: 200,
          headers: {
            'Content-Type': 'application/json; charset=utf-8'
          body: like(expectedProduct)
      return mockProvider.executeTest(async (mockserver) => {
        const api = new API(mockserver.url):
        const product = await api.getProduct('10');
        // Assert - did we get the expected response
        expect(product).toStrictEqual(new Product(expectedProduct));
        return;
      });
    });
```



Pact-js: provider verification

```
describe('Pact Verification', () => {
  let server;
  beforeAll(() => {
   server = setupServer();
  });
  afterAll(() => {
   if (server) {
      server.close();
  });
  it('validates\ the\ expectations\ of\ any\ consumers,\ by\ specified\ consumerVersionSelectors',\ () => \{
   if (process.env.PACT_URL) {
      console.log('pact url specified, so this test should not run');
    // For 'normal' provider builds, fetch the the latest version from the main branch of each consumer, as specified by
   // the consumer's mainBranch property and all the currently deployed and currently released and supported versions of each consumer.
   // https://docs.pact.io/pact_broker/advanced_topics/consumer_version_selectors
    const fetchPactsDvnamicallvOpts = {
     provider: 'pactflow-example-provider',
      consumerVersionSelectors: [
       { mainBranch: true }.
       { deployed: true },
       { matchingBranch: true }
      pactBrokerUrl: process.env.PACT BROKER BASE URL,
      // https://docs.pact.io/pact_broker/advanced_topics/pending_pacts
     enablePending: true,
      // https://docs.pact.io/pact_broker/advanced topics/wip pacts
      includeWipPactsSince: '2020-01-01'
   };
    const opts = {
      ...baseOpts,
     ...fetchPactsDynamicallyOpts,
      stateHandlers: stateHandlers,
      requestFilter: requestFilter
    return new Verifier(opts).verifyProvider().then((output) => {
      console.log('Pact Verification Complete!'):
   });
  });
}):
```



Pact Broker

- Open source application developed by Pact maintainers
- Publish contracts and contract verification results
 - Versioning
 - Tagging
- Provides webhooks against actions:
 - Contract published
 - Provider verification published
 - Provider verification successful
 - Contract requiring verification published
- Easy to configure CI using Pact Broker



Pacts

Consumer 1	Provider ↓↑	Latest pact published	Last verified
Foo	Animals	2 minutes ago	2 days ago
Foo	Bar	7 days ago	15 days ago ▲
Foo	Hello World App	1 day ago	
Foo	Wiffles	less than a minute ago	7 days ago
Some other app	A service	26 days ago	less than a minute ago
The Android App	The back end	less than a minute ago	



Zoo App version: 1.0.0

Date published: 11/11/2014 8:56PM +11:00

Requests from Zoo App to Animal Service

View in HAL Browser

- · A request for an alligator given there is an alligator named Mary
- A request for an alligator given there is not an alligator named Mary
- · A request for an alligator given an error occurs retrieving an alligator

Interactions

Given there is an alligator named Mary, upon receiving a request for an alligator from Zoo App, with

```
"method": "get",
"path": "/alligators/Mary",
"headers": {
  "Accept": "application/json"
```

Animal Service will respond with:

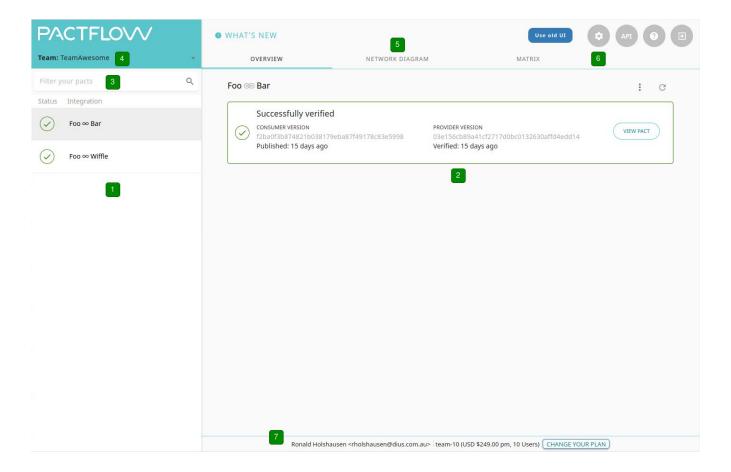
```
"status": 200,
"headers": {
  "Content-Type": "application/json; charset=utf-8"
```



Pactflow.io

- Commercial Pact broker developed and maintained by Pact (not Open source)
- Important features provided
 - o Better UX and UI
 - User account, role, and permissions management
 - Store secrets to use in Webhooks
 - API tokens
 - Audit logs of the changes
 - o SSO







Pactflow.io Dashboard

Connecting it all

- Write consumer tests with desired pact native lib to generate pact
- Write provider verification against the generated pact
- Use pact-broker or Pactflow.io to:
 - Trigger provider flow when contract is updated
 - OR Verify the contracts whenever provider is updated



Closing Thoughts

- Contract Testing is not a substitute to good team level communication
- Contract testing is not functional testing of provider
- As a consumer
 - List down which services in the ecosystem are consumed
- As a provider
 - Verify which consumer applications consume the provider service
- Next steps
 - Communicate with respective team
 - Come to an understanding why contract testing will be helpful
 - Write consumer tests or provider verification
 - Develop CI flow



Closing Thoughts

- To learn more about Pact and how to use Pact for Contract Testing
 - Join Pact foundation slack
 - Get in touch with active community members
 - o Or even provide technical open source support to pact-python or any other pact library



References

- 10 Companies that implemented the microservice architecture and paved the way for others
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References

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- https://docs.pact.io/consumer/contract tests not functional tests
- https://pactflow.io/features/
- https://pactflow.io/blog/what-is-contract-testing/?utm-source=ossdocs&utm-campaign=convince=ossdocs&utm-campaign=
- https://docs.pact.io/faq/convinceme
- https://docs.pact.io/getting_started/how_pact_works
- https://docs.pact.io/pact_broker
- https://github.com/pactflow/example-consumer-python/blob/master/tests/consumer/test_products consumer.py

