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 **jotak** Better step-by-step with comments

6dcae8e on 25 Jul

1 contributor

Raw Blame History



251 lines (177 sloc) 6.82 KB

Mesh Arena

This is a step-by-step guide to run the demo.

Slides

This demo was presented at [DevopsDday](#) in the Velodrome, Marseilles' famous stadium, and then at [RivieraDev 2019](#). Check the slides, [in French](#) (a bit outdated) or [in English](#).

Pre-requisite

- Kubernetes or OpenShift cluster running (ex: minikube 0.27+ / minishift)
- Istio with Kiali installed

Example of Istio + Kiali install:

```
curl -L https://git.io/getLatestIstio | ISTIO_VERSION=1.1.5 sh -
# Don't forget to export istio-1.1.5/bin to your path (as said in terminal output)
cd istio-1.1.5
for i in install/kubernetes/helm/istio-init/files/crd*.yaml; do kubectl apply -f $i; done
kubectl apply -f install/kubernetes/istio-demo.yaml

# Remove old Kiali:
kubectl delete deployment kiali-operator -n kiali-operator
kubectl delete deployment kiali -n istio-system

bash <(curl -L https://git.io/getLatestKialiOperator)
```

In a new terminal, you can forward Kiali's route:

```
kubectl port-forward svc/kiali 20001:20001 -n istio-system
```

Open <https://localhost:20001/kiali>

(Might be an insecure connection / invalid certificate, to allow in Chrome go to `chrome://flags/#allow-insecure-localhost`)

Install dashboards

From there: <https://github.com/kiali/kiali/tree/master/operator/roles/kiali-deploy/templates/dashboards>

```
kubectl apply -f dashboards
```

Get the yml files locally

- Clone this repo locally, `cd` to it.

```
git clone git@github.com:jotak/demo-mesh-arena.git
cd demo-mesh-arena
```

For OpenShift users, you may have to grant extended permissions for Istio, logged as admin:

```
oc new-project mesh-arena
oc adm policy add-scc-to-user privileged -z default
```

Jaeger

Tracing data generated from microservices and Istio can be viewed in Jaeger by port-forwarding `jaeger-query` service.

```
kubectl port-forward svc/jaeger-query 16686:16686 -n istio-system
```

AI service generates trace named `new_game` for each game. This way we are able to trace player's movement on the stadium.

The other interesting trace is from `ui` service called `on-start` it captures all initialization steps performed at the beginning of the game.

Deploy microservice UI

```
kubectl apply -f <(istioctl kube-inject -f ./services/ui/Deployment.yml)
kubectl create -f ./services/ui/Service.yml
kubectl apply -f mesh-arena-gateway.yaml
```

Open in browser

(Wait a little bit because port-forward?)

```
kubectl port-forward svc/istio-ingressgateway 8080:80 -n istio-system
```

Open <http://localhost:8080> in a browser.

Deploy stadium & ball

```
kubectl apply -f <(istioctl kube-inject -f ./services/stadium/Deployment-Smaller.yml)
kubectl create -f ./services/stadium/Service.yml
kubectl apply -f <(istioctl kube-inject -f ./services/ball/Deployment.yml)
kubectl create -f ./services/ball/Service.yml
```

Deploy 2x2 players

```
kubectl apply -f <(istioctl kube-inject -f ./services/ai/Deployment-2-locals.yml)
kubectl apply -f <(istioctl kube-inject -f ./services/ai/Deployment-2-visitors.yml)
kubectl create -f ./services/ai/Service.yml
```

Second ball

```
kubectl apply -f <(istioctl kube-inject -f ./services/ball/Deployment-v2.yml)
```

In this state, the usual K8S load balancer is in use. Players can't decide whether to go to ball v1 or v2.

► Kiali TIP

Ponderate ball v1 and v2

```
kubectl apply -f ./services/ball/destrule.yml  
kubectl apply -f ./services/ball/virtualservice-75-25.yml
```

Players know a little bit better where to go, but still unsure.

► Kiali TIP

Messi / Mbappé

```
kubectl apply -f <(istioctl kube-inject -f ./services/ai/Deployment-Messi.yml)  
kubectl apply -f <(istioctl kube-inject -f ./services/ai/Deployment-Mbappe.yml)
```

Two new players.

Each his ball

```
kubectl apply -f ./services/ball/virtualservice-by-label.yml
```

Now they know. Clean state.

► Kiali TIP

Reset

```
kubectl delete -f ./services/ai/Deployment-Messi.yml  
kubectl delete -f ./services/ai/Deployment-Mbappe.yml  
kubectl delete -f ./services/ball/virtualservice-by-label.yml  
kubectl delete -f ./services/ball/Deployment-v2.yml
```

Burst ball (500 errors) with shadowing

```
kubectl apply -f ./services/ball/virtualservice-mirrored.yml  
kubectl apply -f <(istioctl kube-inject -f ./services/ball/Deployment-burst.yml)
```

A new ball, v2 is deployed "for fake": all requests sent to v1 are duplicated to v2. But the players don't "know" about that: from their PoV their requests are for v1 only. They don't get responses from v2.

The new ball sometimes (randomly) returns errors. When it does so, it turns red.

► Kiali TIP

Remove shadowing, put circuit breaking

```
kubectl delete -f ./services/ball/virtualservice-mirrored.yml
kubectl apply -f ./services/ball/destinationrule-outlier.yml
```

CB is configured to evict failing workload for 10s upon error. Then it's put back into the LB pool, and will be evicted again, and again, and again.

When a ball receives no request, it turns darker. So it's grey when it's evicted by the circuit breaker.

► Kiali TIP

To clean up everything

```
kubectl delete deployments -l project=mesh-arena
kubectl delete svc -l project=mesh-arena
kubectl delete virtualservices -l project=mesh-arena
kubectl delete destinationrules -l project=mesh-arena
```