

## Practice 1a: Spring Boot Introduction, Docker Introduction

1.

Use **Spring initializr** to generate a maven project with a simple Spring Boot application.  
<https://start.spring.io/>

The screenshot shows the Spring Initializr web form. On the left, under 'Project', 'Gradle - Kotlin' is selected. Under 'Language', 'Java' is selected. Under 'Spring Boot', '3.0.2' is selected. The 'Project Metadata' section includes fields for Group (com.awbd), Artifact (lab1a), Name (lab1a), Description (Demo project for docker), and Package name (com.awbd.lab1a). Under 'Packaging', 'Jar' is selected. Under 'Java', '17' is selected. On the right, under 'Dependencies', 'Spring Web' is selected. At the bottom, there are buttons for 'GENERATE', 'EXPLORE', and 'SHARE...'. A 'ADD DEPENDENCIES...' button is also present in the top right of the dependencies section.

2.

Open the project in IntelliJ IDE: File – New Project from Existing Sources. Check java.version in pom.xml file.

```
<properties>
  <java.version>11</java.version>
</properties>
```

3.

Add new java class, Lab1Application.

```
package com.awbd.lab1a;

import org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication;
import org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.SpringBootApplication;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;

@SpringBootApplication
@RestController
public class Lab1aApplication {

    @RequestMapping("/home")
    public String home() {
        return "Hello World!!!";
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        SpringApplication.run(Lab1aApplication.class, args);
    }

}
```

**@SpringBootApplication [1][2]** annotation is a shortcut. It implicitly has the effect of adding annotations:

## Info

### @Configuration

allows to register beans in the context or import other configuration classes.

### @EnableAutoConfiguration

automatically configure Spring application based on jar dependencies. For example, if HSQLDB is on project *classpath*, and you have not manually configured any database connection beans, then Spring Boot auto-configures an in-memory H2 database.

### @ComponentScan

enable @Component scan on the package where the application is located.

**@RestController [3] [4] [5]** has the same result as adding:

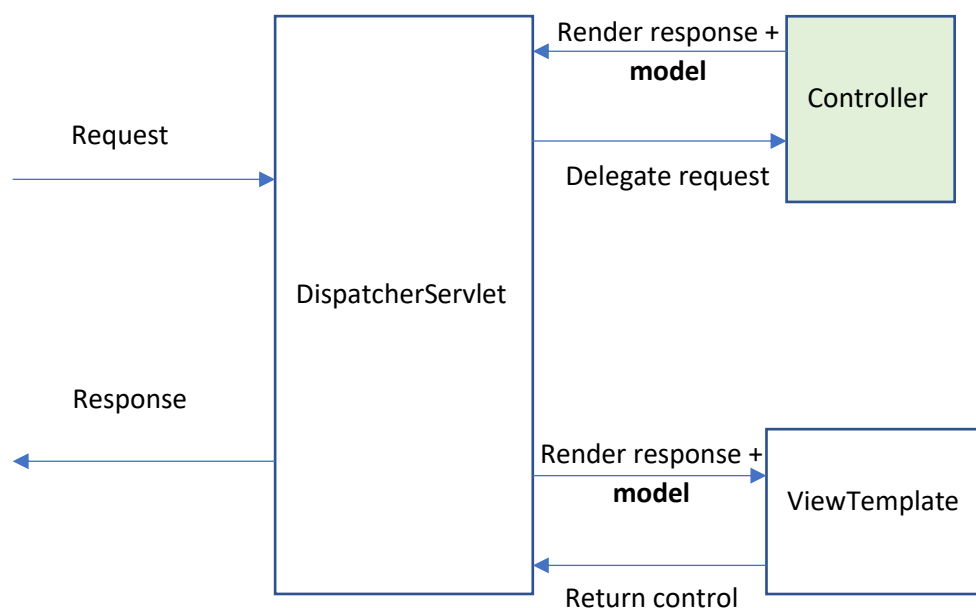
### @Controller

@Controller is more „readable“ specialization of @Component. There are two other important specializations of @Component: @Service and @Repository.

**DispatcherServlet** will scan classes annotated with @Controller, for @RequestMapping methods.

### @ResponseBody

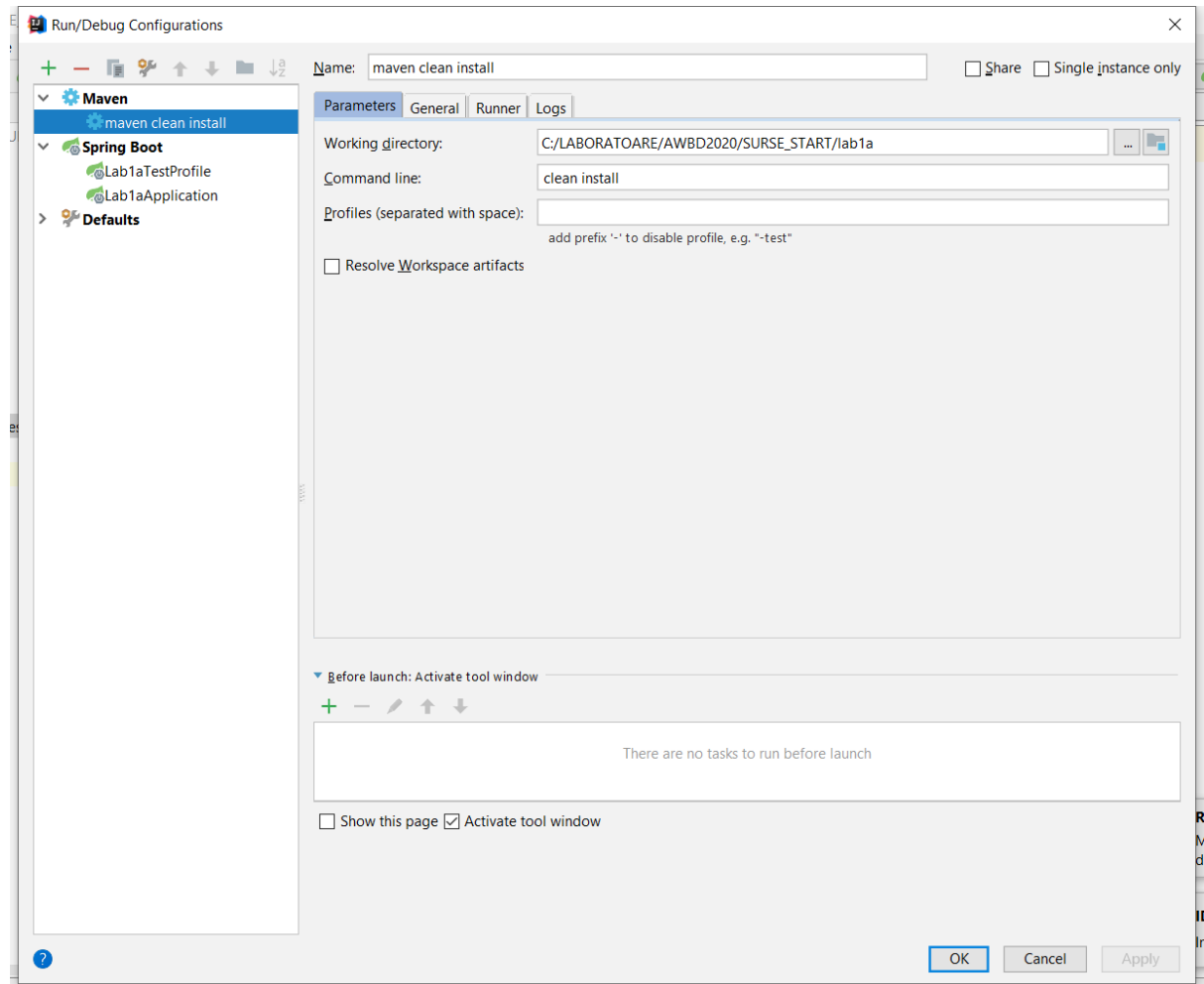
Using @RestController eliminates the need to annotate with @ResponseBody every request handling method. The @ResponseBody annotation tells a controller that the object returned by the method is automatically serialized into JSON and passed back into the *HttpResponse* object.



4.

Run the application. You may add Maven Configuration or run the default configuration. Test in browser: <http://localhost:8080/home>.

Check local repository **.m2** (C:\Users\username\.m2\repository), you should find the archive: Lab1a-0.0.1-SNAPSHOT.jar



5.

The default port for the application is 8080. Add a properties file, named application-**test**.properties, in src/main/resources. Add in application-test.properties

```
server.port=8081
```

A Lab1aTestProfile run configuration with VM options:

```
-Dserver.port=8081 -Dspring.profiles.active=test
```

Test in browser: <http://localhost:8081/home>. When no suffix is added in application.properties file name, the application runs with the profile **default**.

### Maven

Info

Optimize build, test and deploy.

Manage dependencies, plug-ins, libraries.

Automatically assures consistency between project's modules versions, keeps modules up to date.

Similar tools npm (for node projects) composer (for php projects), groovy etc.

Maven projects are defined in **POM** files -- „Project Object Model”

## POM files

### Info

Minimal configuration includes groupId, artifactId, version si modelVersion.

```
<modelVersion>4.0.0</modelVersion>
<groupId>com.awbd</groupId>
<artifactId>lab2</artifactId>
<version>0.0.1-SNAPSHOT</version>
```

POM configurations inherit “super pom” configuration or parent configuration. For instance, default value for packaging is jar:

```
<packaging>jar</packaging>
```

For parent POM value for packaging is pom.

Parent pom may include <modules>, <plugins>, <dependencies> etc.

For each project [6] in the <dependencies> sections we must provide group, id, version and

scope = compile | provided | test etc.

To check that Maven is installed [7] execute in cmd

```
>> mvn -v
```

**build lifecycle and phases:**

**Default lifecycle phases:**

**validate** check that all necessary information is available.

**compile**

**test** run unit tests.

**package** package in distribution format, .jar, .war etc.

**verify** run integration tests.

**install** install the package into the local repository.

**deploy** copies the final package to the remote repository.

Other lifecycles: **clean** (handles project cleaning), **site** (handles project documentation) [8]

### Examples

```
mvn install
```

mvn install will execute validate, compile, test, package, verify and install, i.e. all phases preceding install and phase install.

```
mvn clean install
```

Traverse every subproject and executes clean, then executes install.

**goals** maven may also execute specific tasks (goals) using plug-ins

### Example

```
mvn jar:jar
```

pack into jar

**Docker** -- toolkit for container management.

## Info

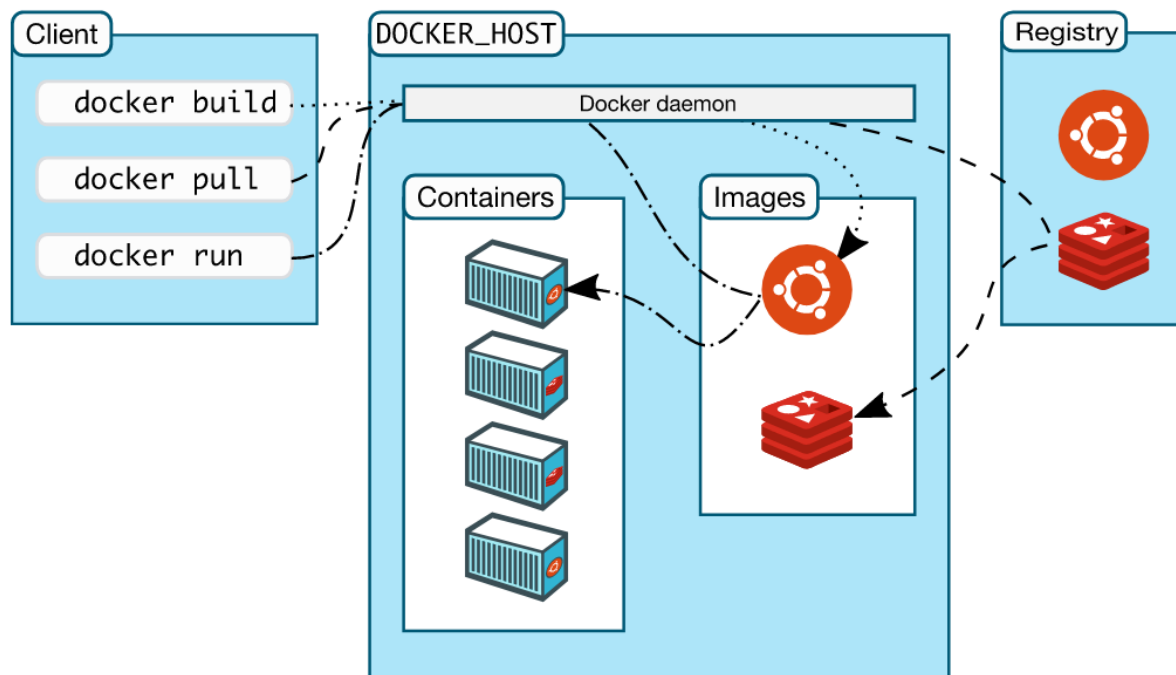
- Platform for developing, shipping, and running applications.
- Separates applications from infrastructure.
- Run on physical or virtual machines, in a data center, on cloud providers etc.
- Runs application in isolated environment, in *containers*.
- Develop, test, deploy using containers.
- CI/CD continuous integration, continuous delivery.

### Docker components:

- Server or daemon process, `dockerd` command.
- REST API interfaces to daemon.
- Command line interface, CLI client `docker` command.

### Docker objects: [11]

- Images: read-only template with instructions to create a container. Images are published in a *docker registry*. To build an image a *Dockerfile* is created, with instructions for each layer of the image. Rebuilding an image affects only those layers changed in the *Dockerfile*.
- Container: runnable instances of an image. By default, containers can connect to external networks using the host machine's network connection.
- networks, volumes etc.



## 6.

Create a docker file for the project (a file name Dockerfile).

```
FROM openjdk:17-oracle
ARG JAR_FILE=target/*.jar
COPY ${JAR_FILE} app.jar
ENTRYPOINT ["java","-jar","/app.jar"]
```

7.

Run in PowerShell (in the directory where a docker file is present) docker build and create a docker image *laborator1a*. Check all the available images using docker images.

```
>> docker build -t laborator1a .  
>> docker images
```

8.

Instantiate the image, running a container named lab1a. List all containers.  
Test in browser: <http://localhost:8080/home>.

```
>> docker run --name lab1a -p 8080:8080 laborator1a  
>> docker container ls  
>> docker stop lab1a
```

9.

Instantiate the image with the profile test on port 8081.  
Test in browser: <http://localhost:8081/home>.

```
>> docker run -e "SPRING_PROFILES_ACTIVE=test" --name lab1a_test -p 8081:8081  
laborator1a  
>> docker stop lab1a_test  
>> docker rm lab1a_test
```

## B

- [1] <https://docs.spring.io/spring-boot/docs/2.0.x/reference/html/using-boot-using-springbootapplication-annotation.html>
- [2] <https://docs.spring.io/spring-boot/docs/2.0.x/reference/html/using-boot-auto-configuration.html>
- [3] <https://docs.spring.io/spring-framework/docs/3.0.0.M4/spring-framework-reference/html/ch15s02.html>
- [4] <https://www.baeldung.com/spring-controller-vs-restcontroller>
- [5] <https://www.baeldung.com/spring-request-response-body>
- [6] <https://maven.apache.org/guides/introduction/introduction-to-dependency-mechanism.html>
- [7] <https://maven.apache.org/download.cgi>
- [8] <https://maven.apache.org/guides/introduction/introduction-to-the-lifecycle.html>
- [9] <https://docs.docker.com/installation/#installation>
- [10] <https://docs.docker.com/>
- [11] <https://docs.docker.com/get-started/overview/>