



Computer Games Development SE607

Technical Design Document

Year IV

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[Declaration form to be attached]

Table of contents

1. Introduction	2
2. Technical Design.....	2
2.1.Helper Classes, Structs.....	2-3
2.2.Utilized Classes	4-5
2.3.Algorithm Classes	5-7
2.4. UI and Game Class	8
3. Class Diagram	9
4. CRC Cards	9-12
5. Sequence diagram	14
6. References	15

1. Introduction

The objective of this project is to compare the benefits and drawbacks of using commonly used heuristic based guided pathfinding algorithms to the incremental algorithm known as Dstar Lite. This project will discuss the direct benefits of each algorithm in depth, from Astar, Dijkstras search algorithm, Lifelong Planning Astar, and the non-guided algorithm known as Depth First Search when compared to D star Lite within a game's context.

2. Technical Design

The purpose of this document is to effectively communicate the technical details and design decisions of the system/algorithm to the readers.

It could include software architecture, algorithm design, class specifications, pseudo code, etc. with tools such as UML, Class Diagram, CRC Cards.

2.1 Class Snippets: Header File

Helper classes, Structs:

<pre>static enum class WhichAlgorithm { Astar, DstarLite, LPASTAR, DIKSTRAS, DEPTH, JPS, };</pre>	<p>The Enum class called “WhichAlgorithm” which controls which algorithm is being used a certain time. This Enum class contains the name for every pathfinding algorithm in the project.</p>
<pre>static enum class GridSize { small, large, veryLarge };</pre>	<p>The Enum class called “GridSize” controls the size of the grid which is being used in the program ranging from “small” to “very Large”.</p> <p>“small” = “10x10” grid</p> <p>“Large” “50x50” grid</p> <p>“very Large” = “100x100” grid</p>
<pre>static enum class Race { yes, No };</pre>	<p>This Enum class called “Race” depicts whether you want to race the algorithms in comparison to dstar lite on a chosen path</p>

<pre>static enum class debug { On, Off };</pre>		<p>The Enum class called “debug” toggles whether the user wants to see the variable values for Dstar Lite on the screen. This is only available with the small grid size</p>
<pre>static struct ScreenSize{ static const int M_HEIGHT = 800; static const int M_WIDTH = 800; };</pre>		<p>The struct called “Screen Size” struct which controls the size of each window</p>
<pre>static enum class Mode { PLAY, TESTING };</pre>		<p>The Enum class called “Mode” which controls which mode the application is in. behaving differently depending on which one it is in</p>

2.2 Utilised Class Snippets:

```

class Cell
{
public:
    Cell();
    ~Cell();
    void render(sf::RenderWindow& t_window);
    void setStartColour();
    void setEndColour();
    void setColor(sf::Color t_color);
    void setMarked(bool t_marked);
    bool& getMarked();
    void setTraversable(bool t_traversable);
    bool& getTraversable();
    void setEndPoint(bool t_isEndpoint);
    void setStartPoint(bool t_isStartpoint);
    int& getID();
    void setID(int t_id);
    double& getGcost();
    void setGcost(double t_gcost);
    double& getHcost();
    void setHcost(double t_hcost);
    double& getRHScost();
    void setRHScost(double t_rhs);
    bool& GetRisenBool();
    void setRisenBool(bool t_isRisen);
    void raiseCost(double t_raise);
    void setHeight(int t_w);
    int& getHeight();
    sf::Vector2f& getPos();
    void setPos(sf::Vector2f t_pos);
    sf::RectangleShape& getRect();
    void initRect(int t_c);
    Cell* GetPrev();
    void setPrev(Cell* t_prev);
    std::list<Cell*>& getNeighbours();
    void setNeighbours(Cell* t_neighbour);
    std::list<Cell*>& getPredecessors();
    void setPredecessors(Cell* t_neighbour);
    void setFcost(double t_fcost);
    double& getFcost();
    bool& getJumpPoint();
    void setJumpPoint(bool t_b);
    double m_Gcost=8;
    double m_Hcost;
    double m_RHScost;
    double m_Fcost;
    float Xpos;
    float Ypos;
    int m_weight;
    bool isInOpenList = false;
    std::pair<double, double> &getWay();
    void setWay(double t1, double t2);
    std::pair<double, double> m_way;
    sf::Text m_rhsText;
    sf::Text m_GcostText;
    sf::Text m_WayText;

```

```

private:
    bool m_marked;
    bool m_isEndpoint;
    bool m_isStartpoint;
    bool m_traversable;
    bool isJumpPoint = false;
    int m_ID;
    bool m_HcostRisen;
    bool m_HcostLowered;
    sf::Vector2f m_pos;
    sf::RectangleShape m_rect;
    Cell* prev;
    std::list<Cell*> m_neighbour;
    std::list<Cell*> m_predecessors;

```

Public variables of Cell Class

the header file for the Cell(node) which has all the current functions in use.

Private variables to Cell Class

```
class Grid
{
    sf::Font m_font;

    // just used for cell setup in grid
    Cell *ptrCell;

    // grid size values
    int MAX_CELLS;
    int numberOfRows;
    int numberOfCols;

```

private member variables of the grid class

```
public:
    Grid();
    ~Grid();

    void setMAXCELLS( int t_cellCount);
    void setColumns( int t_colCount);
    void setRows( int t_rowCount);

    int& getMAXCELLS();
    int& getNumberOfRows();
    int& getNumberOfCols();

    // function that uses the id of a cell to return a ptr to the actual cell
    Cell* atIndex(int t_id);

    // the grid itself
    std::vector<std::vector<Cell>> m_theTableVector;

    // if start and endpoints for algorithms are chosen these two are modified
    bool m_startPosChosen = false;
    bool m_endPosChosen = false;

    const double M_INFINITY = std::numeric_limits<int>::max() / 10;

    // sets the neighbours/successors of a cell
    void setNeighbours(Cell* t_cell);

    // sets the predecessors of a cell
    void setPredecessors(Cell* t_cell);

    // sets up the grid and necessary values for cells
    void setupGrid(int t_count);

    void render(sf::RenderWindow & t_window);

    //calculates the heuristic value of the the cells inputed
    double heuristic(Cell* c1, Cell* c2);

```

public members of the Grid class

2.3, 2.4 Algorithm's Classes: + UI and Game Class

```
/// <summary>
/// compares the first key against the second to return the smallest
/// if there is a tie between the two, it will return the higher in the priority queue
/// </summary>
///
class DstarKeyComparer {
public:
    bool operator()(const Cell* a, const Cell* b) const {
        if (a->m_key.first > b->m_key.first) {
            return true;
        }
        else if (a->m_key.first == b->m_key.first && a->m_key.second > b->m_key.second) {
            return true;
        }
        else {
            return false;
        }
    }
};

```

Functor used in Dstar Lite

```
class DstarLite
{
    //k_m = key modifier
    // it accounts for the moving of the start node which in turn would change the heuristic of further
    // away nodes if this did not account for that change
    float k_m;

    // timer for dstar
    sf::Time dStarLiteTimer;

    // termination condition
    bool dstarGoalFound = false;

```

Private members of the Dstar Lite Class

```

// returns the timer for DFS
sf::Time& getTimer();

// returns the termination condition
bool& getDStarPathFound();

// priority queue tracks nodes which are being investigated
std::priority_queue<Cell*, std::vector<Cell*>, DstarKeyComparer> U_pq;

// the main function which handles moving of the start node and obstacle handling
void DstarLiteMain(Cell* t_finalGoal, Cell* t_StartCurr, Grid* t_grid);

// updates the costs of each node accordingly depending on the type of inconsistency
void updateVertex(Cell* currentCell, Cell* t_finalGoal, Grid* t_grid);

// computes the shortest path and checks what type of inconsistency is the node or if it is consistent
void ComputeShortestPath(Cell* t_start, Cell* t_StartCurr, Grid* t_grid);

// initializes the variables for dstar
void initDstar(Cell* t_finalGoal, Cell* t_StartCurr, Grid* t_grid);

// calculates the key for dstar
std::pair<double, double> calculateDstarKey(Cell* t_StartCurr, Cell* t_finalGoal, Grid* t_grid);

// s_last used to keep track of robots position on the grid
Cell* s_last;

```

Public members of the Dstar Lite Class

```

/// <summary>
/// compares the fcost of cell 1 against cell 2's f cost to return the lower of the two
/// this functor is used for astar to return the better f cost
/// </summary>
class CostDistanceValueComparer
{
public:
    bool operator()(Cell* t_n1, Cell* t_n2) const
    {
        return (t_n1->getGcost() + t_n1->getHcost()) > (t_n2->getGcost() + t_n2->getHcost());
    }
};

```

Functor used in “Astar”.

```

class Astar
{
//astar
// this is the timer used to calculate the time until completion of the algorithm
sf::Time m_Astartimer;
// bool to control if the algorithm is done
bool AstarDone = false;

public:
// returns the timer
sf::Time& getTimer();

//returns the termination condition
bool &getIfDone();

// initializes the astar grid
void AstarInit(Cell* t_finalGoal, Cell* t_StartCurr, Grid* t_grid);
// computes the shortestPath for the astar search
std::stack<Cell*> computeShortestPath(Cell* t_start, Cell* t_goal, Grid* t_grid);

    std::stack<Cell*> m_stack;
// constructor
Astar();
//destructor
~Astar();
};

```

“Astar” class as declared in the header file

```

/// <summary>
/// compares the first key against the second to return the smallest
/// if there is a tie between the two it returns the higher in the priority queue
/// </summary>
class KeyComparer {
public:
    bool operator()(const Cell* a, const Cell* b) const {
        if (a->m_key.first < b->m_key.first) {
            return true;
        }
        else if (a->m_key.first == b->m_key.first && a->m_key.second < b->m_key.second) {
            return true;
        }
        else {
            return false;
        }
    }
};

```

Functor used in “LpaStar”

<pre> class LpaStar { // the clock for timer sf::Clock m_clock; //h_m is the maximum cost per move allowed and eps being the is an estimate on the cost to go to the goal const float EPS = 2.0f; // h_m is the key modifier a value that changes as the search progresses float M_M; // the timer for lpa star tracks timer to completion sf::Time m_LpaStarTimer; // termination condition bool m_PathFound = false; public: // sets the bool for termination back to false void setTerminationCondition(bool t_bool); // returns the timer for DFS sf::Time getTimer(); // returns the termination condition bool& getLpaStarPathFound(); //initialises variables for lpaStar void initLpaStar(Cell* t_start, Cell* t_goal, Grid* t_grid); // lpa star function finds the path void LpaStar(Cell* t_start, Cell* t_goal, Grid* t_grid); // update the values of each node or vertex void updateNode(Cell* node, Cell* Goal, Grid* t_grid); //calculates the key of each node std::pair<double, double> calculateKey(Cell* s, Cell* t_goal, Grid* t_grid); // default constructor LpaStar(); // default destructor ~LpaStar(); }; </pre>		<p>“LpaStar” class as declared in the header file</p>
<pre> /// <summary> /// compares the Gcost of cell 1 against cell 2's Gcost to return the lower of the two /// this functor is used for dijkstras search to return the lower g cost /// </summary> class GCostComparer { public: bool operator()(Cell* t_n1, Cell* t_n2) const { return (t_n1->getGcost()) > (t_n2->getGcost()); } }; class Dijkstras { bool m_dijkstrasPathFound = false; sf::Time m_DijkstrasTimer; public: // returns the timer for DFS sf::Time& getTimer(); // returns the termination condition bool& getDijkstrasPathFound(); void computeShortestPath(Cell* t_start, Cell* t_goal, Grid* t_grid); Dijkstras(); ~Dijkstras(); }; </pre>		<p>Functor used in “Dijkstra’s” search algorithm.</p> <p>“Dijkstra’s” Class as declared in the header file</p>
<pre> #include "Cell.h" class DepthFirstSearch { bool m_depthGoalFound = false; sf::Time m_depthFirstSearchTimer; public: // returns the timer for DFS sf::Time& getTimer(); // returns the termination condition bool& getDepthFound(); // computes the path for depth first search void computeShortestPath(Cell* t_curr, Cell* t_goal, Grid* t_grid); // constructor DepthFirstSearch(); // destructor ~DepthFirstSearch(); }; </pre>		<p>“Depth First Search” Class as declared in the header file.</p>

```

#include "SFML/Graphics.hpp"
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include "algorithmSwitcher.h"
#include "Grid.h"
#include "Cell.h"
class Menu
{
    GridSize m_gridSwitcher;
    WhichAlgorithm m_slgSwitcher;
    Race m_raceDecider=Race::No;
    debug m_debugDecider=debug::Off;

    sf::RectangleShape m_rect;
    std::vector<sf::RectangleShape> m_rectVec;

    sf::Font m_font;
    sf::Text m_text[13];

public:
    Menu();
    ~Menu();

    WhichAlgorithm& getalg();

    Race& getRaceStatus();
    debug& getdebugStatus();
    std::vector<sf::RectangleShape> getVec();

    GridSize& setGridSize(sf::RenderWindow & t_windowTwo, Grid & t_grid, Grid& t_gridTwo, Cell *t_cell);

    void render(sf::RenderWindow& t_window);
    void update(sf::Time t_deltaTime);
};

```

“Menu” class as declared in the header file.

```

class Game
{
public:
    Game();
    ~Game();

    WhichAlgorithm m_switcher;
    GridSize m_gridSizeState;
    Race m_raceState=Race::No;
    debug m_debugState=debug::Off;
    Astar m_astar;
    Dijkstras m_dijkstras;
    DepthFirstSearch m_depthFirstSearch;
    DstarLite m_dStarLite;
    LpaStar m_lpaStar;

    void run();

private:

```

Public members to class “Game”, as declared in the header file.

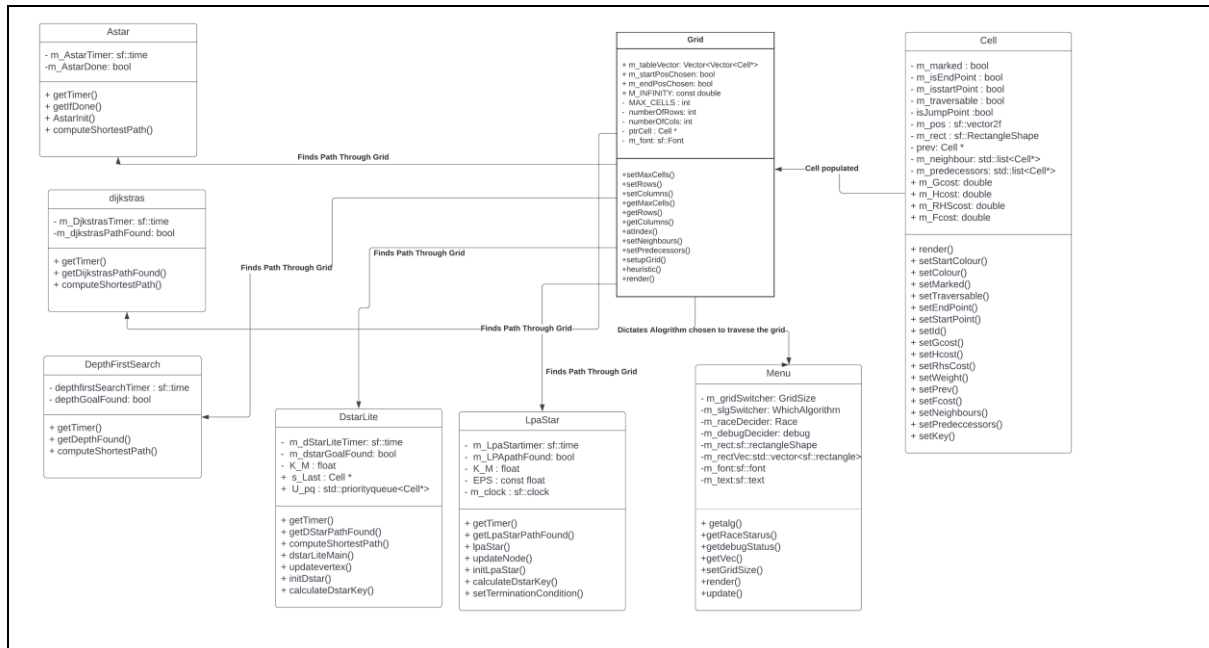
```

private:
    void PlayMode();
    void TestingMode();
    bool SrtChosen = false;
    bool EndChosen = false;
    bool m_exitGame;
    Cell* tempsEnd;
    Cell* tempstart;
    Cell* tempstartTwo;
    Cell* tempsEndTwo;
    Cell *m_cellVAR;
    std::stack<Cell*> AstarStack;
    Menu m_menu;
    Grid m_grid;
    Grid m_gridTwo;
    sf::RenderWindow m_window;
    sf::RenderWindow m_windowTwo;
    sf::RenderWindow m_windowAstar;
    ofstream outputData;
    Mode m_mode=Mode::PLAY;
    int startCell;
    int startCellTwo;
    int EndCell;
    int EndCellTwo;
    void processEvents();
    void processKeys(sf::Event t_event);
    void processMouseInput(sf::Event t_event);
    void update(sf::Time t_deltaTime);
    void render();
};

```

Private members to class “Game”, as declared in the header file.

3. Class Diagram:



4. CRC Cards:

Grid	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">Controls the size of grid, and holding onto information of the cells within the grid	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Cell

Game	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">controls the game loop and use of an algorithm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">WhichAlgorithmGridSizeRaceDebugAstarDijkstrasDepthFirstSearchDstarLiteLpaStarCellGridMode

Menu	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">controls the selection of each algorithmControls the decision to race each algorithmControls the decision to see debug options on algorithms	<ul style="list-style-type: none">WhichAlgorithmRaceDebugGridSize

Astar	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">Computes the shortest path using the Astar algorithm and returns the path for the robot to follow	<ul style="list-style-type: none">CellGrid

DstarLite	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> calculates the optimal path from two chosen points on the grid and returns the path for the robot to follow 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cell Grid

Dijkstras	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> calculates the optimal path between two points on the grid and returns the path for the robot to follow 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cell Grid

DepthFirstSearch	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> finds a path to the goal from two chosen points on the grid 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cell Grid

LpaStar	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> calculates the optimal path from two chosen points on the grid and returns the path for the robot to follow 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cell Grid

Cell	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> instantiates the Cell with all of the necessary values required returns all of the values required 	

ScreenSize	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> controls the size of the screen using public const int variables 	

Mode	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> an enum class which depicts which mode the application is in 	

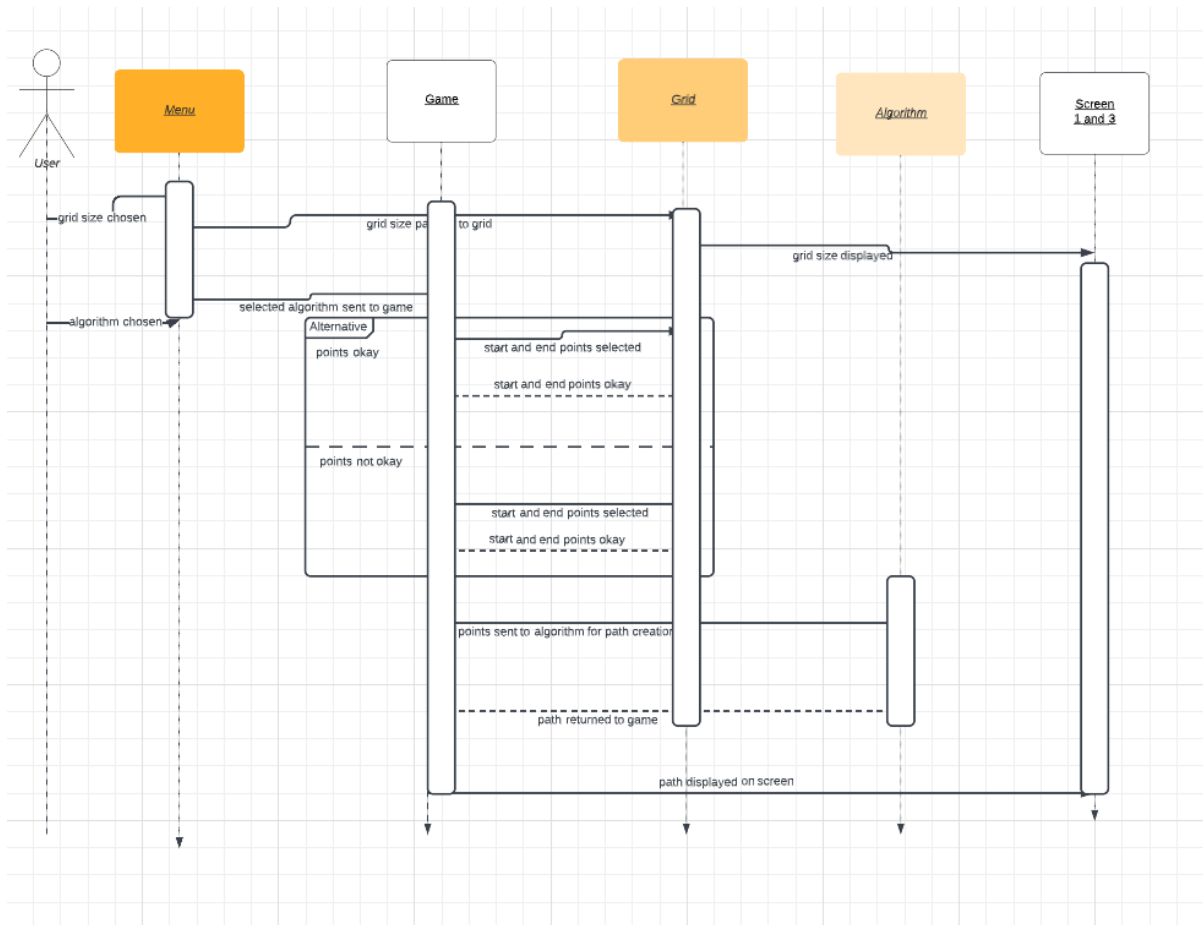
debug	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> enum class which controls is the application is in debug mode or not 	

Race	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> enum class which controls is the algorithms are going to race or not 	

GridSize	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> enum class which controls the size of the grid 	

WhichAlgorithm	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> enum class which controls what algorithm is being used to find a path from two chosen points on the grid 	

5.0 Sequence diagram



6.0 References

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