
Bitcoin Wallet

Donal McGahon

Conor Tighe

Stephen Murphy

B.Sc.(Hons) in Software Development

MARCH 30, 2018

Final Year Project

Advised by: Gerard Harrison

Department of Computer Science and Applied Physics

Galway-Mayo Institute of Technology (GMIT)



Contents

1	Introduction	5
1.0.1	Objectives:	5
1.1	Specifications	6
1.1.1	Web application:	6
1.1.2	Database:	6
1.1.3	Server:	7
1.1.4	GitHub	7
2	Context	8
2.1	Filler	8
2.1.1	More filler	9
2.2	Filler	9
3	Methodology	11
4	Technology Review	13
4.0.1	MEAN	13
4.0.2	Mongodb:	13
4.0.3	Angular2/5:	13
4.0.4	ExpressJs:	13
4.0.5	NodeJS:	14
4.1	Other Technologies	14
4.1.1	Docker:	14
4.1.2	Github:	14
4.1.3	Bootstrap:	15
4.1.4	Blockchain:	15
4.1.5	Adobe Photoshop:	15
4.1.6	Google Fonts:	16
4.1.7	Indroduction: The rise of the first cryptocurrency . . .	16
4.1.8	Bitcoin: What is a bitcoin?	16
4.1.9	Blockchain: What is the blockchain?	17

<i>CONTENTS</i>	3
4.1.10 Applications interactions with the blockchain: API's .	18
4.2 Social Media Research	19
4.3 Platform Design	20
5 System Design	22
6 System Evaluation	23
7 Conclusion	24
8 Appendix	25

About this project

Abstract A brief description of what the project is, in about two-hundred and fifty words.

Authors Explain here who the authors are.

Chapter 1

Introduction

This chapter will outline the objectives of the project along with the scope which we plan to complete those objectives in. An analysis of each of the chapters found in this dissertation along with a summary Github repository containing the project can be found below. This application will aim to satisfy the standards for a Software Development Level 8 project by surpassing the expectation of cryptocurrency wallets currently offered online. Bitcoin has received vast media coverage in the recent months because of its record high price. This brought a lot of new attention towards the technology, but to invest in or use this decentralized currency a benchmark of software and economic knowledge must be met. The members of this group have taken it upon themselves to create an application that not only allows users to use the cryptocurrency in a practical sense, but will also educate the users about the coins and offer feature relevant to members of the bitcoin community. Proper authentication and login will be applied to the app to allowing users to easily assess there coins securely and associate relevant information to an address that will be stored in a NoSql database. Most of the technologies discussed here are emerging technologies that are not taught in the Software Development in GMIT.

1.0.1 Objectives:

- Make the UI user friendly and appealing to new users of Bitcoin.
- Educate user on the technology bitcoin and how it works, display real time value.
- Strong authentication that's simple to use yet secure so users will trust us with their coins.

- Google Maps integration to show users bitcoin related locations like exchanges or stores that accept the currency.
- Use QR codes to easily send and receive coins.

1.1 Specifications

1.1.1 Web application:

- Receive bitcoin from external wallets at any time.
- Send bitcoin to external wallets at a fast and efficient rate using.
- Allow users to see their balance displayed clear and aesthetically.
- Google maps page show related bitcoin locations.
- Bitcoin price display showing the current value and related stats.
- Create new user.
- Log in.
- Log out.
- Update user details.
- QR Code integration.
- Delete user.
- Display related bitcoin news.
- Information pages to educate different bitcoin users.

1.1.2 Database:

- Should store user details.
- Should store bitcoin address.
- Should store contacts.

1.1.3 Server:

- Provide secure routes for users.
- Authenticate users.
- Send requests received from web app to database.
- Receive and forward database responses to web app.

1.1.4 GitHub

The GitHub repository for the project can be found here at <https://github.com/Smurfgalway/Final-Year-Project-Applied-Diss>, the section below explains contents of the repository.

Github stuff listed here when done...

Chapter 2

Context

- Provide a context for your project.
- Set out the objectives of the project
- Briefly list each chapter / section and provide a 1-2 line description of what each section contains.
- List the resource URL (GitHub address) for the project and provide a brief list of the main elements at the URL.

2.1 Filler

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam mi enim, interdum ut elit lobortis, bibendum tempus diam. Etiam turpis ex, viverra tristique finibus nec, feugiat at metus. Curabitur tempus gravida interdum. Donec ac felis a lorem scelerisque elementum. Vestibulum sit amet gravida tortor, a iaculis orci. Nam a molestie augue. Curabitur malesuada odio at mattis molestie. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Donec eu lectus eget risus hendrerit euismod nec at orci. Praesent porttitor aliquam diam, eu vestibulum nisl sollicitudin vel. Nullam sed egestas mi.

Quisque vel erat a justo volutpat auctor a nec odio. Sed rhoncus augue sit amet nisl tincidunt, vitae cursus tellus efficitur. Class aptent taciti sociosqu ad litora torquent per conubia nostra, per inceptos himenaeos. Pellentesque et auctor dui. Fusce ornare odio ipsum, et laoreet mi molestie sed. Cras at massa sit amet ipsum gravida aliquam. Nulla suscipit porta imperdiet. Fusce eros neque, bibendum sit amet consequat non, pulvinar quis ipsum.

2.1.1 More filler

Donec fermentum sapien ac rhoncus egestas. Nullam condimentum condimentum eros sit amet semper. Nam maximus condimentum ligula. Praesent faucibus in nisi vitae tempus. Sed pellentesque eleifend ante, ac malesuada nibh dapibus nec. Phasellus nisi erat, pulvinar vel sagittis sed, auctor et magna. Quisque finibus augue elit, consequat dignissim purus mollis nec. Duis ultricies euismod tortor, nec sodales libero pellentesque et. Interdum et malesuada fames ac ante ipsum primis in faucibus.

Donec id interdum felis, in semper lacus. Mauris volutpat justo at ex dignissim, sit amet viverra massa pellentesque. Suspendisse potenti. Praesent sit amet ipsum non nibh eleifend pretium. In pretium sapien quam, nec pretium leo consequat nec. Pellentesque non dui lacus. Aenean sed massa lacinia, vehicula ante et, sagittis leo. Sed nec nisl ac tellus scelerisque consequat. Ut arcu metus, eleifend rhoncus sapien sed, consequat tincidunt erat. Cras ut vulputate ipsum.

Curabitur et efficitur augue. Proin condimentum ultrices facilisis. Mauris nisi ante, ultrices sed libero eget, ultrices malesuada augue. Morbi libero magna, faucibus in nunc vitae, ultricies efficitur nisl. Donec eleifend elementum massa, sed eleifend velit aliquet gravida. In ac mattis est, quis sodales neque. Etiam finibus quis tortor eu consequat. Nullam condimentum est eget pulvinar ultricies. Suspendisse ut maximus quam, sed rhoncus urna.

2.2 Filler

Phasellus eu tellus tristique nulla porttitor convallis. Vestibulum ac est eget diam mollis consectetur. Donec egestas facilisis consectetur. Donec magna orci, dignissim vel sem quis, efficitur condimentum felis. Donec mollis leo a nulla imperdiet, in bibendum augue varius. Quisque molestie massa enim, vitae ornare lacus imperdiet non. Donec et ipsum id ante imperdiet mollis. Nullam est est, euismod sit amet cursus a, feugiat a lectus. Integer sed mauris dolor.

Mauris blandit neque tortor, consequat aliquam nisi aliquam vitae. Integer urna dolor, fermentum ut iaculis ut, semper eu lacus. Curabitur mollis at lectus at venenatis. Donec fringilla diam ac risus imperdiet suscipit. Aliquam convallis quam vitae turpis interdum, quis pharetra lacus tincidunt. Nam dictum maximus lectus, vitae faucibus ante. Morbi accumsan velit nec massa tincidunt porttitor. Nullam gravida at justo id viverra. Mauris ante nulla, eleifend vitae sem vitae, porttitor lobortis eros.

Cras tincidunt elit id nisi aliquam, id convallis ex bibendum. Sed vel

odio fringilla, congue leo quis, aliquam metus. Nunc tempor vehicula lorem eu ultrices. Curabitur at libero luctus, gravida lectus sed, viverra mi. Cras ultrices aliquet elementum. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Sed metus ante, suscipit sit amet finibus ut, gravida et orci. Nunc est odio, luctus quis diam in, porta molestie magna. Interdum et malesuada fames ac ante ipsum primis in faucibus. Mauris pulvinar lacus odio, luctus tincidunt magna auctor ut. Ut fermentum nisl rhoncus, tempus nulla eget, faucibus tortor. Suspendisse eu ex nec nunc mollis pulvinar. Nunc luctus tempus tellus eleifend porta. Nulla scelerisque porttitor turpis porttitor mollis.

Duis elementum efficitur auctor. Nam nisi nulla, fermentum sed arcu vel, posuere semper dui. Fusce ac imperdiet felis. Aenean quis vestibulum nisl. Integer sit amet tristique neque, at suscipit tortor. Morbi et placerat ante, vel molestie dui. Vivamus in nibh eget massa facilisis accumsan. Nunc et purus ac urna fermentum ultrices eget sit amet justo. Class aptent taciti sociosqu ad litora torquent per conubia nostra, per inceptos himenaeos. Cras elementum dui nunc, ac tempor odio semper et. Ut est ipsum, sollicitudin eleifend nisl eu, scelerisque cursus nunc. Nam at lectus vulputate, volutpat tellus vel, pharetra mauris. Integer at aliquam massa, at iaculis sem. Morbi nec imperdiet odio. In hac habitasse platea dictumst.

Mauris a neque lobortis, venenatis erat ut, eleifend quam. Nullam tincidunt tellus quis ligula bibendum, a malesuada erat gravida. Phasellus eget tellus non risus tincidunt sagittis condimentum quis enim. Donec feugiat sapien sit amet tincidunt fringilla. Vivamus in urna accumsan, vehicula sem in, sodales mauris. Aenean odio eros, tristique non varius id, tincidunt et neque. Maecenas tempor, ipsum et sollicitudin rhoncus, nibh eros tempus dolor, vitae dictum justo massa in eros. Proin nec lorem urna. In ullamcorper vitae felis sit amet tincidunt. Maecenas consectetur iaculis est, eu finibus mi scelerisque et. Nulla id ex varius, ultrices eros nec, luctus est. Aenean ac ex eget dui pretium mattis. Ut vitae nunc lectus. Proin suscipit risus eget ligula sollicitudin vulputate et id lectus.

Chapter 3

Methodology

About one to two pages. Describe the way you went about your project:

- Agile / incremental and iterative approach to development. Planning, meetings.
- What about validation and testing? Junit or some other framework.
- If team based, did you use GitHub during the development process.
- Selection criteria for algorithms, languages, platforms and technologies.

Check out the nice graphs in Figure 3.2, and the nice diagram in Figure ??.

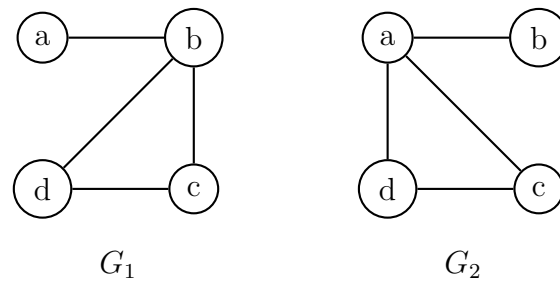


Figure 3.1: Nice pictures

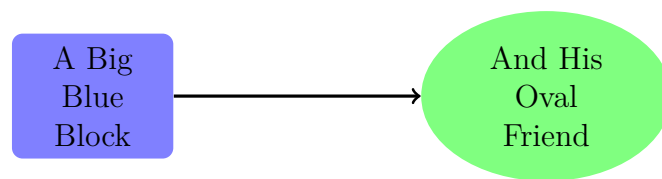


Figure 3.2: Nice pictures

Chapter 4

Technology Review

About seven to ten pages.

4.0.1 MEAN

the following four technologies are the fundamentals of a MEAN stack(Mongodb,Express,Angular,]

4.0.2 Mongodb:

This is a NoSQL database which uses schemas to store data. The structure of the schema is like the body of a JSON file. This is what we will just to store the wallet information and user details.

4.0.3 Angular2/5:

This is a Typescript framework for JavaScript and HTML that was developed by Google. We built our front-end using Angular2 by using creating Angular components to represent part of HTML that can be served dynamically resulting in a high performance and reliable UI, any version of angular can be used with the MEAN stack but we decided to use Angular2 as it offers new features since the first version. Angular2/5 is a complete framework and is not to be confused with its predecessor AngularJS a JavaScript library.

4.0.4 ExpressJs:

This is a web application framework used by NodeJS that allows JavaScript to communicate with a database, this is what we will be using to get the data in out app from the front-end to the database.

4.0.5 NodeJS:

This is a run time environment for executing server-side JavaScript. This allows us to easily install libraries and add-ons using the node package manager with the command line.

4.1 Other Technologies

4.1.1 Docker:

Docker allows developers to use containers to ship and deploy there applications to system and users worldwide without having to worry about performance varying from each individual operating system or machine that the application runs on. A container can be thought of as a small virtual machine with a low resource demand that allows the application to run in a environment it has been tested and trialed on allowing the application to run in a optimized state and reducing the chances of software bugs and errors appearing.

4.1.2 Github:

GitHub is a web-based Git or version control repository and Internet hosting service that was founded in 2008. GitHub provides both public and private repositories which are used to host open-source software projects. Public repositories are free to use but private repositories come at a fixed monthly cost. GitHub also provides a graphical user interface for Windows and Mac, GitHub Desktop App to help eliminate the use of the command line tools for managing project uploads and commits, but many others prefer using the command line tool Git for this. In addition to code, Github supports the following formats and features: Documentation, issue tracking, wikis, graphs, integration directories, email notification and PDF document viewer[1].

Some sample git commands used are as follows:

- `git clone path/to/repo`

This command allows to clone any project from your github account or any publicly available project for that matter.

- `git clone path/to/repo`

This command allows to clone any project from your github account or any publicly available project for that matter.

- `git status`
Checks the status of project once it has been cloned it shows added deleted and modifies files as well as indicates which files are tracked.
- `git add .`
Add folders or files to be tracked by github so later they can be committed and pushed on to github account.
- `git commit -a`
Makes local commit of all the changes done in folder added by previous command `git add .`
- `git push origin master`
Pushes commit (`git commit -a`) to users github account on his/her account
- `git push origin +'COMMIT ID':master`
Reverts back to the state of the repo at the desired commit

4.1.3 Bootstrap:

Bootstrap is an open-source front-end framework which allows users to generate efficient UI components fast. We decided to use Bootstrap as it lets us create a dynamic application UI that will work on mobile, tablets, desktop etc.

4.1.4 Blockchain:

This application will be closely tied to the bitcoin blockchain, a technology created by an individual or group called Satoshi Nakamoto. we will use an API to directly interacted with this decentralized public ledger allowing users to receive and send bitcoin from the application.

4.1.5 Adobe Photoshop:

Adobe Photoshop is a photo editor developed by Adobe System for Mac and Windows operating systems. Its initial release was in 1990. Adobe Photoshop is the premier photo editor used all over the world by graphic designers. From small one man teams to huge corporations Photoshop is prolifically used. This is why I chose Photoshop when choosing something to

give a custom aesthetic to our application. Photoshop offers a dynamic way to customize the looks of the icons, thumbnails and profile pictures.

4.1.6 Google Fonts:

Google Fonts is a font library API that offers over eight hundred fonts for use. It is also a interactive website that is easily browsed for finding the right font for your application or website. It helps create a dynamic UI and works across multiple platforms from mobile devices, desktop and many other devices.

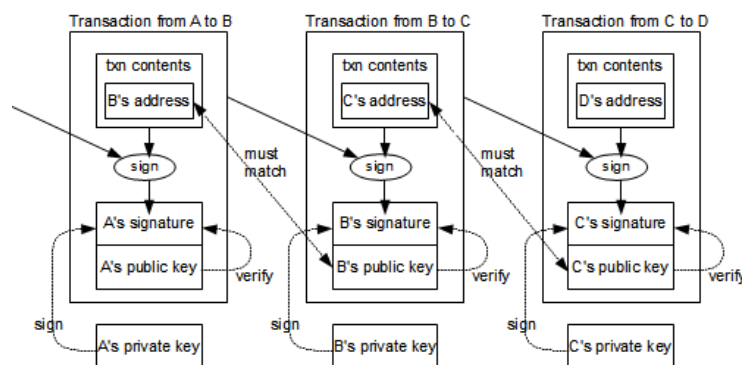
4.1.7 Indroduction: The rise of the first cryptocur-rency

On the October 31, 2008 by a computer scientist, programmer or group of programmers under the name of Satoshi Nakamoto published the first digital currency also know as the first 'cryptocurrency'. This technology attracted the attention of many because of its decentralization, meaning governments or organizations could not intervene with the blockchains distribution of bitcoins or control the currency that is bitcoin. Satoshi Nakamoto also published a research paper titled [?]'Bitcoin: A Peer-to-Peer Electronic Cash System' that explained how the system operates and functions. It explained how the miners power the system by solving a complicated mathematical equation using an input provided by the previous block and an input provided by the miners CPU. The miners would then announce the solution to the rest of the network so other miners could validate the new block and assuring the blockchains integrity. Users of bitcoin did not have to rely on outside intervention from a 3rd party for their online transactions as this mathematical proof-of-work approach eliminated the need for each person involved to give their identities to the 3rd party, allowing them to send bitcoin to other addresses or freely exchange bitcoin for goods and services and allowing the exchange of value to be taken care off by the system.

4.1.8 Bitcoin: What is a bitcoin?

A bitcoin can be thought of as a digital receipt, its really a list of locations starting at the block that generated the coin. Currently when a block is solved the miner is rewarded with a transaction fee collected from each transaction within the block along with newly generated bitcoin. This is the start of a bitcoins lifespan and each new address the bitcoin gets sent after

being generated will be recorded. Validation of the bitcoins history and location are done using a private key and public key. When someone sends a bitcoins from one address to another the user uses their public and private key to sign the transaction and then the receiver of the bitcoins compares the public key to the address listed on the transaction. Once everything is in place the transaction is placed in a block to be validated on the blockchain. If this process was to be represented as a design pattern it would look like the following.



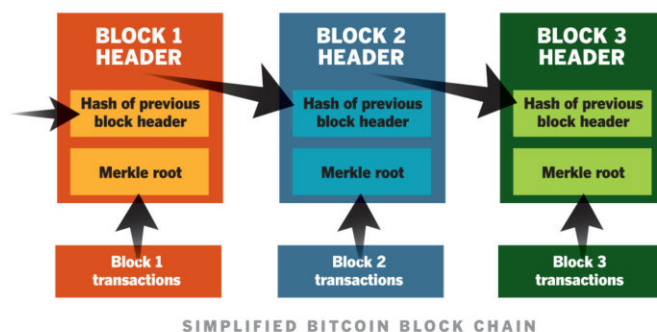
If we were to represent a bitcoin as a design pattern like the above and included the first transaction of a bitcoin from the address that generated the value all the way to the most recent exchange from the previous address to the current address would be a good representation of what a bitcoin looks like. Representing value in this digital record approach appeals to many as it doesn't require overhead administration to work along with no enforcing of policy's or rules of use by an administrator. There is no physical copy of the value meaning it is a lot harder to steal or go missing, it also does not take up space in the physical world. No validating of the exchange by a 3rd party or outside source means transactions can be a lot faster compared to there fiat counterpart. The autonomous method for creating bitcoins at a set rate until a certain amount exist gives a scarcity and value to the coin as more cannot be printed.

4.1.9 Blockchain: What is the blockchain?

The block-chain is a design pattern that came about with the creation of bitcoin, this design pattern solved a problem that plagued computer scientists during the early years of the internet. The problem was how can we have people exchange services and things of value on the internet without a middleman or overseeing power having to get involved. The blockchain works by combining the collective processing power of computer systems

worldwide in order to process transactions. These machines vary from high performance computers to groups of less effective computers known as mining pools. About every 10 minutes these computers, also known to the cryptocurrency community as "miners" will collect a bunch of pending transactions and create a unsolved block. To solve the block we take the address of the previous block and combine it with a nonce which is provided by the miner's CPU power, this this is just a newly generated hash similar to the one from the previous block. Saoshi mentions in the published paper that the two hash strings are used in a series of calculations based on Adam Back's Hashcash, a algorithm created to stop denial-of-service attacks using cryptographic hashes such as SHA1, SHA256 or SHA3. The hash that is taken as the solution is the first miner to produce a SHA256 hash that has a header starting with a specified number of 0's set by the block-chains difficulty. The block-chain difficulty fluctuates depending on the rate of blocks being produced. Below is a simplified representation of what the blockchain looks like.

With blockchain technology, each page in a ledger of transactions forms a block. That block has an impact on the next block or page through cryptographic hashing. In other words, when a block is completed, it creates a unique secure code, which ties into the next page or block, creating a chain of blocks, or blockchain.



4.1.10 Applications interactions with the blockchain: API's

Blockchain.info: This is a website that can be used to examine transactions and blocks that have been validated on the blockchain. You can also use this site to create an online wallet for storing your own bitcoins. You can apply for an API which will grant you the ability to integrate the blockchain into your application allowing you to create a wallet, send and receive bitcoins and get information on transactions. The API uses POST and GET calls to return JSON to the application which can be then used.

BlockCypher: This is another API that returns JSON to the application.

BlockCypher is for interacting with blockchains, accessed over HTTP or HTTPS from the `api.blockcypher.com` domain. One of the major pros of using this service is that it does not only offer just the bitcoin blockchain but also Ethereum, Litecoin and Dogecoin.

Coinbase API: This API is offered by the one of the most popular exchanges coinbase. This is a well established site with an API that allows you to create wallets along with sending and receiving bitcoin. This API allows you to add widgets to your application allowing users to buy bitcoin.

4.2 Social Media Research

Social media plays a crucial part in our everyday lives. Whether we like to give it that much importance it is the most prominent and hugely influential factors in our world right now. Whole business have been set up and run off the back off these social media platforms, with new revenue streams being offered thanks to their existence. More and more each day people are dependant on social media for their news instead of news outlets which then informs the users views on certain topics and products. A products reception on the social media giants like Twitter or Facebook can be make or break. A couple bad tweets, posts on Facebook or rants on YouTube can result in PR nightmares for companies and loss in revenue and stock. Social media can also be used to document users trends and habits giving vital information on what the user wants to see and where the platform is heading. Facebook and Twitters ability to document users information and habits has helped them stay on top and stick with whats trending and not fall by the way side like many other social media platforms. This also leads to targeted advertisements a users search history and likes and viewings are used to inform what else they will see on a platform. For example a common thing you may have come across is: you have searched or liked something relating to a particular television show then you open up Instagram and scroll and the first advert that pops up is merchandise relating to that television show. This happens every day and with social media AI being trained to handle your own social sphere better and better your platform and overall experience can wind up completely different to those around you.

So taking of this into account and to bring a educational crypto-currency platform to the market it is necessary to research the information and trends out there in the market and on social media. As discussed previously Social Media influences the market. Public opinion will influence the success of your product and in this day and age social media is public opinion. To Launch any sort of app these days, there Has to be some sort of social media interaction or

built in functionality. Every app these days lets you follow your friends and informs you what they are doing. Each app has a communication/messaging service between its users. FAQ services and support between the user and the developer is of the up most importance a lot of this is done through social media. Take air line's social medias often people can complain to these accounts and the issues will instantly be resolved. No company wants a negative image on social media as they know people will be swayed.

Public opinion on the topic that informs the app or the platform is based on is also hugely important. Taking this into account we can't just observe how our platform is interacts with social media and what people say about it on social media. We in fact have to look at the subject matter of our application, Bitcoin a violate crypto currency that everyone in the past year has an opinion on and has been talking about. Social media can literally affect the price of any crypto currency. From celebrities and social media personalities talking about and announcing their support or investment into a currency to people talking about the negative affects or downside of Crypto-Currencies. Bitcoin and Crypto-Currencies are a new wave and almost controversial topic. The information is out there but people aren't very well informed on the topic. With differing opinions and news flooding in on social media platforms it gets very confusing for the average person to know who to listen to and what to follow..

4.3 Platform Design

As a group Conor, Donal and I(Stephen) met regularly each week and our first plan of action was to divide the work and objectives between the 3 of us. I offered to take on some of the front end and the primary load of the aesthetics/ overall look of the project. I had previous experience in graphic design so I photo-shopped mock designs and thumbnails for the project as we went on. I familiarized myself with how the mean stack controlled its colour scheme and look through bootstrap, CSS and HTML components. I researched a lot of different style-sheets and components to make the projects UI(user interface) stand out and be intuitive. I had working design in my head that I wanted to achieve, along with receiving creative input form Conor and Donal.

I started with the aesthetic of the home page first. Making a 2 by 2 grid with 4 thumbnails that linked to different components of the project. To make this grid and to centre it I used a CSS sheet for the home component HTML page. I wanted each of these thumbnails highlight when hovered on and portray exactly what they linked to. To do so I used Adobe Photoshop

for editing and graphic design. For inspiration and templates/base images I used Google images with key words to find exactly what I was looking for. I looked at various crypto-currencies wallets, stock websites and angular apps to get a feel for how this project should look. I want to take the best aspects from each and improve on areas where I felt these other platforms could have.

Conor informed me about Google fonts. Google fonts is a font hub offered by Google offering a free download of a endless amount of varying fonts. I browsed through the website and found multiple fonts I felt would fit the idea for the look of the app. My criteria for picking a font was

Chapter 5

System Design

As many pages as needed.

- Architecture, UML etc. An overview of the different components of the system. Diagrams etc... Screen shots etc.

Column 1	Column 2
Rows 2.1	Row 2.2

Table 5.1: A table.

Chapter 6

System Evaluation

As many pages as needed.

- Prove that your software is robust. How? Testing etc.
- Use performance benchmarks (space and time) if algorithmic.
- Measure the outcomes / outputs of your system / software against the objectives from the Introduction.
- Highlight any limitations or opportunities in your approach or technologies used.

Chapter 7

Conclusion

About three pages.

- Briefly summarise your context and ob-jectives (a few lines).
- Highlight your findings from the evalua-tion section / chapter and any opportuni-ties identified.

Chapter 8

Appendix

Project Source Code Link: <https://github.com/Smurfgalway/Final-Year-Project-Applied-Diss>

Project Documentation Link: <https://github.com/Smurfgalway/Final-Year-Project-Applied-Diss/blob/master/FYP/FYP.pdf>

Bibliography

- [1] brown, “What is github, and what is it used for?” <https://www.howtogeek.com/180167/htg-explains-what-is-github-and-what-do-geeks-use-it-for/>. (Accessed on 03/30/2018).