cloud detection

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If you plan on using this implementation, please cite our work:

@INPROCEEDINGS{Grabowski2021IGARSS, author={Grabowski, Bartosz and Ziaja, Maciej and Kawulok, Michal and Nalepa, Jakub}, booktitle={IGARSS 2021 - 2021 IEEE International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium}, title={Towards Robust Cloud Detection in Satellite Images Using U-Nets}, year={2021}, note={in press}}

1 Demo of the cloud detection using U-Net architecture

This document presents the cloud detection on example Landsat 8 multispectral images using trained U-Net model. The full script can be found in cloud_detection/exp_main.py.

First, we import necessary libraries.

```
[]: import numpy as np
    from pathlib import Path
    from tensorflow import keras

from cloud_detection.models import unet
    from cloud_detection.evaluate_L8CCA import evaluate_model
    from cloud_detection.losses import (
        JaccardIndexLoss,
        JaccardIndexMetric,
        DiceCoefMetric,
        recall,
        precision,
        specificity,
)
```

Next, we set the parameters for the experiment. These parameters are the following:

- dpath path to the dataset.
- rpath path to directory where results should be stored.
- mpath path to trained model weights.
- vids tuple of IDs of images which should be used to create visualizations. If contains '*' visualizations will be created for all images in the datasets.
- eval_imgs IDs of images to evaluate.
- batch size size of generated batches, only one batch is loaded to memory at a time.
- thr threshold for determining whether pixels contain the clouds.
- learning_rate learning rate for training (needed to load the trained model).

• bn_momentum - momentum of the batch normalization layer.

We create the instance of the untrained U-Net model. Next, we load the trained weights into the model.

```
[]: model = unet(input_size=4, bn_momentum=bn_momentum)
    model.compile(
        optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(lr=learning_rate),
        loss=JaccardIndexLoss(),
        metrics=[
            keras.metrics.binary_crossentropy,
            keras.metrics.binary_accuracy,
            JaccardIndexLoss(),
            JaccardIndexMetric(),
        DiceCoefMetric(),
        recall,
        precision,
        specificity,
     ],
)
model.load_weights(mpath)
```

We create the directory to store the results of the model evaluation. Next, we evaluate the model using example Landsat 8 images. The following files are created for each image:

- gt.png image of the ground-truth cloud mask.
- pred.png image of the model prediction.
- masks.png visualisation of the model prediction. Yellow color denotes True Positives, red color denotes False Positives and purple color stands for False Negatives.
- unc.png uncertainty map, where pixels with uncertain prediction scores are marked in yellow (Note: In the case of the tested model, in most cases almost all of the pixels' prediction scores are very low or very high, which means that the map will almost always not include any yellow pixels.).

If the model's prediction Jaccard Index Metric does not exceed 0.6, the following files are also created:

- roc.html ROC curve.
- prec_recall.html precision-recall curve.

• activation_hist.html - histogram of the model's activations scores (please note the logarithmic scale).

```
[4]: rpath.mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)
metrics_L8CCA, _ = evaluate_model(
    model=model,
    thr=thr,
    dpath=dpath,
    rpath=rpath / "eval_vis",
    vids=vids,
    batch_size=batch_size,
    img_ids=eval_imgs
)
```

Processing Barren-LC81390292014135LGN00 Scene prediction took 80.25445532798767 seconds Average inference time: 80.25445532798767 seconds Creating visualisation for LC81390292014135LGN00

/home/bgrabowski/Documents/machine-learning/cloud_detection/utils.py:261: UserWarning:

artifacts/cloud_detection_demo/eval_vis/LC81390292014135LGN00/gt.png is a low contrast image

Lossy conversion from int64 to uint8. Range [0, 1]. Convert image to uint8 prior to saving to suppress this warning.

Will make insights for LC81390292014135LGN00 thr dist variance: 3.406673570986612e-06 thr dist mean: 0.35297889839746927 Optimal thr: 1.0 Processing Urban-LC80460282014171LGN00 Scene prediction took 70.27914357185364 seconds Average inference time: 75.26679944992065 seconds

Creating visualisation for LC80460282014171LGN00

/home/bgrabowski/Documents/machine-learning/cloud_detection/utils.py:261: UserWarning:

 $artifacts/cloud_detection_demo/eval_vis/LC80460282014171LGN00/gt.png is a low contrast image$

Lossy conversion from int64 to uint8. Range [0, 1]. Convert image to uint8 prior to saving to suppress this warning.

Finally, we process the output metrics to obtain the mean metrics for the model evaluation.

```
[5]: mean_metrics_L8CCA = {}
    for key, value in metrics_L8CCA.items():
        mean_metrics_L8CCA[key] = np.mean(list(value.values()))
    print(mean_metrics_L8CCA)

{'L8CCA_binary_crossentropy': 2.502019, 'L8CCA_binary_accuracy': 0.8431798,
    'L8CCA_jaccard_index_loss': 0.33403495, 'L8CCA_jaccard_index_metric': 0.665965,
    'L8CCA_dice_coeff_metric': 0.78108644, 'L8CCA_recall': 0.95701694,
    'L8CCA_precision': 0.6854487, 'L8CCA_specificity': 0.8053814,
    'L8CCA_normalized_mutual_info_score': 0.4949737413470268,
    'L8CCA_adjusted_rand_score': 0.5242536788935748}
```