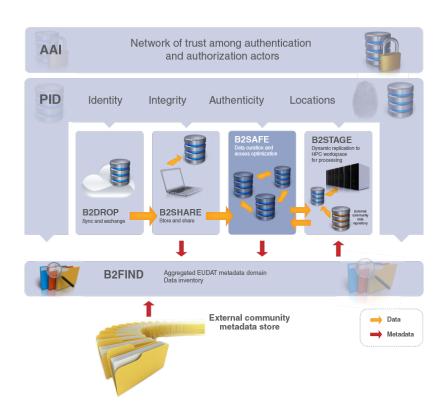


- Core data management service, rule and policy-driven data replication across domains
- Provide an abstraction layer which virtualises large-scale data resources
- Guard against data loss in long-term archiving and preservation
- Optimise access for users from different regions
- Bring data closer to powerful computers for compute-intensive analysis





Just scp - where is the problem?

How do I know in 20 years where replicas are located?

 How are the replicas related to each other, which is the original file?

 How to ensure data integrity across different sites?





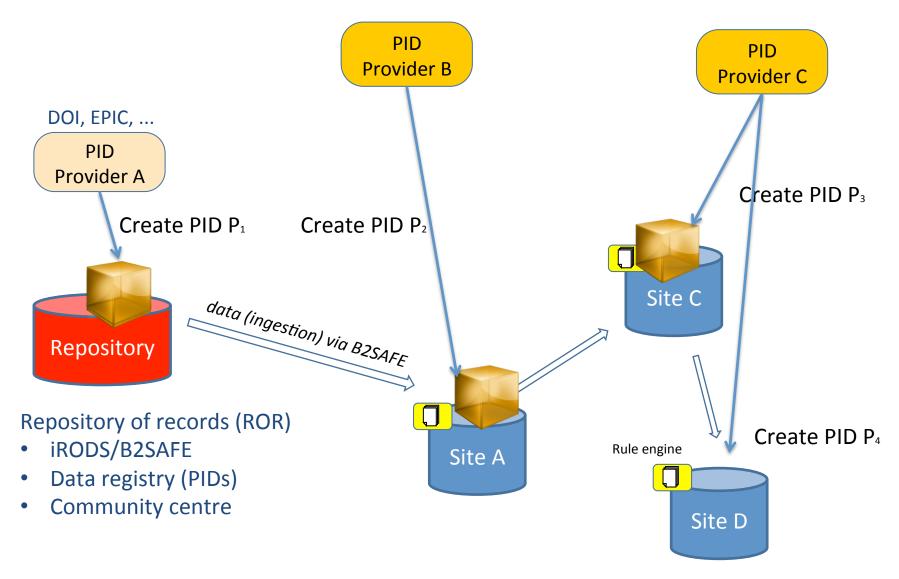
What do we need?

- Managing data replication and replicas:
 - Steer data movements across domains automatically
 - Replicate data automatically upon change to all other sites
 - Send data to specific sites for reprocessing
 - → **Policy-based** data replication and management across sites

- We need more than a simple copy mechanism
 - → scalable data registry
 - → mechanism for integrity checks
 - → managing changes of location of data

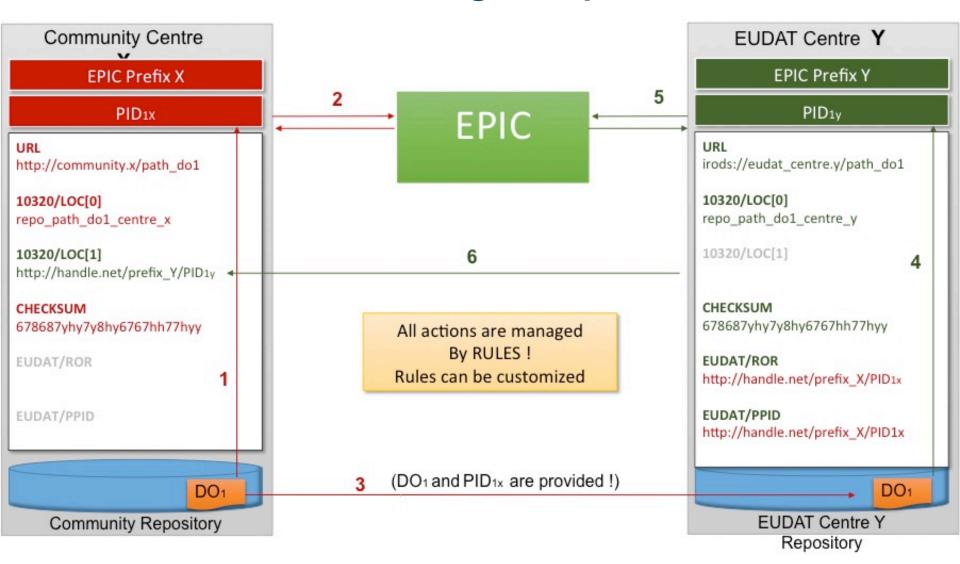


B2SAFE replication - Joining





Linking of replicas





Example: PID entries for replicas

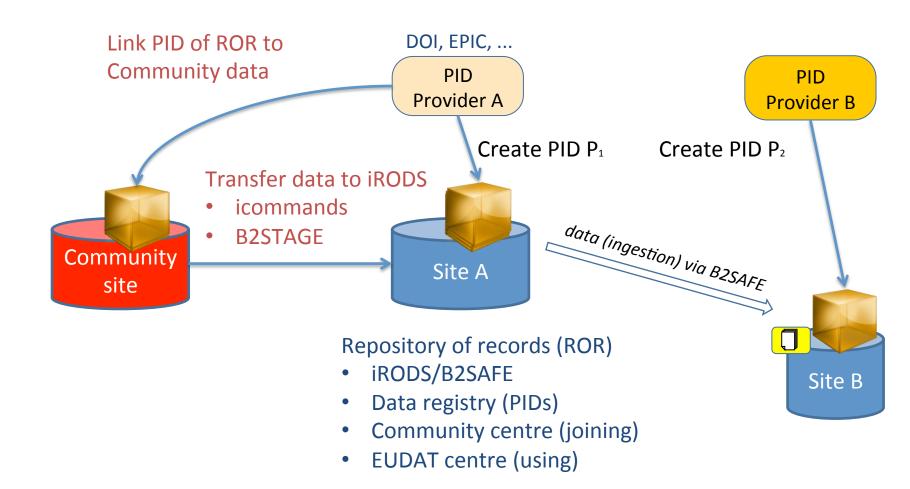
• PID resolver http://epic3.storage.surfsara.nl:8001/

841/7e420ee0-94e3-11e5-bbbe-040091643b95, tick "no redirect"

idx	type	parsed data
1	URL	irods://145.100.59.149:1247/aliceZone/home/b2safeuser#bobZone/testData/put1.txt
2	10320/LOC	<locations><location href="irods://145.100.59.149:1247/aliceZone/home/b2safeuser#bobZone/testData/put1.txt" id="0"></location></locations>
3	CHECKSUM	sha2:of/w/++56s5yMMJOUHMfCpHGL5zv3+dxlcL2BxJd/64=
4	EUDAT/ROR	841/841ce83c-94e1-11e5-9438-040091643b9f
5	EUDAT/PPID	841/841ce83c-94e1-11e5-9438-040091643b9f



B2SAFE replication - Using





B2SAFE – technologies

- Based on iRODS
- Employs PIDs (handle system) to track data
- Provides iRODS rules
 - Creating checksums
 - Creating PIDs
 - Updating PID entries
 - Replication



Outline Hands-on

