Design for Clutter Analysis for the OLI KaZR

Introduction and Aims

The Ka-Band Zenith Pointing Radar (KaZR) was deployed as part of an ARM Mobile Facility three (AMF3) deployment to Oliktok Point on the North Slope of Alaska. Figure 1 shows a time height plot of reflectivity factor from the KaZR with a number of indicator of clouds co-plotted.

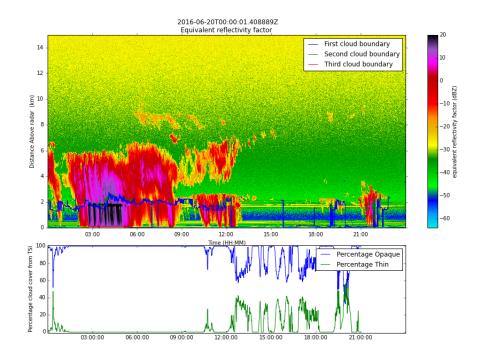


Figure 1: Time height plot of reflectivity with cloud base heights from the Ceilometer overlaid in the top panel. The Total Sky imager derived cloud cover for thick and opaque clouds is in the lower panel. Note the constant signals around 1km due to clutter.

Clutter can be seen as a constant signal at around 1,500 meters above the radar. The aim of this task is to produce a map of affected gates and to study the temporal variability and impact on overlaid meteorological signals. There will be two deliverables: A CF-Radial file describing the clutter field and a Jupyter notebook showing the analysis of the clutter field.

Methodology

Analysis will be performed using the Python programming language and will make extensive use of Py-ART. We will use the Sky Cover VAP from the total sky imager and the cloud base heights from the ceilometer to identify clear air days. We will then look at the average returned power to identify affected gates. We will look within our data set to see if there is any discernible diurnal or other cycle in the clutter data and also look at the variability to see if there were any external events that changed the power returns.

In addition we will identify several cases where there is a meteorological signal in a clutter impacted gate and look at the radar Doppler spectrum to see just how severely impacted weather returns are and if we may be able subtract the clutter signal from meteorological return and recalculate the moments.

The final product, a CF-Radial file that has one ray that has 1's in a gate which is potentially impacted by clutter and 0's in clutter free gates will be calculated in two steps:

First a summary file will be created for each day from the KaZR data file that will contain the mean (averaged in time, so length n_gates) signal to noise ratio. On days that are not cloudy all day (again from the ceilometer and TSI) the file will also contain the minimum SNR (figure 2) and also the conditionally averaged SNR during sunny periods (figure 3).

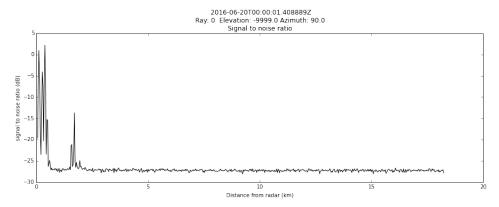


Figure 2: Minimum Signal to Noise Ratio (SNR) for a given gate taken over all day the radar file was collected. Easily isolated background signal from cloud returns however may minumize time varying clutter signal.

Second, a function will be written that can look at a date range of these summary files and look at the stability of the mean and minimum SNR signals and will produce a CF-Radial file with a single field containing the clutter mask that can easily be appended to a b1 level file.

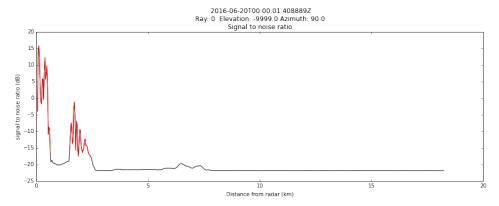


Figure 3: SNR signal conditionally averaged on sunny regions. In this test case sunny was defined as no first cloud base height being detected by the ceilometer. Red sections of the plot show parts of the profile that may be tagged as being clutter contaminated. This is an example only, final tagging will be based on looking at the day-to-day variability of the mean, minimum and conditional sunny mean SNR.

Effort, Staff and Impact

This task will be carried out by Scott Collis at Argonne National Laboratory. We expect it to take 60 hours of effort and be delivered by October 1st 2016. There is no impact on operations, however the work will delay other products work being carried out by Translator team at Argonne.

DoD for Summary Files

```
netcdf test_mean {
dimensions:
    time = UNLIMITED ; // (1 currently)
    range = 607;
    sweep = 1 ;
    string_length = 32;
    frequency = 1 ;
variables:
    double time(time) ;
        string time:long_name = "Time offset from midnight" ;
        string time:units = "seconds since 2016-06-20 00:00:00 0:00";
        string time:comment = "times are relative to the volume start time" ;
        string time:standard_name = "time" ;
        string time:calendar = "gregorian" ;
    float range(range) ;
        string range:long_name = "Range to measurement volume" ;
        string range:units = "m" ;
        range:meters_to_center_of_first_gate = 57.29303f ;
        string range:spacing_is_constant = "true" ;
        string range:standard_name = "projection_range_coordinate" ;
        range:meters_between_gates = 29.97925f ;
        string range:axis = "radial_range_coordinate" ;
    float azimuth(time) ;
        string azimuth:long_name = "Azimuth angle from true north" ;
        string azimuth:units = "degree" ;
        string azimuth:standard_name = "ray_azimuth_angle" ;
        string azimuth:axis = "radial_azimuth_coordinate" ;
    float elevation(time) ;
        string elevation:long_name = "Elevation angle from horizontal plane" ;
        string elevation:units = "degree" ;
        string elevation:standard_name = "ray_elevation_angle" ;
        string elevation:axis = "radial_elevation_coordinate" ;
    float daily_mean_snr(time, range) ;
        daily_mean_snr:long_name = "Mean SNR across sunny periods" ;
        daily_mean_snr:units = "dB" ;
        daily_mean_snr:_FillValue = -9999.f ;
        daily_mean_snr:standard_name = "signal_to_noise_ratio" ;
        daily_mean_snr:valid_min = -100L;
        daily_mean_snr:valid_max = 100L ;
    int sweep_number(sweep) ;
        string sweep_number:long_name = "Sweep number, zero-based count" ;
        string sweep_number:units = "count" ;
    float fixed_angle(sweep) ;
        string fixed_angle:long_name = "Target angle for sweep" ;
        string fixed_angle:units = "degree" ;
    int sweep_start_ray_index(sweep) ;
        string sweep_start_ray_index:long_name = "Time index of first ray in sweep, 0-ba
        string sweep_start_ray_index:units = "count";
    int sweep_end_ray_index(sweep) ;
        string sweep_end_ray_index:long_name = "Time index of last ray in sweep, 0-based
        string sweep_end_ray_index:units = "count";
    char sweep_mode(sweep, string_length) ;
        string sweep_mode:long_name = "Scan mode for sweep" ;
```

```
string sweep_mode:units = "unitless" ;
    string sweep_mode:comment = "possible values: possible values: sector, coplane,
        rhi, vertical_pointing, idle, azimuth_surveillance, elevation_surveillance,
       pointing, manual_ppi, manual_rhi" ;
float radar_beam_width_h ;
    string radar_beam_width_h:long_name = "Half-power radar beam width, horizontal of
    string radar_beam_width_h:units = "degree" ;
    string radar_beam_width_h:meta_group = "radar_parameters" ;
int n_samples(time) ;
    string n_samples:long_name = "Number of samples used to compute moments" ;
    string n_samples:units = "unitless" ;
   string n_samples:meta_group = "instrument_parameters" ;
float unambiguous_range(time) ;
    string unambiguous_range:long_name = "Unambiguous range";
    string unambiguous_range:units = "m" ;
    string unambiguous_range:meta_group = "instrument_parameters" ;
float prt(time) ;
   string prt:long name = "Pulse repetition time" ;
   string prt:units = "s" ;
   string prt:standard_name = "pulse_repetition_time" ;
    string prt:meta_group = "instrument_parameters" ;
float frequency(frequency);
    string frequency:long_name = "Operating frequency" ;
    string frequency:units = "Hz";
    string frequency:meta_group = "instrument_parameters" ;
float nyquist_velocity(time) ;
    string nyquist_velocity:long_name = "Unambiguous Doppler velocity" ;
    string nyquist_velocity:units = "m/s" ;
    string nyquist_velocity:meta_group = "instrument_parameters" ;
float pulse_width(time) ;
   string pulse_width:long_name = "Pulse width" ;
    string pulse_width:units = "s" ;
    string pulse_width:meta_group = "instrument_parameters" ;
float radar_beam_width_v ;
    string radar_beam_width_v:long_name = "Half-power radar beam width, vertical cha
    string radar beam width v:units = "degree";
    string radar_beam_width_v:meta_group = "radar_parameters" ;
double latitude ;
    string latitude:long_name = "Latitude" ;
    string latitude:units = "degree N" ;
    string latitude:standard_name = "latitude" ;
double longitude ;
    string longitude:long_name = "Longitude" ;
    string longitude:units = "degree_E";
    string longitude:standard_name = "longitude" ;
double altitude ;
    string altitude:long name = "Altitude" ;
    string altitude:units = "m" ;
    string altitude:standard_name = "altitude" ;
double altitude_agl ;
    string altitude_agl:long_name = "Height of radar antenna above ground level" ;
    string altitude_agl:units = "m";
   string altitude_agl:standard_name = "height" ;
char time_coverage_start(string_length) ;
    time_coverage_start:long_name = "UTC time of first ray in the file" ;
    time_coverage_start:units = "unitless" ;
```

```
char time_coverage_end(string_length) ;
        time_coverage_end:long_name = "UTC time of last ray in the file" ;
        time_coverage_end:units = "unitless" ;
    char time_reference(string_length) ;
        time_reference:long_name = "UTC time reference" ;
        time_reference:units = "unitless" ;
    int volume_number ;
       volume_number:long_name = "Volume number" ;
       volume_number:units = "unitless" ;
    char platform_type(string_length) ;
       platform_type:long_name = "Platform type" ;
    char instrument_type(string_length) ;
       instrument_type:long_name = "Instrument type" ;
    char primary_axis(string_length) ;
       primary_axis:long_name = "Primary axis" ;
// global attributes:
        :data level = "f1" ;
       string :attenuation_applied = "4.00 dB ";
       string :site_id = "oli" ;
        string :antenna_altitude = "3.81 m";
        string :facility_id = "M1" ;
        string :institution = "Department of Energy Atmospheric
               Radiation Measurement Program";
        :process version = "0.1-daily-clutter" ;
        :datastream = "olikazrclutter.f1" ;
        :title = "KaZR2 clutter analysis" ;
        string :operating_mode_description = "General mode, less sensitive but full
               range coverage ";
        :command_line = "TBD.py" ;
        string :antenna_diameter = "1.81 m" ;
       string :Conventions = "CF/Radial instrument_parameters radar_parameters" ;
       string :platform_id = "kazrge" ;
       string :kazr2_software_version = "1.1-10" ;
        string :location_description = "North Slope of Alaska (NSA), Oliktok Point, Alas
        string :operating mode = "ge ";
        :input_source = "/data/radar/oli_kazr/olikazrgeM1.a1.20160620.000001.nc";
        string :radar_version = "KAZR-2" ;
        :field_names = "daily_mean_snr" ;
        :history = "created by user scollis on machine evs351996 at 2016-08-18 11:13:00,
                Jupyter notebook";
}
```