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#### Introduction

### File system filter driver

A file system filter driver intercepts requests targeted at a file system or another file system filter driver. By intercepting the request before it reaches its intended target, the filter driver can extend or replace functionality provided by the original target of the request. It is developed primarily to allow the addition of new functionality beyond what is currently available.

#### File system monitor filter

File system monitor filter can monitor the file system activities on the fly. With file system monitor filter, you can monitor the file activities on file system level, capture file open/create/replace, read/write, query/set file attribute/size/time security information, rename/delete, directory browsing and file close request by which user and process name. You can develop the software for the following purposes:

- Continuous data protection (CDP).
- Auditing.
- Access log.
- Journaling.

#### File system control filter

File system control filter can control the file activities, which you can intercept the file system call, modify its content before or after the request goes down to the file system, allow/deny/cancel its execution based on the filter rule. You can fully control file open/create/replace, read/write, query/set file attribute/size/time security information,

rename/delete, directory browsing these Io requests. With file system control filter, you can developer these kinds of software:

- Data protection.
- File Screening
- Access Control.
- File Security.

### File system encryption filter

File system encryption filter provides a comprehensive solution for transparent file level encryption. It allows developers to create transparent, on-access, per-file encryption products which it can encrypt or decrypt file on-the-fly. Our encryption engine uses a strong cryptographic algorithm called Rijndael (256-bit key), it is a high security algorithm created by Joan Daemen and Vincent Rijmen (Belgium). Rijndael is the new Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) chosen by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).

#### **Process filter driver**

Process filter driver is a kernel-mode driver that tracks and controls the process and thread operations, it provides you an easy way to develop Windows application for the Windows process monitoring and protection. Prevent the untrusted executable binaries (malwares) from being launched, protect your data being damaged by the untrusted processes.

#### Registry filter driver

Registry filter driver is a kernel-mode driver that tracks and controls the registry access, it provides you an easy way to develop Windows application for registry monitoring and protection, it enables your application to prevent the Windows core registry keys and values from being damaged.

#### The rules to use of file system control filter

To use the file system control filter, you need to follow the following rules, or might cause the system deadlock.

- 1. <u>Avoid the re-entrance issue, don't generate any new I/O request which will cause the request comes to the control filter handler again.</u>
- 2. <u>Avoid using any file operations in buffered mode, open any file in the control filter</u> <u>handler with FILE\_FLAG\_NO\_BUFFERING flag set.</u>
- 3. Avoid asynchronous procedure calls.
- 4. Avoid any GUI (user interface) operations.

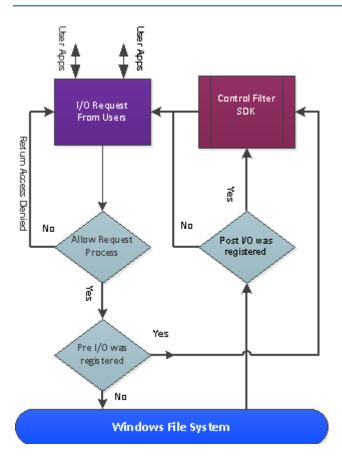
### **Supported Platforms**

- Windows 2016/Windows 2019
- Windows 10 (32bit, 64bit)
- Windows 8 (32bit, 64bit)
- Windows 2012 Server R2
- Windows 2008 Server R2 (32bit, 64bit)
- Windows 7 (32bit,64bit)
- Windows 2008 Server (32bit, 64bit)
- Windows Vista (32bit,64bit)
- Windows 2003 Server(32bit,64bit)
- Windows XP (32bit,64bit)

## **Overview and Basic Concepts**

#### The EaseFilter file system filter driver

EaseFilter file system filter driver is a kernel component module which is sitting on the layer between the I/O manager and the file system. When a user application invokes a win32 API to a file, the filter driver can intercept this I/O, based on the policies was set with the filter rule, the I/O information can be sent to the user, or be modified/blocked the access based on the setting as below figure.



#### **Filter Rule**

A filter rule is the policy to monitor or control the files by the filter driver. To manage the files by filter driver, you need to create at least one filter rule, you can have multiple filter rules with different policies to manage different files to meet your requirement.

A filter rule has only one unique include file mask, when a new filter rule was added to the filter driver, if a filter rule with the same include file filter mask exists, the new filter rule will replace the older one.

## I/O registration

#### Pre IO and Post IO

A pre IO is the I/O operation which is not going down to the file system. A post IO is the I/O operation which was returned from the file system after it was processed.

To get the notification of an I/O for a monitor filter driver you need to register the specific post IO callback class. To control the file I/O, you can register the pre IO or post IO callback class for the control filter driver, you can modify the I/O data in your callback function.

## **Symbol Reference**

### Structures, Enums

#### Comments

FILE\_SYSTEM\_CONTROL filter type is the file system filter driver which can control the file I/O request's behaviour before it goes down to the file system or after it is completed by the file system.

FILE\_SYSTEM\_ENCRYPTION filter type is the file system filter driver which can encrypt and decrypt the files onthe-fly.

FILE\_SYSTEM\_MONITOR filter type is the file system filter driver which only intercept the file I/O notification after it was completed.

FILE\_SYSTEM\_REGISTRY filter type is the filter driver which can track and control the registry access.

FILE\_SYSTEM\_PROCESS filter type is the filter driver which can track and control the process and thread operations.

## typedef enum IOCallbackClass

```
POST NOCACHE READ
                               = 0x00000080,
PRE PAGING IO READ
                              = 0 \times 00000100.
POST PAGING IO READ
                             = 0x00000200,
PRE FASTIO WRITE
                              = 0x00000400,
POST FASTIO WRITE
                            = 0 \times 00000800,<br/>= 0 \times 00001000,
PRE CACHE WRITE
POST_CACHE WRITE
                             = 0 \times 00002000,
PRE NOCACHE WRITE
                             = 0x00004000,
                            = 0x00008000, 
= 0x00010000,
POST NOCACHE WRITE
PRE PAGING IO WRITE
                             = 0 \times 00020000,
POST_PAGING_IO_WRITE
PRE QUERY INFORMATION
                             = 0 \times 00040000,
                            = 0x00080000,
= 0x000000040000000,
= 0x0000000800000000,
POST QUERY INFORMATION
PRE QUERY FILE SIZE
POST_QUERY_FILE_SIZE
\begin{array}{lll} \textit{PRE\_QUERY\_FILE\_BASIC\_INFO} & = & 0 \times 0000001000000000, \\ \textit{POST\_QUERY\_FILE\_BASIC\_INFO} & = & 0 \times 0000002000000000, \\ \end{array}
PRE QUERY FILE STANDARD INFO = 0x00000040000000000,
PRE QUERY FILE ID
                             POST QUERY FILE ID
                              PRE SET INFORMATION
                             = 0x00100000,
                             = 0 \times 002000000
POST SET INFORMATION
PRE SET FILE SIZE
                             POST SET FILE SIZE
                             PRE_SET_FILE_BASIC_INFO = 0x00010000000000000000,
POST SET FILE BASIC INFO
                             \begin{array}{lll} \textit{POST\_SET\_FILE\_BASIC\_INFO} &=& 0 \times 000200000000000000, \\ \textit{PRE\_SET\_FILE\_STANDARD\_INFO} &=& 0 \times 00040000000000000, \\ \textit{POST\_SET\_FILE\_STANDARD\_INFO} &=& 0 \times 00080000000000000, \\ \end{array}
PRE SET FILE NETWORK INFO
                            POST SET FILE NETWORK INFO
                              = 0 \times 004000000000000000000
PRE RENAME FILE
POST RENAME FILE
                              PRE DELETE FILE
                              POST DELETE FILE
                              = 0 \times 00400000,
PRE DIRECTORY
POST DIRECTORY
                             = 0x00800000,
PRE QUERY SECURITY
                             = 0 \times 01000000,
POST QUERY SECURITY
                             = 0x02000000,
PRE SET SECURITY
                              = 0x04000000
POST SET SECURITY
                             = 0x080000000
                              = 0x100000000
PRE CLEANUP
POST CLEANUP
                             = 0x200000000,
                              = 0x400000000
PRE CLOSE
```

POST CLOSE

= 0x800000000

};

#### Members

#### PRE CREATE

This is the IRP\_MJ\_CREATE request, the create I/O request before it goes down to the file system.

#### POST CREATE

This is the IRP\_MJ\_CREATE request, the create I/O request after it is completed by file system.

#### PRE NEW FILE CREATED

This is the IRP\_MJ\_CREATE request, if you want to filter the file going to be created operation only, you can register PRE\_NEW\_FILE\_CREATED.

### POST\_NEW\_FILE\_CREATED

This is the IRP\_MJ\_CREATE request, if you want to filter the file being created operation only, you can register PRE\_NEW\_FILE\_CREATED.

#### PRE FASTIO READ

This is the fast I/O pre read request if the data is in the cache.

#### POST FASTIO READ

This is the fast I/O post read request if the data is in the cache. If the data is already in the Cache Manager,it will return true, or it will return false and the I/O Manager will reissue a new IRP cache read request to the file system.

#### PRE CACHE READ

This is the IRP\_MJ\_READ cache read pre request, before the data was read from the cache manager.

#### POST CACHE READ

This is the IRP\_MJ\_READ cache read post request, after the data was read from the cache manager. If the data is not in the Cache Manager, it will trigger a paging I/O read request and load the data from the storage to the Cache Manager. Normally you will see the paging I/O read request follows the cache read request.

#### PRE NOCACHE READ

This is the IRP\_MJ\_READ no cache read pre request, read the data from the disk directly, bypass the cache manager.

#### POST NOCACHE READ

This is the IRP\_MJ\_READ no cache read post request, read the data from the disk directly, bypass the cache manager. You will see the noncache read request if you open a file with the flag FILE NO INTERMEDIATE BUFFERING.

#### PRE PAGING IO READ

This is the IRP\_MJ\_READ paging read pre request, read the data from the disk to the cache.

#### POST PAGING IO READ

This is the IRP\_MJ\_READ paging read post request, read the data from the disk to the cache. It is initiated by the virtual memory system in order to satisfy the needs of the demand paging system.

#### PRE FASTIO WRITE

This is the fast I/O pre write request to the cache.

#### POST FASTIO WRITE

This is the fast I/O pre write request to the cache. The data was written to the cache if the request is satisfied immediately, or a IRP cache write will be issued.

#### PRE CACHE WRITE

This is the IRP\_MJ\_WRITE cache write pre request, write the data to the cache manager.

#### POST CACHE WRITE

This is the IRP\_MJ\_WRITE cache write post request, write the data to the cache manager. The paging I/O write request will be issued after the cache write.

#### PRE NOCACHE WRITE

This is the IRP\_MJ\_WRITE no cache write pre request, write the data to the disk directly, bypass the cache manager.

#### POST NOCACHE WRITE

This is the IRP\_MJ\_WRITE no cache write pre request, write the data to the disk directly, bypass the cache manager. You will see the noncache write request if you open a file with flag FILE NO INTERMEDIATE BUFFERING.

### PRE PAGING IO WRITE

This is the IRP\_MJ\_WRITE paging write pre request, write the data from cache to the disk.

#### POST PAGING IO WRITE

This is the IRP\_MJ\_WRITE paging write post request, after the data was written from the cache to the disk.

#### PRE QUERY INFORMATION

This is the IRP\_MJ\_QUERY\_INFORMATION pre request to retrive the information for a given file before it goese down to the file system. The file information class tells the type of the information will be returned.

### POST QUERY INFORMATION

This is the IRP\_MJ\_QUERY\_INFORMATION post request to retrive the information for a given file after it came back from the file system. The file information class tells the type of the information will be returned.

#### PRE QUERY FILE SIZE

This is the IRP\_MJ\_QUERY\_INFORMATION pre request with information class FileEndOfFileInformation, if you only want to get the callback for the file size query, you can register this class.

#### POST QUERY FILE SIZE

This is the IRP\_MJ\_QUERY\_INFORMATION post request with information class FileEndOfFileInformation.

### PRE\_QUERY\_FILE\_BASIC\_INFO

This is the IRP\_MJ\_QUERY\_INFORMATION pre request with information class FileBasicInformation, if you only want to get the callback for the file basic information query, you can register this class.

### POST\_QUERY\_FILE\_BASIC\_INFO

This is the IRP\_MJ\_QUERY\_INFORMATION post request with information class FileBasicInformation.

## PRE\_QUERY\_FILE\_STANDARD\_INFO

This is the IRP\_MJ\_QUERY\_INFORMATION pre request with information class FileStandardInformation, if you only want to get the callback for the file standard information query, you can register this class.

#### POST QUERY FILE STANDARD INFO

This is the IRP\_MJ\_QUERY\_INFORMATION post request with information class FileStandardInformation.

#### PRE QUERY FILE NETWORK INFO

This is the IRP\_MJ\_QUERY\_INFORMATION pre request with information class FileNetworkOpenInformation, if you only want to get the callback for the file network information query, you can register this class.

#### POST QUERY FILE NETWORK INFO

This is the IRP\_MJ\_QUERY\_INFORMATION post request with information class FileNetworkOpenInformation.

#### PRE QUERY FILE ID

This is the IRP\_MJ\_QUERY\_INFORMATION pre request with information class FileInternalInformation, if you only want to get the callback for the file Id information query, you can register this class.

#### POST QUERY FILE ID

This is the IRP\_MJ\_QUERY\_INFORMATION post request with information class FileInternalInformation.

### PRE SET INFORMATION

This is the IRP\_MJ\_SET\_INFORMATION pre request to set the information for a given file before it goese down to the file system. The file information class tells the type of the information will be set.

### POST\_SET\_INFORMATION

This is the IRP\_MJ\_SET\_INFORMATION post request to set the information for a given file after it came back from the file system. The file information class tells the type of the information will be set.

### PRE SET FILE SIZE

This is the IRP\_MJ\_SET\_INFORMATION pre request to set the information with class FileEndOfFileInformation for a given file before it goese down to the file system. You can register this I/O class if you want to filter the file size change.

#### POST SET FILE SIZE

This is the IRP\_MJ\_SET\_INFORMATION post request to set the information with class FileEndOfFileInformation for a given file after the I/O completed and came back from the file system.

#### PRE SET FILE BASIC INFO

This is the IRP\_MJ\_SET\_INFORMATION pre request to set the information with class FileBasicInformation for a given file before it goese down to the file system. You can register this I/O class if you want to filter the file basic information change.

### POST\_SET\_FILE\_BASIC\_INFO

This is the IRP\_MJ\_SET\_INFORMATION post request to set the information with class FileBasicInformation for a given file after the I/O completed and came back from the file system.

### PRE\_SET\_FILE\_STANDARD\_INFO

This is the IRP\_MJ\_SET\_INFORMATION pre request to set the information with class FileStandardInformation for a given file before it goese down to the file system. You can register this I/O class if you want to filter the file standard information change.

#### POST\_SET\_FILE\_BASIC\_INFO

This is the IRP\_MJ\_SET\_INFORMATION post request to set the information with class FileStandardInformation for a given file after the I/O completed and came back from the file system.

#### PRE\_SET\_FILE\_NETWORK\_INFO

This is the IRP\_MJ\_SET\_INFORMATION pre request to set the information with class FileNetworkOpenInformation for a given file before it goese down to the file system. You can register this I/O class if you want to filter the file network information change.

#### POST SET FILE NETWORK INFO

This is the IRP\_MJ\_SET\_INFORMATION post request to set the information with class FileNetworkOpenInformation for a given file after the I/O completed and came back from the file system.

#### PRE RENAME FILE

This is the IRP\_MJ\_SET\_INFORMATION pre request to set the information with class FileMoveOrRenameInformation for a given file before it goese down to the file system. You can register this I/O class if you want to filter the file move or rename operation.

#### POST RENAME FILE

This is the IRP\_MJ\_SET\_INFORMATION post request to set the information with class FileMoveOrRenameInformation for a given file after the I/O completed and came back from the file system.

#### PRE DELETE FILE

This is the IRP\_MJ\_SET\_INFORMATION pre request to set the information with class FileDispositionInformation for a

given file before it goese down to the file system. You can register this I/O class if you want to filter the file delete operation.

#### POST DELETE FILE

This is the IRP\_MJ\_SET\_INFORMATION post request to set the information with class FileDispositionInformation for a given file after the I/O completed and came back from the file system.

#### PRE DIRECTORY

This the IRP\_MJ\_DIRECTORY\_CONTROL pre request for the folder browsing I/O request before it goese down to the file system. It retrive various kinds of information about files in the given directory. The information class tells the type of information will be returned.

#### POST DIRECTORY

This the IRP\_MJ\_DIRECTORY\_CONTROL post request for the folder browsing I/O request after the data came back from the file system. It retrive various kinds of information about files in the given directory. The information class tells the type of information will be returned.

#### PRE QUERY SECURITY

This is the IRP\_MJ\_QUERY\_SECURITY pre request to query the security information before it goes down to the file system. It will retrive the security descriptor for a given file. The security information tells the type of the security descriptor.

#### POST QUERY SECURITY

This is the IRP\_MJ\_QUERY\_SECURITY post request to query the security information after the data came back from the file system. It will retrive the security descriptor for a given file. The security information tells the type of the security descriptor.

### PRE SET SECURITY

This is the IRP\_MJ\_SET\_SECURITY pre request to set the security information before it goes down to the file

system. It will set the security state for a given file. The security information tells the type of the security descriptor.

#### POST SET SECURITY

This is the IRP\_MJ\_SET\_SECURITY post request to set the security information after the data was written to the file system. It will set the security state for a given file. The security information tells the type of the security descriptor.

#### PRE CLEANUP

This is the IRP\_MJ\_CLEANUP pre request before it goes down to the file system. It indicates that the handle reference count on a file object has reached zero. In other words, all handles to the file object have been closed. Often it is sent when a user-mode application has called the Microsoft Win32 CloseHandle function on the last outstanding handle to a file object.

#### POST CLEANUP

This is the IRP\_MJ\_CLEANUP post request after the I/O completed and came back from the file system.

#### PRE CLOSE

This is the IRP\_MJ\_CLOSE pre request before it goese down to the file system. It indicates that the reference count on a file object has reached zero, usually because a file system driver or other kernel-mode component has called ObDereferenceObject on the file object. This request normally follows a cleanup request. However, this does not necessarily mean that the close request will be received immediately after the cleanup request.

#### POST CLOSE

This is the IRP\_MJ\_CLOSE post request after the I/O completed and came back from the file system.

#### Comments

Register the I/O request with the combination of the request type you want to monitor. For file system monitor filter, only post requests are affected.

## typedef enum FilterCommand

```
FILTER SEND FILE CHANGED EVENT
                                                       = 0X00010001,
FILTER REQUEST USER PERMIT
                                                        = 0X00010002,
FILTER_REQUEST_ENCRYPTION_KEY
FILTER_REQUEST_ENCRYPTION_KEY = 0X00010003,
FILTER_REQUEST_ENCRYPTION_IV_AND_KEY = 0X00010004,
FILTER_REQUEST_ENCRYPTION_IV_AND_KEY ACCESSFLAG=0X00010005,
FILTER REQUEST ENCRYPTION IV AND KEY TAGDATA =0X00010006,
FILTER_SEND_PROCESS_TERMINATION_INFO
FILTER_SEND_THREAD_CREATION_INFO
FILTER_SEND_THREAD_TERMINATION_INFO
FILTER_SEND_PROCESS_HANDLE_INFO
                                                    = UXUUU10001,

= 0X0001000B,

= 0X0001000C,

= 0X0001000D

= 0x0001000e,

= 0x00010010,

- 0x00010011,
FILTER_SEND_THREAD_HANDLE_INFO
FILTER SEND ATTACHED VOLUME INFO
FILTER SEND DETACHED VOLUME INFO
FILTER SEND DENIED REGISTRY ACCESS EVENT = 0x00010013,
FILTER SEND DENIED PROCESS TERMINATED EVENT = 0x00010014,
FILTER SEND DENIED USB READ EVENT = 0 \times 00010015, FILTER SEND DENIED USB WRITE EVENT = 0 \times 00010016, FILTER SEND PRE TERMINATE PROCESS INFO = 0 \times 00010017,
```

#### FILTER SEND FILE CHANGED EVENT

If the monitor filter driver register the event type with API 'RegisterEventTypeToFilterRule', the notification will be sent when the file was changed.

#### FILTER REQUEST USER PERMIT

If the file has this control flag, the filter driver will request the permission to open this file.

#### FILTER REQUEST ENCRYPTION KEY

For encryption filter driver, if this control flag was enable for this file, the filter driver will request the encryption key for this file.

#### FILTER\_REQUEST\_ENCRYPTION\_IV\_AND\_KEY

For encryption filter driver, if this control flag was enable for this file, the filter driver will request the encryption key and IV for this file.

#### FILTER REQUEST ENCRYPTION IV AND KEY AND ACCCESSFLAG

For encryption filter driver, if this control flag was enable for this file, the filter driver will request the encryption key, IV and access flag for this file.

### FILTER REQUEST ENCRYPTION IV AND KEY AND TAGDATA

For encryption filter driver, if this control flag was enable for this file, the filter driver will request the encryption key, IV and tag data for this file.

### FILTER\_SEND\_REG\_CALLBACK\_INFO

For registry filter driver, if the registry callback class was registered, the registry access notification will be sent whent the registry was accessed.

### FILTER\_SEND\_PROCESS\_CREATION\_INFO

For process filter driver, if the PROCESS\_CREATION\_NOTIFICATION was registered, the process infomation will be sent when the new process was created.

#### FILTER SEND PROCESS TERMINATION INFO

For process filter driver, if the PROCESS\_TERMINATION\_NOTIFICATION was registered, the process infomation will be sent when the process was terminated.

#### FILTER SEND THREAD CREATION INFO

For process filter driver, if the THREAD\_CREATION\_NOTIFICATION was registered, the process infomation will be sent when the new thread was created.

#### FILTER SEND THREAD TERMINATION INFO

For process filter driver, if the THREAD\_TERMINATION\_NOTIFICATION was registered, the process infomation will be sent when the thread was terminated.

#### FILTER\_SEND\_PROCESS\_HANDLE\_INFO

For process filter driver, if the PROCESS\_HANDLE\_OP\_NOTIFICATION was registered, the process infomation will be sent when a handle for a process was created or duplicated.

### FILTER\_SEND\_THREAD\_HANDLE\_INFO

For process filter driver, if the THREAD\_ HANDLE\_OP\_NOTIFICATION was registered, the process infomation will be sent when a handle for a thread was created or duplicated.

### FILTER SEND ATTACHED VOLUME INFO

Send the volume information if there a volume was attached to the filter driver if it was enabled in volume control flag.

### FILTER SEND DETTACHED VOLUME INFO

Send the volume information if there a volume was dettached from the filter driver if it was enabled in volume control flag.

#### FILTER SEND FILE IO DENIED EVENT

Send file I/O information if the I/O was blocked by the filter driver with access flag setting if the flag ENABLE\_SEND\_DENIED\_EVENT was enabled in global boolean setting.

#### FILTER SEND FILE IO DENIED EVENT

Send file I/O information if the I/O was blocked by the filter driver with access flag setting if the flag  ${\tt ENABLE\_SEND\_DENIED\_EVENT}$  was enabled in global boolean setting.

### FILTER\_SEND\_DENIED\_VOLUME\_DISMOUNT\_EVENT

Send volume information if the volume dismount operation was blocked by the filter driver with the flag BLOCK VOLUME DISMOUNT enabled in the volume control flag if

the ENABLE\_SEND\_DENIED\_EVENT was enabled in global boolean setting.

### FILTER\_SEND\_DENIED\_PROCESS\_EVENT

Send the new process information if new process creation was blocked by the filter driver with flag DENY\_NEW\_PROCESS\_CREATION was enabled in the process control flag if the flag ENABLE\_SEND\_DENIED\_EVENT was enabled in global boolean setting.

#### FILTER SEND DENIED REGISTRY ACCESS EVENT

Send registry access information if the operation was blocked by the filter driver in registry control flag setting if the flag ENABLE\_SEND\_DENIED\_EVENT was enabled in global boolean setting.

### FILTER SEND DENIED PROCESS TERMINATION EVENT

Send the process information if the protected process termination was blocked by the filter driver if the flag ENABLE\_SEND\_DENIED\_EVENT was enabled in global boolean setting.

### FILTER\_SEND\_DENIED\_USB\_READ\_EVENT

Send file I/O information if the USB read was block by the filter driver with flag BLOCK\_USB\_READ enabled if the flag ENABLE\_SEND\_DENIED\_EVENT was enabled in global boolean setting.

#### FILTER SEND DENIED USB WRITE EVENT

Send file I/O information if the USB write was block by the filter driver with flag BLOCK\_USB\_WRITE enabled if the flag ENABLE\_SEND\_DENIED\_EVENT was enabled in global boolean setting.

### FILTER SEND PRE TEMINIATE PROCESS INFO

Send the process information before it was going to be terminated if the flag PROCESS\_PRE\_TERMINATION\_REQUEST was enabled in process control setting.

#### Comments

This is the command which was sent from the filter driver with the information associated to the specfic command in structure 'MESSAGE SEND\_DATA'.

## typedef enum VolumeControlFlag

#### GET ATTACHED VOLUME INFORMATION

If this flag is enabled, the filter driver will send all the attached volume information to the user mode service.

#### VOLUME ATTACHED NOTIFICATION

If this flag is enabled, you will get the notification when the filter driver attached to a volume.

#### VOLUME DETACHED NOTIFICATION

If this flag is enabled, you will get the notification when the filter driver detached from a volume.

### BLOCK\_VOLUME DISMOUNT

If this flag is enabled, it will prevent the attached volumes from being formatted or dismounted.

#### BLOCK USB READ

If this flag is enabled, it will prevent USB volume from being read.

#### BLOCK USB WRITE

If this flag is enabled, it will prevent USB volume from being written.

#### Comments

This is the control flag for volume information with API "SetVolumeControlFlag", enable you to get the notification when the filter driver attached to a volume or detached a volume, or prevent the attached volumes from being formatted or dismounted.

## typedef struct\_VOLUME\_INFO

```
ULONG VolumeNameLength;
WCHAR VolumeName[MAX_FILE_NAME_LENGTH];
ULONG VolumeDosNameLength;
WCHAR VolumeDosName[MAX_FILE_NAME_LENGTH];
ULONG VolumeFileSystemType;
ULONG DeviceCharacteristics;

VOLUME INFO, *PVOLUME INFO;
```

#### Members

#### VolumeNameLength

This is the length of the volume name.

#### VolumeName

The volume name buffer.

#### VolumeDosNameLength

The length of the volume dos name.

#### VolumeDosName

The volume dos name buffer.

#### VolumeFileSystemType

The file system type of the attached volume.

#### DeviceCharacteristics

The volume attached device's characteristics.

#### Comments

This is the structure of the volume's information when the filter driver attached to a volume or detached a volume.

## typedef enum ProcessControlFlag

```
DENY NEW PROCESS CREATION
                                             = 0X00000001,
 ENABLE_SEND_DENIED_PROCESS_EVENT
PROCESS_PRE_TERMINATION_REQUEST
                                            = 0X00000002,
                                             = 00000000004
  PROCESS CREATION NOTIFICATION
                                             = 0X00000100,
 PROCESS_TERMINATION_NOTIFICATION
                                             = 0X00000200,
                                            = 0X00000400,
  PROCESS HANDLE OP NOTIFICATION
                                             = 0X00000800,
  THREAD CREATION NOTIFICATION
                                            = 0X00001000,
  THREAD TERMINATION NOTIFICATION
  THREAD HANDLE OP NOTIFICATION
                                             = 0X00002000,
}
```

#### DENY NEW PROCESS CREATION

If this flag is enabled, it will block the new process creation when the process name matchs the process name filter mask. It is especially good to prevent the untrusted process from being launched.

#### ENABLE SEND DENIED PROCESS EVENT

If this flag is enabled, a notification will be sent when a new process creation was blocked by the filter driver.

#### PROCESS PRE TERMINATION REQUEST

If this flag is enabled, a callback request will be sent before the process is going to be terminated ungratefully, you can block the termination in your callback function.

#### PROCESS CREATION NOTIFICATION

If this flag is enabled and was registered to the process filter rule, the process creation notification will be sent when the creating new process name matchs the process name filter mask.

#### PROCESS TERMINATION NOTIFICATION

If this flag is enabled and was registered to the process filter rule, the process termination notification will be sent when the terminating process name matchs the process name filter mask.

#### PROCESS HANDLE OP NOTIFICATION

If this flag is enabled and was registered to the process filter rule, the process operation information notification will be sent when a handle for a process is being created or duplicated.

#### THREAD CREATION NOTIFICATION

If this flag is enabled and was registered to the process filter rule, the thread creation notification will be sent when the creating new thread's process name matchs the process name filter mask.

#### THREAD TERMINATION NOTIFICATION

If this flag is enabled and was registered to the process filter rule, the thread termination notification will be sent when the terminating thread's process name matchs the process name filter mask.

#### THREAD HANDLE OP NOTIFICATION

If this flag is enabled and was registered to the process filter rule, the thread operation information notification will be sent when a handle for a thread is being created or duplicated.

#### Comments

This is the control flag for process filter rule, to prevent untrusted process from being launched or track the process operations.

## typedef enum RegCallbackClass

```
Reg_Pre_Delete_Key = 0x00000001,
Reg_Pre_Set_Value_Key = 0x00000002,
Reg_Pre_Delete_Value_Key = 0x000000004,
Reg_Pre_SetInformation_Key = 0x000000008,
Reg_Pre_Rename_Key = 0x000000010,
Reg_Pre_Enumerate_Key = 0x00000020,
Reg_Pre_Enumerate_Value_Key = 0x000000040,
Reg_Pre_Query_Key = 0x00000080,
Reg_Pre_Query_Value_Key = 0x00000100,
Reg_Pre_Query_Multiple_Value_Key = 0x00000200,
Reg_Pre_Create_Key = 0x000000400,
Reg_Pre_Create_Key = 0x000000800,
```

```
Reg Pre Open Key = 0x00001000,
Reg Post Open Key = 0x00002000,
Reg Pre Key Handle Close = 0x00004000,
// .Net only
Reg Post Delete Key = 0x00008000,
Reg Post Set Value Key = 0x00010000,
Reg Post Delete Value Key = 0x00020000,
Reg Post SetInformation Key = 0x00040000,
Reg Post Rename Key = 0x00080000,
Reg Post Enumerate Key = 0x00100000,
Reg Post Enumerate Value Key = 0x00200000,
Reg Post Query Key = 0x00400000,
Reg Post Query Value Key = 0x00800000,
Reg Post Query Multiple Value Key = 0x01000000,
Reg Post Key Handle Close = 0x02000000,
Reg Pre Create KeyEx = 0x04000000,
Reg Post Create KeyEx = 0x08000000,
Reg Pre Open KeyEx = 0x10000000,
Reg Post Open KeyEx = 0x20000000,
// new to Windows Vista
 //
Reg Pre Flush Key = 0x40000000,
Reg\_Post\ Flush\ Key = 0x80000000,
Reg Pre Load Key = 0x100000000,
Reg Post Load Key = 0x200000000,
Reg Pre UnLoad Key = 0x400000000,
Reg Post UnLoad Key = 0x800000000,
Reg Pre Query Key Security = 0x1000000000,
Reg Post Query Key Security = 0x20000000000,
Reg Pre Set Key Security = 0x4000000000,
Reg Post Set Key Security = 0x8000000000,
//
 // per-object context cleanup
Reg Callback Object Context Cleanup = 0x10000000000,
 // new in Vista SP2
Reg Pre Restore Key = 0x20000000000,
Reg Post Restore Key = 0x40000000000,
Reg Pre Save Key = 0x80000000000,
Reg Post Save Key = 0x100000000000,
Reg Pre Replace Key = 0x2000000000000,
```

```
Reg_Post_Replace_Key = 0x400000000000,
//
// new in Windows 10
//
Reg_Pre_Query_KeyName = 0x800000000000,
Reg_Post_Query_KeyName = 0x100000000000,
MAX_REG_CALLBACK_CLASE = 0xfffffffffffffff,
}
```

#### REG PRE DELETE KEY

Specifies that a thread is attempting to delete a key. This value indicates a pre-notification call to RegistryCallback.

### REG\_PRE\_SET\_VALUE\_KEY

Specifies that a thread is attempting to set a value entry for a key. This value indicates a pre-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG PRE DELETE VALUE KEY

Specifies that a thread is attempting to delete a value entry for a key. This value indicates a pre-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG PRE SETINFORMATION KEY

Specifies that a thread is attempting to set the metadata for a key. This value indicates a pre-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG PRE RENAME KEY

Specifies that a thread is attempting to rename a key. This value indicates a pre-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG PRE ENUMERATE KEY

Specifies that a thread is attempting to enumerate a value entry for a key. This value indicates a pre-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG PRE ENUMERATE KEY

Specifies that a thread is attempting to enumerate a value entry for a key. This value indicates a pre-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG PRE QUERY KEY

Specifies that a thread is attempting to read the metadata for a key. This value indicates a pre-notification call to RegistryCallback.

### REG\_PRE\_QUERY\_VALUE\_KEY

Specifies that a thread is attempting to read a value entry for a key. This value indicates a pre-notification call to RegistryCallback.

### REG PRE QUERY MULTIPLE VALUE KEY

Specifies that a thread is attempting to query multiple value entries for a key. This value indicates a pre-notification call to RegistryCallback.

### REG\_PRE\_CREATE\_KEY

Specifies that a thread is attempting to create a key. This value indicates a pre-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG POST CREATE KEY

Specifies that a thread has successfully created a key. This value indicates a post-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG PRE OPEN KEY

Specifies that a thread is attempting to open an existing key. This value indicates a pre-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG POST OPEN KEY

Specifies that a thread has successfully opened an existing key. This value indicates a post-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG PRE KEY HANDLE CLOSE

Specifies that a thread is attempting to close a key handle. This value indicates a pre-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG POST DELETE KEY

Specifies that the system has attempted to delete the key. This value indicates a post-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG POST SET VALUE KEY

Specifies that the system has attempted to set a value entry for a key. This value indicates a post-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG POST DELETE VALUE KEY

Specifies that the system has attempted to delete a value entry for a key. This value indicates a post-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG POST SETINFORMATION KEY

Specifies that the system has attempted to set the key's metadata. This value indicates a post-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG\_POST\_RENAME\_KEY

Specifies that the system has attempted to rename the key. This value indicates a post-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG POST ENUMERATE KEY

Specifies that the system has attempted to enumerate the subkey of a key. This value indicates a post-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG POST ENUMERATE VALUE KEY

Specifies that the system has attempted to enumerate the value entry of a key. This value indicates a post-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG POST QUERY KEY

Specifies that the system has attempted to query the metadata for a key. This value indicates a post-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG POST QUERY VALUE KEY

Specifies that the system has attempted to query a value entry for the key. This value indicates a post-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG POST QUERY MULTIPLE VALUE KEY

Specifies that the system has attempted to query multiple value entries for the key. This value indicates a post-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG POST KEY HANDLE CLOSE

Specifies that the system has attempted to close a key handle. This value indicates a post-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG PRE CREATE KEYEX

Specifies that a thread is attempting to create a key. This value indicates a pre-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG POST CREATE KEYEX

Specifies that the system has attempted to create a key. This value indicates a post-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG PRE OPEN KEYEX

Specifies that a thread is attempting to open an existing key. This value indicates a pre-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG POST OPEN KEYEX

Specifies that the system has attempted to open an existing key. This value indicates a post-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG PRE FLUSH KEY

Specifies that a thread is attempting to write a key to disk. This value indicates a pre-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG\_POST\_FLUSH\_KEY

Specifies that the system has attempted to write a key to disk. This value indicates a post-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG PRE LOAD KEY

Specifies that a thread is attempting to load a registry hive from a file. This value indicates a pre-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG POST LOAD KEY

Specifies that the system has attempted to load a registry hive from a file. This value indicates a post-notification call to RegistryCallback.

### REG\_PRE\_UNLOAD\_KEY

Specifies that a thread is attempting to unload a registry hive. This value indicates a pre-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG POST UNLOAD KEY

Specifies that the system has attempted to unload a registry hive. This value indicates a post-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG\_PRE\_QUERY\_KEY\_SECURITY

Specifies that a thread is attempting to obtain a registry key's security information. This value indicates a pre-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG POST QUERY KEY SECURITY

Specifies that a thread has attempted to obtain a registry key's security information. This value indicates a post-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG PRE SET KEY SECURITY

Specifies that a thread is attempting to set a registry key's security information. This value indicates a pre-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG POST SET KEY SECURITY

Specifies that a thread has attempted to set a registry key's security information. This value indicates a post-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG CALLBACK OBJECT CONTEXT CLEANUP

Specifies that the driver has called CmUnRegisterCallback or the driver's RegistryCallback routine has just finished processing a RegNtPreKeyHandleClose class value.

#### REG PRE RESTORE KEY

Specifies that a thread is attempting to restore a registry key's information. This value indicates a pre-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG POST RESTORE KEY

Specifies that a thread has attempted to restore a registry key's information. This value indicates a post-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG PRE SAVE KEY

Specifies that a thread is attempting to save a registry key's information. This value indicates a pre-notification call to RegistryCallback.

### REG\_POST\_SAVE\_KEY

Specifies that a thread has attempted to save a registry key's information. This value indicates a post-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG PRE REPLACE KEY

Specifies that a thread is attempting to replace a registry key's information. This value indicates a pre-notification call to RegistryCallback.

#### REG POST REPLACE KEY

Specifies that a thread has attempted to replace a registry key's information. This value indicates a post-notification call to RegistryCallback.

### REG PRE QUERY KEYNAME

Specifies that a thread is attempting to obtain the full path of a registry key. Use this value on Windows 10 and later versions of the Windows operating system.

### REG\_POST\_QUERY KEYNAME

Specifies that a thread has attempted to obtain the full path of a registry key. Use this value on Windows 10 and later versions of the Windows operating system.

#### MAX REG CALLBACK CLASS

Specifies the maximum value in this enumeration type.

#### Comments

This is registry callback class, to get the notification of the registry operations.

## typedef enum RegControlFlag

```
REG ALLOW OPEN KEY
                                                        = 0X00000001,
                                                        = 0X00000002,
  REG ALLOW CREATE KEY
                                                        = 0X00000004,
  REG ALLOW QUERY KEY
  REG ALLOW RENAME KEY
                                                       = 0X00000008
  REG ALLOW DELETE KEY
                                                        = 0X00000010,
  REG_ALLOW_SET_VALUE_KEY_INFORMATION = 0X00000020,
REG_ALLOW_SET_INFORMATION_KEY = 0X00000040,
                                                    = 0X00000080,
= 0X00000100,
= 0X00000200,
  REG ALLOW ENUMERATE KEY
  REG_ALLOW_QUERI__VILUE_KEY

REG_ALLOW_ENUMERATE_VALUE_KEY

REG_ALLOW_QUERY_MULTIPLE_VALUE_KEY

REG_ALLOW_DELETE_VALUE_KEY

= 0X00000400,

= 0X00001000,

- 0X00002000,
  REG ALLOW QUERY VALUE KEY
  REG_ALLOW_QUERY_KEY_SECURITY
REG_ALLOW_SET_KEY_SECURITY
  REG ALLOW SET KEY SECURITY
                                                       = 0X00002000,
                                                       = 0X00004000,
  REG ALLOW RESTORE KEY
  REG ALLOW SAVE KEY
                                                       = 0X00010000,
  REG ALLOW FLUSH KEY
                                                        = 0X00020000,
  REG ALLOW LOAD KEY
                                                       = 0X00040000,
  REG ALLOW UNLOAD_KEY
                                                        = 0X00080000,
  REG ALLOW KEY CLOSE
                                                        = 000100000,
                                                        = 0X002000000
  REG ALLOW KEY RENAME
  REG MAX ACCESS FLAG
                                                        = OXFFFFFFFFF
}
```

#### REG ALLOW OPEN KEY

If this flag is disabled, it will block the registry key open if the process name matchs the filter rule.

#### REG ALLOW CREATE KEY

If this flag is disabled, it will block the registry key being created if the process name matchs the filter rule.

### REG\_ALLOW\_QUERY\_KEY

If this flag is disabled, it will block the registry key being queryed if the process name matchs the filter rule.

#### REG\_ALLOW\_RENAME\_KEY

If this flag is disabled, it will block the registry key being renamed if the process name matchs the filter rule.

#### REG ALLOW DELETE KEY

If this flag is disabled, it will block the registry key being deleted if the process name matchs the filter rule.

### REG\_ALLOW\_SET\_VALUE\_KEY\_INFORMATION

If this flag is disabled, it will block the setting the value of the registry key if the process name matchs the filter rule.

#### REG ALLOW SET INFORMATION KEY

If this flag is disabled, it will block the setting the registry key if the process name matchs the filter rule.

#### REG ALLOW ENUMERATE KEY

If this flag is disabled, it will block the registry key being enumerated if the process name matchs the filter rule.

#### REG ALLOW QUERY VALUE KEY

If this flag is disabled, it will block the value of the registry key being queryed if the process name matchs the filter rule.

#### REG ALLOW ENUMERATE VALUE KEY

If this flag is disabled, it will block the value of the registry key being enumerated if the process name matchs the filter rule.

#### REG ALLOW QUERY MULTIPLE VALUE KEY

If this flag is disabled, it will block the querying of multiple values of the registry key if the process name matchs the filter rule.

#### REG ALLOW DELETE VALUE KEY

If this flag is disabled, it will block the value of the registry key being deleted if the process name matchs the filter rule.

#### REG ALLOW QUERY KEY SECURITY

If this flag is disabled, it will block the registry key security being queryed if the process name matchs the filter rule.

### REG ALLOW SET KEY SECURITY

If this flag is disabled, it will block the registry key security being setted if the process name matchs the filter rule.

### REG\_ALLOW\_RESTORE\_KEY

If this flag is disabled, it will block the registry key being restored if the process name matchs the filter rule.

#### REG ALLOW SAVE KEY

If this flag is disabled, it will block the registry key being saved if the process name matchs the filter rule.

#### REG ALLOW FLUSH KEY

If this flag is disabled, it will block the registry key security being flushed if the process name matchs the filter rule.

#### REG ALLOW LOAD KEY

If this flag is disabled, it will block the registry key being loaded if the process name matchs the filter rule.

#### REG ALLOW UNLOAD KEY

If this flag is disabled, it will block the registry key being unloaded if the process name matchs the filter rule.

#### REG ALLOW KEY CLOSE

If this flag is disabled, it will block the registry key being closed if the process name matchs the filter rule.

#### REG ALLOW KEY RENAME

If this flag is disabled, it will block the registry key being renamed if the process name matchs the filter rule.

### REG MAX ACCESS FLAG

Enable the maximum access right for the registry access.

#### Comments

This is the control flag for registry filter rule, to track or control the registry operations.

## typedef enum FileEventType

#### Members

#### FILE WAS CREATED

The new file was created event.

#### FILE WAS WRITTEN

The file was written with data event.

#### FILE WAS RENAMED

The file was renamed event.

#### FILE SECURITY CHANGED

The file security was changed event.

# FILE\_INFO\_CHANGED

The file information was changed event.

# FILE WAS READ

The file data was read event.

#### Comments

This is the file change event, you can get the notification when the file was changed by registering the specific events.

# typedef enum AccessFlag

```
EXCLUDE FILTER RULE
                                             = 0X000000000
EXCLUDE FILE ACCESS
                                            = 0x00000001,
REPARSE_FILE_OPEN
HIDE_FILES_IN_DIRECTORY_BROWSING
REPARSE FILE OPEN
                                            = 0 \times 000000002,
                                            = 0x00000004,
FILE ENCRYPTION RULE
                                            = 0 \times 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 8,
ALLOW_OPEN_WTIH_ACCESS_SYSTEM_SECURITY = 0x00000010,
\begin{array}{lll} \text{ALLOW\_OPEN\_WITH\_READ\_ACCESS} &=& 0 \times 00000020, \\ \text{ALLOW OPEN WITH WRITE ACCESS} &=& 0 \times 00000040, \\ \end{array}
ALLOW OPEN WITH CREATE OR OVERWRITE ACCESS = 0x00000080,
ALLOW\_OPEN\_WITH\_DELETE\_ACCESS = 0x00000100,
ALLOW READ ACCESS
                                            = 0 \times 00000200,
ALLOW WRITE ACCESS
                                            = 0x00000400,
ALLOW_QUERY_INFORMATION_ACCESS
                                            = 0x00000800,
ALLOW_SET_INFORMATION
                                            = 0 \times 00001000,
                                            = 0 \times 00002000,
ALLOW FILE RENAME
ALLOW FILE DELETE
                                            = 0x00004000,
                                            = 0x00008000,
ALLOW FILE SIZE CHANGE
                                         = 0x00010000, \\ = 0x00020000, \\ = 0x00040000,
ALLOW QUERY SECURITY ACCESS
ALLOW_SET_SECURITY_ACCESS
ALLOW_DIRECTORY_LIST_ACCESS
ALLOW SET SECURITY ACCESS
```

#### Members

## EXCLUDE FILTER RULE

EXCLUDE\_FILTER\_RULE is the rule which bypass the files matched the FilterMask. It can`t combine to use with the other access flags. If a file matchs the exclude filter rule, the filter will bypass this file, you won`t get any Io request notification or control. If a file matches both the exclude filter rule and monitor rule, the exclude filter rule will be applied.

# EXCLUDE FILE ACCESS

EXCLUDE\_FILE\_ACCESS is the flag indicates the filter will deny the access to the files which match the FilterMask.

### REPARSE FILE OPEN

REPARSE\_FILE\_OPEN is the rule which reparses the file matched the FilterMask open to the other files which match the ReparseMask.

```
Example:
Reparse the file open in folder c:\test to another folder c:\reparseFol
der"

AddFileFilterRule(ALLOW_MAX_RIGHT_ACCESS|REPARSE_FILE_OPEN, L"c:\\test\\*", 1);
AddReparseFileMaskToFilterRule(L"c:\\test\\*",L"c:\\reparseFolder\\*");
```

## HIDE FILES IN DIRECTORY BROWSING

HIDE\_FILES\_IN\_DIRECTORY\_BROWSING is the flag let you hide the files in the managed folder when it matches the mask.

```
Example:
Hide the files in folder c:\test for process "explorer.exe"

AddFileFilterRule(ALLOW_MAX_RIGHT_ACCESS|HIDE_FILES_IN_DIRECTORY_BROWSI
NG, L"c:\\test\\*", FALSE, 1);

AddIncludeProcessNameToFilterRule(L"c:\\test\\*",L"explorer.exe");

AddHiddenFileMaskToFilterRule(L"c:\\test\\*",L"*.*");
```

## ENCRYPTION FILTER RULE

ENCRYPTION\_FILTER\_RULE is the flag indicates the filter will encrypt the new created files which match the FilterMask. If the other flag were set, this flag is automatically enabled.

# ALLOW\_OPEN\_WTIH\_ACCESS\_SYSTEM\_SECURITY

ALLOW\_OPEN\_WTIH\_ACCESS\_SYSTEM\_SECURITY is the flag indicates if you can open the file with the desired access with the ACCESS SYSTEM SECURITY set.

# ALLOW\_OPEN\_WITH\_READ\_ACCESS

ALLOW\_OPEN\_WITH\_READ\_ACCESS is the flag indicates if you can open the file with read access.

## ALLOW OPEN WITH WRITE ACCESS

ALLOW\_OPEN\_WITH\_WRITE\_ACCESS is the flag indicates if you can open the file with write access.

## ALLOW OPEN WITH CREATE OR OVERWRITE ACCESS

ALLOW\_OPEN\_WITH\_CREATE\_OR\_OVERWRITE\_ACCESS is the flag indicates if you can open with create a new file or overwrite the exist file.

### ALLOW OPEN WITH DELETE ACCESS

ALLOW\_OPEN\_WITH\_DELETE\_ACCESS is the flag indicates if you can open the file for deletion or rename access.

#### ALLOW READ ACCESS

ALLOW\_READ\_ACCESS is the flag indicates if you have the permission to read the file.

# ALLOW WRITE ACCESS

ALLOW\_WRITE\_ACCESS is the flag indicates if you have the permission to write the file.

# ALLOW QUERY INFORMATION ACCESS

ALLOW\_QUERY\_INFORMATION\_ACCESS is the flag indicates if you have the permission to query the file information.

# ALLOW SET INFORMATION

ALLOW\_SET\_INFORMATION is the flag indicates if you have the permission to set the file information.

# ALLOW FILE RENAME

ALLOW\_FILE\_RENAME is the flag indicates if you have the permission to rename the file. If the flag ALLOW\_SET\_INFORMATION is unset, the rename is blocked automatically.

## ALLOW FILE DELETE

ALLOW\_FILE\_DELETE is the flag indicates if you have the permission to delete the file. If the flag ALLOW\_SET\_INFORMATION is unset, the deletion is blocked automatically.

## ALLOW FILE SIZE CHANGE

ALLOW\_FILE\_SIZE\_CHANGE is the flag indicates if you have the permission to change the file size. If the flag ALLOW\_SET\_INFORMATION is unset, the file size chage is blocked automatically.

## ALLOW QUERY SECURITY ACCESS

ALLOW\_QUERY\_SECURITY\_ACCESS is the flag indicates if you have the permission to query the file security.

# ALLOW SET SECURITY ACCESS

ALLOW\_SET\_SECURITY\_ACCESS is the flag indicates if you have the permission to set the file security.

## ALLOW DIRECTORY LIST ACCESS

ALLOW\_DIRECTORY\_LIST\_ACCESS is the flag indicates if you have the permission to browse the directory.

# ALLOW FILE ACCESS FROM NETWORK

ALLOW\_FILE\_ACCESS\_FROM\_NETWORK is the flag indicates if you have the permission to access the files from the network server.

# ALLOW\_NEW\_FILE\_ENCRYPTION

ALLOW\_NEW\_FILE\_ENCRYPTION is the flag indicates if you allow to encrypt the new created files by the filter driver.

# ALLOW READ ENCRYPTED FILES

ALLOW\_READ\_ENCRYPTED\_FILES is the flag indicates if you allow to read encrypted files, if it is disabled, the encrypted data will return to the users.

# ALLOW ALL SAVE AS

ALLOW\_ALL\_SAVE\_AS is the flag indicates if the process has the permission to create a new file.

## ALLOW COPY PROTECTED FILES OUT

ALLOW\_COPY\_PROTECTED\_FILES\_OUT is the flag indicates if allow the protected files being copy out of the protected folder, if allow all save as is true.

#### ALLOW FILE MEMORY MAPPED

ALLOW\_FILE\_MEMORY\_MAPPED indicates if the file can be opened with memory mapped, a file excution must be opened with memory mapped.

# DISABLE ENCRYPT DATA ON READ

DISABLE\_ENCRYPT\_DATA\_ON\_READ is fale, and the encryption is enabled, it can encrypt the data when the application reads the file, it enables you to encrypt your files when you upload or copy out your files to other places.

# LEAST ACCESS FLAG

LEAST\_ACCESS\_FLAG indicates the file has the least access right, it can't be set to 0, or it will be excluded by the filter driver.

# ALLOW COPY PROTECTED FILES TO USB

If this flag was disabled, the protected files can't be copied out to the USB drive.

# ALLOW MAX RIGHT ACCESS

ALLOW\_MAX\_RIGHT\_ACCESS indicates if you have the maximum access right to the file.

#### Comments

A accessFlag is the control flag of a filter rule, you can control the file access by disabling the specific flags.

# typedef enum AESFlags

#### Members

# Flags Enabled Expire Time

Flags\_Enabled\_Expire\_Time is the flag which indicates that the filter driver will check if the encrypted file was expired before it can be opened.

# Flags Enabled Check ProcessName

Flags\_Enabled\_Check\_ProcessName is the flag which indicates that the filter driver will check if the process has the permission to open the encrypted file.

# Flags Enabled Check UserName

Flags\_Enabled\_Check\_UserName is the flag which indicates that the filter driver will check if the user has the permission to open the encrypted file.

# Flags\_Enabled\_Check\_AccessFlags

Flags\_Enabled\_Check\_AccessFlags is the flag which indicates that the filter driver will check the access flags if the encrypted file can be opened.

# Flags Enabled Check User Permit

Flags\_Enabled\_Check\_User\_Permit is the flag which indicates that the filter driver will require the user permission before the encrypted file can be opened.

## Flags AES KEY WAS EMBEDDED

Flags\_AES\_KEY\_WAS\_EMBEDDED is the flag which indicates that the filter driver will user the embedded AES key to decrypt the file.

# Flags Enabled Request IV And Key

Flags\_Enabled\_Request\_IV\_And\_Key is the flag which indicates that the filter driver will require encryption key and IV from user mode service to decrypt the file.

## Flags Enabled Revoke Access Control

Flags\_Enabled\_Revoke\_Access\_Control is the flag which indicates that the filter driver will require the

permission from the control server and get the encryption key and IV to decrypt the file.

# Flags\_Enabled\_Check\_Computer\_Id

Flags\_Enabled\_Check\_Computer\_Id is the flag which indicates that the filter driver will check if the computer can access the encrypted files.

# ${\tt Flags\_Enabled\_Check\_User\_Password}$

Flags\_Enabled\_Check\_User\_Password is the flag which indicates that the filter driver will require the user password before the encrypted file can be opened.

#### Comments

A AESFlags is a flag inside the metadata of the encrypted file.

# typedef struct \_AES\_DATA

```
VerificationKey;
    ULONG
    ULONG
                  AESFlags;
    ULONG
                  Version;
                  IV[16];
    UCHAR
    ULONG
                 EncryptionKeyLength;
    UCHAR
                  EncryptionKey[32];
    LONGLONG
                  FileSize;
    ULONG
                  CryptoType;
                 PaddingSize;
    ULONG
    ULONG
                 AESDataSize;
                 FileSizeOnDisk;
    LONGLONG
    ULONG
                 AccessFlags;
                  Reservel;
    ULONG
    ULONG
                  Reserve2;
                  TagDataLength;
    ULONG
    WCHAR
                   TagData[1];
}
```

#### Members

#### EaseTagKey

The verification key of the AES data structure, the value is 0xccb76e80.

### **AESFlags**

The Flags of the encrypted file's meta data, indicates the filter driver what action needs to do for the encrypted file opens.

### Version

The version indicates the encryption engine OpenSSL library if it is 16, or use Micrsoft CNG library if it is 32.

#### IV

The 16 bytes initialization vector, is an arbitrary number that can be used along with an encryption key for the file encryption.

## EncryptionKeyLength

The length of the encryption key, it should be 16,24 or 32.

#### EncryptionKey

The encryption key for the file encryption.

# FileSize

The file size was present to the user for the encrypted file, this is file size doesn't include the padding size and the header size.

# CryptoType

The crypto type for the encryption, default is 0 which is using AES CTR mode.

## PaddingSize

The padding size of the last block if it needs the padding.

## AESDataSize

The total size of this structure, this is the size which will be appended to the encrypted file, by default is 1024.

#### FileSizeOnDisk

This is the actual physical file size of the encrytped file, includes the pading size and the header size.

### AccessFlags

The file access control flag if the bit Flags\_Enabled\_Check\_AccessFlags in the AESFlags flag was enabled.

#### Reserve1

The reserve data for future use.

#### Reserve2

The reserve data for future use.

## TagDataLength

The length of the custom data.

#### TagData

The custom tag data which was added by the user from the encryption API.

## Comments

AES\_DATA structure is the metadata of the encrypted file which was appended to the end of the file.

# Typedef enum FilterStatus

## Members

# FILTER MESSAGE IS DIRTY

FILTER\_MESSAGE\_IS\_DIRTY is the flag indicates the reply message was modified and needs to be processed in filter driver. Set this flag if you change the reply message.

# FILTER COMPLETE PRE OPERATION

FILTER\_COMPLETE\_PRE\_OPERATION is the flag indicates the filter needs to complete this pre I/O request.Only set this flag with pre operation request when you don't want the request goes down to the file system.

# FILTER\_DATA\_BUFFER\_IS\_UPDATED

FILTER\_DATA\_BUFFER\_IS\_UPDATED is the flag indicates the data buffer of the reply message was updated. The filter will process this data buffer.

#### Comments

FitlerStatus is the status code which returns to the filter driver, it is for control filter driver. It instructs the filter drive what action needs to be done.

# $typedef\ struct\_MESSAGE\_SEND\_DATA$

```
ULONG
                   VerificationNumber;
ULONG
                  MessageId;
ULONG
                 FilterRuleId;
                  RemoteIP[INET ADDR STR LEN];
WCHAR
PVOID
                 FileObject;
PVOID
                  FsContext;
ULONG
                 MessageType;
ULONG
                  ProcessId;
                  ThreadId:
ULONG
LONGLONG
                 Offset;
ULONG
                  Length;
                 FileSize;
LONGLONG
LONGLONG
                  TransactionTime;
LONGLONG
                 CreationTime;
                 LastAccessTime;
LONGLONG
LONGLONG
                 LastWriteTime;
                 FileAttributes;
ULONG
```

```
ULONG
                         DesiredAccess;
     ULONG
                         Disposition;
     ULONG
                         ShareAccess;
     ULONG
                        CreateOptions;
     ULONG
                        CreateStatus;
     ULONG
                        InfoClass;
     ULONG
                         Status;
     ULONG
                        ReturnLength;
     ULONG
                         FileNameLength;
                         FileName [MAX FILE NAME LENGTH];
     WCHAR
     ULONG
                         SidLength;
     UCHAR
                         Sid[MAX SID LENGTH];
                         DataBufferLength;
     ULONG
     UCHAR
                         DataBuffer[MAX MESSAGE SIZE];
} MESSAGE SEND DATA, *PMESSAGE SEND DATA;
```

# Members

#### VerificationNumber

The verification number to verify the data structure integerity.

### MessageId

This is the sequential number of the transaction.

#### FilterRuleId

This is the filter rule  $\operatorname{Id}$  of the file  $\operatorname{I/O}$  was managed.

### RemoteIP

The remote IP address if the file I/O was accessed from the smb network computer.

## FileObject

The FileObject is the pointer to the file object, it is a unique number to every file open.

#### FsContext

The FsContext is the pointer to the file context, it is unique number to the same file.

## MessageType

MessageType is the I/O request type for this transaction.

#### ProcessId

The ProcessId is the id of the process associated with the thread that originally requested the  $\ensuremath{\text{I/O}}$  operation.

#### ThreadId

The ThreadId is the id of thread which requested the I/O operation.

#### Offset

The Offset is the read or write offset.

#### Length

The Length is the length for read or write.

#### FileSize

The FileSize is the size of the file for this  $\ensuremath{\text{I/O}}$  request.

#### TransactionTime

The transaction time in UTC format of the request.

### CreationTime

The creation time in UTC format of the file we are requesting.

#### LastAccessTime

The last access time in UTC format of the file we are requesting.

### LastWriteTime

The last write time in UTC format of the file we are requesting.

#### FileAttributes

The file attributes of the file we are requesting.

# DesiredAccess

The DesiredAccess is the request access to the file for the Create I/O request, which can be summarized as read, write, both or neither zero. For more information reference the Windows API CreateFile.

## Disposition

The disposition is the action to take on a file that exist or does not exist. For more information reference the Windows API CreateFile.

#### SharedAccess

The SharedAccess is the requested sharing mode of the file which can be read, write, both, delete, all of these, or none. For more information reference the Windows API CreateFile.

# CreateOptions

The CreateOptions specifies the options to be applied when creating or opening the file. For more information reference the Windows API CreateFile.

#### CreateStatus

The CreateStatus is the status after the Create I/O request completed. It could be the one of the following values:

```
FILE_SUPERSEDED = 0x00000000,
FILE_OPENED = 0x00000001,
FILE_CREATED = 0x00000002,
FILE_OVERWRITTEN = 0x00000003,
FILE_EXISTS = 0x00000004,
FILE_DOES_NOT_EXIST = 0x00000005,
```

#### InfoClass

The infoClss is the information class for query/set information I/O request, or directory browsing request. For query/set security request, it is the security information. For more information reference the windows Filter API FltQueryInformationFile, FltQueryDirectoryFile,FltQuerySecurityObject.

#### Status

The Status is the I/O status which returns from the file system, indicates if the I/O request succeeded. It is only meaningful to the post I/O requests.

### ReturnLength

The return length of the I/O for read or write.

## FileNameLength

The file name length in byte of the file we are requesting.

#### FileName

The file name we are requesting.

### SidLength

The length of the security identifier buffer in byte.

## Sid

The buffer of the security identifier data.

## DataBufferLength

The data buffer length for read, write, security, information, directory I/O requests.

#### DataBuffer

The The data buffer length for read, write, security, information, directory I/O requests.

#### Comments

The MESSAGE\_SEND\_DATA structure is used to transfer the data from kernel to the user mode application. It includes all the information needed for the user.

# typedef struct\_PROCESS\_INFO

```
ULONG
                    MessageId;
PVOID
                    Reserve1;
PVOID
                    Reserve2;
ULONG
                   MessageType;
LONGLONG
                    TransactionTime;
ULONG
                    ProcessId;
ULONG
                    ThreadId;
ULONG
                    ParentProcessId;
ULONG
                    CreatingProcessId;
ULONG
                    CreatingThreadId;
ULONG
                    DesiredAccess;
ULONG
                    Operation;
BOOL
                    FileOpenNameAvailable;
ULONG
                    SidLength;
UCHAR
                    Sid[MAX SID LENGTH];
ULONG
                    FileNameLength;
                    FileName [MAX FILE NAME LENGTH];
WCHAR
                    CommandLineLength;
ULONG
```

# } PROCESS\_INFO, \*PPROCESS\_INFO;

#### Members

## MessageId

This is the sequential number of the transaction.

#### Reserve1

The reserve data field1.

#### Reserve2

The reserve data field2.

# MessageType

MessageType is the process message type which is the filter command, reference filter command enumeration.

#### TransactionTime

The transaction time in UTC format of the request.

#### ProcessId

The ProcessId is the id of the current process associated with the thread that originally requested the process operation.

### ThreadId

The thread Id of the current operation thread.

#### ParentProcessId

The process Id of the parent process for the new process. Note that the parent process is not necessarily the same process as the process that created the new process.

## CreatingProcessId

The process Id of the process that created new process.

## CreatingThreadId

The thread Id of the thread that created the new process.

#### DesiredAccess

An ACCESS\_MASK value that specifies the access rights to grant for the handle.

### Operation

The type of handle operation, this member might be one of the following values: OB\_OPERATION\_HANDLE\_CREATE, OB\_OPERATION\_HANDLE\_DUPLICATE.

# FileOperNameAvailable

A boolean value that specifies whether the ImageFilename member contains the exact file name that is used to open the process executable file.

## SidLength

The length of the security identifier buffer in byte.

#### Sid

The buffer of the security identifier data.

## ImageFileNameLength

The image file name length in byte of the file name that is used to open the process executable file.

#### ImageFileName

The file name that is used to open the process executable file.

# CommandLineLength

The length in byte of the command line.

### CommandLine

The process executable file and command line.

#### Status

The Status is the I/O status which returns from the file system, indicates if the I/O request succeeded.

#### VerificationNumber

The verification number to verify the data structure integerity.

#### Comments

Replace MESSAGE\_SEND\_DATA structure with this one when process filter driver sends the process operation callback

notification, is used to transfer the data from kernel to the user mode application.

```
typedef struct _MESSAGE_REPLY_DATA
     ULONG
                    MessageId;
     ULONG
                    MessageType;
     ULONG
                    ReturnStatus;
     ULONG
                    FilterStatus;
     union
     Struct{
                    ULONG
                              DataBufferLength;
                    UCHAR
                              DataBuffer[MAX MESSAGE SIZE];
           }Data;
     Struct{
                    ULONG
                              AESDataLength;
                    UCHAR
                              IV[16];
                              EncryptionKeyLength;
                    ULONG
                    UCHAR
                              EncryptionKey[1];
           }AESData;
     Struct{
                    ULONG
                              UserNameLength;
                    UCHAR
                              UserName[1];
           }UserInfo;
     Struct{
                              FileNameLength;
                    ULONG
                              FileName[1];
                    UCHAR
           }FileInfo;
     }ReplyData
} MESSAGE REPLY DATA, *PMESSAGE REPLY DATA;
Members
MessageId
     This is the sequential number of the transaction.
MessageType
```

MessageType is the I/O request type for this transaction. Reference MessageType enum type.

#### ReturnStatus

The ReturnStatus is the I/O status which returns to filter driver, and filter will return this status to the user application for the request.

#### FilterStatus

The FitlerStatus is the status code which returns to the filter driver, it instructs the filter what process needs to be done. For more information reference the FilterStatus enum.

#### DataBufferLength

The data buffer length which returns to the filter driver.

#### DataBuffer

The data buffer which returns to the filter driver.

## AESDataLength

The total length of the AESData.

#### IV

The 16 bytes initialization vector returns to filter driver.

## EncryptionKeyLength

The length of the encryption key.

## EncrytionKey

The encrytion key returns to the filter driver.

# UserNameLength

The length of the user name.

### UserName

The user name buffer.

#### FileNameLength

The length of the file name.

#### FileName

The file name buffer.

# Comments

MESSAGE\_REPLY\_DATA is only for control filter, when it needs to change the data or status of the I/O request. To update the reply data buffer, you must understand the format of the buffer, incorrect data could cause your system unfunctional, even crash.

# **Types**

# typedef BOOL (\_stdcall \*Proto\_Message\_Callback)(

#### Comments

This is the proto type of the message callback function. The function will be called when the registed I/O requests match the filter rule. The second parameter "pReplyMessage" is always NULL for the file system monitor filter.

# typedef VOID (\_stdcall \*Proto\_Disconnect\_Callback)()

#### Comments

This is the proto type of disconnect function. The function will be called when the connection to the filter is disconnected.

# **Exported API**

#### BOOL

# InstallDriver()

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

Install the EaseFilter driver to the system. To install the driver you need the administrator permission.

#### BOOL

# UnInstallDriver()

# Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

UnInstall the EaseFilter driver from the system. To UnInstall the driver you need the administrator permission.

#### BOOL

# SetRegistrationKey(

IN WCHAR\* RegisterKey)

#### Parameters

## RegisterKey

Your register key.

### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

You have to set the registration key before you can start the filter.

### BOOL

# RegisterMessageCallback(

```
ULONG ThreadCount,
Proto_Message_Callback MessageCallback,
Proto_Disconnect_Callback DisconnectCallback)
```

## Parameters

#### ThreadCount

The number of threads used for connection to the filter.

# MessageCallback

The message callback function for the registered I/O requests.

#### DisconnectCallback

The disconnect callback function when the connection is disconnected.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

RegisterMessageCallback is the first API you need to call, it is the API start the filter and create the connection to the filter.

#### VOID

# Disconnect()

#### Comments

Disconnect is the API when you want to stop filter and filter connection.

#### BOOL

# **GetLastErrorMessage(**WCHAR\* Buffer, PULONG BufferLength**)**

## Parameters

#### Buffer

This the pointer of the buffer to receive the last error message.

## BufferLength

The length of the buffer.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false if the buffer length is not big enough to contain the message, and the BufferLength is set with the right size needed.

#### Comments

This API is called right after if the other API is failed. It will return the error message.

#### BOOL

# ResetConfigData();

### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

ResetConfigData is the API reset all the configuration of the filter, it will clear up all the setting includes the filter rules.

#### BOOL

# SetFilterType(ULONG FilterType)

#### Parameters

## FilterType

The type of the filter you want to set. There are FILE\_SYSTEM\_MONITOR filter and FILE\_SYSTEM\_CONTROL filter.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

The default filter type is file system monitor filter.

### BOOL

# SetConnectionTimeout(ULONG TimeOutInSeconds)

# Parameters

#### TimeOutInSeconds

The value of the filter wait time out.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

This is the maixmum time for the filter driver wait for the response from user mode, the user mode application should return as fast as possible, or it will block the system requests. Set it bigger if your application needs to process with more time.

#### BOOL

# SetVolumeControlFlag(ULONG VolumeControlFlag)

#### Parameters

## VolumeControlFlag

The value of the volume control flag.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

This is the API to register the notification when the filter driver attached the volume or detached the volume. You also can prevent the attached volumes from being formatted or dismounted.

#### BOOL

# AddFileFilterRule(

```
IN ULONG AccessFlag,
IN WCHAR* FilterMask,
IN BOOLEAN ISResident,
IN ULONG FilterRuleId
)
```

#### Parameters

## AccessFlag

The AccessFlag of this filter rule.

## FilterMask

The FilterMask set the target folder or files. The mask is dos format, it can include wild character '\*'or '?'. For example:

C:\test\\*txt
The filter only monitor the files end with 'txt' in
the folder c:\test.

#### IsResident

The flag indicates if the filter rule will be saved to the registry.

#### FilterRuleId

The Id of this filter rule, when you get the I/O callback or the notification, the filter rule Id in the data strucure "MessageSend" can tell you which filter rule was applied to this I/O.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

AddFileFilterRule is the API to setup the filter rule, You can set up multiple filte rules, the FilterMask must be different, if the FilterMask is the same, it will overwrite the previous one.

### BOOL

# RegisterFileChangeEventToFilterRule(

```
IN WCHAR* FilterMask,
IN ULONG EventType
)
```

### Parameters

#### FilterMask

The FilterMask which was set in API AddFileFilterRule.

## EventType

The event types were registered to the filter rule, to monitor the file events.

#### Comments

If you want to monitor the file events for the filter rule, this is the API to register the event types.

#### BOOL

# RegisterMonitorIOToFilterRule(

```
IN WCHAR* FilterMask,
IN ULONG RegisterIO
)
```

#### Parameters

#### FilterMask

The FilterMask which was set in API AddFileFilterRule.

## RegisterIO

The IOs were registered to the filter rule, only post-IOs can be registered, it was used to monitor the file IOs, when it was triggered, filter driver will send the notification to the user.

#### Comments

If you want to get the notification of the file IOs for the filter rule, this is the API to register the IOs which you are interested.

#### BOOL

# RegisterControlIOToFilterRule(

```
IN WCHAR* FilterMask,
IN ULONG RegisterIO
)
```

#### Parameters

#### FilterMask

The FilterMask which was set in API AddFileFilterRule.

### RegisterIO

The IOs were registered to the filter rule, were used to control the file IOs, when it was triggered, filter driver will send the notification to the user, block and wait for the response, it can control the IOs data and status based on the return result.

#### Comments

If you want to control the file requests, this is the API to register the IOs which you are interested.

## BOOL

# AddRegisterIOFilterToFilterRule(

```
IN WCHAR* FilterMask,
IN ULONG FilterByDesiredAccess,
IN ULONG FilterByDisposition,
IN ULONG FilterByCreateOptions
)
```

#### Parameters

#### FilterMask

The FilterMask which was set in API AddFileFilterRule.

## FilterByDesiredAccess

Filter the register IO option with file opens DesiredAccess.

## FilterByDisposition

Filter the register IO option with file opens Disposition.

## FilterByCreateOptions

Filter the register IO option with file opens CreateOptions.

### Comments

Filter the callback IOs by the file open options if the callback IOs were registered.

#### BOOL

# AddEncryptionKeyToFilterRule(

```
IN WCHAR* FilterMask,
IN ULONG EncryptionKeyLength,
IN UCHAR* EncryptionKey
)
```

#### Parameters

#### FilterMask

The FilterMask which was set in API AddFileFilterRule.

## EncryptionKeyLength

The length of the encryption key.

## EncryptionKey

The encryption key for the filter rule.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

If the encryption was enabled in the access flag in the API AddFileFilterRule, this is the API to add the encryption key for the filter rule, every file will use an unique iv.

#### BOOL

# AddEncryptionKeyAndIVToFilterRule(

```
IN WCHAR* FilterMask,
IN ULONG EncryptionKeyLength,
IN UCHAR* EncryptionKey,
IN ULONG IVLength,
IN UCHAR* IV
```

#### Parameters

#### FilterMask

The FilterMask which was set in API AddFileFilterRule.

# EncryptionKeyLength

The length of the encryption key.

# EncryptionKey

The encryption key for the filter rule.

## **IVLength**

The length of the encryption iv.

## ΙV

The encryption iv for the filter rule.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

## Comments

If the encryption was enabled in the access flag in the API AddFileFilterRule, this is the API to add the encryption key and iv for the filter rule, all files in this filter rule will use the same key and iv.

## BOOL

# AddReparseFileMaskToFilterRule(

```
IN WCHAR* FilterMask,
IN WCHAR* ReparseFilterMask
)
```

#### Parameters

#### FilterMask

The FilterMask which was set in API AddFileFilterRule .

## ReparseFilterMask

The reparse folder mask, it can include the wild character, but it must match the wild character in FilterMask.

```
For example:
FilterMask = c:\test\*txt
ReparseFilterMask = d:\reparse\*doc
```

If you open file c:\test\MyTest.txt, it will reparse to the file d:\reparse\MyTest.doc.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

If the REPARSE\_FILE\_OPEN was enabled in the access flag in the API AddFileFilterRule , this is the API to add the reparse filter mask for the filter rule.

## BOOL

# AddHiddenFileMaskToFilterRule(

```
IN WCHAR* FilterMask,
IN WCHAR* HiddenFileFilterMask
)
```

#### **Parameters**

#### FilterMask

The FilterMask which was set in API AddFileFilterRule .

#### HiddenFileFilterMask

The hidden file filter mask for the files to be hidden.

```
For example:
FilterMask = c:\hideFilesTest\\*
HiddenFileFilterMask = *.doc
```

If you open folder c:\hideFilesTest, all the files with extension .doc won't show up in the folder.

## Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

If the HIDE\_FILES\_IN\_DIRECTORY\_BROWSING was enabled in the access flag in the API AddFileFilterRule , this is the API to add the hidden filter mask for the filter rule.

#### BOOL

# AddExcludeFileMaskToFilterRule(

```
IN WCHAR* FilterMask,
IN WCHAR* ExcludeFileFilterMask
)
```

#### **Parameters**

### FilterMask

The FilterMask which was set in API AddFileFilterRule .

#### ExcludeFileFilterMask

The file filter mask to be excluded.

```
For example:
FilterMask = *.txt
ExcludeFileFilterMask = c:\windows\*
```

The filter driver target file is all the files with extension .txt except the files in folder c:\windows and its subfolders.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

This is the API to add the exclude file filter mask for the filter rule which was set in AddFileFilterRule .

#### BOOL

# AddIncludeProcessIdToFilterRule(

```
IN WCHAR* FilterMask,
IN ULONG IncludeProcessId
)
```

#### Parameters

#### FilterMask

The FilterMask which was set in API AddFileFilterRule .

## IncludeProcessId

The process Id to be included by filter driver.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

This is the API to add the include process Id for the filter rule which was set in AddFileFilterRule, only the files opened by the processes in the included process Ids and process names will be monitored by the filter driver.

#### BOOL

# AddExcludeProcessIdToFilterRule(

```
IN WCHAR* FilterMask,
IN ULONG ExcludeProcessId
)
```

#### **Parameters**

#### FilterMask

The FilterMask which was set in API AddFileFilterRule .

#### ExcludeProcessId

The process Id to be excluded by filter driver.

## Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

This is the API to add the exclude process Id for the filter rule which was set in AddFileFilterRule, all the files were opened by the processes in the excluded process Ids and process names won't be monitored by the filter driver.

#### BOOL

# AddIncludeProcessNameToFilterRule(

```
IN WCHAR* FilterMask,
IN WCHAR* IncludeProcessName
)
```

#### Parameters

#### FilterMask

The FilterMask which was set in API AddFileFilterRule .

#### IncludeProcessName

The process name to be included by filter driver.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

This is the API to add the include process name for the filter rule which was set in AddFileFilterRule , only the files opened by the processes in the included process Ids and process names will be monitored by the filter driver.

## BOOL

# AddExcludeProcessNameToFilterRule(

```
IN WCHAR* FilterMask,
IN WCHAR* ExcludeProcessName
)
```

#### Parameters

#### FilterMask

The FilterMask which was set in API AddFileFilterRule .

#### ExcludeProcessName

The process name to be excluded by filter driver.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

This is the API to add the exclude process name for the filter rule which was set in AddFileFilterRule, all the files were opened by the processes in the excluded process Ids and process names won't be monitored by the filter driver.

### BOOL

# AddIncludeUserNameToFilterRule(

```
IN WCHAR* FilterMask,
IN WCHAR* IncludeUserName
)
```

#### Parameters

#### FilterMask

The FilterMask which was set in API AddFileFilterRule .

#### IncludeUserName

The user name to be included by filter driver.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

This is the API to add the include user name for the filter rule which was set in AddFileFilterRule ,only the files were opened by the useres in the included user names will be monitored by the filter driver.

#### BOOL

# AddExcludeUserNameToFilterRule(

```
IN WCHAR* FilterMask,
IN WCHAR* ExcludeUserName
)
```

#### **Parameters**

#### FilterMask

The FilterMask which was set in API AddFileFilterRule .

### ExcludeUserName

The process name to be excluded by filter driver.

### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

This is the API to add the exclude user name for the filter rule which was set in AddFileFilterRule, all the files were opened by the users in the excluded user names won't be monitored by the filter driver.

#### BOOL

# AddProcessRightsToFilterRule(

```
IN WCHAR* FilterMask,
IN WCHAR* ProcessName,
IN ULONG AccessFlag
)
```

#### Parameters

#### FilterMask

The FilterMask which was set in API AddFileFilterRule .

#### ProcessName

The process name to be set access rights.

## AccessFlag

The access rights for the process.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

This is the API to add the access flags to the specific process, when the process accesses the files, it needs to check permission from access flags firt to allow or deny the file access.

#### BOOL

# RemoveProcessRightsFromFilterRule(

```
IN WCHAR* FilterMask,
IN WCHAR* ProcessName
)
```

#### Parameters

#### FilterMask

The FilterMask which was set in API AddFileFilterRule .

#### ProcessName

The process name to be set access rights.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

This is the API to remove the process access rights setting from the filter rule.

#### BOOL

# AddProcessIdRightsToFilterRule(

```
IN WCHAR* FilterMask,
IN ULONG ProcessId,
IN ULONG AccessFlag
```

#### Parameters

#### FilterMask

The FilterMask which was set in API AddFileFilterRule .

#### ProcessId

The process Id to be set access rights.

#### AccessFlag

The access rights for the process.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

This is the API to add the access flags to the specific process with the process Id, when the process accesses the files, it needs to check permission from access flags firt to allow or deny the file access.

### BOOL

# AddUserRightsToFilterRule(

```
IN WCHAR* FilterMask,
IN WCHAR* UserName,
IN ULONG AccessFlag
```

#### Parameters

#### FilterMask

The FilterMask which was set in API AddFileFilterRule .

#### UserName

The user name to be set access rights.

# AccessFlag

The access rights for the user.

## Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

This is the API to add the access flags to the specific user, when the user accesses the files, it needs to check permission from access flags firt to allow or deny the file access.

#### BOOL

# AddBooleanConfigToFilterRule(

```
IN WCHAR* FilterMask,
    IN ULONG BooleanConfig
)
```

#### Parameters

# FilterMask

The FilterMask which was set in API AddFileFilterRule .

## Booleanconfig

The boolean config setting.

### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

This is the API to add the boolean config setting for the filter rule which was set in AddFileFilterRule , please reference the BooleanConfig enumeration.

#### BOOL

# **RemoveFilterRule**(WCHAR\* FilterMask);

#### Parameters

#### FilterMask

The FilterMask associated to the filter rule.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

You can remove the filter rule which was set by AddFileFilterRule API.

#### BOOL

# **AddIncludedProcessId**(ULONG ProcessId)

#### Parameters

#### ProcessId

The process Id you want to be included by filter.

### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

This API let the filter dirver only intercept the I/O for the included processes, discard all other I/O from other processes, you can add multiple process Id.

### BOOL

# **RemoveExcludeProcessId**(ULONG ProcessId)

### Parameters

### ProcessId

The process Id you want to remove which set by AddIncludedProcessId API.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

This API removes the included process Id from filter.

## BOOL

# **AddExcludedProcessId**(ULONG ProcessId)

#### Parameters

## ProcessId

The process Id you want to be excluded by filter.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

This API let you can bypass the filter for specific processes, you can add multiple process Id.

#### BOOL

# **RemoveExcludeProcessId**(ULONG ProcessId)

#### Parameters

#### ProcessId

The process Id you want to remove which set by AddExcludedProcessId API.

## Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

This API removes the excluded process Id from filter.

# BOOL

# AddRegistryFilterRule(

| IN | ULONG  | ${\it ProcessNameLength}$ |
|----|--------|---------------------------|
| IN | WCHAR* | ProcessName,              |
| IN | ULONG  | ProcessId,                |
| IN | ULONG  | UserNameLength,           |
| IN | WCHAR* | UserNameFilterMask,       |
| IN | ULONG  | KeyNameLength,            |

```
IN WCHAR* KeyNameFilterMask,
IN ULONG AccessFlag,
IN ULONGLONG RegCallbackClass,
IN BOOL ISExcludeFilter,
IN ULONG FilterRuleId
```

#### Parameters

# ProcessNameLength

The length of the process name string in bytes.

#### ProcessName

The process name to be filtered, use '\*' to include all processes.

#### ProcessId

If the process Id is not 0, then filter with the process Id instead of the process name.

## UserNameLength

The length of the user name string in bytes.

#### UserNameFilterMask

The user name to be filtered, use '\*' to include all users.

# KeyNameLength

The length of the process name string in bytes.

# KeyNameFilterMask

The register key name to be filtered, use '\*' to include all the keys.

## AccessFlag

The access control flag for the registry filter rule.

# RegCallbackClass

Register the callback class for the registry filter rule.

## IsExcludeFilter

The flag indicates if the filter rule exclude filter rule, if it is true, the filter driver will skip all the registry operation for this filter rule.

#### FilterRuleId

The Id of this filter rule.

#### Comments

This is the API to add the registry filter rule, filter by process name.

#### BOOL

# AddRegistryFlterRuleByName(

```
IN ULONG ProcessNameLength
IN WCHAR* ProcessName,
IN ULONG AccessFlag,
IN ULONGLONG RegCallbackClass,
IN BOOL ISExcludeFilter
)
```

#### Parameters

# ProcessNameLength

The length of the process name string in bytes.

#### ProcessName

The process name to be filtered, use '\*' to include all processes.

# AccessFlag

The access control flag for the registry filter rule.

#### RegCallbackClass

Register the callback class for the registry filter rule.

#### IsExcludeFilter

The flag indicates if the filter rule exclude filter rule, if it is true, the filter driver will skip all the registry operation for this filter rule.

### Comments

This is the API to add the registry filter rule, filter by process name.

#### BOOL

# AddRegistryFilterRuleByProcessId(

```
IN ULONG ProcessId
IN ULONG AccessFlag,
IN ULONGLONG RegCallbackClass,
IN BOOL ISExcludeFilter
)
```

### Parameters

#### ProcessId

The process Id of the process which will be managed by registry filter driver.

# AccessFlag

The access control flag for the registry filter rule.

### RegCallbackClass

Register the callback class for the registry filter rule.

### IsExcludeFilter

The flag indicates if the filter rule exclude filter rule, if it is true, the filter driver will skip all the registry operation for this filter rule.

#### Comments

This is the API to add the registry filter rule, filter by process Id.

### BOOL

# Remove Registry Filter Rule By Process Id (

```
IN ULONG ProcessId
)
```

#### Parameters

### ProcessId

The process Id of the process which will be managed by registry filter driver.

#### Comments

This is the API to remove the registry filter rule, filter by process Id.

#### BOOL

# RemoveRegistryFilterRuleByName(

```
IN ULONG ProcessNameLength
IN WCHAR* ProcessName
)
```

#### Parameters

# ProcessNameLength

The length of the process name string in bytes.

#### ProcessName

The process name to be filtered.

#### Comments

This is the API to remove the registry filter rule, filter by process name.

#### BOOL

# AddProceeFilterRule(

```
IN ULONG ProcessNameMaskLength,
IN WCHAR* ProcessNameMask,
IN ULONG ControlFlag,
IN ULONG FilterRuleId
)
```

## Parameters

# ProcessNameLength

The length of the process name mask string in bytes.

## ProcessName

The process name mask to be filtered.

## ControlFlag

The control flag for the process, reference the ProcessControlFlag enumeration.

#### FilterRuleId

The Id of this process filter rule.

#### Comments

This is the API to add the process filter rule, to prevent the process from being launched, or register the callback notification of the process operation.

#### BOOL

# RemoveProceeFilterEntry(

```
IN ULONG ProcessNameMaskLength,
IN WCHAR* ProcessNameMask
)
```

### Parameters

### ProcessNameLength

The length of the process name mask string in bytes.

#### ProcessName

The process name mask to be filtered.

#### Comments

This is the API to remove the process filter rule.

#### BOOL

# AddFileControlToProcessByName(

```
IN ULONG ProcessNameMaskLength,
IN WCHAR* ProcessNameMask,
IN ULONG FileNameNameMaskLength,
IN WCHAR* FileNameMask,
IN ULONG AccessFlag
```

## Parameters

### ProcessNameLength

The length of the process name mask string in bytes.

## ProcessName

The process name mask to be filtered.

#### FileNameMaskLength

The length of the file name mask string in bytes.

### FileNameMask

The file name mask to be filtered.

# AccessFlag

The file access flag which control the process file access rights.

#### MonitorIO

Register the callback notification of the monitor IO.

#### ControlIO

Register the callback notification of the control IO.

#### Comments

This is the API to add the file access rights of the specific files to the specific processes.

#### BOOL

# AddFilterCallbackIOToProcessByName(

```
IN ULONG ProcessNameMaskLength,
IN WCHAR* ProcessNameMask,
IN ULONG FileNameNameMaskLength,
IN WCHAR* FileNameMask,
IN ULONG MonitorIO,
IN ULONG ControlIO,
IN ULONG FilterByDesiredAccess,
IN ULONG FilterByDisposition,
IN ULONG FilterByCreateOptions
```

#### Parameters

## ProcessNameLength

The length of the process name mask string in bytes.

#### ProcessName

The process name mask to be filtered.

### FileNameMaskLength

The length of the file name mask string in bytes.

#### FileNameMask

The file name mask to be filtered.

#### MonitorIO

Register the callback notification of the monitor IO.

#### ControlIO

Register the callback notification of the control IO.

# FilterByDesiredAccess

Filter the register IO option with file opens DesiredAccess.

# FilterByDisposition

Filter the register IO option with file opens Disposition.

# FilterByCreateOptions

Filter the register IO option with file opens CreateOptions.

#### Comments

Register the callback IOs for the process, filter the callback IOs by the file open options if they are not zero.

#### BOOL

# RemoveFileControlFromProcessByName(

```
IN ULONG ProcessNameMaskLength,
IN WCHAR* ProcessNameMask,
IN ULONG FileNameNameMaskLength,
IN WCHAR* FileNameMask
)
```

#### Parameters

### ProcessNameLength

The length of the process name mask string in bytes.

#### ProcessName

The process name mask to be filtered.

#### FileNameMaskLength

The length of the file name mask string in bytes.

#### FileNameMask

The file name mask to be filtered.

#### Comments

This is the API to remove the file access rights of the specific files to the specific processes if it was set.

#### BOOL

# AddFileControlToProcessById(

```
IN ULONG ProcessId,
IN ULONG FileNameNameMaskLength,
IN WCHAR* FileNameMask,
IN ULONG AccessFlag
```

#### Parameters

#### ProcessId

The process Id of the process which will be added file access rights.

### ProcessName

The process name mask to be filtered.

# FileNameMaskLength

The length of the file name mask string in bytes.

### FileNameMask

The file name mask to be filtered.

#### AccessFlag

The file access flag which control the process file access rights.

# Comments

This is the API to add the file access rights of the specific files to the specific process.

#### BOOL

# RemoveFileControlFromProcessById(

IN ULONG ProcessId,

```
IN ULONG FileNameNameMaskLength,
IN WCHAR* FileNameMask
```

#### Parameters

#### ProcessId

The process Id of the process which will bed removed file access rights.

# FileNameMaskLength

The length of the file name mask string in bytes.

#### FileNameMask

The file name mask to be filtered.

#### Comments

This is the API to remove the file access rights of the specific files to the specific process if it was set.

#### BOOL

# AddProtectedProcessId(ULONG ProcessId)

# Parameters

#### ProcessId

The process Id you want to be protected by filter.

# Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

This API can prevent the process being terminated, you can add multiple process Id, this API is supported in OS vista or later versions.

#### BOOL

# RemoveProtectedProcessId(ULONG ProcessId)

#### Parameters

# ProcessId

The process Id you want to remove which set by AddProtectedProcessId API.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

This API removes the protected procss Id.

#### BOOL

# **RegisterIoRequest**(ULONG RequestRegistration)

#### Parameters

# RequestRegistration

The RequestRegistration is the bit combination of the request type.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

Register the I/O requests which you want to monitor. For File\_SYSTEM\_MONITOR filter, only post I/O requests registration are affected, since it only can get notification after the request was completed by file system.

For FILE\_SYSTEM\_CONTROL filter you can register both pre and post requests. If you want to deny, cancel or return with your own data instead of going down to the file system, you need to register the pre request.

For some post I/O requests, you can't cancel or deny it, for example Create, Set information, Set security, Write requests.

#### BOOL

**GetFileHandleInFilter**(WCHAR\* FileName, ULONG DesiredAccess, Handle\* FileHandle);

#### Parameters

#### FileName

The full path of the file which you want to open.

## DesiredAccess

The requested access to the file or device, which can be summarized as read, write, both or neither zero).

#### FileHandle

The pointer to the file handle which will receive the file handle after the file was opened.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

Use this API to open the file, it will bypass the filter, avoid reentrant issue. It also will bypass the security check. Close the handle with CloseHandle win32 API.

### BOOL

# AESEncryptFile(

```
IN WCHAR* FileName,
IN ULONG KeyLength,
IN UCHAR* Key,
IN ULONG IVLength,
IN UCHAR* IV,
IN BOOL AddAESData)
```

#### Parameters

### FileName

The file name to be encrypted.

## KeyLength

```
The encryption key length, it has to be 16(128bits), 24(192bits) or 32(256bits).
```

## Key

The encryption key, it is an unsigned char array with KeyLength size.

# IVLength

The initial vector length, if it is 0, the sysem will allocate an unique IV for the file.

#### IV

The initial vector, when IVLenght is 0, it sets to NULL.

#### AddAESData

If it is true, it will add the AESData structure to the encrypted file, then the encryption filter driver can recognize this encrypted file.

## Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

AESEncryptFile is the API to encrypt file file with AES encryption cryptographic algorithm.

#### BOOL

# AESEncryptFileWithTag(

```
IN WCHAR* FileName,
IN ULONG KeyLength,
IN UCHAR* Key,
IN ULONG IVLength,
IN UCHAR* IV,
IN ULONG TagDataLength,
IN UCHAR* TagData )
```

## Parameters

#### FileName

The file name to be encrypted.

# KeyLength

```
The encryption key length, it has to be 16(128bits), 24(192bits) or 32(256bits).
```

#### Key

The encryption key, it is an unsigned char array with KeyLength size.

# IVLength

The initial vector length, if it is 0, the sysem will allocate an unique IV for the file.

#### ΙV

The initial vector, when IVLenght is 0, it sets to NULL.

# TagDataLength

The the length of the tag data.

# TagData

The custom tag data which was added to the AESData structure in the encrypted file header, the user can get this custom data when the filter request the encyrption iv and key.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

AESEncryptFile is the API to encrypt file file with AES encryption cryptographic algorithm.

### BOOL

# AESEncryptFileToFile(

```
IN WCHAR* SourceFileName,
IN WCHAR* DestFileName,
IN ULONG KeyLength,
IN UCHAR* Key,
IN ULONG IVLength,
IN UCHAR* IV,
IN BOOL AddAESData)
```

#### Parameters

### SourceFileName

The source file name to be encrypted.

#### DestFileName

The target file name was encrypted.

## KeyLength

The encryption key length, it has to be 16(128bits), 24(192bits) or 32(256bits).

## Key

The encryption key, it is an unsigned char array with KeyLength size.

# IVLength

The initial vector length, if it is 0, the sysem will allocate an unique IV for the file.

### ΙV

The initial vector, when IVLenght is 0, it sets to NULL.

#### AddAESData

If it is true, it will add the AESData structure to the encrypted file, then the encryption filter driver can recognize this encrypted file.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

## Comments

AESEncryptFileToFile is the API to encrypt file file with AES encryption cryptographic algorithm.

## BOOL

# AESEncryptFileToFileWithTag(

```
IN WCHAR* SourceFileName,
IN WCHAR* DestFileName,
IN ULONG KeyLength,
IN UCHAR* Key,
IN ULONG IVLength,
IN UCHAR* IV,
IN ULONG TagDataLength,
IN UCHAR* TagData
```

### Parameters

#### SourceFileName

The source file name to be encrypted.

# DestFileName

The target file name was encrypted.

# KeyLength

```
The encryption key length, it has to be 16(128bits), 24(192bits) or 32(256bits).
```

# Key

The encryption key, it is an unsigned char array with KeyLength size.

# IVLength

The initial vector length, if it is 0, the sysem will allocate an unique IV for the file.

#### ΙV

The initial vector, when IVLenght is 0, it sets to NULL.

# TagDataLength

The the length of the tag data.

## TagData

The custom tag data which was added to the AESData structure in the encrypted file header, the user can get this custom data when the filter request the encyrption iv and key.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

#### Comments

AESEncryptFileToFile is the API to encrypt file file with AES encryption cryptographic algorithm.

#### BOOL

# AESDecryptFile(

```
IN WCHAR* FileName,
IN ULONG KeyLength,
IN UCHAR* Key,
IN ULONG IVLength,
IN UCHAR* IV )
```

#### Parameters

# FileName

The file name to be decrypted.

# KeyLength

The encryption key length, it has to be 16(128bits), 24(192bits) or 32(256bits).

# Key

The encryption key, it is an unsigned char array with KeyLength size.

# IVLength

The initial vector length, if the encrypted file already has IVTag, it will use the IV tag instead of the pass in IV, if the encrypted file doesn't set the IV tag, then the IVLength can't be 0, and IV can't be NULL.

#### ΙV

The initial vector, when the encrypted file doesn't set IV tag, the IV can't be NULL, or it can be NULL.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

### Comments

AESDecryptFile is the API to decrypt file file with AES encryption cryptographic algorithm.

#### BOOL

# AESDecryptFileToFile(

```
IN WCHAR* SourceFileName,
IN WCHAR* DestFileName,
IN ULONG KeyLength,
IN UCHAR* Key,
IN ULONG IVLength,
IN UCHAR* IV )
```

#### Parameters

#### SourceFileName

The encrypted file name.

### DestFileName

The target file name was decrypted.

# KeyLength

The encryption key length, it has to be 16(128bits), 24(192bits) or 32(256bits).

# Key

The encryption key, it is an unsigned char array with KeyLength size.

# IVLength

The initial vector length, if the encrypted file already has IVTag, it will use the IV tag instead of the pass in IV, if the encrypted file doesn't set the IV tag, then the IVLength can't be 0, and IV can't be NULL.

#### IV

The initial vector, when the encrypted file doesn't set IV tag, the IV can't be NULL, or it can be NULL.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

## Comments

AESDecryptFileToFile is the API to decrypt file file with AES encryption cryptographic algorithm.

## BOOL

# GetAESHeader(

```
IN WCHAR* FileName,
IN PULONG HeaderSize,
IN UCHAR* Header )
```

#### Parameters

#### FileName

The file name was encrypted.

### HeaderSize

The pointer of the header buffer size.

#### Header

The header buffer to store the header data.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

## Comments

GetAESHeader is the API to get encrypted file header, return true if it exists, or it will return false.

#### BOOL

# GetAESTagData(

```
IN WCHAR* FileName,
IN PULONG TagDataSize,
IN UCHAR* TagData )
```

#### Parameters

#### FileName

The file name was encrypted.

# TagDataSize

The pointer of the Tag Data size.

#### TagData

The custom tag data which was added to the header of the encrypted file.

#### Return Value

Return true if it succeeds, else return false.

### Comments

GetTagData is the API to get the custom tag data from the encrypted file header, return true if it exists, or it will return false.

# How to use EaseFilter SDK

# The components

The EaseFilter file system filter SDK includes two components (EaseFit.sys and FilterAPI.dll), The EaseFit.sys and FilterAPI.dll are different for 32bit and 64bit windows system. EaseFit.sys is the file system filter driver which implements all the functionalities in the file system level. FilterAPI.dll is a wrapper DLL which exports the API to the user mode applications.

To check the binary is 32 bit or 64 bit you can right click file and go to the property, then go to the "Details" tag and check the "file description" section.

# Set up the filter

Install the filter driver with <u>InstallDriver()</u> method if the driver has not been installed yet. After filter driver was installed, the filter was loaded, if not you can load the filter with command "Fltmc load EaseFlt" in dos prompt. To remove the filter driver from the system, call <u>UninstallDriver()</u> method.

#### **Start the filter**

- 1. Enable the filter with API <u>SetRegistrationKey()</u>. You can request the trial license key with the link: <a href="http://www.easefilter.com/Order.htm">http://www.easefilter.com/Order.htm</a> or email us info@easefilter.com
- Start the filter driver by registering the callback function with API RegisterMessageCallback:

RegisterMessageCallback(FilterConnectionThreadsCount, MessageCallback, DisconnectCallback);

3. Setup global configuration setting for the filter driver:

//To enable the monitor/control/encryption/process/registry filter driver by setting the filter type with proper license key.

```
SetFilterType(FILE_SYSTEM_MONITOR|FILE_SYSTEM_CONTROL);
```

//Set up the connection timeout in seconds, this is the maximum time for the filter driver waiting for the response of the callback function.

```
SetConnectionTimeout(30);
```

//Set up the global Boolean config setting to enable some features: ENABLE\_SEND\_DENIED\_EVENT|ENABLE\_SEND\_DATA\_BUFFER

SetBooleanConfig(booleanConfig);

//Add or remove protected process Id to the filter driver to prevent it from being terminated ungratefully:

```
AddProtectedProcessId (processId);
   RemoveProtectedProcessId (processId);
   //Set up the volume control flag to block the USB read write:
   BLOCK USB READ | BLOCK USB WRITE
   SetvolumeControlFlag(volumeControlFlag);
4. Setup the file filter rule for the filter driver:
   //Setup the filter rule to monitor the file I/O in c:\\test folder
   AddFileFilterRule(AccessFlags,L"C:\\test\\*", FALSE, FilterRuleId);
   //Register the file change events to get the notification for below events:
   FILE WAS CREATED|FILE WAS WRITTEN|FILE WAS RENAMED|FILE WAS DELET
   ED|FILE_SECURITY_CHANGED|FILE_INFO_CHANGED
   RegisterFileChangedEventsToFilterRule(L"C:\\test\\*", FileChangedEvents);
   //Register the POST IO to get the notification when the IO was processed by the
   file system.
   RegisterMonitorIOToFilterRule(L"c:\\test\\*",
   POST NEW FILE CREATED | POST FILE RENAMED | POST FILE DELETED);
   //Setup the filter rule to control the file I/O in c:\\protected folder
   configure the access control flag to protect the folder, not allow the file being
   renamed or deleted.
   AccessFlags= ALLOW_MAX_RIGHT_ACCESS & (~ALLOW_FILE_RENAME) &
   (~ALLOW FILE DELETE)
   AddFileFilterRule(AccessFlags,L"C:\\protected\\*", FALSE, FilterRuleId);
   //Register the PRE IO to get the callback before the IO was processed by the file
   system, you can allow or deny the file I/O in the callback function.
   RegisterControllOToFilterRule(L"c:\\protected\\*", PRE CREATE);
   //Add or remove the access rights for a specific process to the files in the
```

protected folder. i.e., Set full access rights for process "wordpad.exe"

AddProecessRightsToFilterRule(L"c:\\protected\\\*", L"wordpad.exe", ALLOW\_MAX\_RIGHT\_ACCESS);

//Hide your sensitive files from the protected folder by enabling the hide file access flag. i.e., hide the files with extension .prt in folder c:\\protected.

AccessFlags= ALLOW\_MAX\_RIGHT\_ACCESS | ENABLE\_HIDE\_FILES\_DIRECTORY\_BROWSING AddFileFilterRule(AccessFlags,L"C:\\protected\\\*", FALSE, FilterRuleId);

AddHiddenFileMaskToFilterRule(L"c:\\protected\\\*", L"\*.prt");

// Setup the filter rule for **AUTO FILE ENCRYPTION** in c:\\protected folder

AccessFlags= ALLOW\_MAX\_RIGHT\_ACCESS | ENABLE\_FILE\_ENCRYPTION\_RULE

AddFileFilterRule(AccessFlags,L"C:\\encrypt\\\*", FALSE, FilterRuleId);

//Configure the processes to read the raw encrypted data for backup software or other software needs to send raw encrypted files.

AccessFlags= ALLOW\_MAX\_RIGHT\_ACCESS & (~ALLOW\_READ\_ENCRYPTED\_FILES)

AddProecessRightsToFilterRule(L"c:\\encrypt\\\*", L"explorer.exe", AccessFlags);

//Setup the **registry** filter rule to **monitor or protect the registry access**You can block the registry access, for example you block the registry key change, you also can get the notification for the registry access.

AddRegistryFilterRule(2,L"\*",0,2,L"\*",0,NULL,REG\_MAX\_ACCESS\_FLAG,regC allbackClass,FALSE, FilterRuleId);

//Setup the **process** filter rule to **monitor or protect the process operation**You can block the new process launching, you can get the notification when the process was created or terminated.

AddProcessFilterRule ((ULONG) wcslen(ProcessFilterMask) \*sizeof(WCH
AR), ProcessFilterMask, ControlFlag);

We provide C++ example and C# example to demonstrate how to use the EaseFilter File System Monitor and Control Filter.

#### C++ Example

Copy the correct version (32bit or 64bit) EaseFlt.sys, FilterAPI.DLL, FilterAPI.h and FilterAPI.lib to your folder. FilterAPI.h file includes all the functions and structures used for connecting to the filter driver. WinDataStructures.h file is part of the structures of

windows API which is used in the example, for more structures please reference Microsoft MSDN website.

For monitor filter, you can get the notification with file I/O messages which include process Id, Thread Id, file name, user name, file system I/O type, etc.

For Control filter, the filter will block and wait for the response if that I/O was registered, so it is better handling this request as soon as possible, or it will block the system call.

# C# Example

Copy the correct version (32bit or 64bit) EaseFlt.sys, FilterAPI.DLL to your binary folder, then add the reference "FilterControl" project to your project.

```
FilterControl filterControl = new FilterControl();
if (!filterControl.StartFilter(filterType, serviceThreads, connectionTimeOut,
licenseKey, ref lastError))
    Console.WriteLine("Start Filter Service failed with error:" + lastError);
    return;
}
//create a file monitor filter rule, every filter
//rule must have the unique watch path.
FileFilter fileMonitorFilter = new FileFilter(watchPath);
//Filter the file change event to monitor all file change events.
fileMonitorFilter.FileChangeEventFilter =
(FilterAPI.FileChangedEvents)FilterAPI.NotifyAllFileEvents;
//register the file change callback events.
fileMonitorFilter.NotifyFileWasChanged += NotifyFileChanged;
//Filter the monitor file IO events
fileMonitorFilter.MonitorFileIOEventFilter =
(ulong)(MonitorFileIOEvents.OnFileOpen | MonitorFileIOEvents.OnFileRead);
//fileMonitorFilter.OnFileOpen += OnFileOpen;
//fileMonitorFilter.OnFileRead += OnFileRead;
filterControl.AddFilter(fileMonitorFilter);
if (!filterControl.SendConfigSettingsToFilter(ref lastError))
   Console.WriteLine("SendConfigSettingsToFilter failed." + lastError);
```

For more programming reference, go to :

https://www.easefilter.com/programming.htm