

Voidstar Lab

Chromance Assembly Instructions

Build your own glowing rainbow wall hexagons - and maybe even link them with your biometrics!

Written By: Zack Freedman



INTRODUCTION

Turn your most boring wall into a big statement with this lavishly illuminated RGB decoration. It's easy to assemble and looks phenomenal - and if you have an EmotiBit, it'll even visualize your heartbeats and sweat spikes in perfectly synchronized pulses.

Watch the video: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=g6n8XLmZ...>

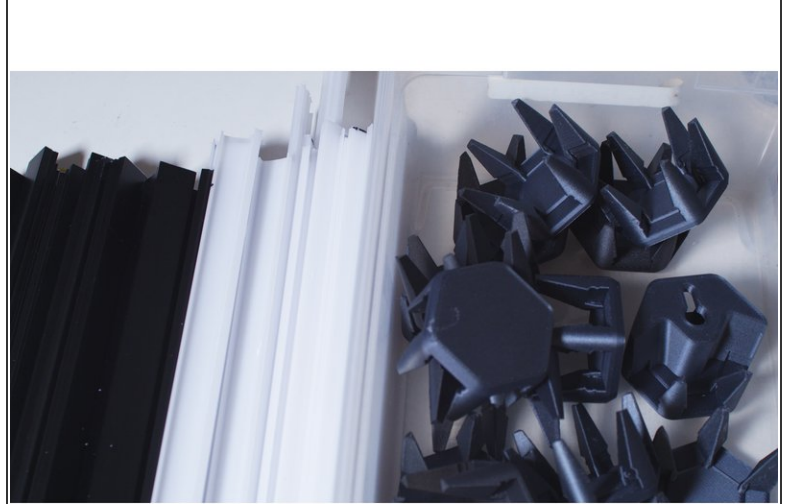
Download the firmware: <https://github.com/ZackFreedman/Chromanc...>

Grab the STL's: <https://thangs.com/ZackFreedman/Chromanc...>

Bill of Materials:

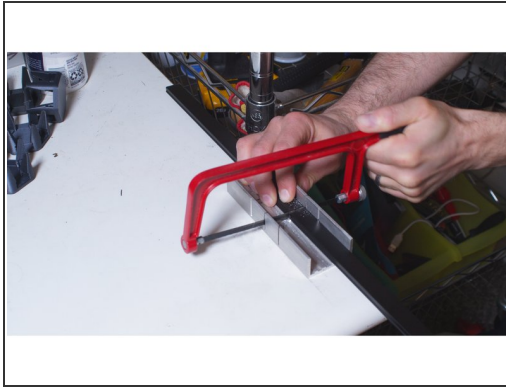
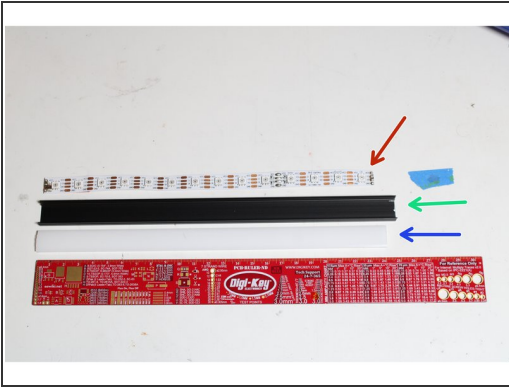
- 10m LED channel w/ white diffuser, pref. black - <https://amzn.to/3nFEC3w>
- 10m DotStar LED tape, 60 pixels/m - <https://www.adafruit.com/product/2239?le...>
- OR: 10m WS2812B (NeoPixel) LED tape, 60 pixels/m - <https://amzn.to/3gTGzYS>
- 1x Node32S-style ESP32 module - <https://amzn.to/2QO9brO>
- 2.54mm headers - <https://amzn.to/3ujX4S0>
- 1x 8-position 2.54mm-pitch terminal - <https://amzn.to/3uerfKd>
- 1x 2-position 5mm-pitch terminal - <https://amzn.to/3gU5WJV>
- 1x 2.1mm barrel jack, PCB mount - <https://amzn.to/33bmpRS>
- Stripboard - <https://amzn.to/3aXs2Yc>
- Epoxy (I like JB Kwik-Weld) - <https://amzn.to/3xHL1jp>
- 5V PSU w/ 2.1mm barrel plug 5A or higher - <https://amzn.to/2RkIL0A>
- 1/2" wide double stick tape, at least 3m - <https://amzn.to/3gT8mst>
- 3D printer filament - I used carbon-fiber PLA - <https://amzn.to/3xHlwh6>
- Lots of wire, solder, and flux
- Hot glue

Step 1 — Start Printing



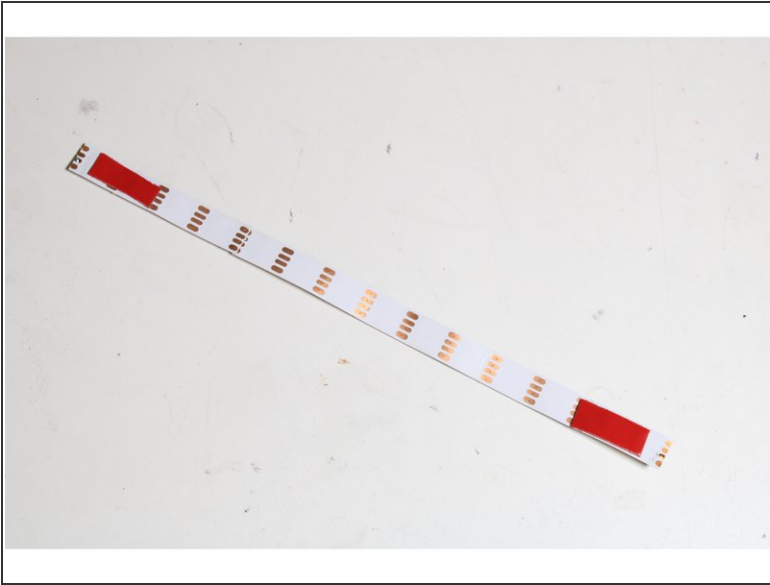
- Print the following:
 - 1x TopLeftNode.stl
 - 1x TopRightNode.stl
 - 3x TopCenterNode.stl
 - 20x RegularNode.stl
- ① I used carbon fiber PLA. Nail that first layer - it's what people will see.
- ① The Top nodes must be printed with supports everywhere. The Regular nodes do not need supports.

Step 2 — Prep for Segments



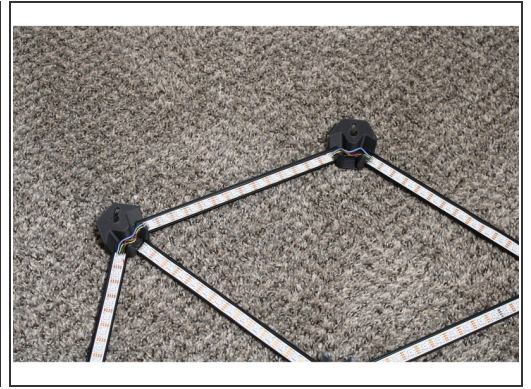
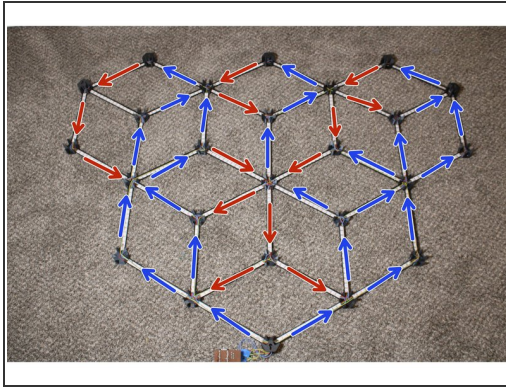
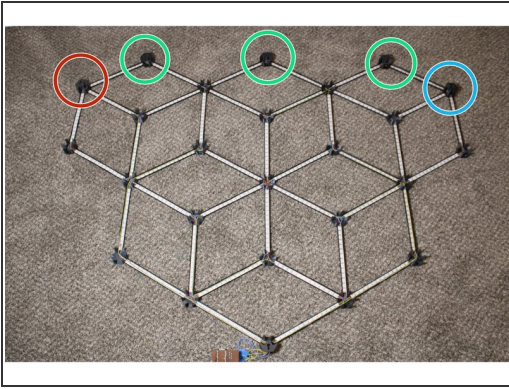
- Cut 40 segments of LED strips, 14 LED's long.
- ⚠ Don't cut off too much of the pads on the ends! We need to solder to it!
- Cut 40 segments of aluminum extrusion, 25cm each. **Deburr the ends so they don't cut into the strips!**
- Cut 40 segments of diffuser plastic, **23cm** each.
- ⓘ The diffusers should be shorter than the aluminum, or they'll be difficult to snap onto the extrusion after the system is assembled.

Step 3 — Assemble the Strips



- Use some heat-tolerant double-stick tape to mount a strip to the center of each aluminum segment.
- ⚠ Don't put tape too close to the ends! It'll burn when we solder the strips!
- ℹ The tape may not be necessary if your strips are particularly wide. If the channel in the extrusion holds the strip securely on its own, no tape is needed.

Step 4 — Pre-Assembly



- Assemble the network - but don't glue it yet! **Remember that the node names are backwards, because this is sitting upside-down.**
- TopRightNode goes here.
- TopCenterNodes go here
- TopLeftNode goes here
- ① All other nodes are RegularNodes.
- Make sure the strips face the directions indicated. There should be arrows on the strips, but if there aren't, the pads named DI and CI are the start of the strips, and DO and CO are the end.

Step 5 — Permanent Assembly



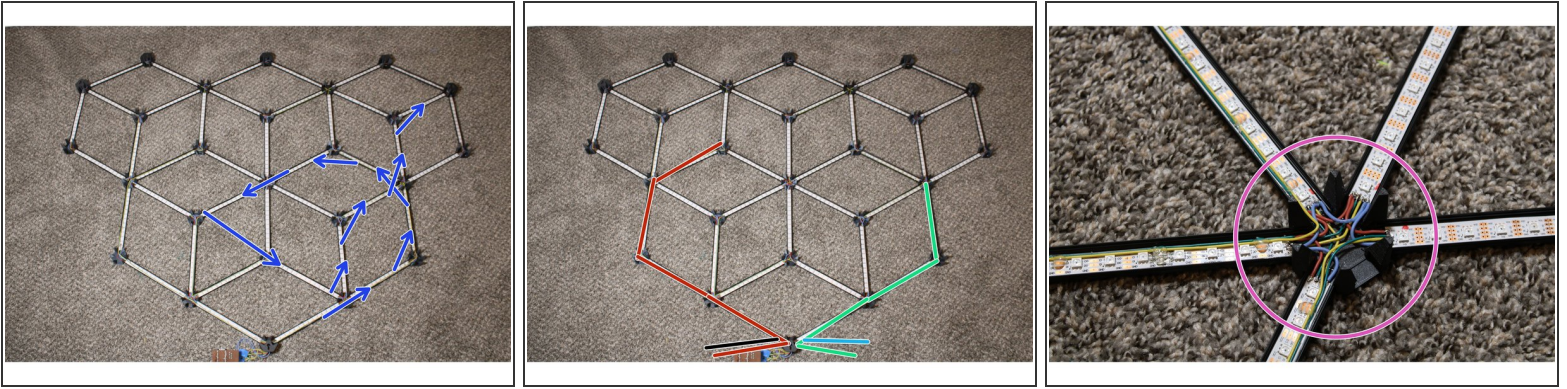
- ⚠ Before continuing, make absolutely sure that the strips and hubs are correctly oriented.
- ⚠ Double-check that the Top piece keyholes have the narrow bit facing up, and the circular bit facing down.
- ⚠ Seriously, be careful. This glue is permanent.
- Mixing small batches at a time, epoxy the segments into the hubs. They should bottom out into their slots.
- Ventilate the room with fresh air, and allow the epoxy to fully cure before continuing.

Step 6 — Solder Up the Strips Pt. 1



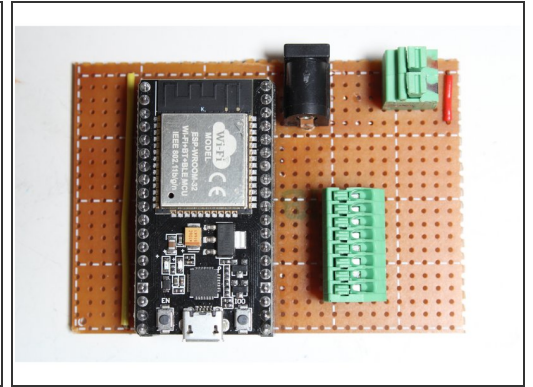
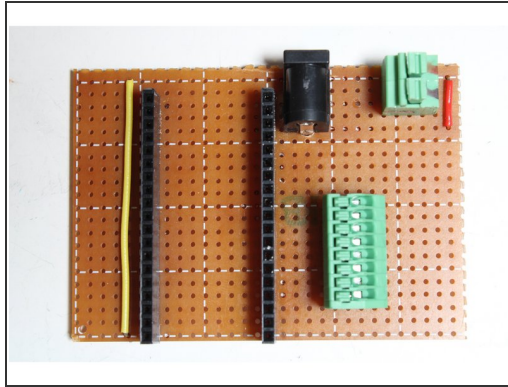
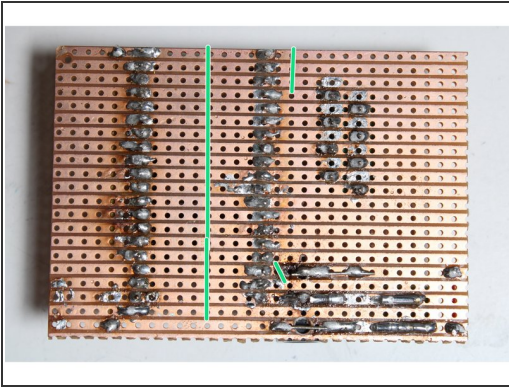
- Solder the DO pin of each strip to the DI pin of the next strip. Repeat, soldering CO to CI.
- I've indicated directions using arrows.
- ⓘ NeoPixels don't have CO/CI pins.
- ⓘ Due to the tutorial software's limits, the fourth strip sequence is shown in the following step.

Step 7 — Solder Up the Strips Pt. 2



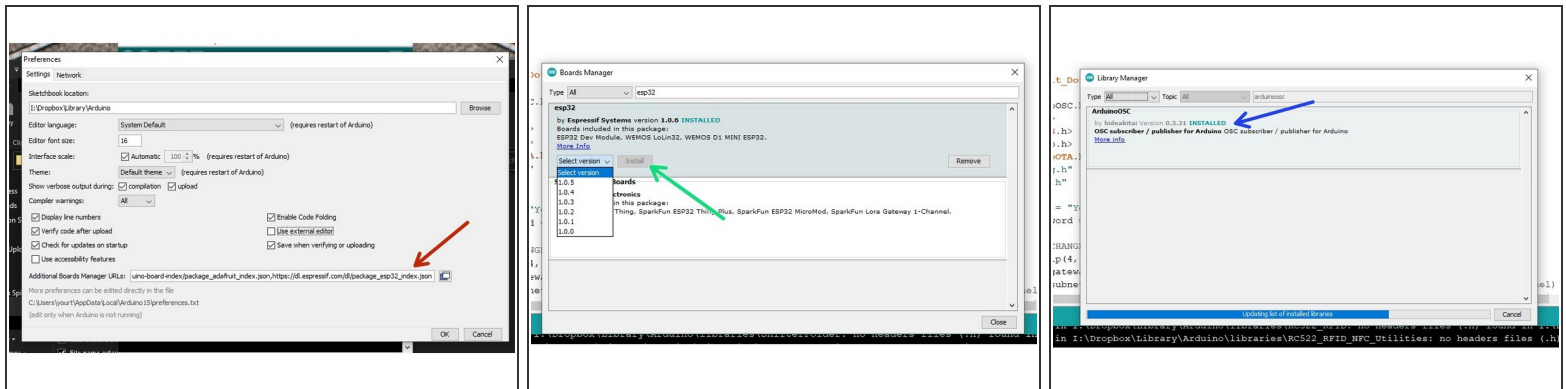
- Solder up the last group of strips.
- ⓘ Some strips need to be connected with long wires run over other strips. Use hot glue to tack these out of the way so they don't block LED's or interfere with the diffusers.
- Solder wires to the DI pins of the first strip in each of the four sets and route them out the bottom.
- At each hub, wire all the VCC pins together.
- At each hub, wire all the GND pins together.
- Solder wires to the VCC and GND pins at the bottom node and route them out the bottom.

Step 8 — Assemble the Driver Board



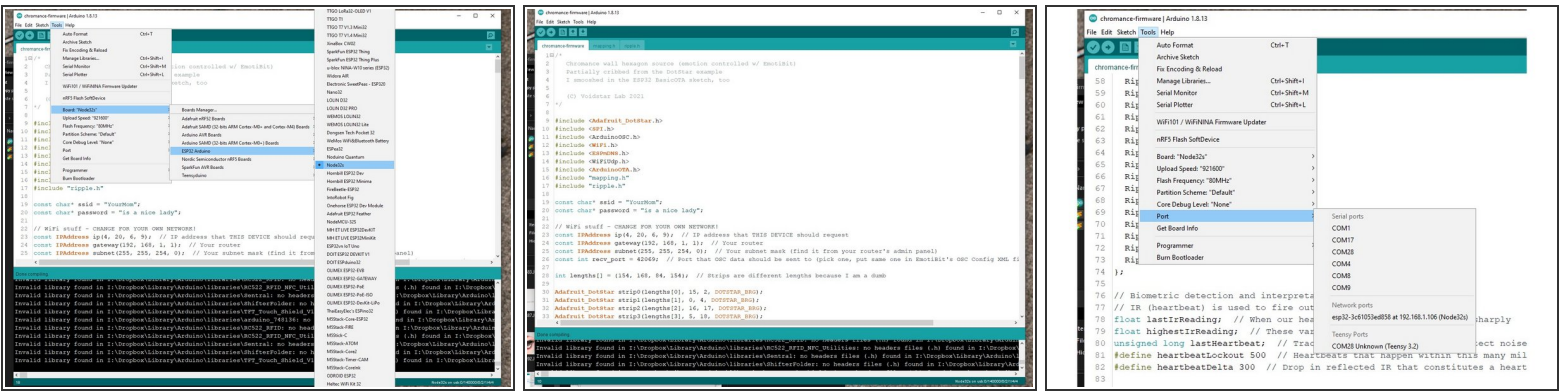
- Cut a segment of stripboard 21x30 holes wide.
- Break strips as indicated.
- Solder in two wire jumpers, a 2.1mm jack, two female 19-position headers, a 5mm 2-position terminal, and a 2.54mm 8-position terminal as shown.
- Solder headers to the Node32S module and mount it.

Step 9 — Configure Arduino



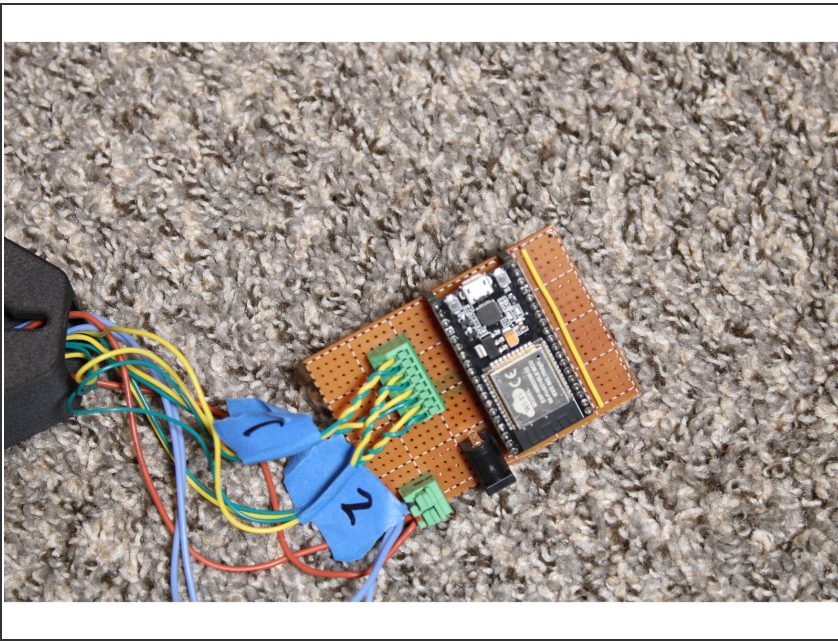
- Open the Arduino software and open its Preferences. Add the following to the Additional Boards Manager URLs field, **then restart Arduino**: https://dl.espressif.com/dl/package_esp32_index.json.
 - Navigate to Tools --> Board --> Boards Manager. Find 'esp32' and install it.
 - Navigate to Tools --> Manage Libraries. Install Adafruit_DotStar, ArduinoOSC, ESPmDNS, WiFiUdp, and ArduinoOTA.
 - Plug the ESP32 module into your computer and allow any drivers to load.
- ⚠ DO NOT PLUG YOUR ESP32 MODULE INTO YOUR COMPUTER WHILE THE STRIPS ARE CONNECTED. IT MAY DESTROY YOUR COMPUTER.**

Step 10 — Configure Software



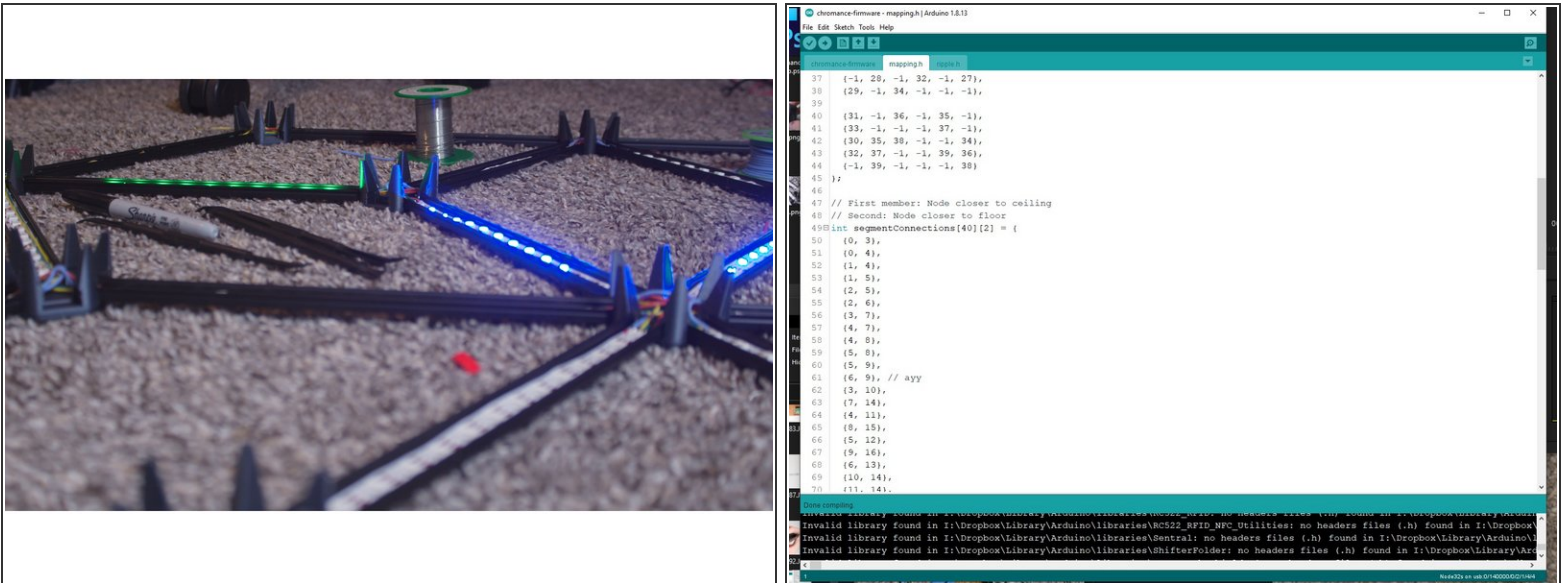
- Select your ESP32's serial port. Pick Tools --> Board --> ESP32 Arduino --> Node32s.
- Open the firmware. Change the SSID, password, Gateway, and Subnet to fit your router configuration. Pick an IP address that's unused, preferably outside your router's DHCP range. Pick a rcv_port, ideally above 16000.
- Upload the firmware. Allow the ESP32 to reboot and connect to the network.
- Go to Tools --> Port and look for a Network Port. If you see your selected IP address, you're ready for OTA updates! Your USB cable is no longer necessary.
- If you don't see your device, I dunno. Ask on the Voidstar Lab Discord!

Step 11 — Wire it Up



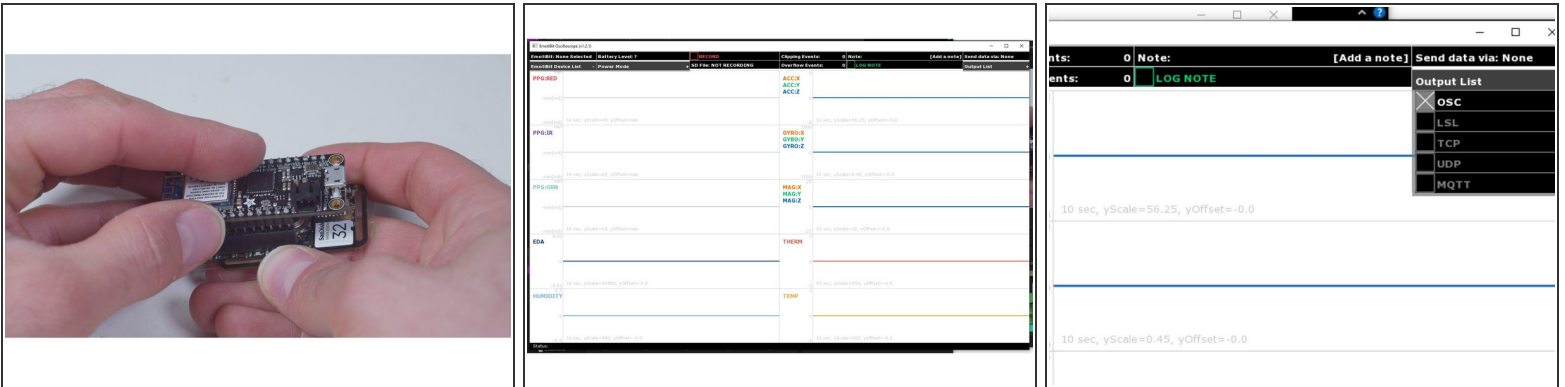
- Connect the DIN and CIN pins to the appropriate terminals.
 - Strip 1 (marked with blue arrows in previous diagrams) goes in the terminals furthest from the jack.
 - Strip 2 (marked green) is next
 - Then Strip 3 (marked yellow)
 - Finally, Strip 4 (marked black)
- The DIN lines are further from the jack (yellow wires in my picture) and CIN lines are closer.
- Put the VCC wires into the left 5mm terminal, and the GND wires into the right.
- Plug in the PSU and plug it into the jack. If your project catches fire, you've made a mistake.

Step 12 — Testing Time



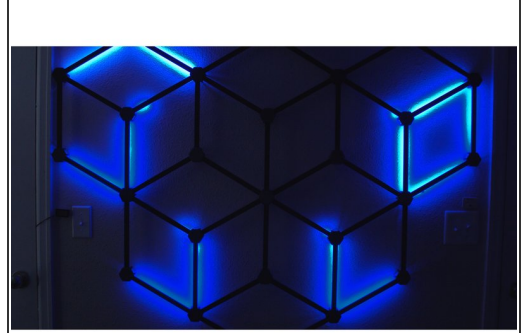
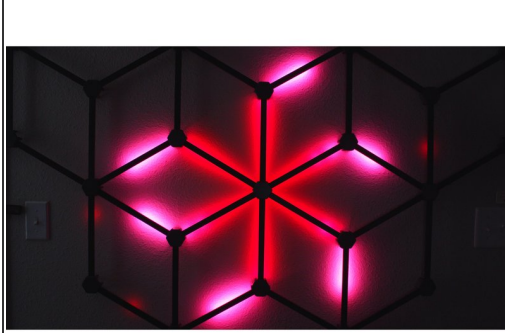
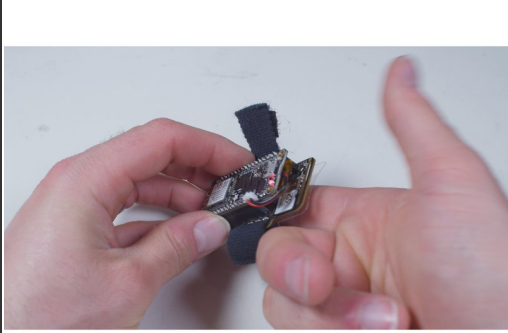
- Watch the ripples. They should begin after a few seconds and proceed smoothly through all strips.
- If one or more strips fails to light up, check for shorts, breaks, and boo-boos. Pads can get ripped off very easily - in that case, remove and replace that strip.
- If a ripple jumps around on a specific strip, it may be backwards. Adjust mapping.h to reverse it. The nodes and strips are numbered right to left, top to bottom.

Step 13 — Configure the EmotiBit




- ✦ An EmotiBit is not necessary to use the Chromance, but it makes it way cooler!
- Assemble, charge, and configure your EmotiBit as instructed by the manufacturer.
 - Download, install, and open the EmotiBit Oscilloscope. **Then close it!**
 - Open C:\Program Files\EmotiBit\EmotiBit Oscilloscope\data\oscOutputSettings.xml (or whatever it is on Linux or Mac). Edit the <output> section to match the IP address and port you put in the firmware earlier.
 - Connect your EmotiBit, and enable OSC in the Output List.

Step 14 — You're Done!



- Put your EmotiBit on and ensure data is streaming through the Oscilloscope
- Your heartbeats and EDA changes should immediately start firing ripples through the Chromance!
- Adjust the biometric settings in the firmware to respond accurately to your emotional state.
- Set up a chair, smoke a fat (legal in Colorado) doobie, and enjoy the show.
- If you enjoyed the project and want to support the next one, head to patreon.com/zackfreedman and give me a huge pile of money!

 You rule.