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Calling Haskell from C

It is not uncommon to want to call a Haskell function from C code. Here's how Jump to: navigation, search to do that.

We define the fibonacci function in Haskell:

```
{-# LANGUAGE ForeignFunctionInterface #-}
   module Safe where
   import Foreign.C.Types
   fibonacci :: Int -> Int
    fibonacci n = fibs !! n
        where fibs = 0 : 1 : zipWith (+) fibs (tail fibs)
   fibonacci_hs :: CInt -> CInt
   fibonacci_hs = fromIntegral . fibonacci . fromIntegral
   foreign export ccall fibonacci_hs :: CInt -> CInt
```

Note the foreign export. When GHC sees this, it will generate stubs for C, to help it work out the Haskell types.

And call it from C:

```
#include <HsFFI.h>
    #ifdef __GLASGOW_HASKELL
    #include "Safe_stub.h"
    extern void __stginit_Safe(void);
    #endif
    #include <stdio.h>
    int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
       int i;
       hs_init(&argc, &argv);
    #ifdef __GLASGOW_HASKELL
       hs_add_root(__stginit_Safe);
    #endif
       i = fibonacci_hs(42);
       printf("Fibonacci: %d\n", i);
       hs_exit();
       return 0;
    }
```

Now, first compile the Haskell file:

```
$ ghc -c -O Safe.hs
```

Which creates Safe_stub.c, Safe_stub.o, Safe_stub.h, which you import into your C program. Now compile your C code with ghc (!), passing the Haskell objects on the command line:

```
$ ghc -optc-0 test.c Safe.o Safe_stub.o -o test
```

(Alternatively, fewer files to enumerate:

```
$ ghc --make -no-hs-main -optc-0 test.c Safe -o test
```

Then run your C code:

```
$ ./test
Fibonacci: 267914296
```

And that's it.

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