| hypotheses and specific predictions   | frequency observed  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| How do precipitation (P) and temperature (T) jointly shape tree growth?                     |   |  |  |  |
| Multi-month drought limits growth, but $P$ responses are nonlinear.                         |   |  |  |  |
| The time window over which P influences growth is usually $\geq 3$ months.                  | 7 / 10 sites  |  |  |  |
| Growth respones to $P$ are predominantly positive,  | 34 / ?? Species-site combinations                                 |  |  |  |
| <br>but positive responses decelerate or decline at high ${\cal P}.$                        | 32 / 34 species-site combinations with positive first-order terms |  |  |  |
| Growth responses to $T$ are predominantly negative, particularly at high $T$ .              | positive mist-order terms   |  |  |  |
| The time window over which $T$ influences growth rarely exceeds 3 months.                   | 9 / 10 sites  |  |  |  |
| Annual growth responds more strongly to $T_{max}$ or $PET$ than to $T_{min}$ .              | 8 / 10 sites  |  |  |  |
| **Growth response to $T$ are predominantly negative, particularly at higher $T$ .**         | o / 10 bitos  |  |  |  |
| However, there are cases where growth increases under warmer $T$ .                          |   |  |  |  |
| Climate sensitivity varies with DBH.  | 44 percent of models  |  |  |  |
| Water and DBH have an interactive effect on growth.   | X percent of models   |  |  |  |
| Temperature and DBH have an interactive effect on growth.                                   | X percent of models   |  |  |  |
| How does growth rate vary with stem diameter (DBH)?   |   |  |  |  |
| Growth rate, by any metric, varies nonlinearly with DBH.                                    | X percent of models   |  |  |  |
| Ring width increment $(RW)$ declines with DBH for trees established in the open,            | _   |  |  |  |
| but increases with DBH for trees established in the understory.                             |   |  |  |  |
| Basal area increment $(BAI)$ increases to a peak at intermediate DBH and then declines.     |   |  |  |  |
| Biomass increment $(\Delta AGB)$ increases to a peak at intermediate DBH and then declines. | 98 percent of species-site combinnations                          |  |  |  |
| How have growth rates changed through time?   |   |  |  |  |
| Growth rates of most forest tree populations have declined through time due to              | 90 percent of species-site  |  |  |  |
| demographic and successional changes.   | combinnations   |  |  |  |
| In secondary or disturbed forests, growth rates of most species have declined.              | XX / XX species at 7 sites  |  |  |  |
| In old-growth forests, growth rates of some species has declined,                           | XX / XX species at 3 sites  |  |  |  |
| whereas others have increased.  | 3 / XX species at 3 sites   |  |  |  |

|                          |  |                                  | 1950 - 2019 climate |                                  |      |  |              |         |   |
|--------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|------|--|--------------|---------|---|
| $_{\rm code}^{\rm site}$ | site name  | location                         | July $T_{mean}$     | $\operatorname*{Jan}_{T_{mean}}$ | MAP  | $\begin{array}{c} {\rm vegetation} \\ {\rm type(s)} \end{array}$ | n<br>species | n cores | ${\it original publication}(s)$   |
| BCNM                     | Barro Colorado<br>Nature Monument                | Panama                           | 26.6                | 25.5                             | 2627 | BD, BE   | 3            | 84      | Alfaro-Sánchez,<br>Muller-Landau, Wright,<br>and Camarero 2017              |
| HKK                      | Huai Kha Khaeng                                  | Thailand                         | 25.7                | 22.4                             | 1428 | BD, BE   | 4            | 470     | Vlam, Baker,<br>Bunyavejchewin, and<br>Zuidema 2014                         |
| SCBI                     | Smithsonian<br>Conservation<br>Biology Institute | Virginia, USA                    | 24.3                | 0.9                              | 1018 | BD, NE   | 14           | 704     | Helcoski et al. 2019;<br>Gonzalez-Akre et al. 2020                          |
| LDW                      | Lilly Dickey Woods                               | Indiana, USA                     | 24.0                | -2.2                             | 1099 | BD   | 6            | 170     | Maxwell, Harley, and<br>Robeson 2016  |
| HF                       | Harvard Forest                                   | Massachusetts,<br>USA            | 21.6                | -5.1                             | 1104 | BD, NE   | 4            | 366     | Alexander et al. 2019;<br>Finzi et al. 2020                                 |
| ZOF                      | Žofín Forest<br>Dynamics Plot                    | Czech Republic                   | 18.1                | -2.0                             | 731  | NE, BD   | 4            | 2059    | Šamonil et al. 2013;<br>Kašpar, Tumajer,<br>Vašíčková, and Šamonil,<br>2021 |
| NIO                      | Niobrara   | Nebraska, USA                    | 23.4                | -6.5                             | 520  | BD   | 1            | 84      | Bumann et al. 2019  |
| LT                       | Little Tesuque                                   | New Mexico, USA                  | 16.2                | -3.1                             | 608  | NE   | 2            | 34      |   |
| $^{\mathrm{CB}}$         | Cedar Breaks                                     | Utah, USA                        | 13.8                | -6.2                             | 842  | NE, BD   | 7            | 187     | Birch et al. 2020a-d  |
| SC                       | Scotty Creek                                     | Northwest<br>Territories, Canada | 16.5                | -24.7                            | 373  | NE   | 1            | 443     | Sniderhan and Baltzer<br>2016   |