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An Analog Oscilloscope Overview

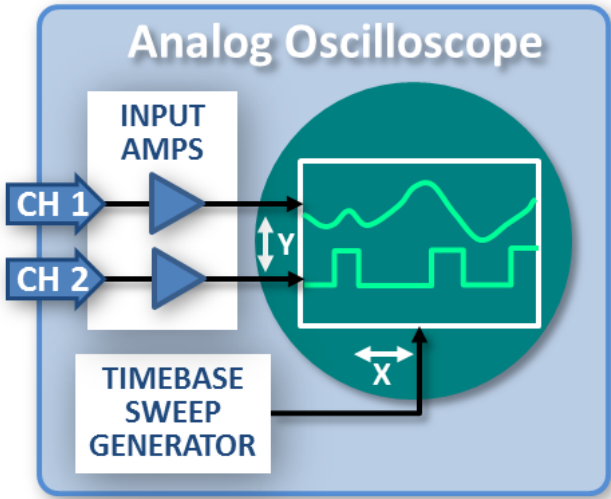
An oscilloscope accepts a voltage input from a device under test and displays that voltage as a dot on a display screen. A positive voltage into the scope drives the Y-axis of the trace, moving the 'dot' up on the screen, while a negative voltage input moves the 'dot' down. A second, independent voltage is applied to the X-axis of the oscilloscope. In this case, a positive voltage moves the dot to the right along the X-axis while a negative voltage moves the dot to the left.

By applying the unknown test voltage into the Y-axis and a linear ramp waveform into the X-axis, the dot will graphically show how the unknown test voltage changes over time.

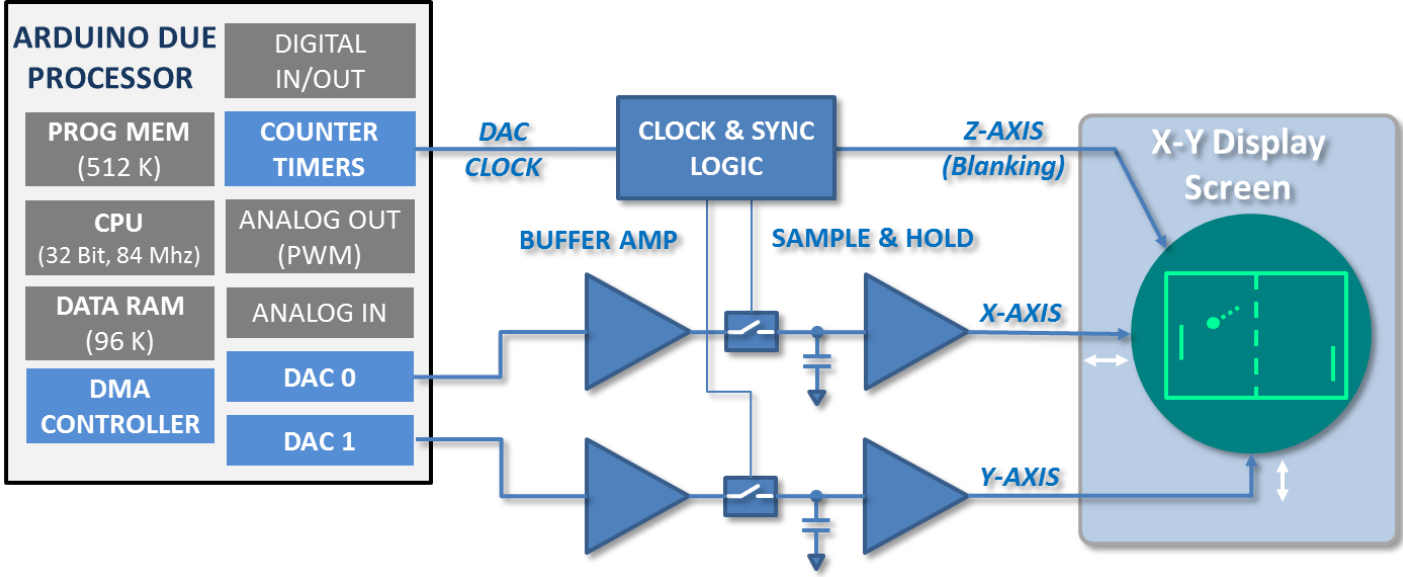
The linear ramp waveform driving the X-axis waveform is created inside the oscilloscope by an internal time base sweep generator circuit. Two (or four) channel oscilloscopes allow multiple signals to be simultaneously traced across the screen. With careful calibration of the time base and input amplifiers of the scope, precise amplitude and time measurements are made.

The earliest computer graphics and radar displays (circa: 1940-1970's) used CRTs driven in an X-Y fashion to show monochrome vector graphic displays.

This project side steps the internal Time Base seep generator of the oscilloscope and drives both the X & Y axis with a microprocessor. In this way we can show high resolution vector art graphic images on an oscilloscope screen.



AGI Block Diagram



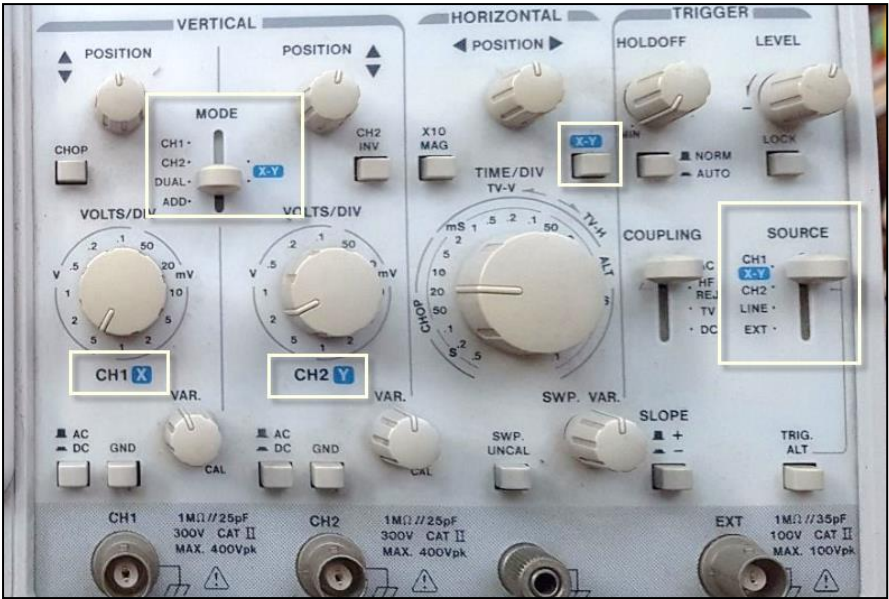
AGI Oscilloscope Requirements

Overall graphics quality is influenced by the quality and performance of the oscilloscope and CRT used. This project works well only with ANALOG Oscilloscopes; Digital scopes will only produce poor looking output.

There are many analog scopes manufactured by Tektronix, HP, Phillips, Leader, GW-Instek and others that will work well. Look for these key features to find a suitable scope for this project:

- Screen size: Larger is better!
- Scope must support an X-Y Mode
- Scope must be run in DC Mode

Typical Scope Front Panel View showing XY Operation Controls



Typical Scope Rear Panel View showing Z-AXIS INPUT connector



Parts List – AGI Project

| Item | Ref Designators | QTY | Description/Values/Notes | Manufacturer | Mfg PN | Alternate Sources | Additional Notes |
|------|--|-----|--|----------------------|--------------|------------------------|---|
| 1 | AGI PCB Assembly | 1 | -- | -- | -- | -- | See build PCB Documentation beginning on page 6. |
| 2 | Arduino Due Processor Board | 1 | ARDUINO DUE (or compatible) | Arduino.org | See Web Site | Amazon, eBay, & others | |
| 3 | BNC to BNC Cables | 2 | BNC to BNC, 50Ohm Cable, 3-5Ft Length, AGI to Oscilloscope Interconnect | Various | Various | Amazon, eBay, & others | Shielded or Twisted Pair cabling is recommended; Final method & length of XYZ interconnection is BUILDER'S choice |
| 4 | + 12VDC Power Supply | 1 | +12 VDC @ 2 Amp | Various | Various | Amazon, eBay, & others | Selection of Power Supply and method of interconnect to AGI PCB is BUILDER'S choice |
| 5 | Hookup Wire | AR | Wire for interconnection between AGI and Arduino Due | Various, As Required | Various | Amazon, eBay, & others | Method of interconnection is BUILDER'S choice |
| 5 | Misc Headers to facilitate interconnect | AR | Connectors headers for interconnect between AGI and Due | Various, As Required | Various | Amazon, eBay, & others | Method of interconnection is BUILDERS choice |
| 6 | 4-40 X 0.75 In Long Spacer (Spacer, Nuts, Screws AR) | 4 | Spacers used to mount DUE to TOP OF AGI PCB | Various | Various | Amazon, eBay, & others | Final mounting method is BUILDER'S choice |
| 7 | 4-40 X 0.75 In Long Spacer (Spacer, Nuts, Screws AR) | 4 | Spacers used to mount AGI to a base or enclosure | Various | Various | Amazon, eBay, & others | Final mounting method is BUILDER'S choice |
| 8 | Project Enclosure | 1 | As Required, BUILDER'S choice | Various | Various | Amazon, eBay, & others | Final enclosure method is BUILDER's choice |
| 9 | Analog Oscilloscope with XYZ Drive Capability | 1 | Analog Oscilloscope is required as the final display device. Note: DIGITAL scopes will not work. | Various | Various | Amazon, eBay, & others | See OSCILLOSCOPE REQUIREMENTS page to qualify possible oscilloscope candidates. |

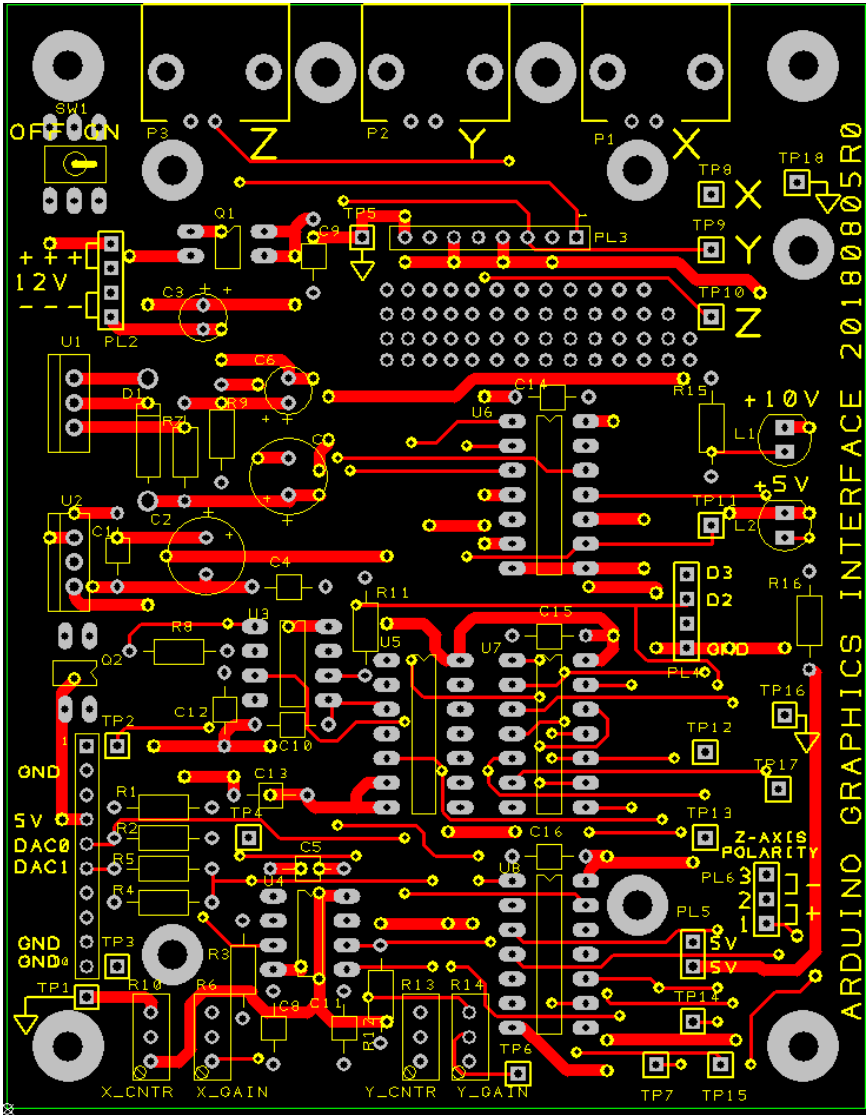
Parts List – AGI PCB ASSEMBLY

NOTE: Use PCB or hand-wire using Prototype Perf-Board for assembly. Use of IC sockets for all 8-pin and 14-pin devices is recommended.

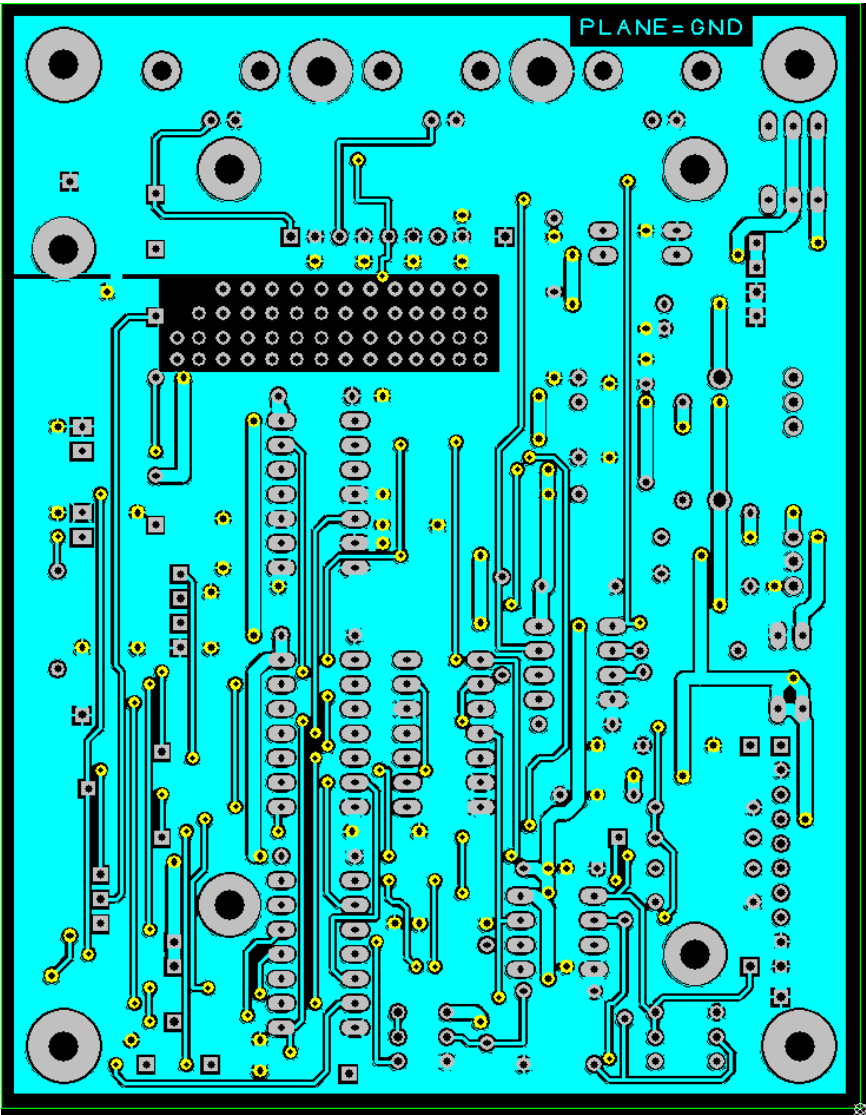
| Item | Ref Designators | QTY | Value/Notes | Manufacturer | Mfg PN | Digikey (DK) PN | Description & Add'l Data |
|------|--|-----|---------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|--|
| 1 | C10,C12 | 2 | 470pf | KEMET | C410C471J1G5TA7200 | DK: 399-4473-1-ND | CAP CER 470PF 100V COG/NPO AXIAL |
| 2 | C11,C13,C14,C15,C16,C4,C5,C8,C9 | 9 | 1uf | Taiyo Yuden | UP050F104Z-A-BZ | DK: 587-5501-1-ND | CAP CER 0.1UF 50V AXIAL |
| 3 | C2,C7 | 2 | 330uf | Panasonic | ECA-1EHG331 | DK: P5542-ND | CAP ALUM 330UF 20% 25V RADIAL |
| 4 | C3,C6 | 2 | 47uf | Panasonic | EEU-FC1H470 | DK: P10321-ND | CAP ALUM 47UF 20% 50V RADIAL |
| 5 | D1 | 1 | 1N4004 | Micro Com | 1N4004-TP | DK: 1N4004-TPMSCT-ND | DIODE GEN PURP 400V 1A DO41 |
| 6 | L1,L2 | 2 | LED 3MM GRN | Broadcom Limited | HLMP-1503-C0002 | DK: 516-3190-2-ND | LED GRN DIFF 3MM ROUND T/H |
| 7 | P1,P2,P3 | 3 | Can use Chassis Mount BNC | TE Connectivity AMP Connectors | 1-1634612-0 | DK: A97555-ND | CONN BNC JACK R/A 50 OHM PCB |
| 8 | PL1 | 1 | Alt: Jumper Wire | Samtec | MALE: TSW-110-07-T-S FEMALE: SSA-110-S-T | MALE DK: SAM1035-10-ND FEMALE DK: SAM1035-10-ND | 10 PIN .025" SQ. MALE OR FEMALE TERM |
| 9 | PL2 | 1 | Alt: Jumper Wire | Samtec | HTSW-101-07-T-S | DK: SAM11363-ND | 4 PIN .025" SQ. MALE TERM |
| 10 | PL3 | 1 | Alt: Jumper Wire | Samtec | MALE: TSW-108-07-T-S FEMALE: SSA-108-S-T | MALE DK: SAM1035-08-ND FEMALE: SAM1122-08-ND | 8 PIN .025" SQ. MALE OR FEMALE TERM |
| 11 | PL4 | 1 | Alt: Jumper Wire | Samtec | MALE: HTSW-101-07-T-S | MALE DK: SAM11363-ND | 4 PIN .025" SQ. MALE OR FEMALE TERM |
| 12 | PL5 | 1 | Alt: Jumper Wire | Samtec | MALE: TSW-102-24-T-S FEMALE: SSA-102-S-T | MALE DK: SAM12303-ND FEMALE DK: SAM1122-02-ND | 2 PIN .025" SQ. MALE OR FEMALE TERM |
| 13 | PL6 | 1 | Alt: Jumper Wire | Samtec | TSW-103-15-T-S | DK: SAM9525-ND | 3 PIN .025" SQ. MALE TERM |
| 14 | Q1,Q2 | 2 | IRFD9120 | Vishay, Siliconix | IRFD9120PBF | DK: IRFD9120PBF-ND | MOSFET P-CH 100V 1A 4-DIP |
| 15 | R1,R11,R4,R8 | 4 | 4.7K | Yageo | CFR-25JB-52-4K7 | DK: 4.7KQBK-ND | RES 4.7K OHM 1/4W 5% AXIAL |
| 16 | R10,R13 | 2 | 10K | Bourns, Inc | PV36W103C01B00 | DK: 490-2875-ND | TRIMMER 10K OHM 0.5W TH |
| 17 | R12,R2,R3,R5 | 4 | 10K | Yageo | MFR-25FBF52-10K | DK: 10.0KXBK-ND | RES 10K OHM 1/4W 1% AXIAL |
| 18 | R14,R6 | 2 | 100K | Bourns, Inc | PV36W104C01B00 | DK: 490-2876-ND | TRIMMER 100K OHM 0.5W TH |
| 19 | R15,R16 | 2 | 1K | Yageo | MFR-25FBF52-1K | DK: 1.00KXBK-ND | RES 1K OHM 1/4W 1% AXIAL |
| 20 | R7 | 1 | 240 | Yageo | CFR-25JB-52-240R | DK: 240QBK-ND | RES 240 OHM 1/4W 5% AXIAL |
| 21 | R9 | 1 | 1.5K | Yageo | MFR-25FBF52-1K5 | DK: 1.50KXBK-ND | RES 1.5K OHM 1/4W 1% AXIAL |
| 22 | SW1 | 1 | 1 A @ 20 VDC | BUILDER CHOICE | BUILDER CHOICE | BUILDER CHOICE | PWR SWITCH for remote mount as desired. Substitute jumper wire if not needed (See Build Doc for details) |
| 23 | TP1,TP10,TP11,TP12,TP13,TP14,TP15,TP16,TP17,TP18,TP2,TP3,TP4,TP5,TP6,TP7,TP8,TP9 | 18 | OPTIONAL | Samtec | HTSW-101-07-T-S | DK: SAM11363-ND | 1 PIN .025" SQ. MALE TERM OR HAND-FORM TEST POINT FROM INSULATED, SOLID-CORE WIRE. PHYSICAL TEST POINTS ARE NOT REQUIRED AND MAY BE OMITTED IF DESIRED . |
| 24 | U1 | 1 | LM317 | Fairchild/ON Semi | LM317AHVT | DK: LM317AHVT-ND | IC REG LINEAR ADJ 1A TO220-3 [Heat Sink Required!] |
| 25 | U2 | 1 | LM7805 | Fairchild/ON Semi | LM7805ACT | DK: LM7805ACT-ND | IC REG LDO 5V 1A TO220-3 [Heat Sink Required!] |
| 26 | U3,U4 | 2 | CA3240 | Intersil | CA3240EZ | DK: CA3240EZ-ND | IC OPAMP GP 4.5MHZ 8DIP (USE 8-PIN SOCKET) |
| 27 | U5 | 1 | CD4066 | Texas Inst. | CD4066BE | DK: 296-2061-5-ND | QUAD BILATERAL SWITCH 14-DIP (USE 14-PIN SOCKET) |
| 28 | U6 | 1 | CD1013BE | Texas Inst. | CD4013BE | DK: 296-2033-5-ND | IC D-TYPE POS TRG DUAL 14DIP (USE 14-PIN SOCKET) |
| 29 | U7 | 1 | 74HC00 | Tex Instr. | 74HC00E | DK: 296-12769-5-ND | IC GATE NAND 4CH 2-INP 14-DIP (USE 14-PIN SOCKET) |
| 30 | U8 | 1 | 74LS14 | Tex Instr. | SN74LS14N | DK: 296-1643-5-ND | IC HEX SCHMITT-TRIG INV 14-DIP (USE 14-PIN SOCKET) |

TOP SIDE VIEW

Board Revision Level Mark



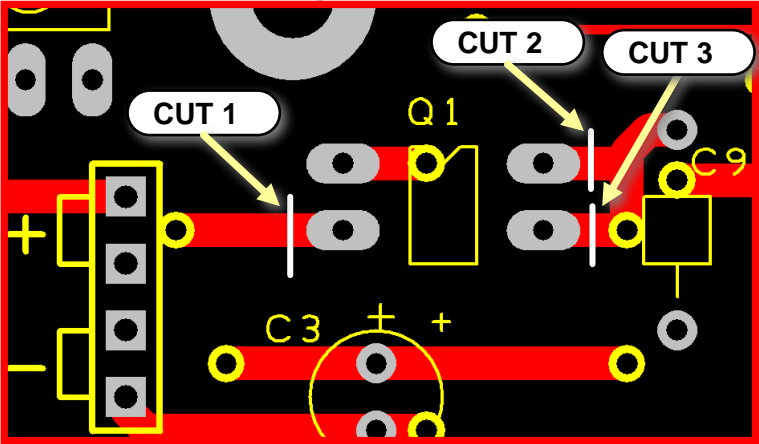
BOTTOM SIDE VIEW



REV 0 PCB TOP-SIDE REWORK INSTRUCTIONS
(Only perform this rework when using REV 0 PCBs!)

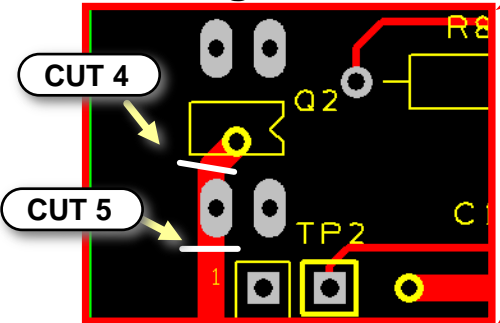
1. Cut traces in 3 spots (CUT 1,2,3) on TOP of PCB as shown in **Figure A** below.

Figure A.



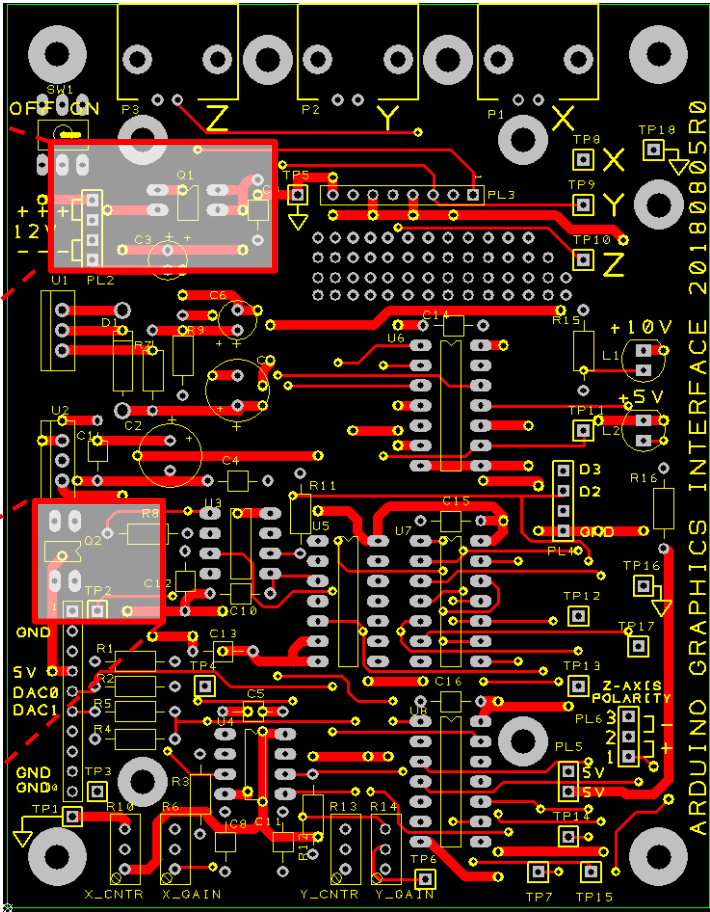
2. Cut traces in 2 spots (CUT 4,5) on TOP of PCB as shown in **Figure B** below.

Figure B.



This rework required for Rev 0 Boards (R0) PC ONLY!

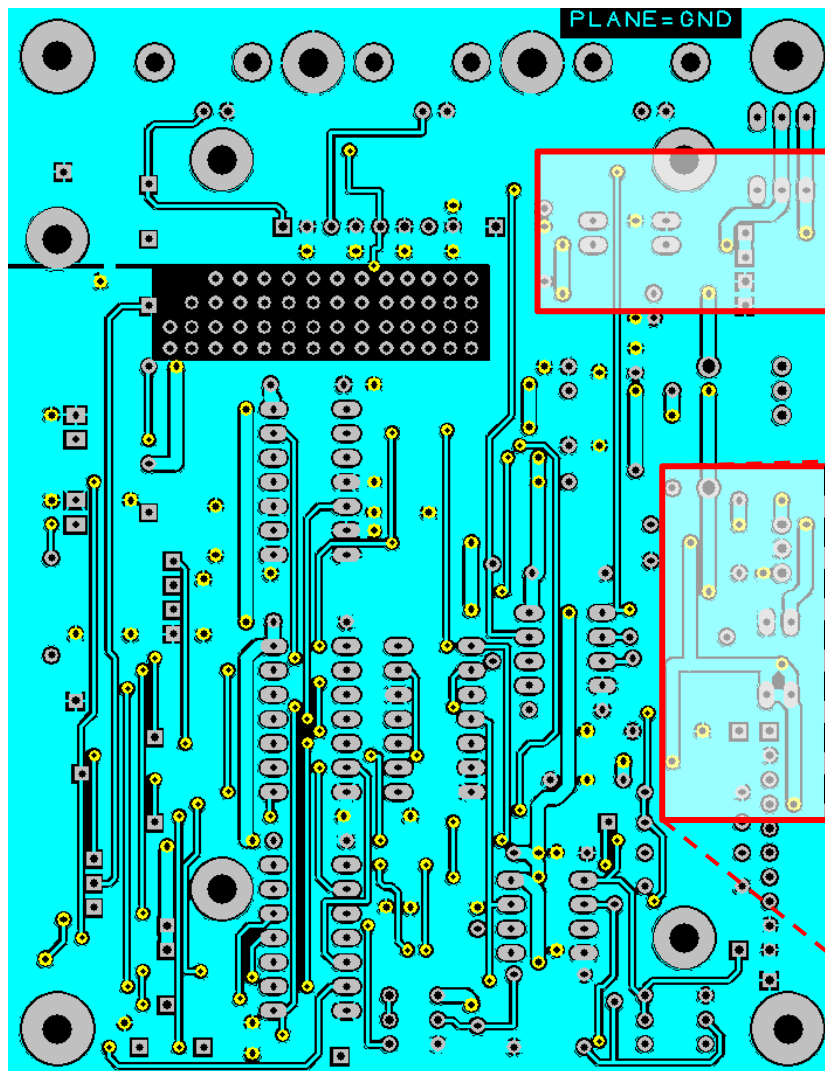
TOP SIDE VIEW



(Only perform this rework when using REV 0 PCBs!)

**BOTTOM SIDE
VIEW**

See TOP SIDE LABELING to
determine PCB revision level!



1. Add 2 Jumper Wires (JUMP 1,2) on BOTTOM as shown in **Figure A** below.
2. Cut traces in 4 spots (CUT 1,2,3,4) on BOTTOM as shown in **Figure B** below.
3. Add 3 Jumper Wires (JUMP 3,4,5) on BOTTOM as shown in **Figure C** below.

Figure A.

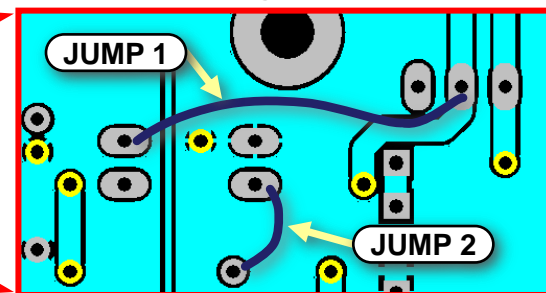


Figure B.

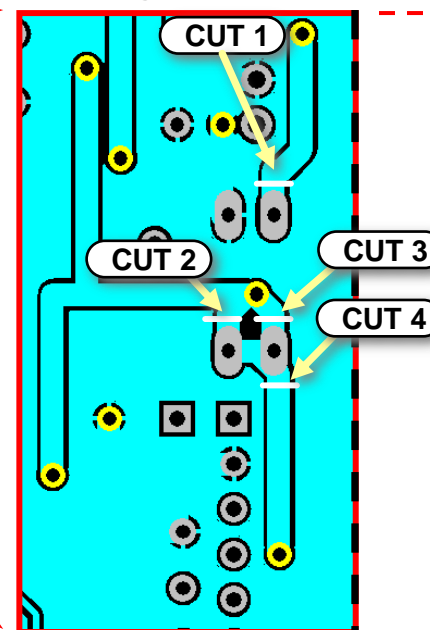
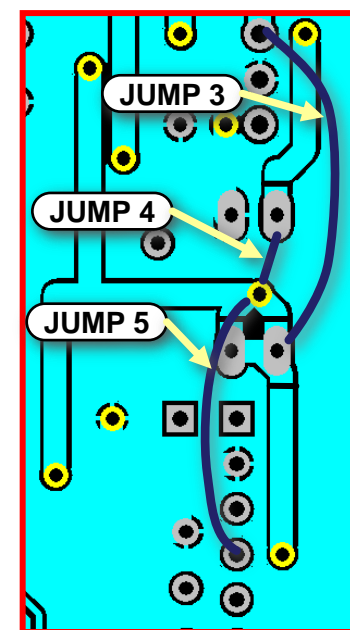


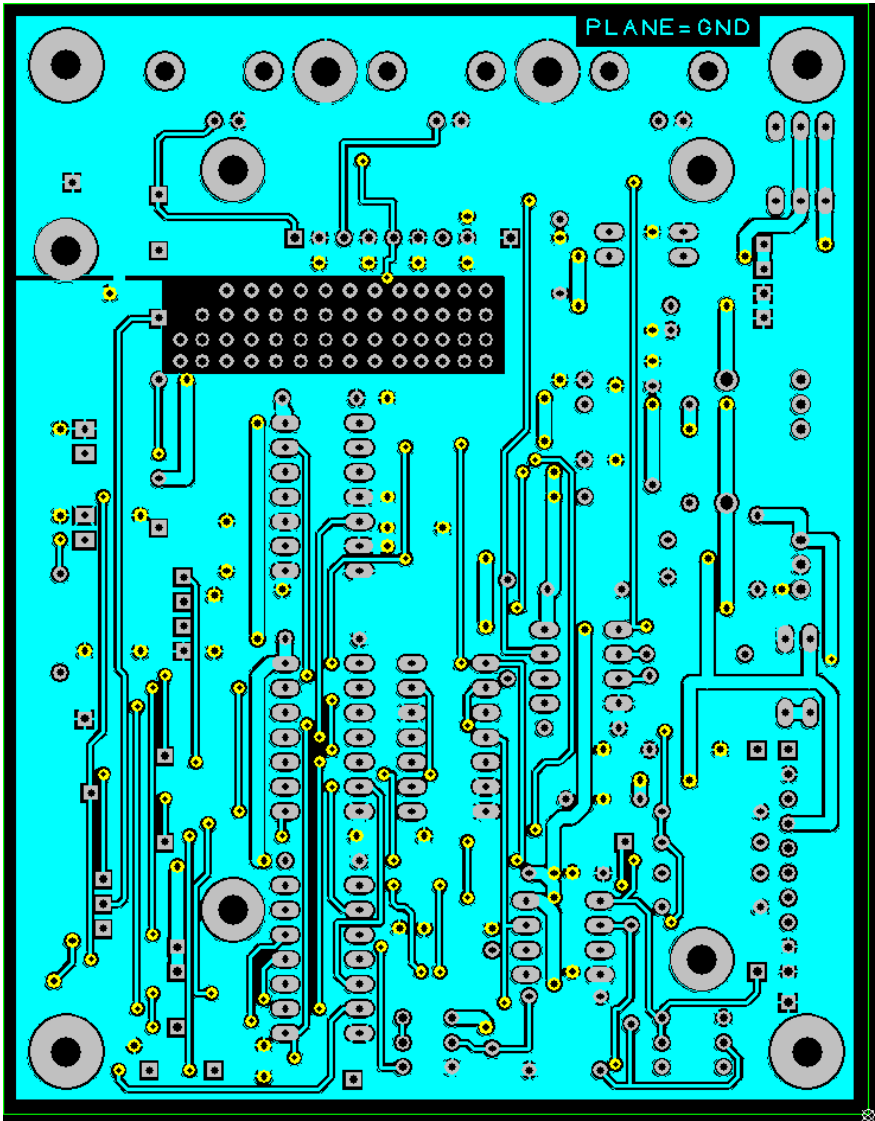
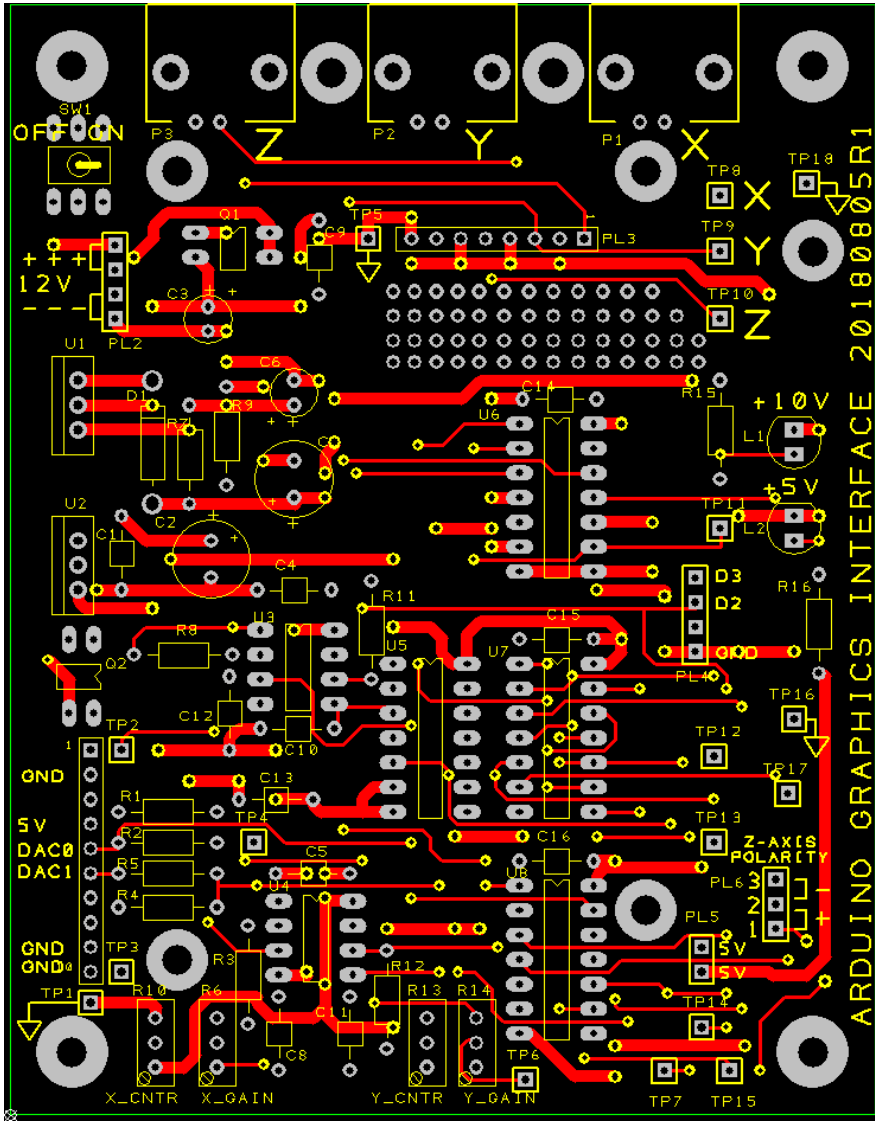
Figure C.

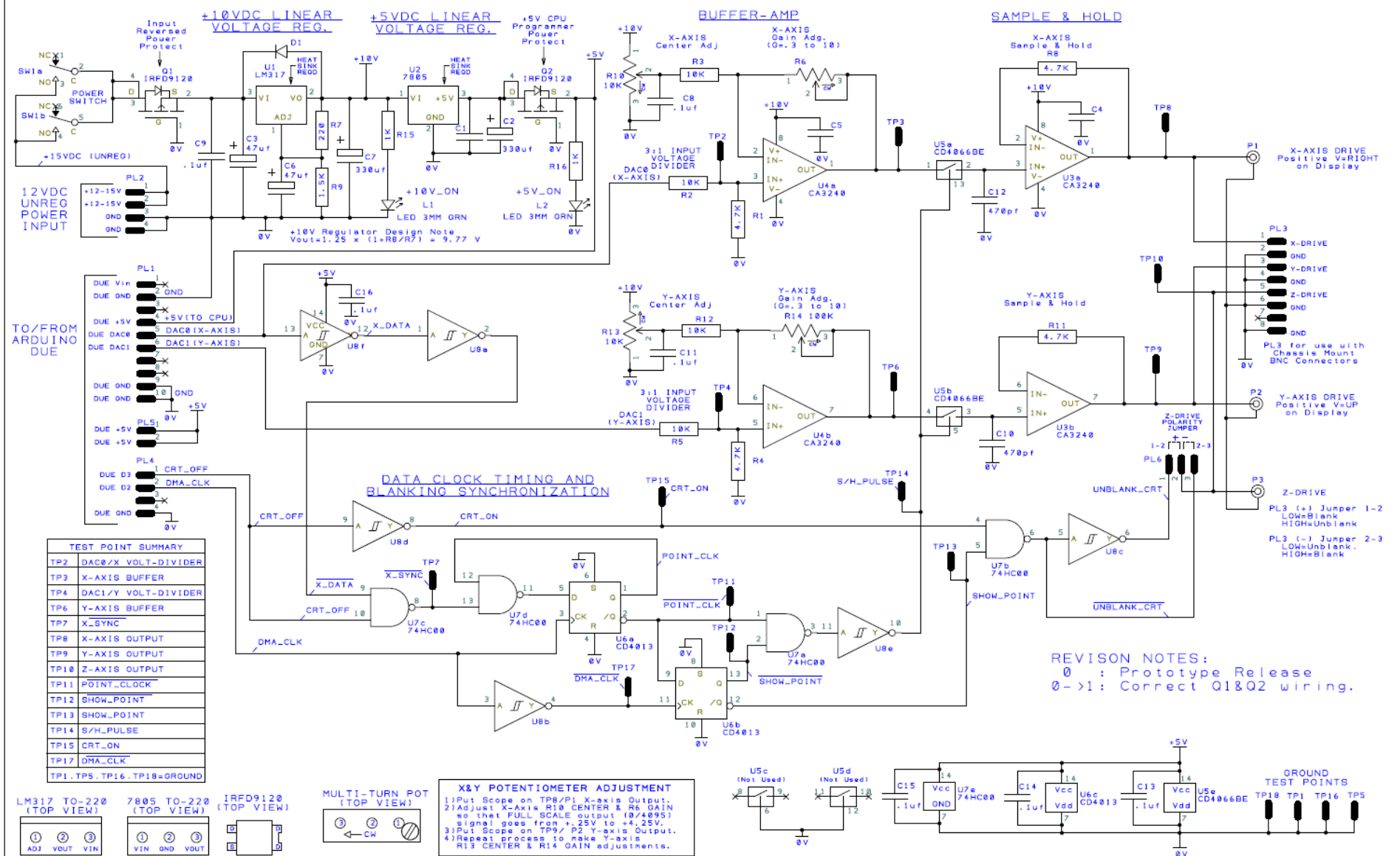



TOP SIDE VIEW

Board Revision Level Mark

BOTTOM SIDE VIEW





| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|---|---|---|--|-----------------|
| E | D | C | X Rev 1 102417 | X Rev 0 080817 | Drawn EWA 5-16-2017 | Check EWA 8-8-2017 | Projection Do Not Scale |  | AGI: ARDUINO-DUE GRAPHICS INTERFACE | | |
| Drn | Drn | Drn | Drn EWA 102417 | Project AGI GRAPHICS INTER'FC | | | Client N&V Article | | E. ANDREWS | | |
| | | | | | | | | | AMC Consulting Brookfield, WI 53045 | | |
| Chk | Chk | Chk | Chk EWA 102417 | Title 20180805R0 (SCHEMATIC) | | | Filename X-Y Graphics Intfc(Rev_1).sch | | Drawing No. X-Y Graphics Intfc(Rev_1).sch X-Y Graphics Intfc(Rev_1).pcb | | Sheet 1 of 1 |


BEFORE YOU BEGIN ASSEMBLY

Use and OHM METER to verify the following:


- 1. Perform any PCB rework steps as required and defined on preceding pages of this document.
- 2. +5V bus is NOT SHORTED TO GROUND.
- 3. +10V bus is NOT SHORTED TO GROUND.
- 4. +5V bus is NOT SHORTED to +10V bus.
- 5. +12 V input is NOT SHORTED TO +10V.

| Ref Name | Qty | Value |
|----------|-----|-------|
| C1 | 1 | .1uf |
| C11 | 1 | .1uf |
| C13 | 1 | .1uf |
| C14 | 1 | .1uf |
| C15 | 1 | .1uf |
| C16 | 1 | .1uf |
| C4 | 1 | .1uf |
| C5 | 1 | .1uf |
| C8 | 1 | .1uf |
| C9 | 1 | .1uf |

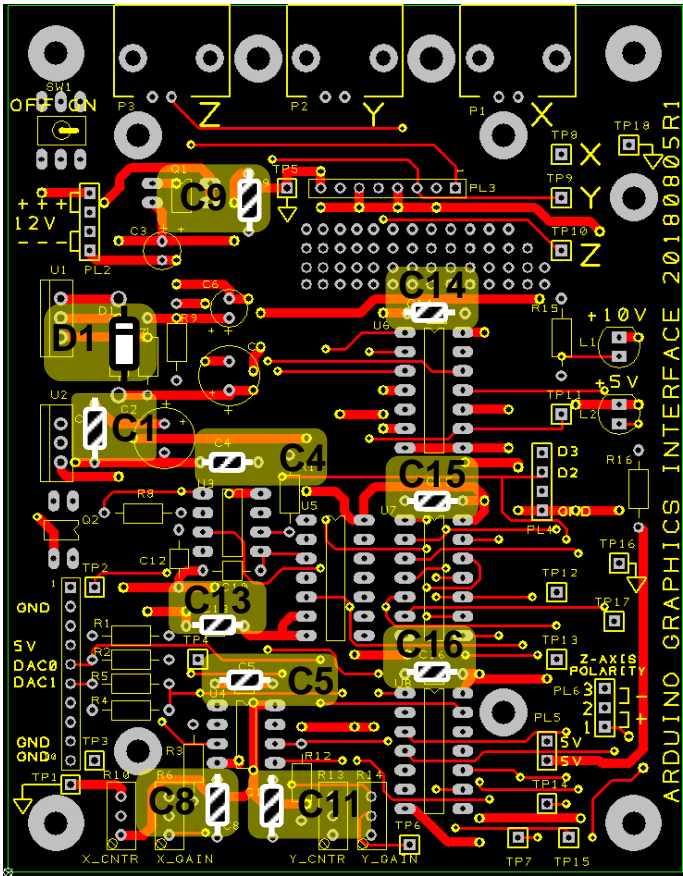
10



| | | |
|----|---|--------|
| D1 | 1 | 1N4004 |
|----|---|--------|



←Observe Polarity!



Load Parts: 470pf, 47uf, 330uf Capacitor

| Ref Name | Qty | Value |
|----------|-----|-------|
| C10 | 1 | 470pf |
| C12 | 1 | 470pf |

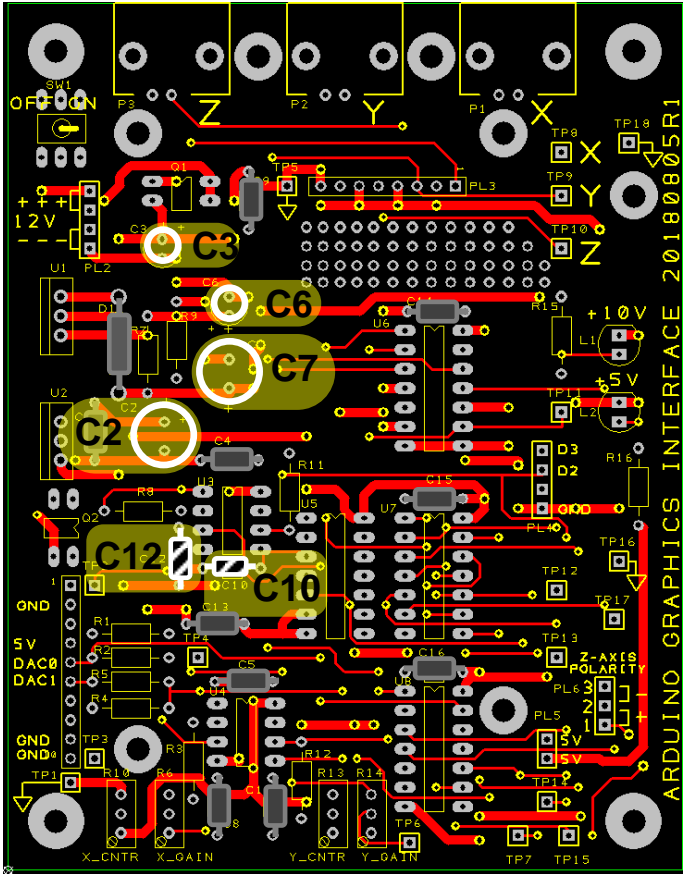
| | | |
|----|---|------|
| C3 | 1 | 47uf |
| C6 | 1 | 47uf |

| | | |
|----|---|-------|
| C2 | 1 | 330uf |
| C7 | 1 | 330uf |

←Observe
Polarity!

←Observe
Polarity!

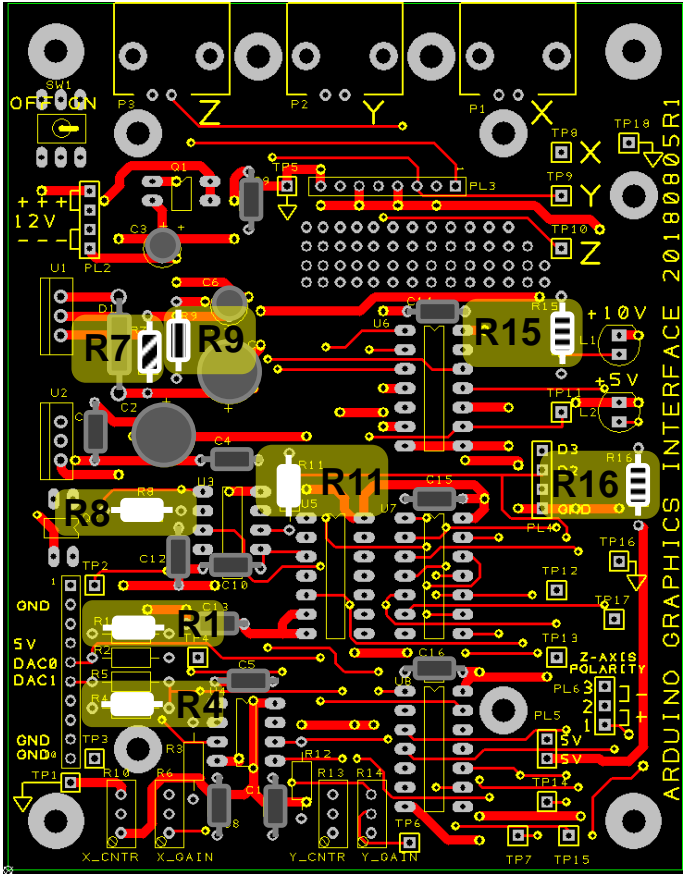
TOP SIDE VIEW



Load Parts: Resistors

| Ref Name | Qty | Value |
|----------|-----|-------|
| R7 | 1 | 240 |
| R9 | 1 | 1.5K |
| R15 | 1 | 1K |
| R16 | 1 | 1K |
| R1 | 1 | 4.7K |
| R11 | 1 | 4.7K |
| R4 | 1 | 4.7K |
| R8 | 1 | 4.7K |

TOP SIDE VIEW



| Ref Name | Qty | Value |
|----------|-----|----------|
| R12 | 1 | 10K |
| R2 | 1 | 10K |
| R3 | 1 | 10K |
| R5 | 1 | 10K |
| Q1 | 1 | IRFD9120 |
| Q2 | 1 | IRFD9120 |



←Note device orientation!

| | | |
|----|---|--------|
| U1 | 1 | LM317 |
| U2 | 1 | LM7805 |



←Note device orientation!

←Note device orientation!

Note:

- 1) **WARNING:** Heat Sink Tab on U1 LM317 = +9.0 VDC.
- 2) **WARNING:** Heat Sink Tab on U2 LM7805 = GND.

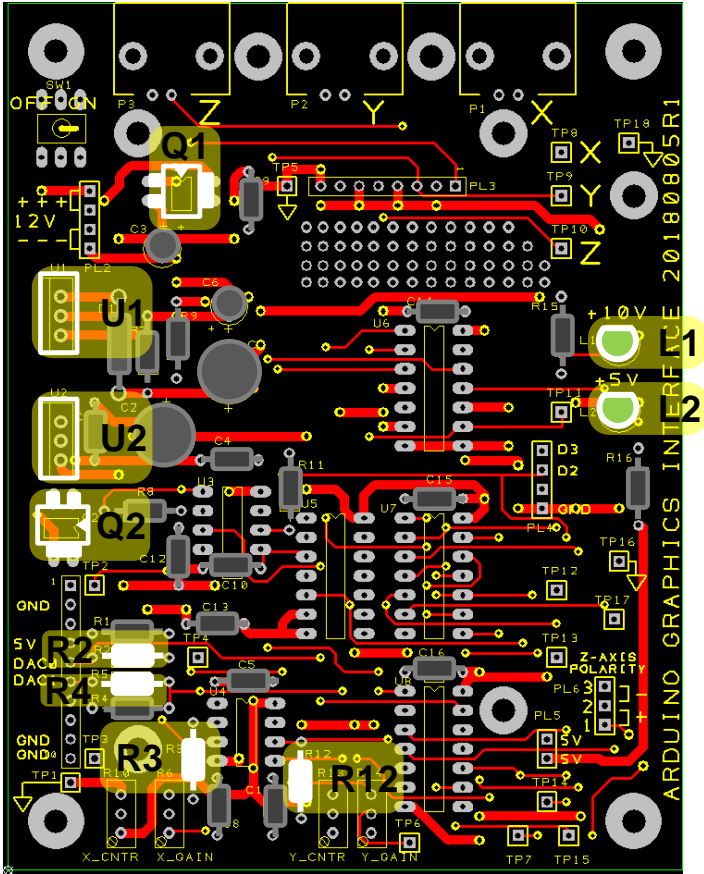
DO NOT MOUNT U1 Heat Sink to GROUND. DO NOT mount U1 & U2 to a COMMON Heat sink unless insulating washers & hardware are used to electrically insulate tabs from one another and heat sink base metal!

- 3) To ensure proper spacing & placement, Mount **U1** and **U2** devices to heatsink(s) **BEFORE** installing and attaching to PCB!

| Ref Name | Qty | Value |
|----------|-----|-------------|
| L1 | 1 | LED 3MM GRN |
| L2 | 1 | LED 3MM GRN |



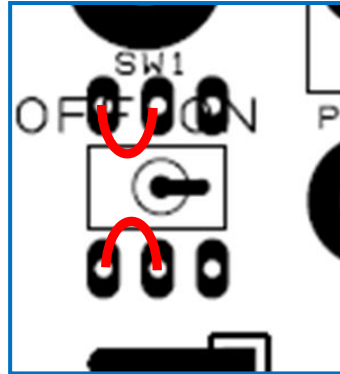
←Note device orientation!



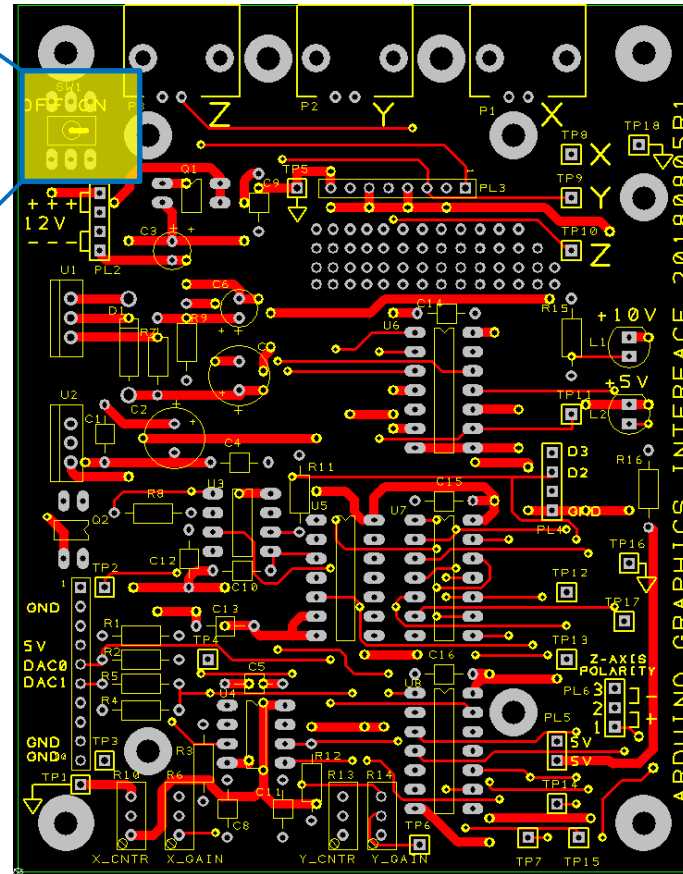
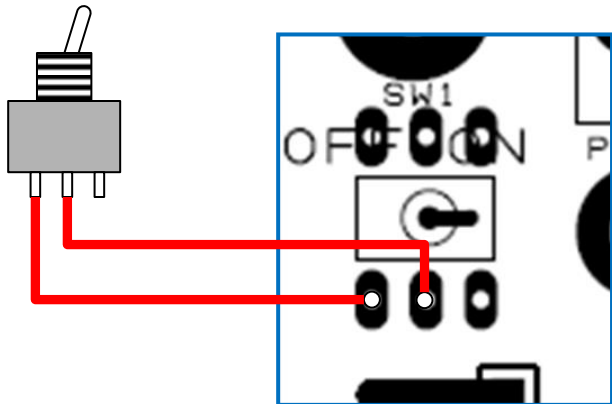
Note: Builders Choice - Any color LED may be used.

OPTION 1: NO EXTERNAL POWER SWITCH

If no external power switch is desired, install jumper wires as shown.



OPTION 2: OFF BOARD POWER SWITCH



Load Parts: Potentiometers & Test Points

| Ref Name | Qty | Value |
|----------|-----|----------------------------|
| R10 | 1 | 10K 10 Turn Potentiometer |
| R13 | 1 | 10K 10 Turn Potentiometer |
| R14 | 1 | 100K 10 Turn Potentiometer |
| R6 | 1 | 100K 10 Turn Potentiometer |

| | | |
|------|---|------------------|
| TP1 | 1 | GROUND, OPTIONAL |
| TP10 | 1 | OPTIONAL |
| TP11 | 1 | OPTIONAL |
| TP12 | 1 | OPTIONAL |
| TP13 | 1 | OPTIONAL |
| TP14 | 1 | OPTIONAL |
| TP15 | 1 | OPTIONAL |
| TP16 | 1 | GROUND, OPTIONAL |
| TP17 | 1 | OPTIONAL |
| TP18 | 1 | GROUND, OPTIONAL |
| TP2 | 1 | OPTIONAL |
| TP3 | 1 | OPTIONAL |
| TP4 | 1 | OPTIONAL |
| TP5 | 1 | GROUND, OPTIONAL |
| TP6 | 1 | OPTIONAL |
| TP7 | 1 | OPTIONAL |
| TP8 | 1 | OPTIONAL |
| TP9 | 1 | OPTIONAL |

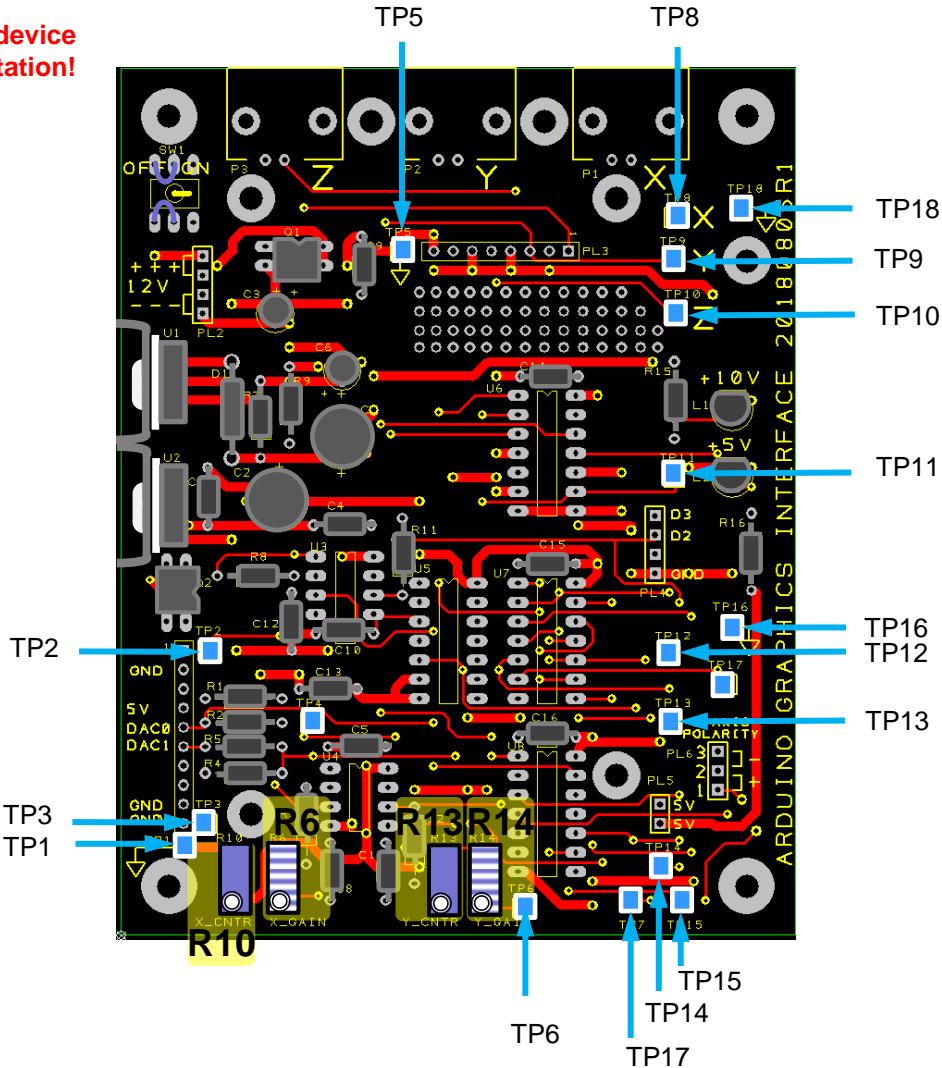
Note: Installation of Test Point (TP) pins is OPTIONAL. TP pins may be omitted and scope probes touched to TP hole as needed.

Alternately, TP pins may be made from snap apart male-headers or short pieces of insulated wire protruding up from board.

←Note device orientation!

←Note device orientation!

TOP SIDE VIEW



Load Parts: Headers,Connectors,IC Sockets

| Ref Name | Qty | Value |
|----------|-----|-------------------------|
| P1 | 1 | Can use Chassis Mnt BNC |
| P2 | 1 | Can use Chassis Mnt BNC |
| P3 | 1 | Can use Chassis Mnt BNC |


ALTERNATE FOR P1-P3: If using Chassis-mount BNC connectors, construct a bracket for the BNC connectors to mount through. Then, mount the bracket to the PCB using holes provided and connector to PL3 or X-Y-Z connector pads appropriately.

| | | |
|-----|---|-------------------|
| PL1 | 1 | 10 PIN FEMALE HDR |
| PL2 | 1 | 4 PIN MALE HDR |
| PL4 | 1 | 4 PIN MALE HDR |
| PL5 | 1 | 2 PIN FEMALE HDR |
| PL6 | 1 | 3 PIN MALE HDR |


| | | |
|-----|---|-----------------------|
| PL3 | 1 | 8 PIN MALE - OPTIONAL |
|-----|---|-----------------------|

➔ **PL3** is optional and is only used when using off-board chassis-mounted BNC connectors.

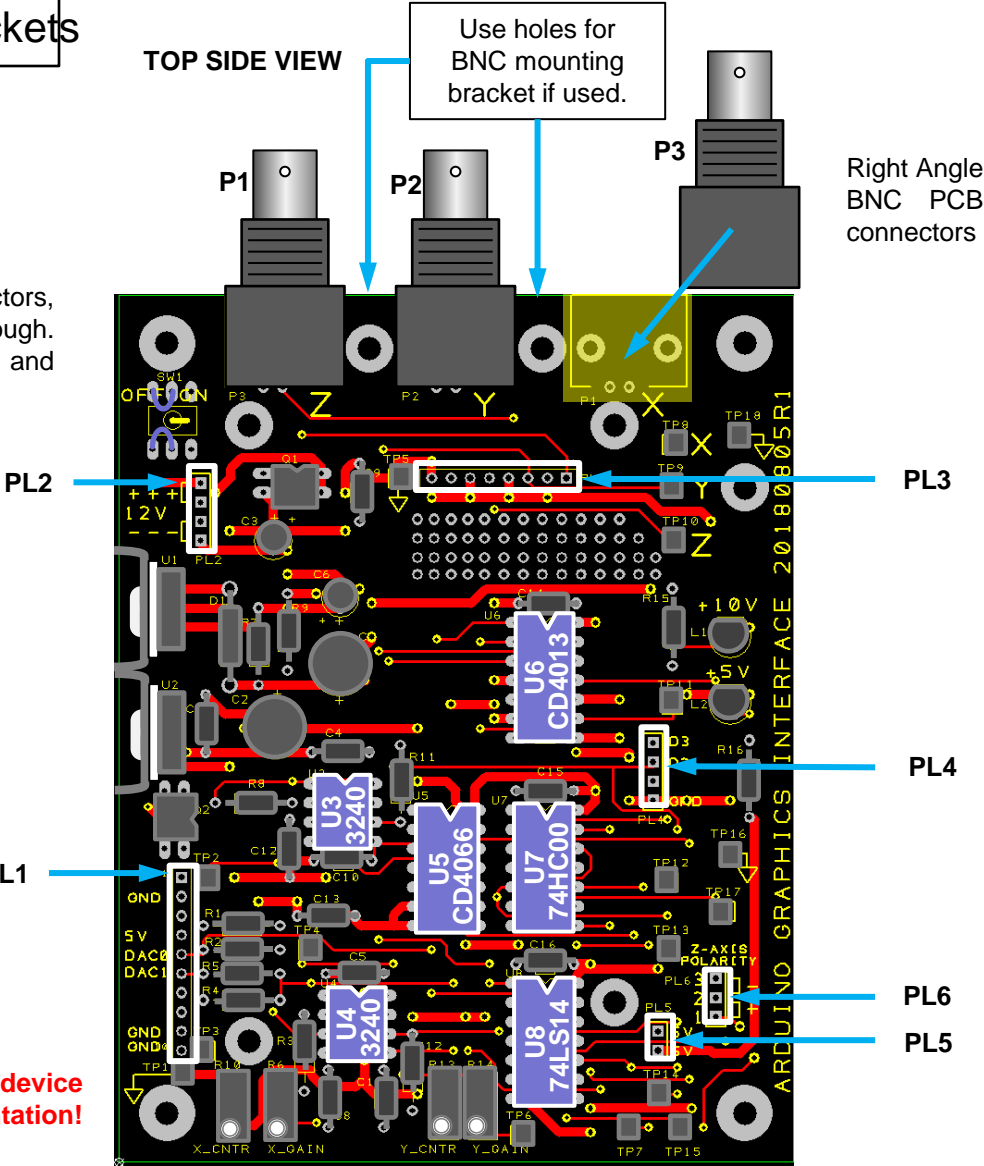
IC SOCKETS (*IC sockets is Highly Recommended!*)
Install 8-Pin Sockets for U3 & U4.
Install 14-Pin sockets for U5,U6,U7, and U8.

| | | | | | |
|----|---|--------|---|----------------------|---|
| U3 | 1 | CA3240 | 2 | Install 8 Pin Socket |  |
| U4 | 1 | CA3240 | | | |

←Note device orientation!

| | | | | | |
|----|---|---------|---|-----------------------|---|
| U5 | 1 | CD4066 | | | |
| U6 | 1 | C4013BE | 4 | Install 14 Pin Socket |  |
| U7 | 1 | 74HC00 | | | |
| U8 | 1 | 74LS14 | | | |

←Note device orientation!



Power Supply Checks & IC Installation

VERIFY POWER SUPPLY

CAUTION: BEFORE CONNECTING TO ARDUINO DUE OR INSTALLING U3-U8, CHECK POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGES! DO NOT PROCEED IF VOLTAGES ARE INCORRECT!

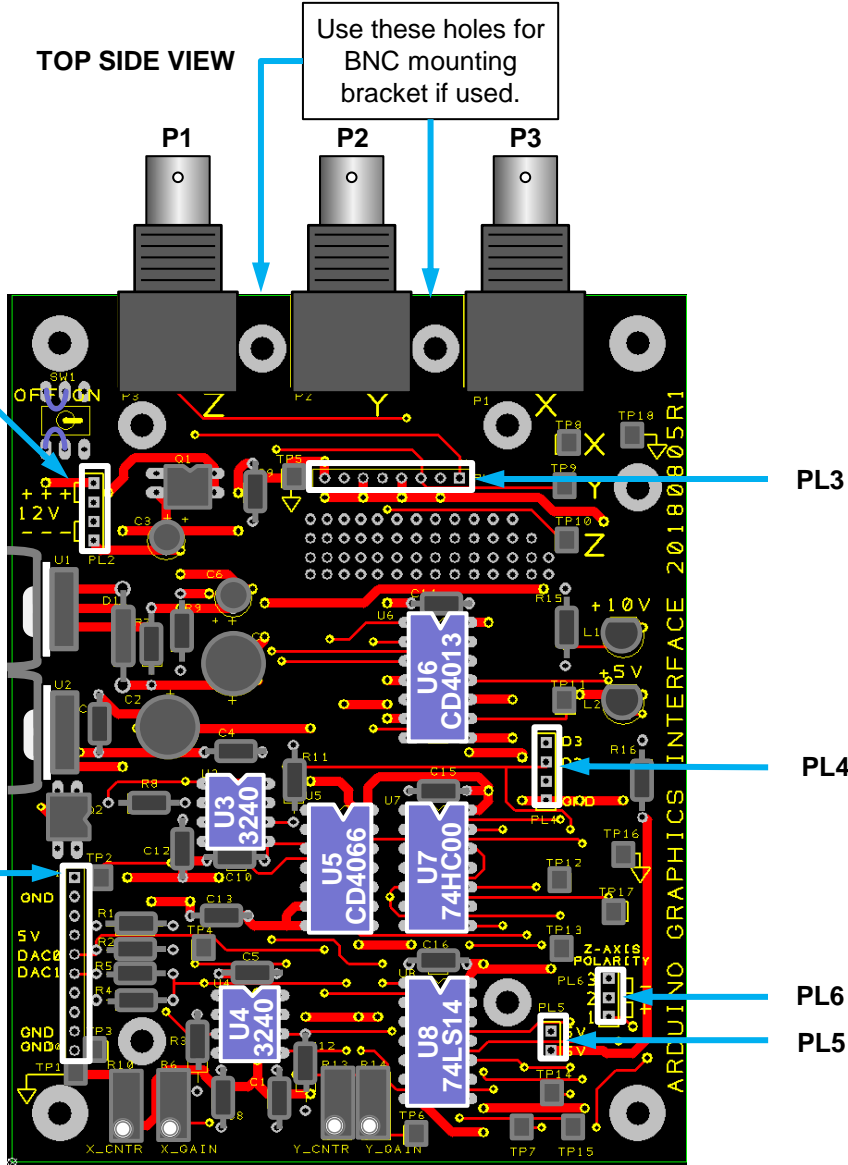
1. With AGI board DISCONNECTED FROM Arduino DUE, apply power +12V to AGI BOARD via PL2.
 - a) OBSERVE < 25 MA draw from +12 VDC supply.
 - b) OBSERVE LED L1 & L2 are illuminated.
2. With a voltmeter, CONFIRM ANALOG VOLTS REG:
 - a) 9.0VDC \pm 0.15 VDC is present at PIN 8 of U3 & U4.
3. With a voltmeter, CONFIRM DIGITAL VOLT REG:
 - a) 5.0VDC \pm 0.15 VDC present at PIN 14 of U5, U6, U7, U8.
4. With a voltmeter, CONFIRM:
 - a) +5V power is present at both pins of PL5.
 - b) PL1_DAC0 and PL1_DAC1 pins = 0.0 VDC.

5. If all voltage checks are correct, remove power from AGI & install U3-U8 per table below.

INSTALL ICs INTO SOCKETS

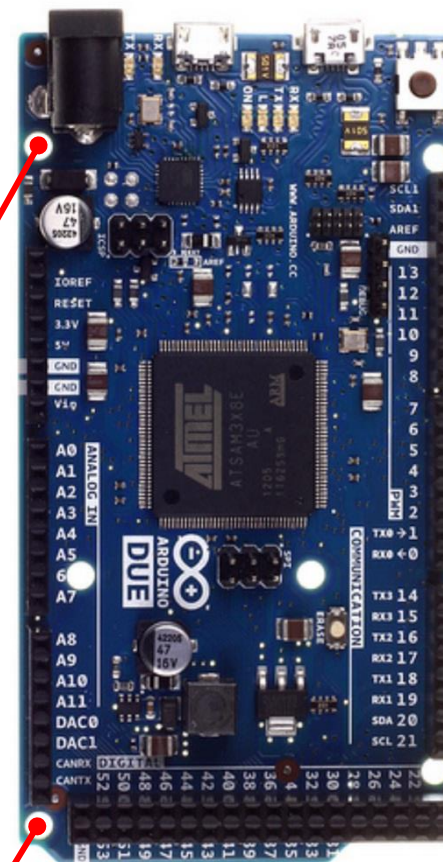
| Ref Name | Qty | Value | |
|----------|-----|---------|-------------------------------|
| U3 | 1 | CA3240 | Install IC into 8 Pin Socket |
| U4 | 1 | CA3240 | |
| U5 | 1 | CD4066 | Install IC into 14 Pin Socket |
| U6 | 1 | C4013BE | |
| U7 | 1 | 74HC00 | |
| U8 | 1 | 74LS14 | |

6. Apply +12V power to AGI through PL2 once again and observe proper +9 an 5 V levels.
7. Verify total current draw from 12 V supply < 225 MA with DUE board attached & connected.



←Note device orientation!

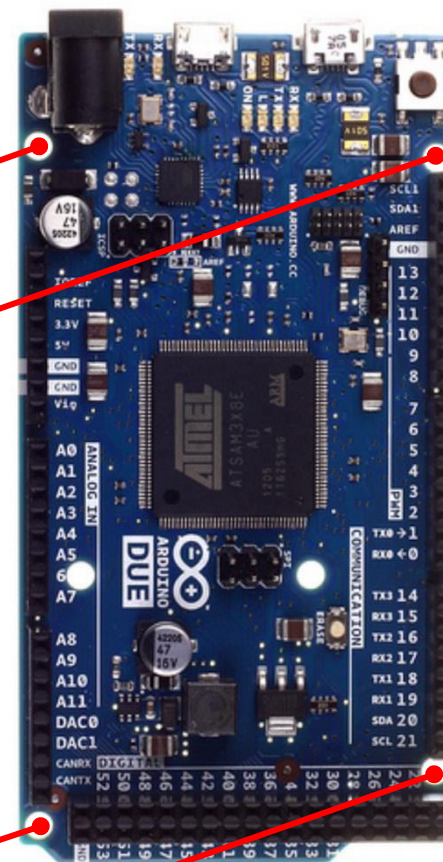
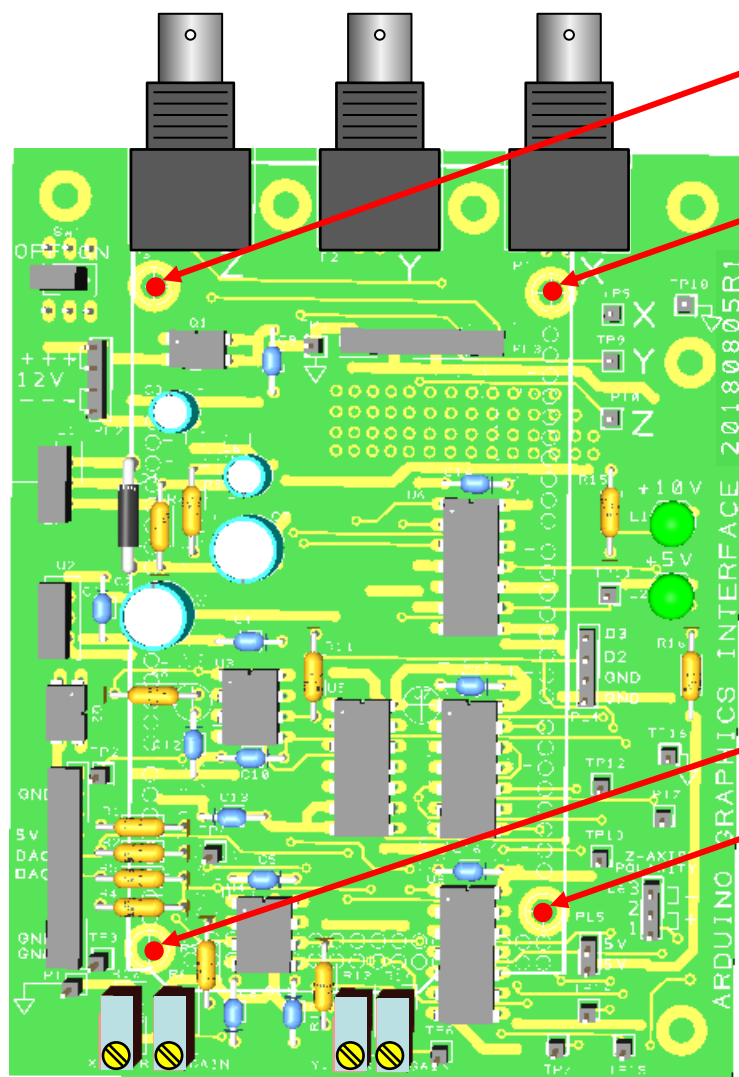
←Note device orientation!



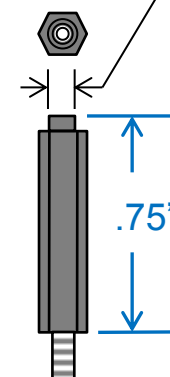
Using 4-40 Standoff Spacers, Arduino DUE can be mounted to TOP RIGHT SIDE of AGI PCB in a *temporary fashion* so as to provide full “scope-probe” test access to the AGI circuit board.

----- CAUTION -----
VERIFY SCREWS AND/OR METAL STANDOFFS ARE NOT
TOUCHING CIRCUIT PADS, LANDS, OR OTHER PARTS ON
THE TOP OR BOTTOM OF ARDUINO-DUE CPU!

AGI PCB



Note: If using metal standoffs, it is necessary to turn down a region at the top of each spacer so that metal of spacer does not short out pads on DUE!



Using 4-40 Standoff Spacers, Arduino DUE can be mounted to TOP of AGI PCB. Additional Arduino Shields can then be installed onto DUE as needed.

CAUTION
VERIFY SCREWS AND/OR METAL STANDOFFS ARE NOT TOUCHING CIRCUIT PADS, LANDS, OR OTHER PARTS ON THE TOP OR BOTTOM OF ARDUINO-DUE CPU!

Wiring AGI To DUE

----- CAUTION -----
TO AVOID DAMAGE TO DUE CPU
OR AGI BOARDS, ONLY CONNECT
AND POWER ARDUINO DUE - AGI
COMBINATION AFTER POWER
CHECKS AS DETAILED ON PAGE
19 HAVE BEEN COMPLETED!

----- CAUTION -----
VERIFY SCREWS AND/OR METAL
STANDOFFS ARE NOT TOUCHING
CIRCUIT PADS, LANDS, OR OTHER
PARTS ON THE TOP OR BOTTOM
OF ARDUINO-DUE CPU!

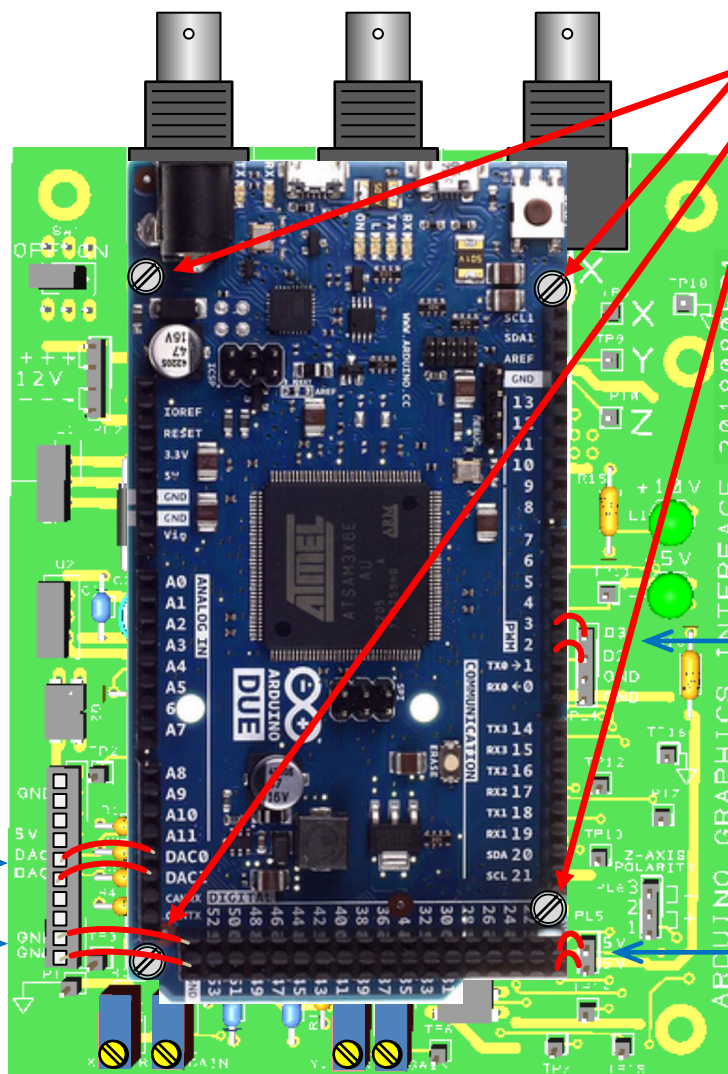
**CAUTION: Do NOT touch DAC0 or DAC1
wires to +5V or GND connection as this
will irreversibly damage the DUE CPU!**

1) Connect DAC0 & DAC1
wires between AGI and
DUE boards as shown.

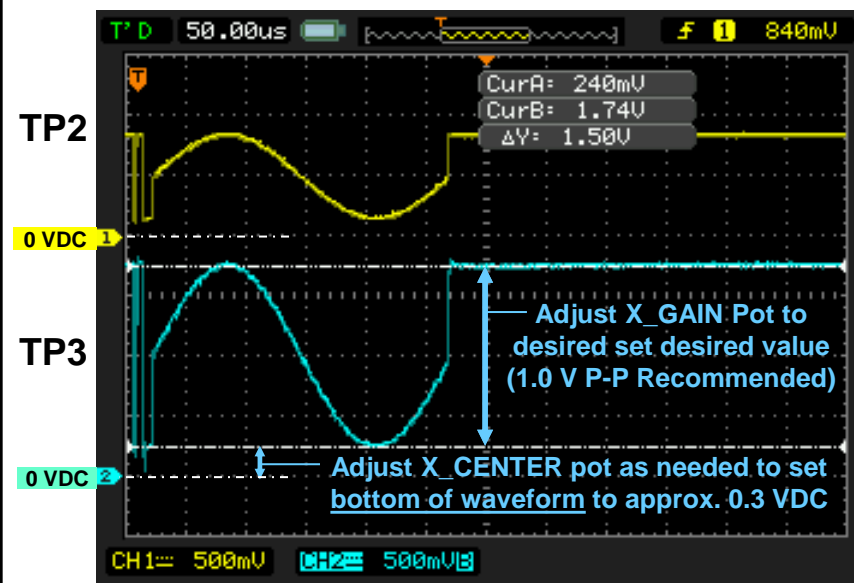
2) Connect 2 GROUND
wires between AGI and
DUE boards as shown.

3) Connect D2 and D3 wires
between AGI and DUE
boards as shown.

4) Connect 2 +5V wires
between AGI and DUE
boards as shown.



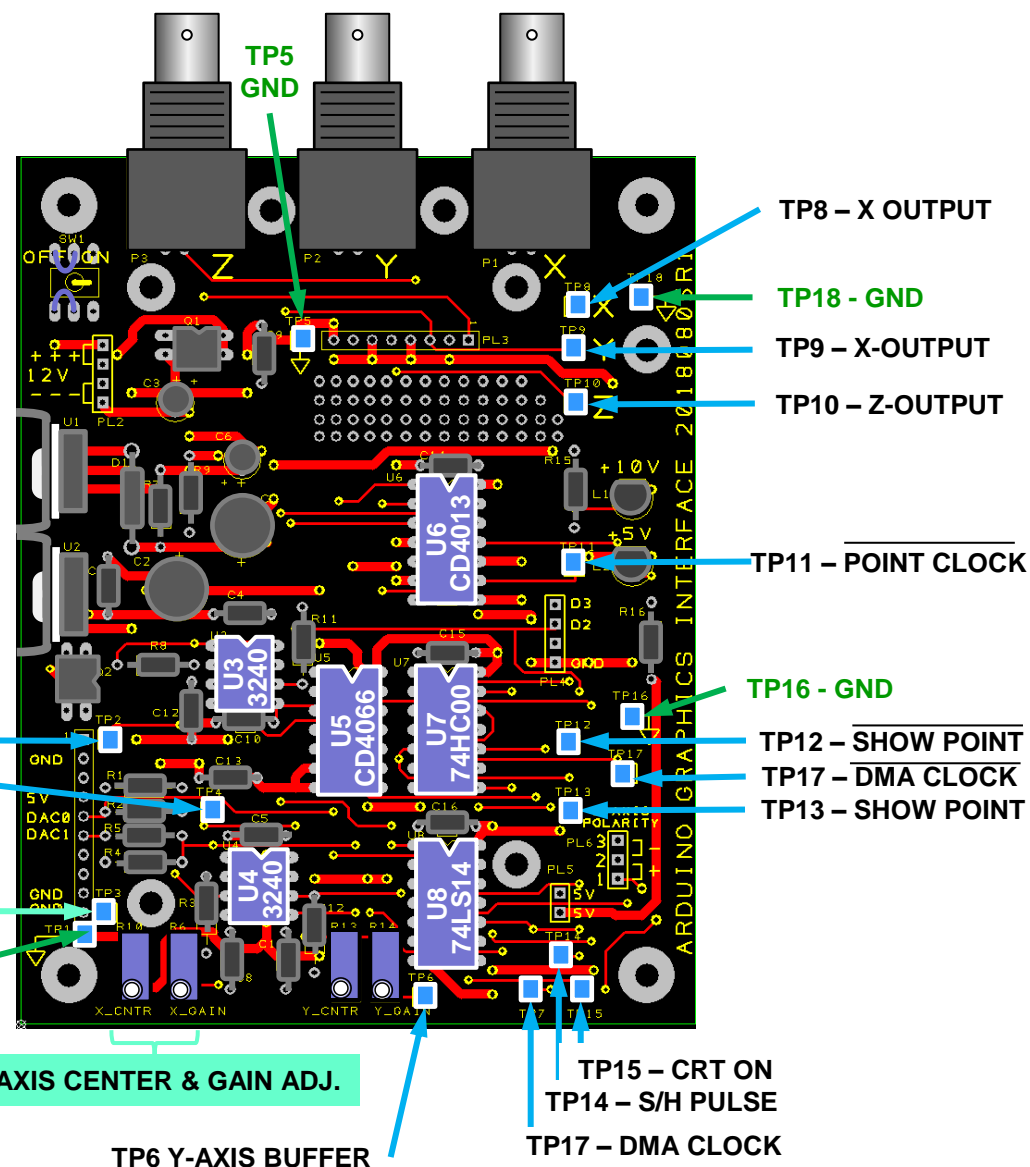
X-Axis Gain and Offset Adjust



X-Gain and Offset Adjustment

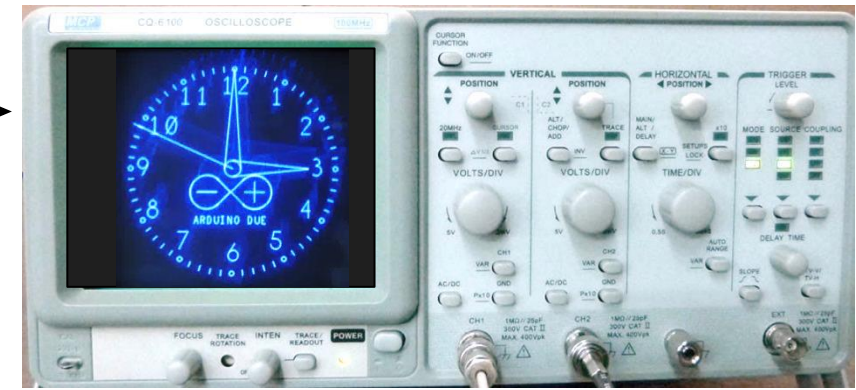
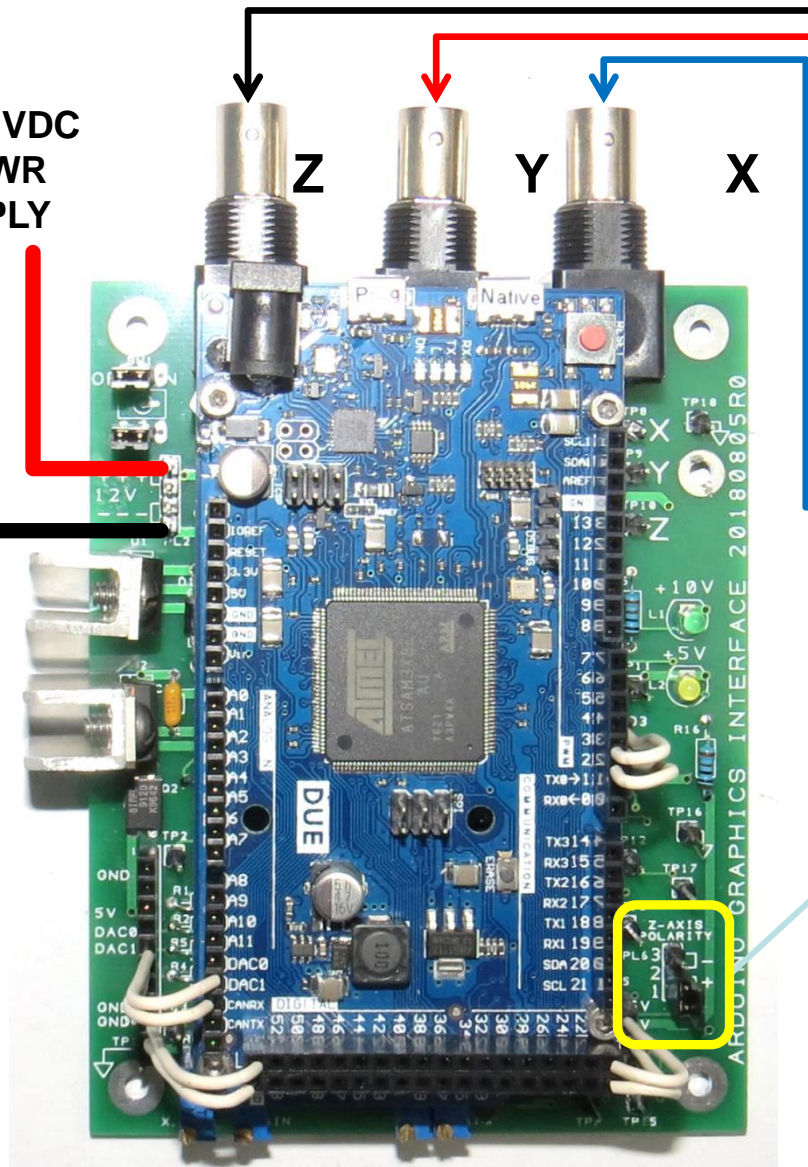
1. Connect AGI to Arduino DUE & apply power.
2. Using Arduino IDE, Load and start CRT_SCOPE. Open a Serial Port (Baud=115200, NONE).
3. Select Option 7; This outputs a full scale sine-wave segment to DAC0 and DAC1.
4. Connect an oscilloscope to TP2 and TP3; Trigger on TP2 as shown.
5. Observe approx. 0.7 V P-P signal on TP2 (DAC0 INPUT).
6. Monitor TP3 on scope and adjust X_GAIN (R6) for desired amplitude (1.0 V P-P).
7. Adjust Y_CNTR (R10) pot until bottom of waveform is approximately 0.25-0.3VDC above ground.
8. Connect to scope and place scope in XY mode. Final adjust AGI pots in concert in concert with scope gain & position controls for proper XY display of a circle.

TOP SIDE VIEW



Z-Input (Typically on Back Panel)

**+12 VDC
PWR
SPLY**



Y-Input (Typically CH 2)

X-Input (Typically CH 1)

PL6 JUMPER SETTINGS

- 3 ☐ **NEGATIVE Z-AXIS LOGIC**
Jumper position 2-3 for
Logic 0 = UNBLANK
- 2 ☐
- 1 ☐ **POSITIVE Z-AXIS LOGIC**
Jumper position 1-2 for
Logic 1= UNBLANK

CRT_SCOPE Test Pattern Descriptions

```
===== CRT_SCOPE_Ver_20.55 =====
? = Show this HELP Screen
---- Hardware setup and diagnostics ----
7 = Analog Signal Scope Pattern for Gain & Center Adj.
C = Incr DMA Clock Freq by 50 Khz
c = Decr DMA Clock Freq by 50 Khz
F = Incr Front-Porch blankCount by 1
f = Decr Front-Porch blankCount by 1
B = Incr Back-Porch blankCount by 1
b = Decr Back-Porch blankCount by 1
2 = Display Centering Pattern
v = Peak-to-Peak Vertical Sq-Wv Test Pattern
h = Peak-to-Peak Horizontal Sq-Wv Test Pattern
d = Peak-to-Peak Dots_in_the_Corners Test Pattern
---- Test plots for TEXT routines
i = Decr TEXT intensity for subsequent plots
I = Incr TEXT intensity for subsequent plots
0 = Print Numbers Test (Random Number)
1 = Print Numbers Test with some underlined (Rand Num)
s = plotChar Test #1
S = plotChar Test #2
w = Wakeup from Screen-save timeout
---- Test plots for GRAPHICS routines ----
+ = Incr Graphics Intensity for subsequent plots
- = Decr Graphics Intensity for subsequent plots
3 = Display Random Rectangles, Circles, & Ellipses
4 = Simulated Graph Plot
5 = Display Random Ellipse
6 = Display a fixed Ellipse
8 = Demo Circle arc segments from 0 to 7
9 = Demo Ellipse arc segments from 0 to 7
---- Simulated Application Screens ----
1 = Plot an animated Arduino Logo
D = Show AGI Coordinate System Plot
t/T = TIME - A Simulated Clock Display
* = Toggle 'SimClock' second-hand On-Off
p = Pong Simulation
```

This option will load a circular pattern into the XY_List buffer that will output a full-scale partial sin wave pattern out on the X and Y output ports. This can be used to set the gain and centering POTS on the AGI as well as scope gain and centering controls as shown on page 20 & 21.

Use these options to change the DMA_CLOCK frequency while observing the effects on plot quality on your scope.

Use these options to vary the duration and timing of the FRONT and BACK porch BLANKING SIGNAL.

This sends plots a full size circle inside of a full size square and can also be used to set scope gain and centering controls

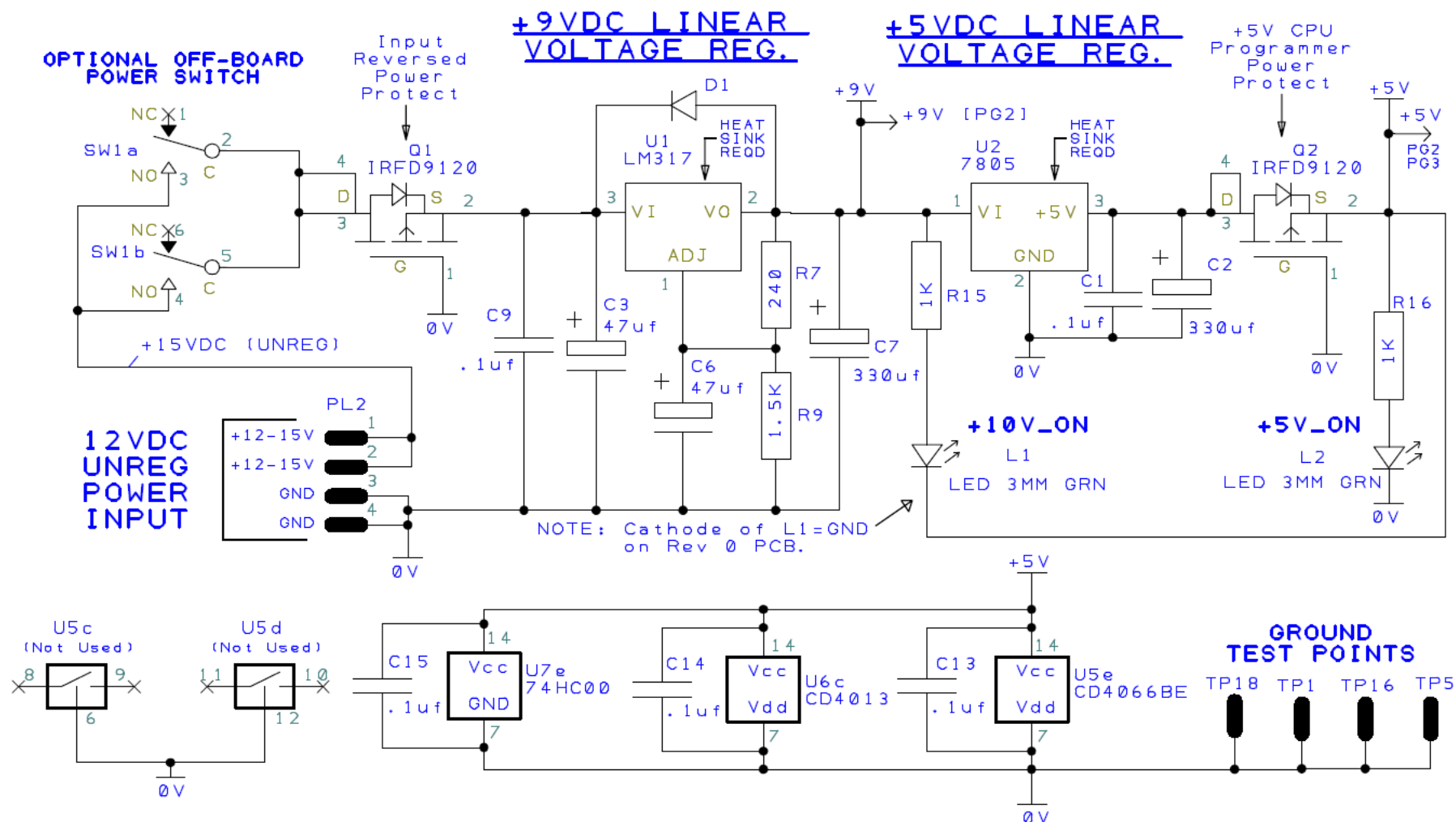
Use this pattern plots to observe accuracy and/or artifacts when driving scope with FULL SCALE square wave pattern. Try varying the DMA_CLOCK (Option: c/C) while viewing these patterns.

NOTE: Menu details may vary slightly as new revisions and features are added into the CRT_SCOPE example program.

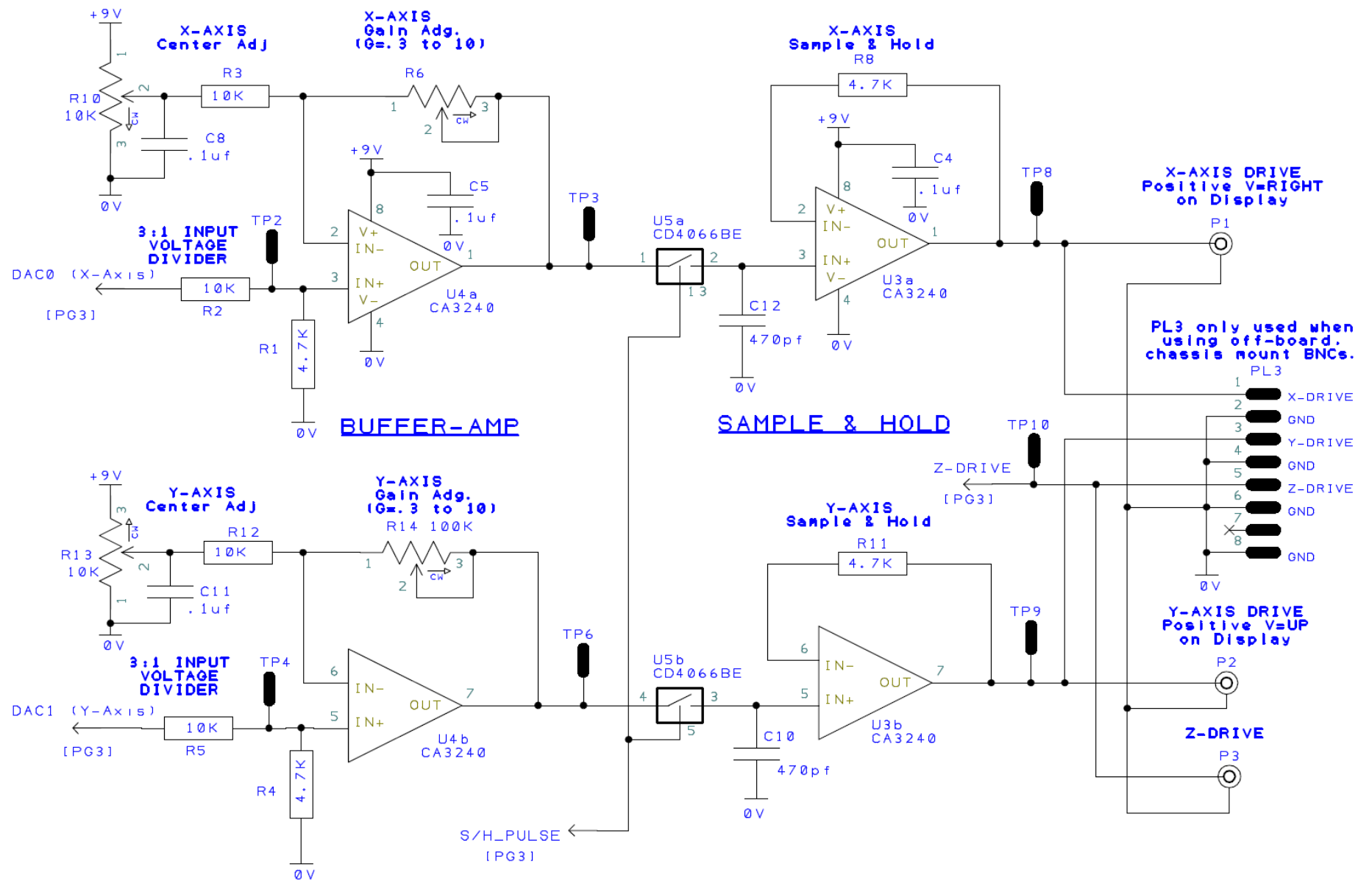
Known Issues

| Ref Num | Issue Description | Severity | Status | Evaluation/Solution/Work-Around/Other Actions Taken |
|---------|---|----------|--|---|
| 1 | AGI POWER LED INDICATION INVALID When +12V is <u>NOT</u> supplied to AGI but Arduino Due is connected to external computer for programming, Both +5V and +10V LEDs on AGI board illuminate. | LOW | OPEN DATE: 20170920 CLOSED DATE: 20171024 | ANALYSIS: +5 V from programming cable feeds back through power supply circuits and energizes the +10V bus on the AGI to approximately a +5V level. This causes +10V LED to illuminate. Since the AGI analog circuits are running in an UNDER-VOLT condition, the XY signals output by the AGI may be distorted and of poor quality. REV 0 PCB CORRECTIVE ACTION: NONE - Operator must be advised that +10V led will dimly illuminate even when +10 V is in an undervolt condition. REV 1 PCB CORRECTIVE ACTION: L1 Cathode connection moved from GROUND to +5V; L1 now operator correctly. |
| 2 | REVERSE POWER CIRCUIT ERROR Polarity Protection FETs (Q1 & Q2) wired improperly. | MED | OPEN DATE: 20170920 CLOSED DATE: 20171024 | EVALUATION: Design review identified that FET power protection was wired improperly on Rev 0 PCB and may not function correctly. If +12VDC is wired improperly, AGI and/or DUE could be damaged. ANALYSIS: Polarity Protection FETs (Q1 & Q2) wired improperly. Schematics corrected and Rev R0 PCB rework instructions generated. CORRECTIVE ACTION: Schematics and PCB corrected and reissued as Rev R1. Documentation updated, new GERBER FILES generated and put into project repository. |
| 3 | DISPLAYED POINTS ARE "FUZZY" XY Signal quality needs improvement. | HIGH | OPEN DATE: 20171024 CLOSED DATE: 20171120 | EVALUATION: Op-amps show low level ringing which degrades plot quality. ANALYSIS: Amplifier stability and ringing is impacted by V+ power supply value. Reducing V+ from 9.75 to 9.0 Volts significantly improves X-Y plot quality. This is accomplished by changing R7 from 220 ohms to 240 ohms. CORRECTIVE ACTION: Schematics and BOM reissued as Rev R1. Documentation updated and put into project repository. |

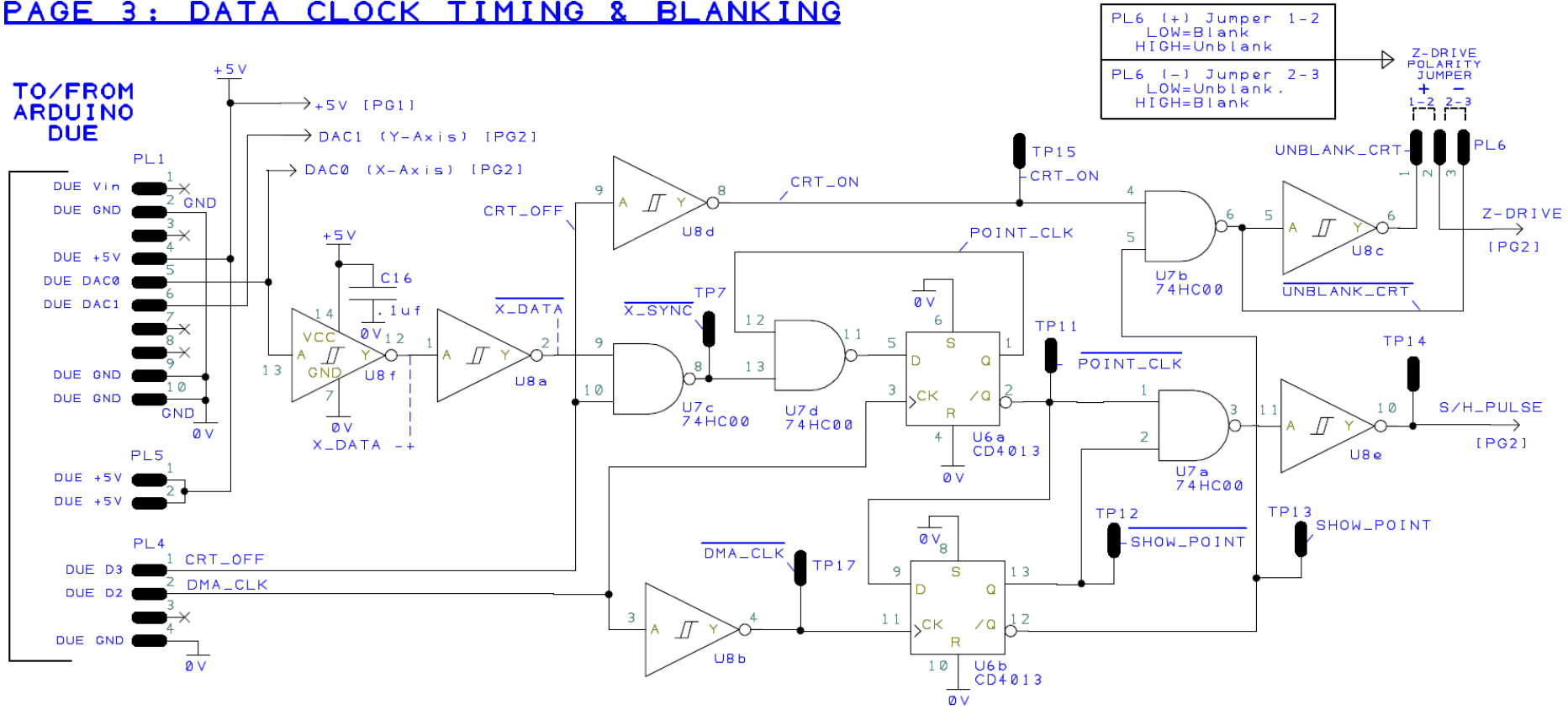
PAGE 1: AGI POWER SUPPLY

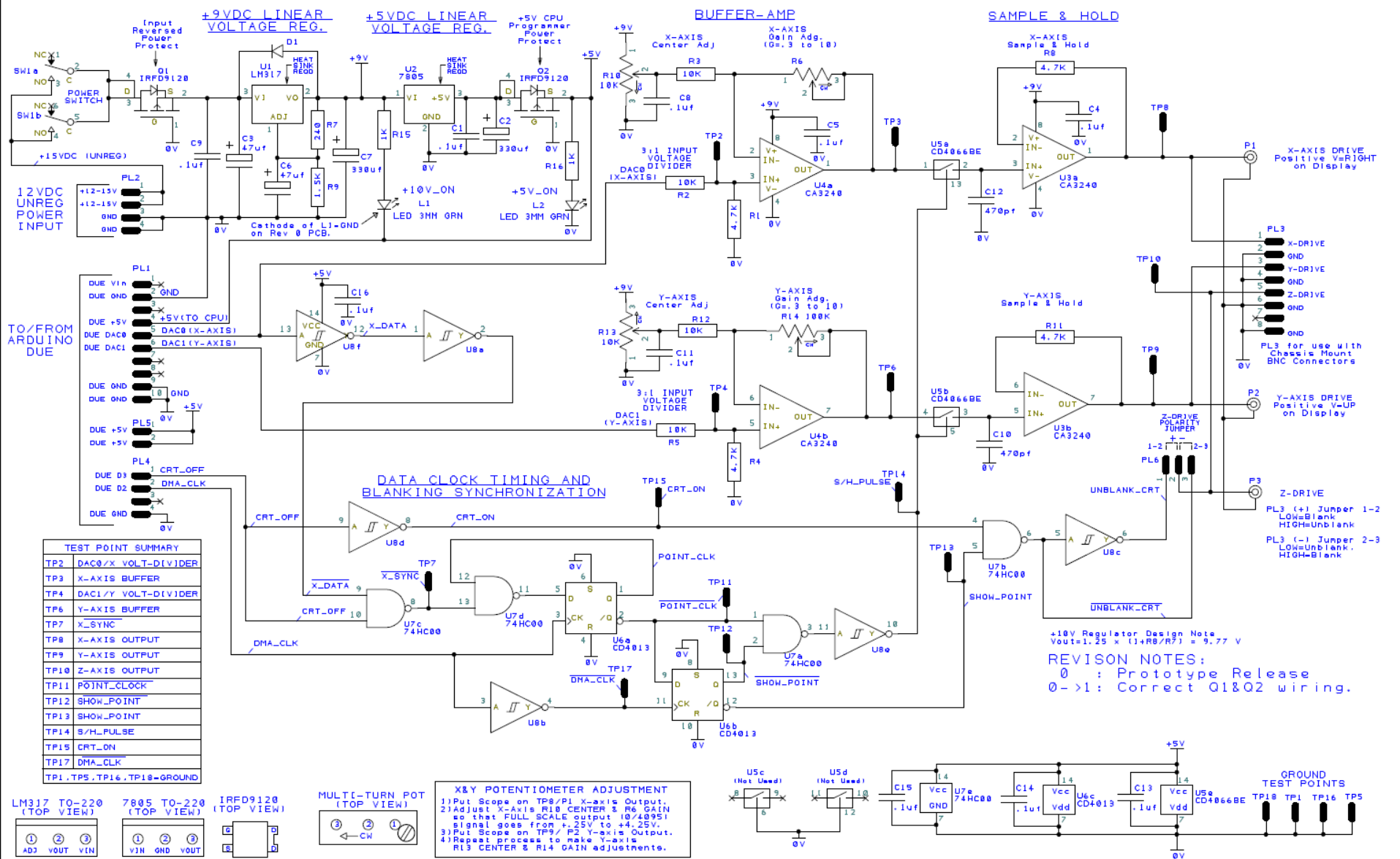



PAGE 2: ANALOG CIRCUITS



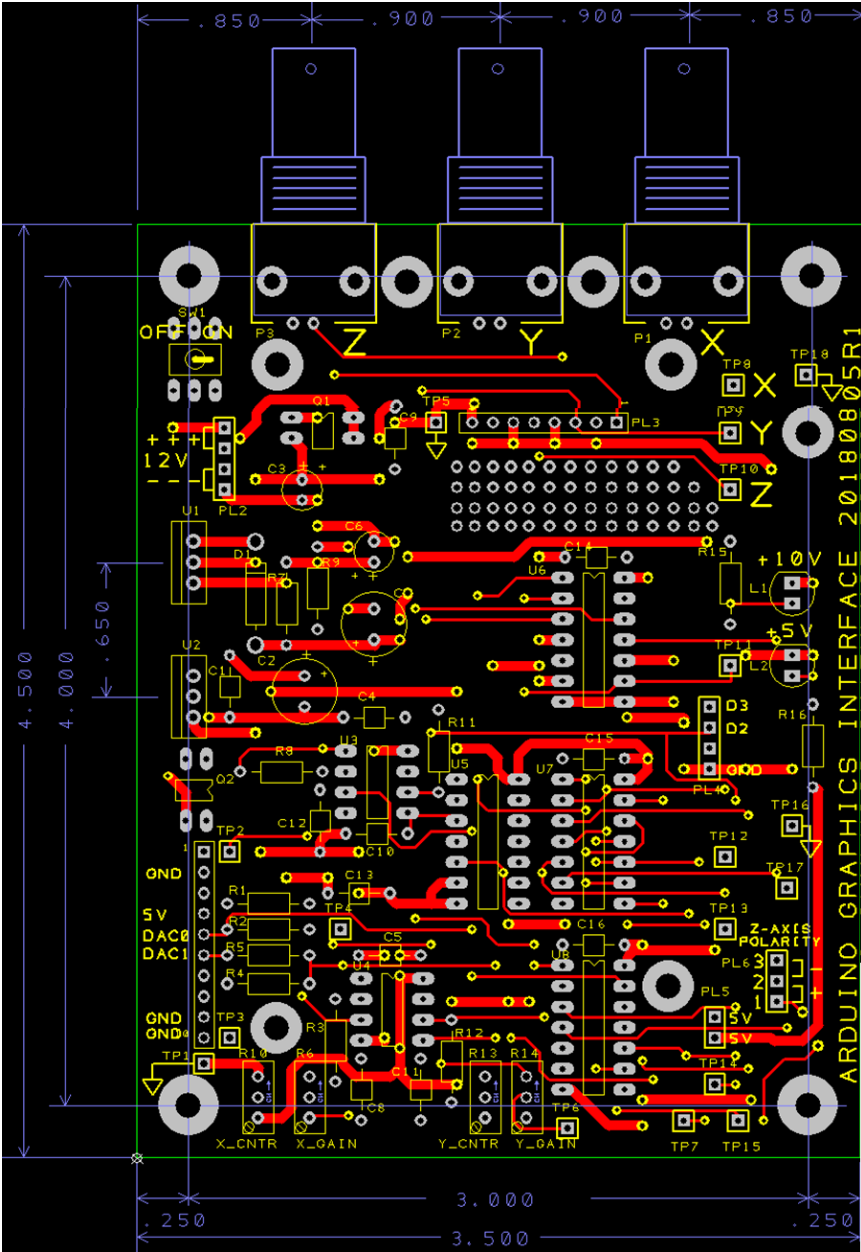
PAGE 3: DATA CLOCK TIMING & BLANKING





| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|---|---|---|-----------------|--|
| E | D | C | B Rev 1 102417 | A Rev 0 080817 | Drawn EWA 5-16-2017 | Check EWA 8-8-2017 | Projection Do Not Scale |  | AGI : ARDUINO-DUE GRAPHICS INTERFACE | | |
| Drn | Drn | Drn | Drn EWA 102417 | Project AGI GRAPHICS INTER'FC | | | Client N&V Article | | E. ANDREWS | | |
| | | | | | | | | | AMC Consulting Brookfield, WI 53045 | | |
| Chk | Chk | Chk | Chk EWA 102417 | Title 20180805R0 (SCHEMATIC) | | | Filename X-Y Graphics Intfc(Rev_1).sch | | Drawing No. X-Y Graphics Intfc(Rev_1).sch X-Y Graphics Intfc(Rev_1).pcb | Sheet 1 of 1 | |

| TEST POINT SUMMARY | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| TP2 | DAC0/X VOLT-DIVIDER |
| TP3 | X-AXIS BUFFER |
| TP4 | DAC1/Y VOLT-DIVIDER |
| TP6 | Y-AXIS BUFFER |
| TP7 | X_SYNC |
| TP8 | X-AXIS OUTPUT |
| TP9 | Y-AXIS OUTPUT |
| TP10 | Z-AXIS OUTPUT |
| TP11 | POINT_CLOCK |
| TP12 | SHOW_POINT |
| TP13 | SHOW_POINT |
| TP14 | S/H_PULSE |
| TP15 | CRT_ON |
| TP17 | DMA_CLK |
| TP1 . TP5 . TP16 . TP18=GROUND | |



- 1. Here's a link to an overview guide for installing Arduino Libraries <https://www.arduino.cc/en/Guide/Libraries>
- 2. Download and install the DueTimer library from: Arduino.org site; it is also available from author at <https://github.com/ivanseidel/DueTimer>
- 3. Download and install the XYscope library from: <https://github.com/Ed-EE-Eng/XYscope>
- 4. When you are done installing the DueTimer and XYscope library, your Arduino library files structure should resemble the following:

