```
import numpy as np
from numpy import random as rnd
import csv
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
def unpickle(file):
    "Returns an a dictionary of a single batch, if filename is correct"
    import pickle
    with open(file, 'rb') as fo:
        dict = pickle.load(fo, encoding='bytes')
    return dict
def calculate mean(x train):
    "Calculate the mean of a set of training data"
    mean = np.mean(x train,axis=0)
    return mean
def center data(x train):
    #TODO make sure that this works as intended
    #x train = x train.astype('float32')
    mean = calculate mean(x train)
    centered_data = x_train - mean
    centered data /= 255
    #centered data = centered data.astype(np.uint8)
    return centered data
def sigmoid activation function(b):
    return np.power((1+np.exp(-b)), -1)
def shuffle(X, y):
    Shuffle two corresponding arrays
    assert len(X) == len(y)
    random = np.arange(len(X))
    np.random.shuffle(random)
   X = X[random]
    y = y[random]
    return X, y
def g(b):
                          inner sum = inner sum.reshape((len(inner sum),1))
   #return np.tanh(b)
    #return np.tanh(b)
    return sigmoid activation function(b)
def dg(b):
   #return (1-np.power(np.tanh(b),2))
    o_b = sigmoid_activation function(b)
    #o b= (1-np.power(np.tanh(b),2))
    #return o b
    return o b*(1-o b)
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def create layer(inputsize, layersize):
```

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                                                          http://localhost:4649/?mode=undefined
          neurons = np.zeros((layersize,1))
   61
   62
          neurons = neurons.reshape(layersize,1)
          w ii = rnd.normal(size=(laversize, inputsize).scale=
   63
      (1/(np.sqrt(inputsize))))
   64
          return (neurons, w ij)
   65
   66 def esign(i):
          if i == 0:
   67
   68
               return 1
   69
          return np.sign(i)
   70
   71 def calculate output(threshold, weight matrix, x):
   72
          if weight matrix.shape[1]==1:
   73
              weight matrix = weight matrix.T
   74
          inner sum = weight matrix@x
   75
          #inner sum = inner sum.reshape((len(inner sum),x.shape[1]))
   76
          inner sum = inner sum - threshold
   77
          ret = g(inner sum)
   78
          assert(ret.shape == threshold.shape)
   79
          return ret
   80
   81 def calculate output batch(threshold, weight matrix, V, batchsize):
   82
   83
   84
          inner sum = weight matrix@V
   85
          #inner sum = inner sum.reshape((len(inner sum),x.shape[1]))
          inner sum = inner sum.reshape((threshold.shape[0],batchsize))
   86
   87
          inner sum = inner sum - threshold
   88
          ret = q(inner sum)
   89
          assert(ret.shape == (threshold.shape[0],batchsize))
   90
          return ret
   91
   92
   93
   94 def propagate forward(V : list, O : list, w : list, batchsize : int) -> None:
   95
   96
          #TODO make sure that it works as intended
   97
          assert(len(V)-1==len(0) and len(0)==len(w))
   98
   99
  100
          for l in range(1,len(V)):
  101
              V[l]= calculate output batch(0[l-1],w[l-1],V[l-1], batchsize)
  102
  103
  104 def calculate b(w, x, 0):
  105
          inner sum = np.dot(w,x)
  106
          inner sum = inner sum - 0
  107
          return inner sum
  108
  109 def calculate d L(b, t, V):
  110
  111
          #TODO make sure it works properly
  112
          return dg(b)(t-V)
  113
  114 def calculate single d(d l, w, b):
  115
  116
          #TODO make sure that the order of multiplications is right
  117
          dqb = dq(b)
  <u>11</u>8
          inner product = (d l.T@w).T
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          #ret = np.multiply(inner product.T, dgb)
```

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          ret = np.multiply(inner product,dgb)
  120
  121
          \#ret = d l*w.T*dgb
  122
          #print(ret)
  123
          return ret
  124
  125
  126 def calculate all d(V, 0, w, t):
  127
  128
          #TODO make sure that it works as intended
  129
          L = len(0)-1
  130
          b L = calculate b(w[L],V[L], 0[L])
  131
          b L = dg(b L)
          temp = (t-V[-1])
  132
  133
          delta start = b L*temp
  134
          d = [[]]*(L+1)
  135
          d[L] = delta start
  136
          for i in range(L, 0, -1):
  137
              #TODO make sure the range function works as intended
  138
              if(w[i].shape[1]==1):
  139
                   w[i] = w[i].T
  140
              b = calculate b(w[i-1],V[i-1],0[i-1])
  141
  142
              delta = calculate single d(d[i],w[i],b)
              d[i-1] = delta
  143
  144
          return d
  145
  146
  147
  148 def propagate backwards(V : list, O : list, w : list, t : int, learning rate:
      float, batchsize : int):
  149
          #TODO include support for batchsize
  150
          L = len(w)
          d = calculate all d(V,0,w,t)
  151
  152
          for l in range(L):
  153
               if(w[l].shape[1]==1):
  154
                   d_w = learning_rate*(d[l]@V[l])
  155
              else:
  156
                   d w = learning rate*(d[l]@V[l].T)
  157
              d 0 = learning rate* (d[l]@np.ones((batchsize,1)))
  158
              w[l] += d w
              0[1] -= d 0
  159
  160
  161
  162 def create_multible_layers(*argv):
          W = []
  163
          V = []
  164
  165
          [] = 0
          inputlayer = np.zeros((argv[0],1))
  166
          V.append(inputlayer)
  167
          old layersize = argv[0]
  168
          for layersize in argv[1:]:
  169
  170
              0 i = np.zeros((layersize,1))
  171
              V i, w i = create layer(old layersize, layersize)
  172
              old layersize = layersize
  173
              w.append(w i)
  174
              V.append(V i)
  175
              0.append(0 i)
  176
          return (w,V,0)
```

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  179 def learn(learning rate:float, data: list, labels: list,test data: list,
      test labels : list, batchsize: int, *argv):
  180
  181
          w,V,0 = create multible layers(*argv)
  182
          #merged = np.concatenate([data, labels], axis=1)
  183
          return w = []
  184
          return c = []
  185
          return 0 = [1]
  186
          for T in range(20):
  187
              #Permutate the data in the beginning of each epoch
  188
              #TODO make sure that this works as intended
  189
              #np.random.shuffle(merged)
              #data, labels = np.split(merged, [data.shape[1]], axis=1)
  190
              data,labels = shuffle(data,labels)
  191
  192
              for i in range(0, len(data), batchsize):
              # Add test after each epoch (also easy)
  193
  194
                  #print("test")
  195
                  mv = i
  196
                  bs = batchsize
  197
                  if my + batchsize >= len(data):
  198
                       bs = len(data) - my
  199
                  V[0] = np.array(data[my:my+bs]).T
  200
                  t = np.array(labels[my:my+bs]).T
  201
                  #t = t.reshape(bs,t.shape[1])
  202
  203
                  propagate forward(V,0,w, bs)
  204
                   propagate backwards(V,0,w,t,learning rate, bs)
  205
              #print(w[0])
              C = calculate classification error(V,w,0,test data, test labels)
  206
  207
              #print(w[0])
  208
              return_c.append(C)
              return w.append(w)
  209
  210
              return 0.append(0)
  211
          print("Finished learning!")
  212
          return return c, return w, V, return 0
  213
  214
  215 def calculate classification error(V,w,0, test data, test labels):
  216
          inner_sum = 0
  217
          pval = len(test data)
  218
          for my in range(pval):
  219
              V[0] = np.array(test data[my])
  220
              t my = test labels[my]
  221
              #Propagate Forward
  222
              propagate forward(V,0,w,1)
              #inner sum += np.abs(esign(V[-1][0])-t_my)
  223
  224
              y i = np.argmax(V[-1],axis=0)
  225
              y = np.zeros((len(V[-1]),1))
  226
              #print(y i)
  227
              y[y i] = 1
  228
              inner sum += np.sum(np.abs(y-t my))
  229
              #print("error")
  230
          return inner sum/(2*pval)
  231
  232
  233
  234 def transformlabels(labels, n):
  235
          for i,label in enumerate(labels):
              temp = np.zeros((n,1))
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              temp[label] = 1
```

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              labels[i] = temp
  238
  239
  240
  241 folder name = "/home/edin/uni/ANN/ex-3/cifar-10-batches-py/"
  242 batch 1 = unpickle(folder name+"data batch 1")
  243 batch_2 = unpickle(folder_name+"data_batch_2")
  244 batch 3 = unpickle(folder name+"data batch 3")
  245 batch 4 = unpickle(folder name+"data batch 4")
  246 batch 5 = unpickle(folder name+"data batch 5")
  247
  248 data = batch 1[b'data']
  249 data = np.append(data,batch 2[b'data'], axis=0)
  250 data = np.append(data,batch_3[b'data'], axis=0)
  251 data = np.append(data,batch 4[b'data'], axis=0)
  252 #data = np.append(data,batch 5[b'data'], axis=0)
  253 labels = batch 1[b'labels']
  254 #Since labels are only a normal array
  255 labels += batch 2[b'labels']
  256 labels += batch 3[b'labels']
  257 labels += batch 4[b'labels']
  258 #labels += batch 5[b'labels']
  259 data = center data(data)
  260 transformlabels(labels, 10)
  261 labels = np.array(labels)
  262 labels = labels.astype(np.uint8)
  263 labels = np.array(labels).reshape(40000,10)
  264 test batch = unpickle(folder name+"test batch")
  265 test data = batch 5[b'data']
  266 test labels = batch 5[b'labels']
  267 test data = center data(test data)
  268 transformlabels(test_labels,10)
  269 test labels = np.array(test labels)
  270
  271 test labels = test labels.astype(np.uint8)
  272
  273 #IT DOES NOT WORK
  274 #POSSIBLE PROBLEMS:
  275 # Permutation is not correct
  276 # -> Add assert statements or smth
  277 # Centering Function is fucked up
  278 # Batch processing is fucked up
  279 # -> Test with Aufgabe 2.1 and see if it works
  280
  281
  282 \text{ minibatch size} = 100
  283 learning_rate = 0.1
  284
  285 #Network 1
  286 cl,wl, Vl,O1 = learn(learning rate,data,labels,test data, test labels,
      minibatch size, 3072,10)
  287 plt.plot(c1, color="blue", label="Network 1")
  288 #Network 2
  289 c2,w2,V2,O2 = learn(learning rate,data,labels,test data, test labels,
      minibatch_size, 3072,10,10)
  290 plt.plot(c2, color = "red", label = "Network 2")
  291 #Network 3
```

292 c3,w3,V3,03 = learn(learning rate,data,labels,test data, test labels,

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293 plt.plot(c3, color = "brown", label = "Network 3")

minibatch_size, 3072,50,10)

 $5 \ 0.5 \ 0.4$

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  295
  296 #Network 4
  297 c4.w4.V4.04 = learn(learning rate.data.labels.test data. test labels.
      minibatch size, 3072,50,50,10)
  298 plt.plot(c4, color = "green", label = "Network 4")
  299 plt.yscale("log")
  300 plt.plot(c1, color="blue", label="Network 1")
  301 plt.plot(c2, color = "red", label = "Network 2")
  302 plt.plot(c3, color = "brown", label = "Network 3")
  303 plt.plot(c4, color = "green", label = "Network 4")
  304 plt.legend()
  305 plt.show()
  306 #lets make a table!
  307 def calculate table entries(C,w,V,O, showcase data, showcase labels):
  308
          max i = np.argmin(C,axis=0)
          classif error_test =
  309
      calculate classification error(V,w[max i],O[max i],showcase data,
      showcase labels)
          classif error train =
  310
      calculate classification error(V,w[max i],0[max i],data, labels)
  311
          return [max i, C[max i], classif error test, classif error train]
  312
  313
  314 batch showcase = batch 1 = unpickle(folder name+"test batch")
  315 showcase data = batch showcase[b'data']
  316 showcase labels = batch showcase[b'labels']
  317 showcase data = center data(showcase data)
  318 transformlabels(showcase labels, 10)
  319
  320 #Lets get the classification error for Network 1
  321 from tabulate import tabulate
  322 column1 = [1] + calculate table entries(c1,w1,V1,O1,showcase data,
      showcase labels)
  323 \text{ column2} = [2] + \text{calculate table entries}(c2,w2,V2,02,\text{showcase data})
      showcase labels)
  324 column3 = [3] + calculate_table_entries(c3,w3,V3,O3,showcase_data,
      showcase labels)
  325 column4 = [4] + calculate table entries(c4,w4,V4,O4,showcase data,
      showcase labels)
  326 columnlabels = ["Network", "best epoch", "C validation set", "C test set", "C
      training set"]
  327 rowlabels = ["network 1", "network 2", "network 3", "network 4"]
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328 print(tabulate([column1, column2, column3,column4], headers=columnlabels))

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