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FUKA

A new public code for initial data of unequal-mass, spinning compact-object binaries

L.J. Papenfort, **Samuel Tootle**, P. Grandclément, E.R. Most, L. Rezzolla
Phys.Rev.D 104 (2021) 2, 024057
https://kadath.obspm.fr/fuka/

July 27th, 2021

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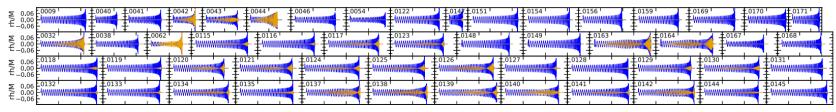
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Motivation

The primary motivation of this code base is to provide consistent initial data solutions to Einstein's field equations

- Gravitation wave extraction
- 2 Study of merger dynamics in numerical simulations with configurations such as
 - Binary black holes (BBH) with high mass ratio with mixed spins,
 - Binary neutron stars (BNS) with high mass ratio and mixed spins,
 - Black hole neutron stars (BHNS) with mass ratio and mixed spins,



https://link.aps.org/doi/10.1103/PhysRevLett.111.241104

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XCTS Constraint Equations

By choosing $\partial_t \tilde{\gamma}_{ij} = \partial_t K = K = 0$, where $\tilde{\gamma}_{ij}$ is the flat matric, the XCTS formulation results in the following set of coupled elliptic differential equations¹

$$\tilde{D}^{2}\Psi = -\frac{1}{8}\Psi^{-7}\hat{A}_{ij}\hat{A}^{ij} \underbrace{-2\pi\Psi^{5}E}$$

$$\tilde{D}^{2}(\alpha\Psi) = \frac{7}{8}\alpha\Psi^{-7}\hat{A}_{ij}\hat{A}^{ij} \underbrace{+2\pi\alpha\Psi^{5}(\tilde{E} + 2\tilde{S})}$$

$$\tilde{D}^{2}\beta^{i} = -\frac{1}{3}\tilde{D}^{i}\tilde{D}_{j}\beta^{j} + 2\hat{A}^{ij}\tilde{D}_{j}(\alpha\Psi^{-6}) \underbrace{+16\pi\alpha\Psi^{4}\tilde{j}^{i}}$$

$$\hat{A}^{ij} = \frac{\Psi^{6}}{2\alpha}(\tilde{D}^{i}\beta^{j} + \tilde{D}^{j}\beta^{i} - \frac{2}{3}\tilde{\gamma}^{ij}\tilde{D}_{k}\beta^{k}).$$

Where the source terms are defined as:

$$E := \rho h W^2 - p$$

$$S_i^i := 3p + (E + p)U^2$$

$$j^i := \rho h W^2 U^i$$



¹PhysRevD.90.064006, eq.7-10

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XCTS Constraint Equations

By choosing $\partial_t \tilde{\gamma}_{ij} = \partial_t K = K = 0$, where $\tilde{\gamma}_{ij}$ is the flat matric, the XCTS formulation results in the following set of coupled elliptic differential equations

$$\frac{p}{\rho}\tilde{D}^{2}\Psi = \frac{p}{\rho} \Big[-\frac{1}{8}\Psi^{-7}\hat{A}_{ij}\hat{A}^{ij} - 2\pi\Psi^{5}E \Big]$$

$$\frac{p}{\rho}\tilde{D}^{2}(\alpha\Psi) = \frac{p}{\rho} \Big[\frac{7}{8}\alpha\Psi^{-7}\hat{A}_{ij}\hat{A}^{ij} + 2\pi\alpha\Psi^{5}(\tilde{E} + 2\tilde{S}) \Big]$$

$$\frac{p}{\rho}\tilde{D}^{2}\beta^{i} = \frac{p}{\rho} \Big[-\frac{1}{3}\tilde{D}^{i}\tilde{D}_{j}\beta^{j} + 2\hat{A}^{ij}\tilde{D}_{j}(\alpha\Psi^{-6}) + 16\pi\alpha\Psi^{4}\tilde{j}^{i} \Big]$$

$$\hat{A}^{ij} \equiv \frac{\Psi^{6}}{2\alpha}(\tilde{D}^{i}\beta^{j} + \tilde{D}^{j}\beta^{i} - \frac{2}{3}\tilde{\gamma}^{ij}\tilde{D}_{k}\beta^{k}).$$

Where the source terms are defined as:

$$E := \rho h W^2 - p$$

$$S_i^i := 3p + (E + p)U^2$$

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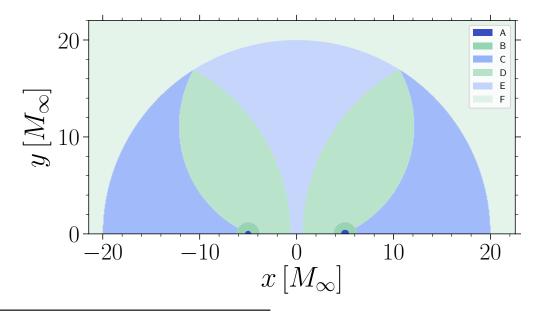
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Implementation

- FUKA is based on the Kadath²spectral solver library
 - Equations can be implemented in a LATEX-like syntax
 - New operators can be added modularly
- ID involving Black Holes are constructed using excision conditions and quasi-equilibrium $(M_{\rm K}-M_{\rm ADM}=0)$
- ID involving Neutron stars can be constructed using piecewise polytrope or tabulated Equations of State



² https://kadath.obspm.fr/



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Capabilities Map

- ✓ Isolated black hole with arbitrary mass and spin
- ✓ Isolated neutron star with arbitrary mass and spin
- Binary black holes with high mass ratio with mixed spins
- Binary neutron stars with high mass ratio and mixed spins
- ✓ Black Hole Neutron stars with mass ratio and mixed spins
- Maximal spins (anti-)aligned with orbital axis using conformal flatness approximation
- ✓ Eccentricity reduced binaries
- ✓ Minimize ADM linear momentums
- ✓ Provide an extensible framework for continued development
- Provide export interfaces to streamline importing into evolution environments

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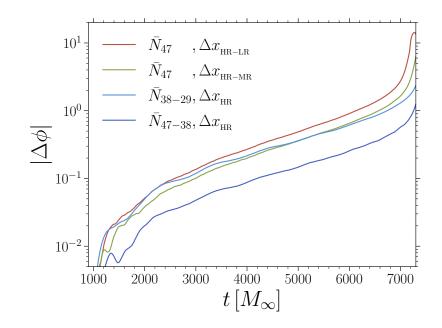
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Error Sources

- 1 The error contribution from the ID solution (e.g. $H|_{t=0} \approx 0$)
- 2 The error of the evolution scheme
 - Analytical formulation and numerical implementation used
 - Finite resolution of the evolution
- 3 Note: $\tilde{N} = N^{1/3}$ where N is the total number of colocation points



$${\rm Mb_{<1/2>}} = 1.4946, q = 1$$

$$\chi_1 = 0, \chi_2 = 0$$

$${\rm EOS} = {\rm SLy}$$

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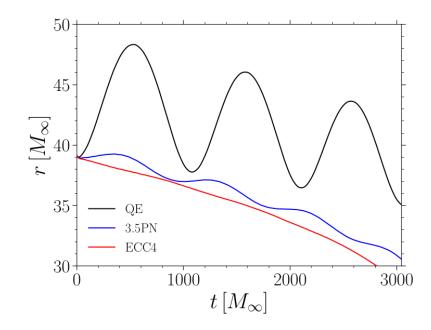
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BNS - Eccentricity Comparison

- QE is necessary starting assumption, but a poor approximation
- 3.5 PN already provides a drastic improvement
- Further improvements can be made using iterative eccentricity reduction



$$M_{\infty} = 2.7, q = 0.6875$$

$$\chi_1 = 0, \chi_2 = 0.6$$

$$EOS = TNTYST$$

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BHNS - Eccentricity Reduction Example

$$M_{BH} = 2.42 M_{\odot}, \ \chi_{BH} = 0.52 \qquad M_{NS} = 1.17 M_{\odot}, \ \chi_{NS} = 0.6$$
 $\Delta x_{min} = 0.2, \ \eta = 0.5, \ \kappa = 0.02$

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Solver Layout

- Each solver includes the following:
 - setup: setup numerical space and initialize fields
 - solve: solve the input dataset
 - increase_resolution: restructure the numerical space
 - reader: useful diagnostic code
- Reusing ID is essential
 - FUKA is computationally demanding
 - On 128 cores:
 - Isolated objects take 2-4min for low resolution
 - Binaries take 1-2hrs
- High resolution is expensive, but can be minimized using resolution increase capabilities

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Demo

```
codes/NS:->./bin/Release/setup
Using default Togashi setup.
chi: 0
               dim: 3
                hc: 1.2591
               madm: 1.4
                mb: 1.55
                nc: 0.00137
            nshells: 0
             omega: 0
            ql madm: 1.4
               qpiq: 12.5664
               res: 9
               rin: 3.1
               rmid: 6.2
               rout: 9.3
            eosfile: togashi.lorene
            eostype: Cold Table
             h cut: 0
  interpolation pts: 2000
codes/NS:->ls -1t
initns.dat
initns.info
sfho pwp
togashi
build
bin
src
README
CMakeLists.txt
bench
compile
```

- Running "setup" will generate the default dataset: initns.dat/info
- DAT file contains numerical space and scalar fields
- INFO file contains scalar quantities and drives the respective codes

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1 initial

chi 0

dim 3

nshells 0

h cut 0

chi 0

dim 3

mb 1.55

res 9

h cut 0

nshells 0 omega 0

21 } 22 **ns**

23 {

42 }

hc 1.0094227447624744

nc 0.001369999999999999

rin 3.0341687888025062 rmid 6.0683375776050124 rout 9.1025063664075176

eosfile togashi.lorene eostype Cold Table

interpolation pts 2000

hc 1.0094227447624744

nc 0.0013699999999999999

rin 3.0341687888025062 rmid 6.0683375776050124 rout 9.1025063664075176 eosfile togashi.lorene eostype Cold Table

interpolation pts 2000

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Demo

 The initial section can maintain a history of iterations

 The NS section describes numerical grid setup and related scalar quantities

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Demo

```
22 ns
       chi 0
       dim 3
       hc 1.0094227447624744
       madm 1.3999999999999999
       mb 1.55
       nc 0.001369999999999999
       nshells 0
       omega 0
       ql madm 1.399999999999999
       qpiq 12.566370614359172
       res 9
       rin 3.0341687888025062
       rmid 6.0683375776050124
       rout 9.1025063664075176
       eosfile togashi.lorene
       eostype Cold Table
       h cut 0
       interpolation pts 2000
42 }
```

The fixing parameters consist of:

- "chi", dimensionless spin parameter (χ)
- "madm", Total ADM mass of the isolated NS
- "eosfile", the file that describes the tabulated or polytropic EOS
- "eostype", Cold_PWPoly or Cold_Table

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```
+2
Iter:
Error:
         +0.00154638
         +1.62137
Mb:
Madm:
         +1.4
Madm ql: +1.4 [+3.93971e-13]
         +1.20369 [+0.140223]
Mk:
R:
         +6.33379 +6.33379
Error init = 4.23875e-05, Eq: firstint Dom: 0 Bounday: -1
DOF / rank = 6598 x 6598 / 128 = 340106
Block size is 32, consider lowering the number of cores.
Load and redistrib Jacobian: 7.0127 / 7.0061 / 7.01712 seconds (avg/min/max)
Inverting the matrix: 0.366115 seconds
Distributing solution: 0.0143809 seconds
codes/NS:->ls -1 togashi/
converged NS.1.4.0.09.dat
converged NS.1.4.0.09.info
converged NS norot bc.1.4.0.09.dat
converged NS norot bc.1.4.0.09.info
codes/NS:->cp togashi/converged NS.1.4.0.09.info initns.info
codes/NS:->cp togashi/converged NS.1.4.0.09.dat initns.dat
codes/NS:->vim initns.info
```

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Demo

```
22 ns
23 {
       chi 0.3
       dim 3
       hc 1.260774576466819
       madm 1.5
       mb 1.5525575066925488
       nc 0.0013740471269387219
       nshells 0
       omega 0
       ql madm 1.399999999999999
       qpig 12.566370614359172
       res 9
       rin 3.0341687888025062
       rmid 6.0683375776050124
       rout 9.1025063664075176
       eosfile togashi.lorene
       eostype Cold Table
       h cut 0
       interpolation_pts 2000
42 }
```

```
Last Stage Enabled: total bc
_____
Single star solver 3D
*************** info************
               chi: 0.3
               dim: 3
                hc: 1.26077
              madm: 1.5
                mb: 1.55256
                nc: 0.00137405
           nshells: 0
             omega: 0
           ql madm: 1.4
              qpig: 12.5664
               res: 9
               rin: 3.03417
              rmid: 6.06834
              rout: 9.10251
           eosfile: togashi.lorene
           eostype: Cold Table
             h cut: 0
  interpolation pts: 2000
Rotating - with fixed MADM
####################################
Error init = 0.675, Eq: integ(intJ) - chi * Madm * Madm = 0 Dom: 3 Bounday: 1
DOF / rank = 12853 x 12853 / 128 = 1.29062e+06
Load and redistrib Jacobian: 44.4222 / 44.3911 / 44.4487 seconds (avg/min/max)
Inverting the matrix: 1.27914 seconds
Distributing solution: 0.0209185 seconds
_____
```

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```
22 ns
23 {
      chi 0
      dim 3
      hc 1.0094227447624744
      mb 1.55
      nc 0.0013699999999999999
      nshells 0
      omega 0
      ql madm 1.399999999999999
      qpig 12.566370614359172
       rin 3.0341687888025062
       rmid 6.0683375776050124
       rout 9.1025063664075176
      eosfile togashi.lorene
      eostype Cold_Table
      h cut 0
      interpolation pts 2000
42 }
```

```
kadath/eos:->ls -1
apr4.polytrope
APR+VQCD_simple.lorene
APR+VQCD_simple_no_phep.lorene
bhblp.lorene
dd2.lorene
gam2.polytrope
poly2_123.6.lorene
poly2.lorene
sfho.lorene
sly4.polytrope
sly_pwp.lorene
togashi.lorene
kadath/eos:->
```

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```
codes/NS:->mkdir sfho pwp
22 ns
23 {
                                         codes/NS:->./bin/Release/setup initns.info
     chi 0
                                         Creating setup from: initns.info
     dim 3
                                         hc 1.0094227447624744
                                                          chi: 0
     dim: 3
     mb 1.55
     nc 0.001369999999999999
                                                           hc: 1.23905
     nshells 0
                                                         madm: 1.4
     omega 0
                                                           mb: 1.55
     ql madm 1.399999999999999
                                                           nc: 0.00137
     qpig 12.566370614359172
                                                      nshells: 0
     res 9
                                                        omega: 0
     rin 3.0341687888025062
                                                      ql madm: 1.4
     rmid 6.0683375776050124
     rout 9.1025063664075176
                                                         qpig: 12.5664
     eosfile sly4.polytrope
                                                          res: 9
     eostype Cold PWPoly
                                                          rin: 3.03417
     h cut 0
                                                         rmid: 6.06834
     interpolation pts 2000
                                                         rout: 9.10251
42 }
                                                      eosfile: sly4.polytrope
                                                      eostype: Cold PWPoly
                                                        h cut: 0
                                           interpolation pts: 2000
```

codes/NS:->

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Demo

```
codes/NS:->./bin/Release/increase resolution sfho pwp/converged NS.1.4.0.09.info initns 11
Resolution of old space: 9 (r), 9 (theta), 8 (phi)
Rmin/max: 6.28166 6.28166
Resolution of new space: 11 (r), 11 (theta), 10 (phi)
Bounds: Array of 1 dimension(s)
3.14083 6.28166 9.42249
**************** info************
                 chi: 0
                 dim: 3
                 hc: 1.2594
                madm: 1.4
                  mb: 1.5593
                  nc: 0.00143
             nshells: 0
               omega: 0
             ql madm: 1.4
                qpig: 12.5664
                res: 11
                 rin: 3.14083
                rmid: 6.28166
                rout: 9.42249
             eosfile: sly4.polytrope
             eostype: Cold PWPoly
               h cut: 0
   interpolation pts: 2000
```

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Demo

codes/BNS:->./bin/Release/setup ../NS/sfho_pwp/converged_NS.1.4.0.09.info 50

```
************binary info*********
               com: 0
          distance: 33.8524
       global_omega: 0.007676
       outer shells: 0
              qpig: 12.5664
              res: 9
              rext: 67.7048
chi: 0
              dim: 3
               hc: 1.2594
              madm: 1.4
               mb: 1.5593
               nc: 0.00143
           nshells: 0
             omega: 0
           ql madm: 1.4
              qpiq: 12.5664
              res: 9
              rin: 3.14083
              rmid: 6.28166
              rout: 9.42249
           eosfile: sly4.polytrope
           eostype: Cold PWPoly
             h cut: 0
  interpolation pts: 2000
chi: 0
              dim: 3
               hc: 1.2594
              madm: 1.4
               mb: 1.5593
               nc: 0.00143
           nshells: 0
             omega: 0
           ql madm: 1.4
              qpig: 12.5664
              res: 9
              rin: 3.14083
              rmid: 6.28166
              rout: 9.42249
Rmin/max:
6.28166 6.28166
NS1: 3.14083 6.28166 9.42249
NS2: 3.14083 6.28166 9.42249
```

- BNS ID is initialized from an isolated TOV solution resulting in initbin.info/dat
- It's best to solve using an irrotational setup first before making changes to spin and mass ratio
- See the README for more details

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Summary

- FUKA is a collection of ID solvers which provide consistent solutions to Einstein's field equations
- Binary solvers provide an easy interface to perform eccentricity reduction using PN estimates or iterative corrections
- Computational requirements are minimized by reusing previous ID for iterative solutions and by running at high resolution only when needed
- Internal exporters provide an easy interface to evolution codes
 - ETK thorns are available at: https://bitbucket.org/fukaws/
- How can FUKA ID help your research?
 - Study eccentricity reduced inspirals using iterative reduction or PN estimates
 - Exploration of merger dynamics of a large spectrum of BBH, BHNS, and BNS configuration

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Future Work

- 1 Transition to imported boosted objects if this proves reliable
- 2 Solver ver.2 is in the works but will not replace ver.1
- 3 Extend BBH and BHNS codes to include imposing Kerr solution on the horizon to acheive extremal spins $(\chi \approx 0.995)$
- 4 Improve solvers, documentation, and exporters based on community feedback