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# Azure Container Apps

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### The benefits of using containers



#### **Agility**

Ship apps faster



#### **Portability**

+

Easily move workloads



#### **Density**

+

Achieve resource efficiency and cost-savings



#### Rapid scale

Scale easily to meet demand

#### **Anywhere**





On-premises

Cloud

#### Any app







#### **Any language**









# QUIZ: How many container solutions are available on Azure?

- 3
- 5
- 8
- 10
- 12

### Containers on Azure



#### Azure App Service

Deploy web apps or APIs using containers in a PaaS environment



Serverless compute service that enables you to run code on-demand or in response to events



#### Azure Service Fabric

Modernize .NET applications to microservices using Windows Server containers



#### Azure IoT Edge

Extend cloud intelligence and analytics to edge devices



#### Azure Kubernetes Service

Scale and orchestrate Linux and Windows containers using Kubernetes



#### Azure Red Hat OpenShift

- 1st Party Service
- Fully Managed
- Jointly Supported by Red Hat & Microsoft



Elastically burst from your Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS) cluster



#### Azure Spring Cloud\*

- PaaS
- · Fully managed
- Microservices
- Java/Spring Cloud
- Steeltoe .NET
- Enterprise Tier (Preview)



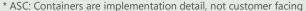
#### Azure Batch

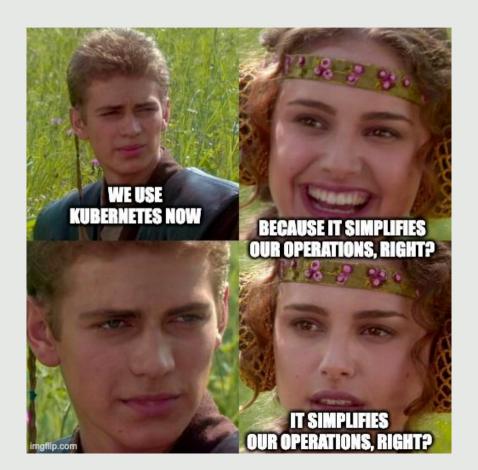
Batch processing as a Service Large-scale parallel jobs High-Performance Computing jobs



#### **Azure Container Apps**

- Serverless containers
- Microservices
- Language agnostic
- Dapr integration
- PaaS
- Fully managed







### **Azure Container Apps**

Serverless containers for microservices

Build modern apps on open source

Focus on apps, not infrastructure

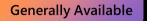
Scale dynamically based on events







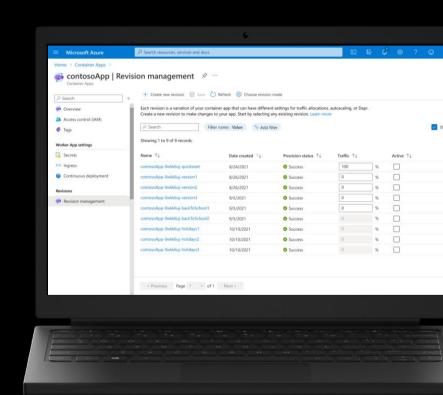






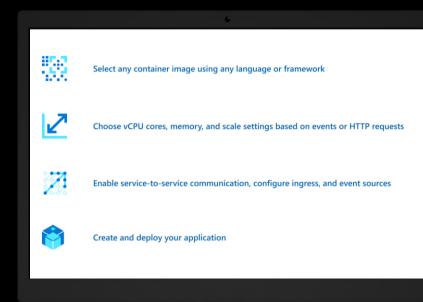
# Build modern apps on open-source

- → App portability powered by open standards and APIs
- → App patterns and best practices encapsulated by products like Dapr
- Service capabilities influenced by OSS contributions
- Benefit from streamlined application lifecycle for upgrades and versioning, traffic shifting, service discovery, and monitoring.



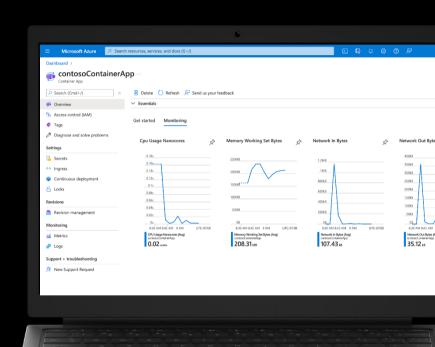
# Focus on apps, not infrastructure

- → Apps with any development stack, any Linux container image
- → No opinionated programming model
- → High productivity development experience
- Set up a code-to-cloud pipeline using GitHub Actions.



# Scale dynamically based on events

- Serverless autoscale based on HTTP requests, KEDA event scale triggers, or CPU and Memory
- → Declarative scaling rules eliminate the need to manage complex infrastructure
- → Scale to 0 and pay per use by second



### What can you build with Azure Container Apps?

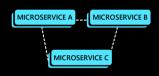
#### Microservices

### Public API endpoints

#### Web Apps

### Event-driven processing

Background processing

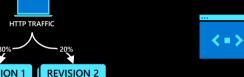


integrate with Dapr

Microservices architecture with the option to REVISION 1

REVISION 1

E.g., API app with HTTP requests split between



E.g., Web app with custom domain, TLS certificates, and integrated authentication



E.g., Queue reader app that processes messages as they arrive in a queue



E.g., Continuously running background process transforms data in a database

#### **AUTO-SCALE CRITERIA**

Individual microservices can scale independently using any KEDA scale triggers Scaling is determined by the number of concurrent HTTP requests

two revisions of the app

Scaling is determined by the number of concurrent HTTP requests Scaling is determined by the number of messages in the queue Scaling is determined by the level of CPU or memory load

#### Environment (virtual network boundary)

#### **Environments**

Environments define an isolation and observability boundary around a collection of container apps deployed in the same virtual network

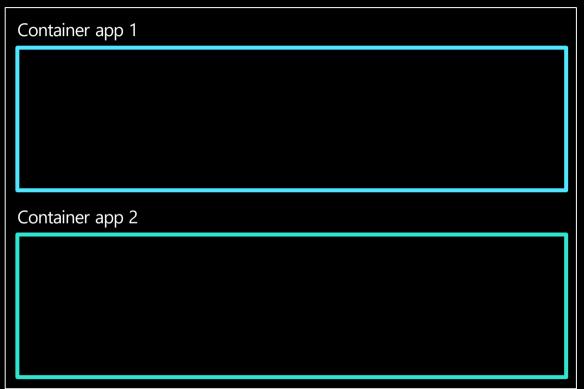


Quota: Limit up to 15 environments per subscription, per region.

### **Container Apps**

A Container App hosts a single, independent microservice and includes its desired state configuration

#### Environment (virtual network boundary)



Quota: Unlimited per Environment.

#### Revisions

Revisions are immutable version snapshots of a container app

#### Environment (virtual network boundary)

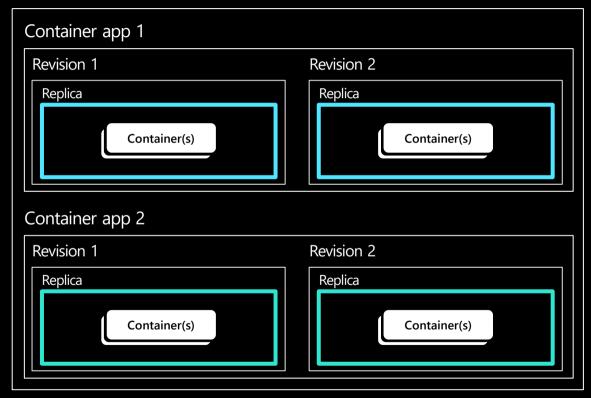


Quota: Up to 100 per Container app.

### Replicas

Replicas are the unit of scale in container apps, with the default replica count being 0

#### Environment (virtual network boundary)

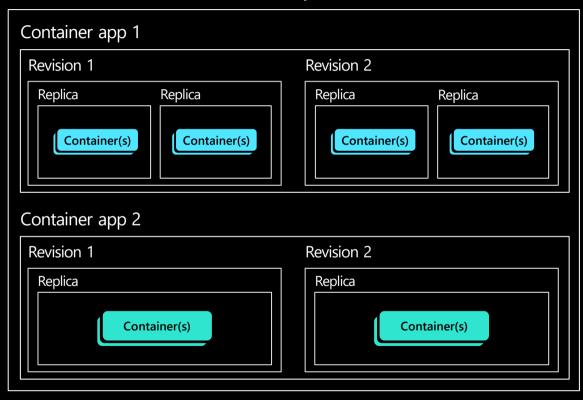


Quota: Up to 300 Replicas per Revision.

#### **Containers**

Containers in Azure Container Apps can use any development stack of your choice

#### Environment (virtual network boundary)



#### Quota

Quotas for Azure Container Apps
| Microsoft Learn

#### Consumption plan

Feature	Scope	Default	ls Configurable	Remarks	
Cores	Replica	2	No	Maximum number of cores available to a revision replica.	
Cores	Environment	100	Yes	Maximum number of cores an environment can accommodate. Calculated by the sum of cores requested by each active replica of all revisions in an environment.	

#### Consumption + Dedicated plan structure

#### Consumption workload profile

Feature	Scope	Default	ls Configurable	Remarks
Cores	Replica	4	No	Maximum number of cores available to a revision replica.
Cores	Environment	100	Yes	Maximum number of cores the Consumption workload profile in a Consumption + Dedicated plan structure environment can accommodate. Calculated by the sum of cores requested by each active replica of all revisions in an environment.

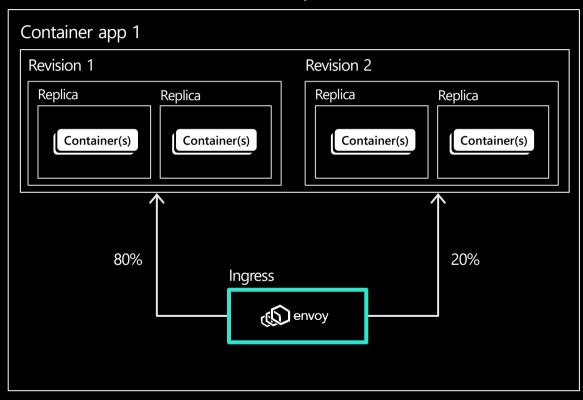
#### **Dedicated workload profiles**

Feature	Scope	Default	ls Configurable	Remarks
Cores		Up to maximum cores a workload profile supports	No	Maximum number of cores available to a revision replica.
Cores	Environment	100	Yes	Maximum number of cores all Dedicated workload profiles in a Consumption + Dedicated plan structure environment can accommodate. Calculated by the sum of cores available in each node of all workload profile in a Consumption + Dedicated plan structure environment.

### **Ingress**

Internal or external visibility with TLS termination and support for HTTP/1.1 and HTTP/2

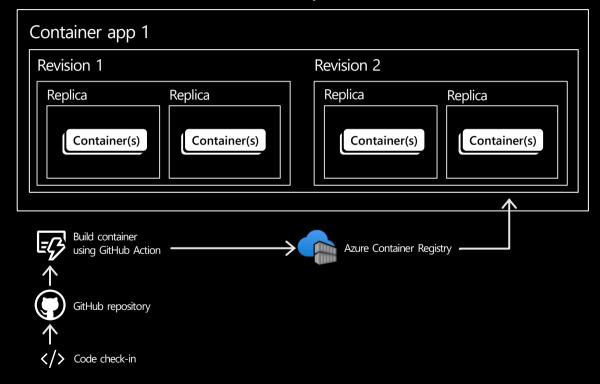
#### Environment (virtual network boundary)



# GitHub Actions integration

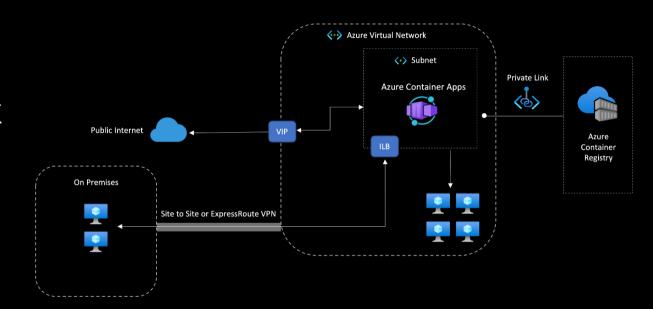
Publish revisions as commits are pushed to your GitHub repository by triggering a GitHub Action to build a new container image

#### Environment (virtual network boundary)



# Bring your own Virtual Network

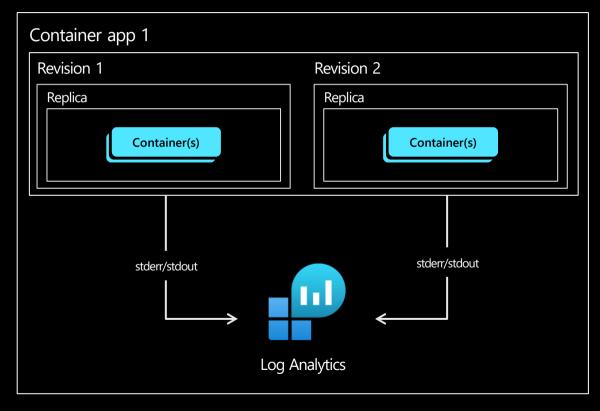
Deploy an environment using a custom virtual network and optionally without a public IP address



### Logging

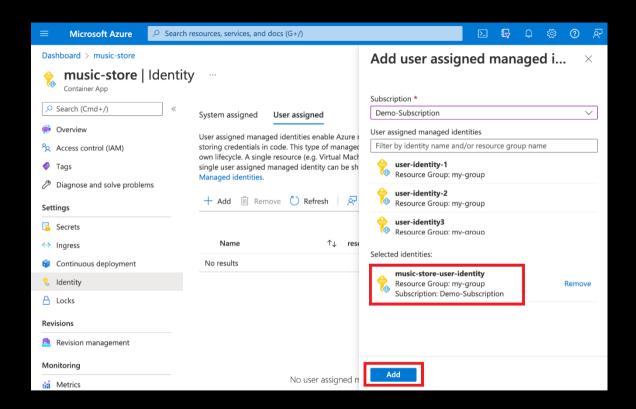
Containers write logs to standard output or standard error streams surfaced via Log Analytics

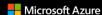
#### **Environment**



### Managed identity

Access Azure resources without secrets





#### Secrets management

Securely store sensitive configuration elements that are then available to containers through environment variables, scale rules, and Dapr

```
"template": {
    "containers": [
            "image": "myregistry/myQueueApp:v1",
            "name": "myQueueApp",
            "env": [
                    "name": "QueueName",
                    "value": "myqueue"
                    "name": "ConnectionString",
                    "secretref": "queue-connection-string"
    ],
```

# Scaling and using the Kubernetes Event Driven Autoscaling (KEDA)

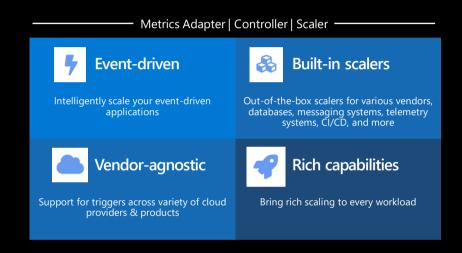
### Application autoscaling made simple

Open-source, extensible, and vendor agnostic



### Kubernetes-based Event Driven Autoscaler

Drive the scaling of any container based on a growing list of 35+ event sources, known as: scalers







### Scaling



#### **HTTP**

```
{
  "name": "http-rule",
  "http": {
    "metadata": {
      "concurrentRequests": 50
    }
  }
}
```

#### **Event-driven**

```
artemis-queue, kafka, aws-cloudwatch, aws-kinesis-stream, aws-sqs-queue, azure-blob, azure-eventhub, azure-servicebus, azure-queue, cron, external, gcp-pubsub, huawei-cloudeye, ibmmq, influxdb, mongodb, mssql, mysql, postgresql, rabbitmq, redis, redis-streams, selenium-grid, solace-event-queue, ...
```

#### **CPU**

```
{
  "name": "cpu-rule",
  "custom": {
    "type": "cpu",
    "metadata": {
      "type": "Utilization",
      "value": "50"
    }
}
```

#### Memory

```
{
  "name": "mem-rule",
  "custom": {
    "type": "memory",
    "metadata": {
      "type":
    "AverageValue",
      "value": "512"
    }
  }
}
```

# Using the Distributed Application Runtime (Dapr)

### Microservice development challenges

- How do I integrate with external systems that my app has to react and respond to?
- How do I create event driven apps which reliably send events from one service to another?
- How do I create long running, stateful services that can recover from failures?
- How do I observe the calls and events between my services to diagnose issues in production?
- How do I discover other services and call methods on them?
- How do I secure communication between services?
- How do I prevent committing to a technology early and have the flexibility to swap out an alternative based on project or environment changes?













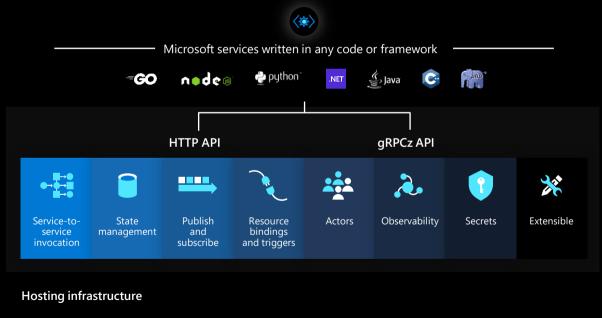
### Microservices using any language or framework

Any cloud or edge infrastructure



### Distributed Application Runtime

Portable, event-driven, runtime for building distributed applications across cloud and edge













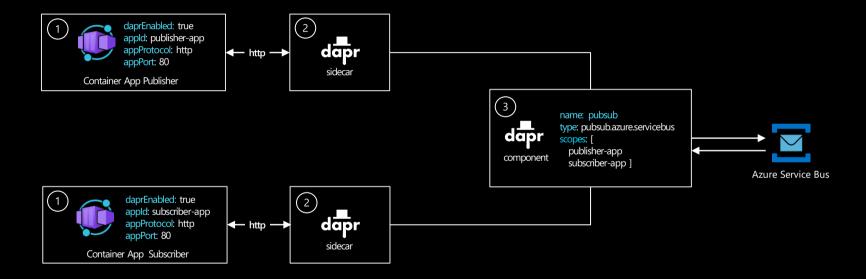




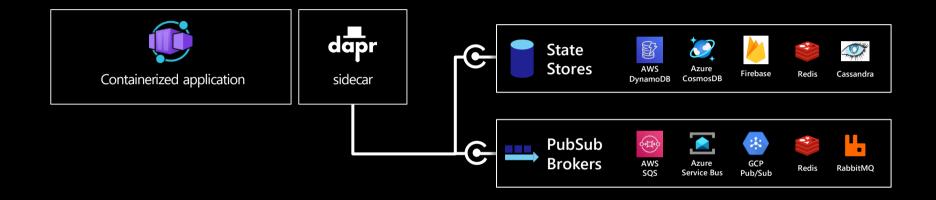




### Fully managed Dapr APIs



### Dapr components



Specific implementations of a given building block

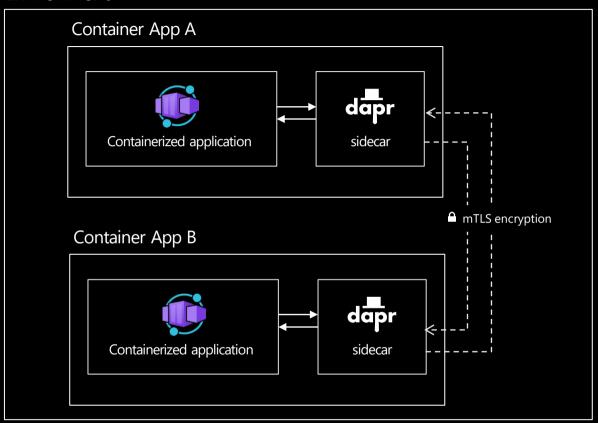
Pluggable, with over 70+ components available

Remove the need for instrumenting your business logic with plumbing code

# Service to service invocation

Discover services and perform reliable, direct service-to-service calls with automatic mTLS authentication and encryption.

#### Environment

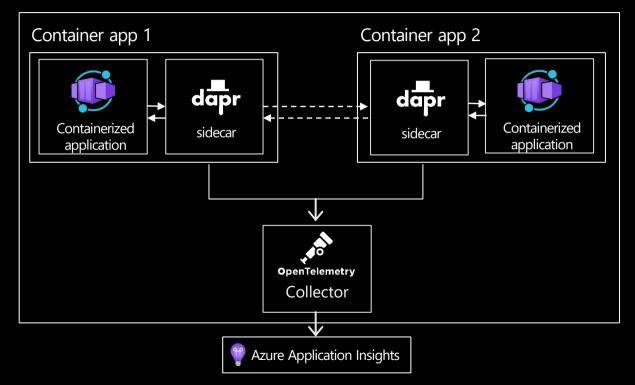


**POST** http://localhost:3500/v1.0/**invoke**/service-b/method/neworder

### **Observability**

Intercept traffic and extract tracing, metrics, and logging information and visualize with App Insights

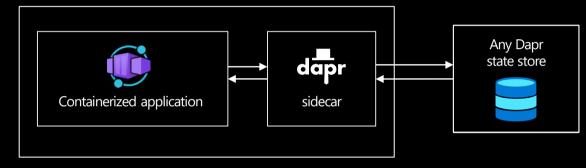
#### **Environment**



#### State management

Dapr provide apps with state management capabilities for CRUD operations, transactions and more

#### Container App A

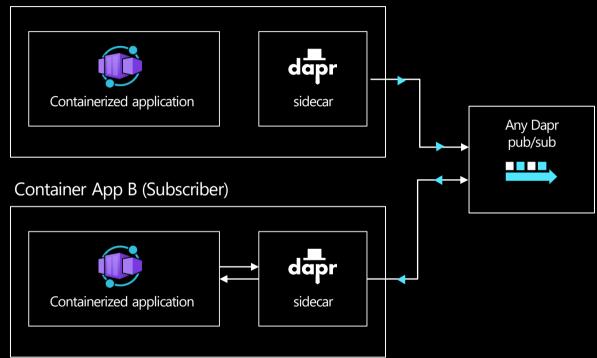


POST http://localhost:3500/v1.0/state/orders

#### Publish and subscribe

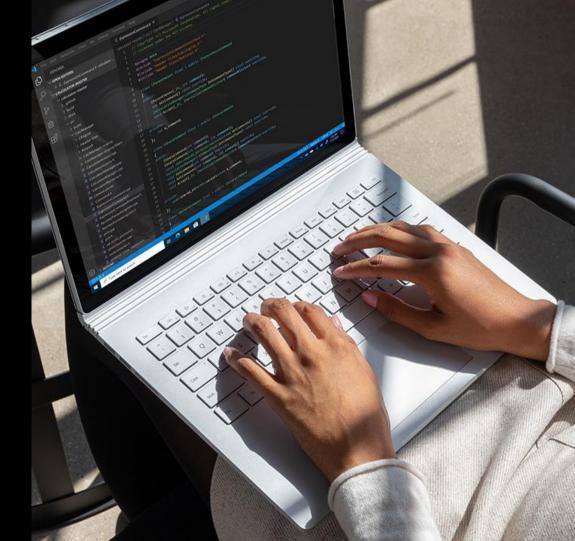
Create event-driven, loosely coupled architectures where producers send events to consumers via topics.

#### Container App A (Publisher)

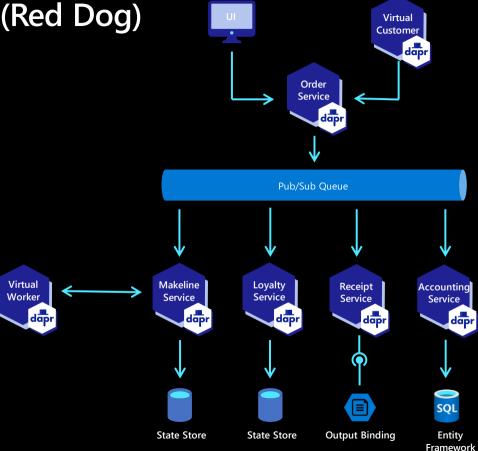




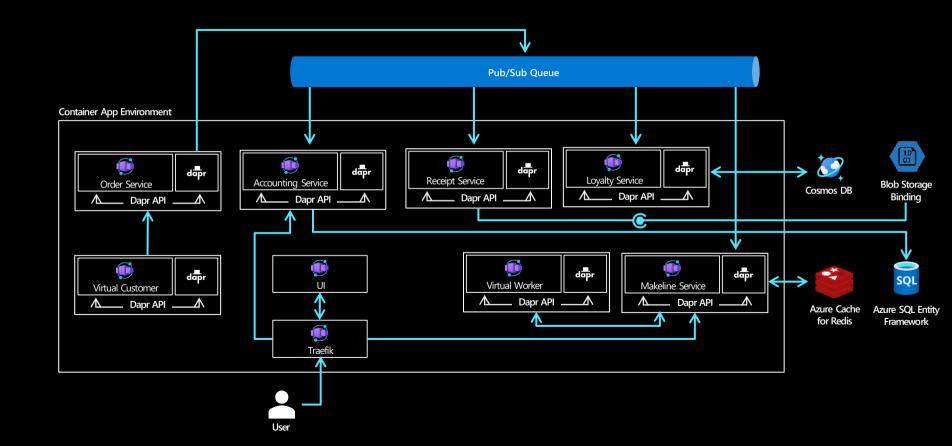
Demo

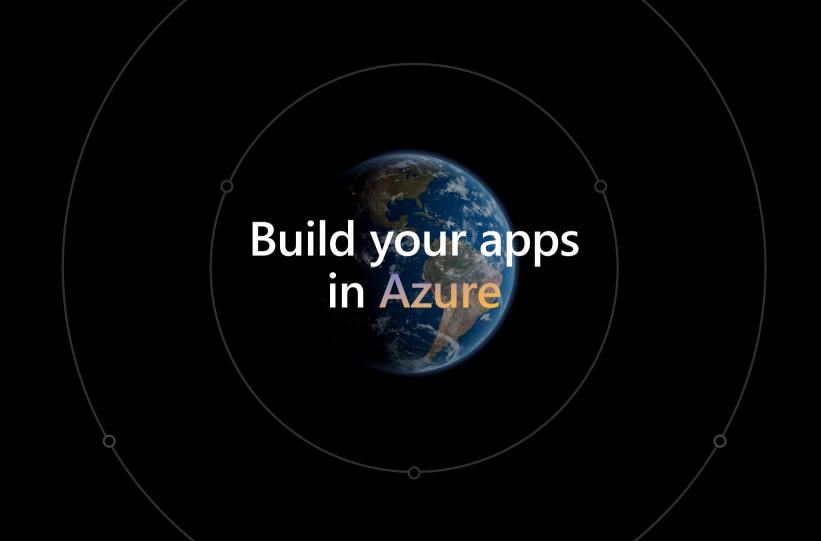


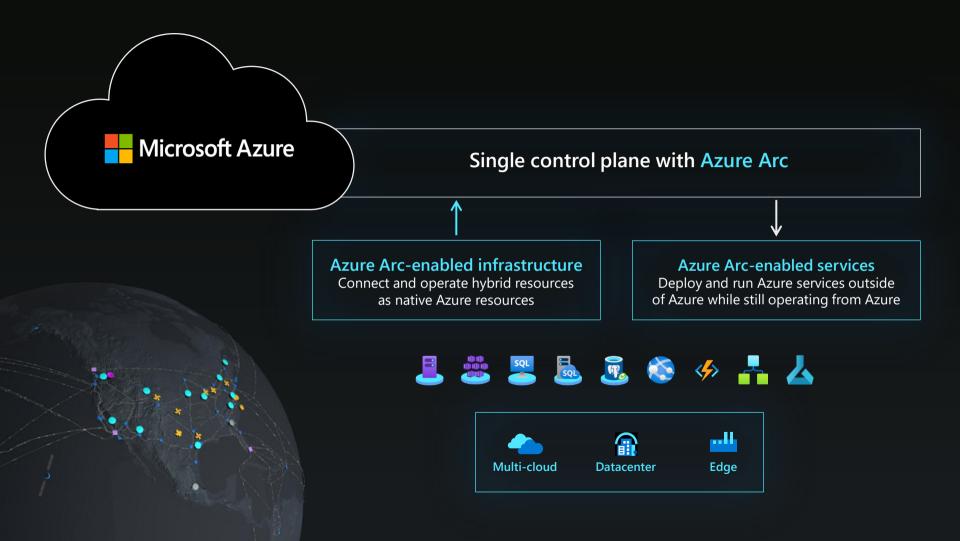
# Demo App Logical Architecture (Red Dog)



### **Container Apps Architecture**







Next Session 13:00

# 5 easy steps to screw up Microsoft Azure



