



Sixth (1 December 2014 – 30 November 2015) and Seventh (1 December 2015 – 30 November 2016) Annual Reports to Parliament on the Application of Protocols 19 and 21 to the Treaty on European Union (TEU) and the Treaty on the Functioning of the Union (TFEU) in Relation to EU Justice and Home Affairs (JHA) Matters

Presented to Parliament by the Secretary of State for the Home Department by Command of Her Majesty

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2nd Floor – Peel Building
2 Marsham Street
London
SW1P 4DF

Print ISBN 9781474148412 Web ISBN 9781474148429

ID 14071701 07/17

Printed on paper containing 75% recycled fibre content minimum

Printed in the UK by the Williams Lea Group on behalf of the Controller of Her Majesty's Stationery Office

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The JHA Opt-in Protocol and Schengen Opt-out Protocol

The UK's participation in EU JHA measures is principally governed by Protocols 19 (Schengen opt-out) and 21 (JHA opt-in) to the TEU and the TFEU, which allow the UK to choose whether to participate in such measures. A decision to opt into a new legislative proposal under Protocol 21 must be communicated in writing to the President of the Council within three months of the date on which the final language version of the proposal is published by the Council. The Government does not, however, need to inform the Council if it decides not to opt into a legislative proposal. Where the proposed measure builds on part of the Schengen acquis in which the UK participates, the UK has three months to opt out and, again, notify the President of the Council of that decision.

The Sixth Report covers decisions taken under the two protocols over the period 1 December 2014-30 November 2015. The Seventh Report covers decisions taken under the two protocols over the period 1 December 2015-30 November 2016. Both reports include decisions made by both this Government and previous governments.

Government commitments on Parliamentary scrutiny of the JHA Opt-in

On 9 June 2008, Baroness Ashton, then Leader of the House of Lords, outlined in a Written Ministerial Statement (WMS) various commitments to enhance Parliamentary scrutiny of JHA opt-in decisions. This also included the commitment to provide an annual report on decisions made in relation to the JHA opt-in under Protocol 21 and Schengen opt-out under Protocol 19. Both Protocols give the UK the right to choose whether or not to participate in certain JHA new measures.

The first annual report to Parliament on the Application of Protocols 19 and 21 to the Treaty on European Union (TEU) and the Treaty on the Functioning of the Union (TFEU) in relation to EU Justice and Home Affairs (JHA) matters was submitted in January 2011. This covered the period 1 December 2009 to 30 November 2010. The second, third, fourth and fifth annual reports were submitted in January 2012, April 2013, January 2014 and February 2015 respectively. These reports were each preceded by a mid-year update.

In his WMS on 20 January 2011, the Minister for Europe outlined the Coalition Government's intention to continue to honour the commitments made by Baroness Ashton and to further strengthen Parliamentary scrutiny of JHA opt-in decisions. This included a commitment to deposit a WMS in Parliament on all opt-in decisions or to make an oral statement where appropriate and necessary; reiterated the existing right of the House of Commons European Scrutiny Committee and House of Lords European Union Select Committee ('the Committees') to call a debate on an amendable motion on any opt-in decision; and, where there is strong Parliamentary interest, the Government expressed its willingness to set aside Government time for

a debate in both Houses on its proposed approach (a "Lidington debate"). All of these commitments apply equally to the Schengen Opt-out Protocol.

Where the UK has not opted in within the initial three month window, it is open to the Government to indicate its wish to be bound by measures after they have been adopted by the participating Member States. In such cases it will inform the Committees of its intention to do so. The Committees will have an opportunity to offer views on this. The Government will also consider offering a debate on Government time on a post adoption opt-in decision if it is likely to attract significant Parliamentary interest.

Code of Practice

Baroness Ashton's statement also included a commitment to produce a Code of Practice setting out the Government's commitment to effective scrutiny of opt-in decisions. The Code, which includes the commitments the Government made in January 2011 to further enhance scrutiny arrangements, was published in May 2013 and has now been included in the cross-Government scrutiny guidance and is also available on the JHA opt-in webpage at:

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/jha-opt-in-and-schengen-opt-out-protocols--3

Sixth Report - JHA opt-in decisions and Schengen opt-out decisions from the period 1 December 2014 – 30 November 2015

The table in the **Annex A** presents all JHA opt-in decisions and Schengen opt-out decisions taken from 1 December 2014 until 30 November 2015.

In that period, the two governments have taken decisions on UK participation in 23 EU JHA legislative proposals. The UK has decided to opt in under the JHA opt-in Protocol in 11 cases and has decided not to opt in in 13 cases (this includes one decision on an international agreement where the UK opted into one set of JHA provisions in the measure, and did not opt into another). The Government has not asserted the Schengen opt-out to any proposals during that period.

It is worth noting that the lead on these proposals falls to a wide range of Departments.

Key opt-in decisions made by the Government

Decisions of particular prominence in this period included Council Decisions on the signing, on behalf of the European Union, of the Council of Europe Convention on the Prevention of Terrorism and its Additional Protocol, and Council Decisions establishing provisional measures in the area of international protection – one for the benefit of Greece and Italy, and another for the benefit of Greece, Italy and Hungary.

The Commission proposed Council Decisions on the signing, on behalf of the European Union, of the Council of Europe Convention on the Prevention of Terrorism and its Additional Protocol. These Decisions authorised the EU to sign the Convention, which requires acceding states to criminalise various terrorism-related activities under their domestic laws, and its Additional Protocol, which aims to set a minimum standard for criminalisation of recruitment to and receipt of training for terrorism and the act of travelling abroad for the purpose of terrorism. While the Government considers that there is value in ratifying the Convention and its

Additional Protocol, it considers that this is a matter for Member States. Therefore the Government did not opt into these proposals and has signed both the Convention and the Additional Protocol in its own right.

The Commission proposed Council Decisions establishing provisional measures in the area of international protection – one for the benefit of Greece and Italy; and another for the benefit of Greece, Italy and Hungary. These Decisions introduced temporary distribution schemes for persons in clear need of international protection to relieve pressure on the asylum systems of Italy, Greece and Hungary as frontline Member States, while the EU is facing increased migratory pressures. The Government does not support relocation as it is the wrong response to the migratory pressures the EU faces - it undermines the important principle that asylum should be claimed in the first safe country and does not address the causes of illegal migration. Therefore the Government did not opt in to these proposals.

Seventh Report - JHA opt-in decisions and Schengen opt-out decisions from the period 1 December 2015 – 30 November 2016

The table in the **Annex B** presents all JHA opt-in decisions and Schengen opt-out decisions taken from 1 December 2015 until 30 November 2016.

In that period, decisions have been taken on UK participation in 36 EU JHA legislative proposals. The UK has decided to opt in under the JHA opt-in Protocol in 12 cases and has decided not to opt in in 24 cases. The Government has not asserted the Schengen opt-out to any proposals during that period. These opt-in decisions are without prejudice to discussions on the UK's future relationship with the EU. The UK's relationship with the EU will change as a result of leaving the EU, however, the UK retains the rights and obligations of membership of the EU whilst we remain a member.

Key opt-in decisions made by the Government

Decisions of particular prominence last year included:

- Proposal for a Directive on combating terrorism the proposal intended to set minimum standards for criminalising certain acts as terrorist offences. The Government supports Member States complying with their international obligations in this area, but UK legislation was already substantially compliant with the proposals, and the Government was opposed to being limited in our ability to act independently in the counter-terrorism field in the future. The Government therefore decided not to opt in.
- Proposal for a Directive as regards the exchange of information on third country nationals and as regards the European Criminal Record Information System (ECRIS). ECRIS allows UK law enforcement agencies to seek the previous convictions of EU nationals involved in an investigation or prosecution. This proposal seeks to develop ECRIS in relation to third country nationals, and to link fingerprints to criminal convictions so criminals cannot hide their identity. The Government decided to opt in to expand the information law enforcement can access about foreign nationals who have offended in the UK.
- Proposal for a Regulation establishing the criteria and mechanisms for determining the Member State responsible for examining an application for international protection (Dublin IV) and proposal for a Regulation on the European Union Asylum Agency (EUAA). The proposed Dublin IV Regulation aims to govern the process of deciding which member state is responsible for

deciding an asylum claim and streamline the transfer process. The Regulation also binds member states to participate in a quota based distribution system. The Government does not support relocation as we believe it is the wrong response to the migratory pressures the EU faces. It undermines the important principle that asylum should be claimed in the first safe country in the region and does not address the causes of illegal migration. Where protection cannot be provided in the region of origin, we believe resettlement direct from the region is the right approach. The proposed EUAA would replace the existing European Asylum Support Office and aim to promote the implementation and functioning of the Common European Asylum System. The Government considers that the functioning of the asylum system is a sovereign matter. The Government did not opt in to either measure.

- Proposal for a Regulation on the establishment of EURODAC for the comparison of fingerprints for identifying an illegally staying third-country national or stateless person (recast). This Regulation will govern the operation of the EURODAC fingerprint database. EURODAC will be expanded to increase the categories of fingerprints recorded, to record facial images and biographical data, to increase the length of time data can be stored and to provide better data sharing procedures between Member States. These changes will strengthen the UK's ability to control illegal migration, prevent multiple asylum applications across member States, and protect the UK's security through data sharing with law enforcement agencies. The Government therefore decided to opt in to this measure.
- Regulation on the European Union Agency for Law Enforcement Cooperation (EUROPOL). The UK did not opt in when the proposal was first published because of concerns that the draft Regulation (1) would have interfered with the operational independence of UK policing; and (2) that it would have increased the UK's obligation to provide data to Europol, even where such provision would conflict with national security, or endanger ongoing investigations or an individual's safety. The new Europol Regulation was adopted on 11 May 2016. The final agreed text addresses these concerns. The Government values the role of Europol in helping UK law enforcement coordinate cross border organised crime investigations. The Government made a request to the Commission on 16 December 2016 for the UK to participate in this Regulation. The Commission adopted a Decision on 6 March 2017 confirming the UK's participation in the Regulation. The Regulation will come into force on 1 May 2017.
- Proposal for the recast of Council Regulation (EC) No 2201/2003 of 27 November 2003 (the Brussels Ila Regulation) concerning jurisdiction and the recognition and enforcement of judgments concerning jurisdiction and the recognition and enforcement of judgments in matrimonial matters and the matters of parental responsibility. The UK decided to opt in to this proposal because the UK already applies the current Regulation to the benefit of UK citizens, including children, in cross-border families, and the Government wanted to avoid the risk that, if the new Regulation comes into force before the UK's EU exit, the existing Regulation would no longer apply to the UK because it might be deemed inoperable. Secondly, even after a UK exit the Regulation will affect UK citizens, principally in other Member States, and it is in the UK's interests to influence the negotiations. As a family justice measure, this proposal must be agreed by unanimity in the Council.

The table in **Annex C** provides a list of forthcoming opt-in decisions.

Lord Chancellor and Secretary of State for Justice and Secretary of State for the Home Department

Sixth Report - Opt-in Decisions 1 December 2014- 30 November 2015

			oposal Decision-making process		
1	Title	Proposal for a Council Decision authorising	Date of Publication (last language version)	12/09/2014	The Commission proposed that Council Decisions should be adopted to authorise Member States to ratify a Protocol to the ILO
		Member States to ratify, in the interest of the	Opt-in deadline	11/12/2014	Forced Labour Convention, in the interest of the European Union, with regard to matters related to judicial cooperation in criminal
		European Union, the	Deposited to Parliament	16/09/2014	matters and with regard to matters related to social policy. The
		Protocol of 2014 to the Forced Labour	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	30/09/2014	Commission considered that the EU had exclusive competence on the basis of existing EU legislation in the area covered by the
		Convention, 1930, of the International Labour Organisation with regard to matters related to judicial co-operation in	ESC: Did a debate take place?	N/A	Protocol. The Commission consider that where there is exclusive EU competence arising from underlying legislation, and where the UK participates in the underlying legislation, the UK's JHA opt-in
			Date of Commons debate	N/A	does not apply.
		criminal matters	EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	The Coalition Government did not agree that the EU has any exclusive competence in the area covered by the Protocol. While
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	there are existing EU minimum standards measures in this area, minimum standards are not common rules and are therefore
			Decision	Did not opt in	incapable of generating exclusive external EU competence in
			EU notified of decision	N/A	accordance with Article 3(2) TFEU. The Coalition Government accepted that there is shared competence in this area and it is
			Parliament notified of decision	07/01/2015	therefore for the Council to decide whether to authorise Member States to sign on behalf of the EU. The Coalition Government
	Ref.	13157/14			considered that EU action was unnecessary and therefore decided
	Legal base	Article 82(2) and 218(6)(a)(v) TFEU			not to opt in to the Council Decision covering matters related to judicial co-operation.

	Department	Home Office			The adopted Decision made no reference to the UK's decision not to opt-in. The UK laid a minute statement on adoption of the Decision clarifying that the UK did not opt in to the Decision.	
2	Title	Proposal for a Council Decision authorising	Date of Publication (last language version)	18/12/2014	The Commission considered that the EU had exclusive competence on the basis of existing EU legislation in the area covered by the	
		Austria, Belgium and	Opt-in deadline	18/03/2015	Protocol. The Commission consider that where there is exclusive	
		Poland to ratify, or accede to, the Budapest	Deposited to Parliament	19/12/2014	EU competence arising from underlying legislation, and where the UK participates in the underlying legislation, the UK's JHA opt-in	
		Convention on the Contract for the	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	05/01/2015	does not apply. The Coalition Government's view was that where a new proposal is made pursuant to Title V, the UK's opt-in is	
		Carriage of Goods by Inland Waterways (CMNI)	ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	triggered. The UK sought an amendment to the relevant wording of a recital in the proposed Council Decision to ensure it did not preclude our right to opt-in.	
			Date of Commons debate	N/A		
			EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	The UK is not a party to the Budapest Convention and has no cross-border exchange of goods within EU inland waterways. The UK had previously indicated, as had the Republic of Ireland, that	
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	there is no commercial carriage of goods by inland waterways	
			Decision	Opted in	between the two and so there is no impact on the UK. Nonetheless, it was thought that this was an important legal instrument for those	
	ł		EU notified of decision	16/03/2015	Member States that do have cross-border exchange of goods within	
			Parliament notified of decision	24/03/2015	EU inland waterways, since it provides a mechanism for resolving conflicts of law in relation to the contracts associated with the carriage of goods. The provisions were not expected to have any	
	impact on UK businesses or operation carriage of goods by inland waterways	impact on UK businesses or operations involving contracts for the carriage of goods by inland waterways, and there were no effects				
	Ref.	17025/14			on relations with the three Member States seeking authorisation. Therefore, the Coalition Government decided to opt-in. The Justice and Home Affairs Council met on 15-16 June 2015 and adopted the	
	Legal base	Articles 2(1), 81(2) and 218(6), point (a) TFEU			Proposal without including an amendment to the recital language and the Government therefore laid a Minute Statement in order to	

	Department	Department for Transport			reaffirm that right.
3	Title	repealing certain acts in the field of police co- operation in criminal	Date of Publication (last language version)	English version published 02/12/14.Last language version published 09/01/2015.	In December 2014, as part of its REFIT Programme, the Commission proposed the repeal of 24 pre-Lisbon police and criminal justice measures contained within three separate proposals. The repeal of these 24 measures had no practical impact on the UK as they either never applied to the UK or the UK opted out of them as part of the 2014 JHA opt-out decision on 1 December 2014. The UK's JHA opt-in was not therefore triggered. In February 2015, the Latvian Presidency circulated revised drafts
		matters (REFIT)	Opt-in deadline	08/04/2015	of the three proposals which contained suggested amendments. Amendments to one document, 16334/14, related to the inclusion of
			Deposited to Parliament	09/12/2014	the European Evidence Warrant (EEW) in REFIT, and the inclusion
			Date of Explanatory Memorandum	05/01/2015	of text inviting the UK to assert our opt-in under Protocol 21 of the TFEU (the JHA opt-in Protocol). The Coalition Government
			ESC: Did a debate take place?	N/A	considered that these amendments triggered the opt-in. Whilst the Coalition Government considered that the EEW had been repealed
			Date of Commons debate	N/A	for the UK by way of it's Lisbonisation through the adoption of the European Investigation Order (EIO), the Coalition Government decided to opt into this Regulation in order to put beyond doubt that
			EUC: Did a debate take place?	N/A	the EEW does not apply as between the UK and Ireland.
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	
			Decision	Opted in	
			EU notified of decision	07/04/2015	
			Parliament notified of decision	16/07/2015	
	Ref.	16334/14			
	Legal base	Article 82 (1) and 83 (1) and 87(2) and Article 88(2) TFEU			

	Department	Home Office			
4	4 Title	Proposal for a Regulation of the	Date of Publication (last language version)	17/02/2015	The proposed Regulation consolidated existing EU legislation; it did not contain any new material and did not change the existing
		European Parliament	Opt-in deadline	17/05/2015	measures in substance. Although the proposal did not cite a legal
		and of the Council protecting against the	Deposited to Parliament	18/02/2015	base in Title V TFEU, and the Government was unsuccessful in seeking citation of one, the Government considered that there were
		effects of the extra- territorial application of	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	04/03/2015	Justice and Home Affairs obligations in Article 4 and 6 of the draft EU Regulation, which triggered the UK's opt-in. Article 4 prevents
		legislation adopted by a third country and actions	ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	certain judgments from outside the EU being recognised and enforced within the EU. Article 6 provides that the Brussels I
		based thereon or resulting therefrom	Date of Commons debate	N/A	(recast) Regulation applies to proceedings brought under that Article to recover damages.
	(recast)	(recast)	EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	As the UK is already compliant with these rules, and the new proposal would not create any additional impacts on the UK, the
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	Government chose to opt in.
			Decision	Opted in]
			EU notified of decision	15/05/2015	1
			Parliament notified of decision	30/06/2015	
	Ref.	6237/15			1
	Legal base	Article 64, 207(2) and 352 of TFEU			
	Department	Business, Information and Skills (BIS)			
5	Title	Proposal for a Council Decision on the signing,	Date of Publication (last language version)	03/03/2015	The Commission presented two separate Council Decisions on the signature of the Convention; one which covers the non-JHA aspects
		on behalf of the European Union, of the	Opt-in deadline	02/06/2015	of the Convention, and this Decision which covers the JHA matters. The UK is not bound by underlying measures giving rise to the
		Council of Europe	Deposited to Parliament	05/03/2015	Commission's assertion of exclusive external competence on the

		Convention on the manipulation of sports competitions with regards to matters	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	18/03/2015	relevant JHA matters.
			ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	The Government did not opt into this Decision in order to preserve the UK's ability to implement the Council of Europe Convention on
		related to substantive criminal law and judicial cooperation in criminal	Date of Commons debate	N/A	the Manipulation of Sports Competitions according to national needs, and in particular to preserve the ability to exercise the right of derogation under Article 19 of the Convention. Article 19 requires
		matters	EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	the Parties to make certain offences extraterritorial, but allows the Parties (including the EU) to declare that they reserve the right not
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	to apply, or to apply only in specific cases or conditions, the
			Decision	Did not opt in	requirement for extraterritorial jurisdiction. Presently UK law does not apply extraterritorial jurisdiction to all the offences on which we
			EU notified of decision	N/A	would rely for compliance with the Convention and the current position is that the UK would be making a declaration reserving the
			Parliament notified of decision	01/12/2015	right not to assume extra-territorial jurisdiction in respect of some of the required offences upon signature of the Convention. The UK's
	Ref.	6721/15			right to derogate could be limited if it opted in, should the EU exercise its competence in this area.
	Legal base	Article 82(1) and 83(1) TFEU in conjunction with Article 218(5)			exercise its competence in this area.
	Department	Department for Culture, Media and Sport			
6	Title	Proposed Council Decision on an EU negotiating mandate for	Date of Publication (last language version)	13/03/2015	The Commission proposed this Council Decision on the basis that, in their view, the EU had exclusive external competence in the area covered by the Additional Protocol, arising primarily from the
		the additional Protocol	Opt-in deadline	12/06/2015	Framework Decisions on Combating Terrorism. The UK and a
		to the Council of Europe Convention on the	Deposited to Parliament	N/A - EU RESTREINT	number of other Member States objected to the assertion of exclusive EU competence on the basis that substantive criminal law
		Prevention of Terrorism	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	N/A	(including in relation to CT measures) is not harmonised at EU-level nor is it largely covered by common rules. While there are existing EU minimum standards measures in this area, minimum standards
			ESC: Did a debate take	N/A	are not common rules and are therefore incapable of generating

			place? Date of Commons debate	N/A	exclusive external EU competence in accordance with Article 3(2) TFEU. The Coalition Government accepted that there is shared competence in this area and it is therefore for the Council to decide
			EUC: Did a debate take place?	N/A	whether to authorise the Commission to negotiate on behalf of the EU. In order to secure agreement within the short deadline, the Council Decision was adopted without defining the EU competence
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	in relation to the Council of Europe Additional Protocol.
			Decision	Did not opt in	The Council Decision was proposed by the Commission without
			EU notified of decision	N/A	citing a substantive legal base. The Council, in accordance with
			Parliament notified of decision	By Ministerial letter 16/06/2015	standard practice, added a substantive legal base to the measure before negotiations commenced, choosing a Title V TFEU legal base, thereby clarifying that the UK's JHA opt-in applies.
ļ I	Ref.	7219/15			Under the 2014 Protocol 36 decision, the UK opted out of the two
	Legal base	Article 218(3) and (4) Article 83(1) added during negotiations			Framework Decisions on combating terrorism. Therefore the UK is not bound by the EU acquis on which the Commission primarily based its assertion of EU competence. Not opting in to this Decision means that the UK was able to negotiate the Additional Protocol in
	Department	Home Office			our own right, and confirms that the UK is not bound by EU competence, exclusive or otherwise, in this area.
					The UK has noted concerns about our three month opt-in period not being respected in this case, but accepts that in this case the Decision was negotiated quickly to avoid any delay to the Council of Europe's timetable for their response to the recent terrorist attacks in Paris.
7	Title	Proposal for a Council	Date of Publication (last	13/04/2015	The aim of the Strategic Partnership Agreement is to enhance EU-
		Decision on the Signing, on behalf of the	language version)		Canada political ties and cooperation on foreign policy and security issues, and to upgrade their cooperation in a large number of policy
		European Union, and	Opt-in deadline	13/07/2015	areas going beyond trade and economics.
		provisional application of	Deposited to Parliament	27/05/2015	1

		the Strategic Partnership Agreement between the European Union and its Member States, of the one part, and Canada of the other	Date of Explanatory Memorandum ESC: Did a debate take place?	27/04/2015, with a further EM submitted 30/06/2015	The opt-in was triggered by incidental provisions on judicial cooperation in Article 18(2) of the agreement, because there is exclusive EU external competence for certain of the Hague Conventions covered by that Article. The Government chose not to opt into these provisions given that the practical value to the UK of doing so had not been demonstrated.
		part.	Date of Commons debate	N/A	The Government was unable to secure the addition of a Title V
			EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	legal base to reflect the inclusion of JHA content, or a recital to reflect the UK's position, and laid a minute statement on adoption to assert the application of the JHA opt-in.
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	assort the application of the or hit opt in:
			Decision	Did not opt in	
			EU notified of decision	N/A	
		Parliament notified of decision	By Ministerial letter of 3 August 2015		
	Ref.	7906/15			
	Legal base	Article 37 TFEU, and Articles 212 (1), 218 (5) and the second paragraph of Article 218 (8) TFEU			
	Department	Foreign & Commonwealth Office			
8	Title	Proposal for a Council Decision on the conclusion, on behalf of	Date of Publication (last language version)	22/04/2015	When the Commission first proposed the Decision on Croatia's accession to the Agreement in 2013, it suggested that the legal basis should be brought in line with the Lisbon Treaty by citing
		the European Union and its Member States, of	Opt-in deadline	22/07/2015	Articles 207 and 352. The European Parliament subsequently suggested that the correct legal base should be Article 212, rather
	the Protocol to the	Deposited to Parliament	23/04/2015	than 352, as the underlying 2002 Agreement relates specifically to	

	Agreement on Cooperation and Customs Union between the European Community and its Member States, of the one part, and the	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	N/A - as an accession protocol, it was agreed that there was no requirement for scrutiny.
	Republic of San Marino, of the other part,	ESC: Did a debate take place?	No
	regarding the participation, as a contracting party, of the	Date of Commons debate	N/A
	Republic of Croatia, following its accession to the European Union	EUC: Did a debate take place?	No
		Date of Lords debate	N/A
		Decision	Opted in
		EU notified of decision	22/07/2015
		Parliament notified of decision	By Ministerial letter of 16 October 2015.
Ref.	8191/15		
Legal base	Articles 79, 207 and 212, 218(6)(a) and 218(8).		
Department	Foreign & Commonwealth Office		

economic cooperation with third countries other than developing countries. This suggestion was accepted by the Commission, which noted that Article 207 TFEU was the appropriate substantive legal basis for Title I of the Agreement, on 'Customs union', and that Article 212 TFEU the appropriate substantive legal basis for Title II on 'Cooperation'.

The Commission also suggested that the social security provisions in the original Agreement introduced rights for third country nationals under the Union's immigration policy. As such, it considered Article 79(2)(b) to be the appropriate substantive legal basis to account for the Title III, on 'Social Provisions'. The Commission therefore issued an amended proposal on 22 April 2015, which included a legal basis of Article 79, Article 207 and Article 212.

Since the UK is already bound by the underlying Agreement, and this Decision simply allows Croatia to accede to it, the proposal would have no impact on the UK. However, we accept that there are JHA implications for Croatia and therefore support the inclusion of a Title V legal base. The Government decided to opt into the Decision.

Title	Proposal for Council Decisions approving the signing and conclusion,	Date of Publication (last language version)	04/05/2015	The JHA opt-in was triggered by incidental provisions on both Mode IV and readmissions.
	by the European	Opt-in deadline	04/08/2015	The Mode IV provisions were in line with the UK's previously-
	Commission, on behalf of the European Atomic	Deposited to Parliament	27/05/2015	agreed commitments under the WTO General Agreement on Trade in Services (GATS) and as such the Government took the decision
	Energy Community, of the Stabilisation and	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	18/06/2015	to opt in.
	Association Agreement between the European	ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	On readmissions, consideration was given to whether the UK wanted to be bound by an exercise of EU competence in relation to
	Union and the European Atomic Energy	Date of Commons debate	N/A	this area with Kosovo, which might limit the UK's ability to maintain its existing, effective readmission arrangements. As such a decision
	Community, of the one part, and of Kosovo, of the other part	EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	was made not to opt in as the Government judged that the provisions in the SAA, or a future readmissions agreement, would not be an improvement on the effective readmission arrangements
	and other part	Date of Lords debate	N/A	UK already have with Kosovo.
		Decision	Opted in (to Mode IV only) Did not opt in (to readmissions)	The Council Decisions were proposed without a Title V legal base. The Government pressed consistently for this, and for the Decisions to clarify that the UK's opt-in is engaged, but there was not sufficient support in Council to secure one.
		EU notified of decision	23/07/2015	However, the Government did secure an amendment to the Council
		Parliament notified of decision	By Ministerial letter of 3 August 2015.	Decision acknowledging that the Agreement contains provisions relating to JHA, as well as a recital in the SAA text itself clarifying that the opt-in would apply to JHA measures in any future agreements which could be made based on the Kosovo SAA. When the Council Decisions were adopted on 22 October 2015, the UK
Ref.	8532/15 Council Decision on Conclusion. 8535/15 Council Decision on Signature			laid a minute statement placing our position on record.

	Legal base Department	Council Decision on Conclusion - Article 217, in conjunction with Articles 218(7) and 218(6)(a)(i) and the second subparagraph of Article 218(8) TFEU; Council Decision on Signature - Article 217, in conjunction with Article 218(5) and the second subparagraph of Article 218(8) TFEU Foreign & Commonwealth Office			
10	Title	Proposal for a Council Decision on the	Date of Publication (last language version)	06/05/2015	The Commission presented two separate Council Decisions on the signature of the Convention; one which covers the non-JHA aspects of the Convention, and this decision which covers the JHA matters.
		conclusion, on behalf of the European Union, of	Opt-in deadline	06/08/2015	of the Convention, and this decision which covers the JHA matters.
		the Protocol to Eliminate Illicit Trade in Tobacco	Deposited to Parliament	27/05/2015	The Government does not believe that there is any exclusive EU competence in respect of JHA matters arising from the Protocol,
		Products to the World Health Organisation's	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	27/05/2015	and does not consider that there are good reasons for the EU to exercise shared competence in respect of the provisions. It
		Framework Convention on Tobacco Control, in	ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	therefore did not opt into the Decision.
		so far as the provisions of the Protocol which fall	Date of Commons debate	N/A	No specific proposals have been made by the Commission in respect of implementation. Should proposals in respect of JHA
		under Title V of Part III of the Treaty on the Functioning of the	EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	aspects be made in the future, the Government will consider the opt-in on a case by case basis.
		European Union are	Date of Lords debate	N/A	

		concerned	Decision	Did not opt in	
			EU notified of decision	N/A	
			Parliament notified of decision	By Ministerial letter of 1 September 2015	
	Ref.	8563/15			
	Legal base	Article 82 (1), 83, 87(2) and 218(6)(a) TFEU			
	Department	HM Revenue and Customs			
11	negotiations for an agreement between EU and Mexico for the transfer and use of	authorise the opening of negotiations for an agreement between the	Date of Publication (last language version)	18/05/2015	The Council Decision was proposed by the Commission with an Article 218(3) and (4) TFEU procedural legal base as the Commission do not consider that substantive legal bases are
			Opt-in deadline	17/08/2015	required for negotiating mandates. The Council, consistent with
		transfer and use of	Deposited to Parliament	N/A - EU RESTREINT	previous decisions, agreed that a substantive legal base was required and cited Articles 82 and 87 TFEU. Articles 82 and 87
		Passenger Name Record (PNR) data to prevent and combat	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	N/A	TFEU are consistent with the legal bases used for previous PNR agreements with third countries (e.g. US, Australia and Canada). The agreement would allow the processing of PNR data by the
		terrorism and other serious transnational	ESC: Did a debate take place?	N/A	Mexican Competent Authority. Mexico had approached UK and other European carriers to require their PNR data. This puts any
		crime	Date of Commons debate	N/A	EU carrier in a conflicted position; if it provides a passenger's PNR, it potentially breaches European Data Protection legislation by
			EUC: Did a debate take place?	N/A	transferring the data outside the EU without there being adequate safeguards in place; however failure to transfer the data could result in significant financial populties under Movicen law. The purpose of
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	in significant financial penalties under Mexican law. The purpose of the agreement is to ensure appropriate safeguards are in place for
			Decision	Opted in	processing of the data for the law enforcement purposes outlined
			EU notified of decision	22/06/2015	above. Analysis of this data assists law enforcement agencies to

	Ref. Legal base Department	8968/15 Articles 218(3) and (4) TFEU (Articles 82 and 87 TFEU added during negotiations) Home Office	Parliament notified of decision	By Ministerial letter 20/08/2015	identify individuals of interest, whether as suspects or victims, who were previously unknown. The Government therefore supports the EU undertaking negotiations with Mexico with the aim of concluding the agreement. As the Mexican Government set a deadline of 1 July for the opening of negotiations on a PNR agreement, the UK's three month opt-in window was shortened. The Government did not press for the three month window to be respected in this case because of the external driver for the negotiating mandate to be adopted.
12	Title	Proposal for a Council	Date of Publication (last	28/05/2015	The Government does not support relocation as it is the wrong
		Decision establishing provisional measures in the area of international protection for the benefit of Greece and Italy	language version)		response to the migratory pressures the EU faces - it undermines the important principle that asylum should be claimed in the first
			Opt-in deadline	27/08/2015	safe country and does not address the causes of illegal migration -
			Deposited to Parliament	29/05/2015	and has concerns over the principle and unintended consequences of any form of relocation of asylum cases within the EU. Therefore
			Date of Explanatory Memorandum	09/06/2015	the UK did not opt in to this proposal.
			ESC: Did a debate take place?	Yes	
			Date of Commons debate	14/12/2015	
			EUC: Did a debate take place?	Yes	
			Date of Lords debate	22/07/2015	
			Decision	Did not opt in	
			EU notified of decision	N/A	1

	Ref. Legal base	9355/15 Article 78(3) TFEU	Parliament notified of decision	By Explanatory Memorandum of 6 August 2015	
	Department	Home Office			
13	Title	Proposal for Council Decisions on the signing, on behalf of the	Date of Publication (last language version)	29/05/2015	The EPCA is a broad-based agreement covering a wide number of areas from trade and investment, economic and sustainable development (including energy, transport, environment, agriculture,
		European Union, and	Opt-in deadline	29/08/2015	health, tourism) to education, sport, civil service and cooperation on
	provisional application the Enhanced Partnership and Cooperation Agreeme		Deposited to Parliament	14/07/2015	freedom, security and justice. It provides for regular political dialogue in all areas of mutual interest in order to promote
		Partnership and Cooperation Agreement	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	15/07/2015	international peace, stability and security, and sets out that democratic and human rights principles, as well as principles of a
		(EPCA) between the European Union and	ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	market economy, underpin the whole agreement.
		Kazakhstan	Date of Commons debate	N/A	The JHA opt-in was triggered by incidental Mode IV provisions, relating to the temporary movement of natural persons for business, which are in line with the UK's previously-agreed Mode IV
			EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	commitments under the WTO General Agreement on Trade in Services (GATS). With this in mind, the Government decided to opt
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	into the provisions.
			Decision	Opted in	On adoption of the Decisions, the UK laid a minute statement
			EU notified of decision	28/08/2015	setting out its position.
			Parliament notified of decision	28/08/2015	
	Ref.	9077/15			

	Legal base	Article 37 TEU and Articles 207 and 209 in conjunction with 218(5) and 218(8) TFEU			
	Department	Foreign & Commonwealth Office			
14	Title	Proposal for a Council Decision on the signing, on behalf of the	Date of Publication (last language version)	16/06/2015	The Additional Protocol contributes to the implementation of UN Security Council Resolution (UNSCR) 2178 on "Threats to international peace and security caused by terrorist acts" on
		European Union, of the	Opt-in deadline	17/09/2015	tackling foreign fighters, which was unanimously adopted by the
		Additional Protocol to	Deposited to Parliament	19/06/2015	Security Council of the United Nations on 24 November 2014. It seeks to set a minimum standard for criminalisation of recruitment
	the Council of Europe Convention on the Prevention of Terrorism (CETS No. 196)	Convention on the	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	29/06/2015	to, and receipt of training for, terrorism and the act of travelling abroad for the purpose of terrorism.
		(CETS No. 196)	ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	The UK participated fully in the development of the Additional Protocol and has legislation in place which is compliant with the requirements of the Additional Protocol. While we consider there to
			Date of Commons debate	N/A	
			EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	be value in signing the Additional Protocol, we remain of the view that this is a matter for Member States and do not agree with the Council's position that exclusive EU competence arises from the
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	underlying EU minimum standards legislation.
			Decision	Did not opt in	Therefore not opting in to these proposals ensures that the UK
			EU notified of decision	N/A	cannot be caught by any exercise of EU competence in this area, in
			Parliament notified of decision	22/10/2015	line with the previous Government's decision not to opt back in to the EU Framework Decision 2002/475/JHA on combating terrorism,
	Ref.	9969/15			as amended, under the Protocol 36 decision.
	Legal base	Articles 83(1) and 218(5) TFEU			
	Department	Home Office			

15	Title	Proposal for a Council Decision on the signing,	Date of Publication (last language version)	16/06/2015	The Council of Europe Convention on the Prevention of Terrorism was agreed in 2005. Only now has the Commission sought
		on behalf of the European Union,	Opt-in deadline	17/09/2015	approval for the EU to sign the Convention, and only because only signatories to the Convention are able to sign the Additional
		Council of Europe	Deposited to Parliament	19/06/2015	Protocol.
		Convention on the Prevention of Terrorism (CETS No. 196)	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	29/06/2015	The UK has signed the Convention and is intending to ratify the Convention. The UK is compliant with the requirements of the
		(======================================	ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	Convention. While we consider that there is value in ratifying the Convention, and confirming our support for international legislation
			Date of Commons debate	N/A	supporting efforts to tackle the terrorist threat, we consider that this is a matter for Member States and do not agree with the Council's
			EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	position that exclusive EU competence arises from the underlying EU minimum standards legislation in this area.
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	Therefore not opting in to these proposals ensures that the UK
			Decision	Did not opt in	cannot be caught by any exercise of EU competence in this area, in
			EU notified of decision	N/A	 line with the previous Government's decision not to opt back in to the EU Framework Decision 2002/475/JHA on combating terrorism,
			Parliament notified of decision	22/10/2015	as amended, under the Protocol 36 decision.
	Ref.	9975/15			
	Legal base	Articles 82, 83(1), 84, 87(2)and 218(5) TFEU			
	Department	Home Office			
16	Title	Proposal for a Council Decision on the ratification and	Date of Publication (last language version)	24/06/2015	The Commission presented two separate Council Decisions on the signature of the Convention; one which covered the non-JHA aspects of the Convention, and this decision which covered the JHA
		accession by Member	Opt-in deadline	24/09/2015	matters, for which the EU has exclusive external competence.
		States on behalf of the Union to the Protocol of	Deposited to Parliament	25/06/2015	It is the view of the EU institutions that in matters of exclusive
	2010 to	2010 to the International Convention on Liability	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	08/07/2015	external competence the UK's opt-in does not apply. However, as the proposed JHA Decision cites a legal base in Title V of Part 3 of

		and Compensation for Damage in connection with the Carriage of Hazardous and Noxious Substances by Sea with regard to aspects	ESC: Did a debate take place? Date of Commons debate EUC: Did a debate take place?	No N/A No	the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU), in accordance with Protocol No 21 on the position of the UK and Ireland in respect of the area of Freedom, Security and Justice annexed to the TFEU, the UK's JHA opt-in applies. On adoption of the Decision, the UK laid a minute statement setting out its position.
		related to judicial cooperation in civil	Date of Lords debate	N/A	The Government took the view in this instance that UK interests would be best served by opting into the proposed Decision, as this
		matters	Decision	Opted in	would retain the UK's ability to fully ratify the HNS Protocol, and the removal of any binding deadline from the proposal has the effect of
			EU notified of decision	24/09/2015	maintaining the UK's current flexibility to be able to ratify and
		Parliament notified of decision	17/11/2015	accede to the HNS Protocol if and when we are ready to do so.	
	Ref.	10252/15			
	Legal base	Article 81 in conjunction with 218(6)(a)(v)			
	Department	Department for Transport			
17	Title	Proposal for a Regulation of the	Date of Publication (last language version)	26/06/2015	The Government did not opt in to the Proposal to amend Regulation (EC) No 1683/1995 on the Uniform Format for Visas. The Government is committed to ensuring that people coming to the UK
		European Parliament	Opt-in deadline	26/09/2015	do so legally and taking steps to improve document security. The
		and of the Council amending Regulation	Deposited to Parliament	30/06/2015	UK has concerns about the current proposed design and is considering the implications that a new UFV may have on future
		(EC) No 1683/1995 of 29 May 1995 laying	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	09/07/2015	visa strategy. The Government will consider undertaking a post- adoption opt-in to this measure.
		down a uniform format for visas	ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	
			Date of Commons debate	N/A	
			EUC: Did a debate take	No	

			place?		
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	
			Decision	Did not opt in	
			EU notified of decision	N/A	
			Parliament notified of decision	26/10/2015	
	Ref.	10314/15			
	Legal base	Article 77(2)(a) TFEU			
	Department	Home Office			
18	Title Proposal for a Council Decision authorising the opening of negotiations on agreements between the European Union, on the one part, and the	Decision authorising the	Date of Publication (last language version)	29/06/2015	The UK did not opt in to the proposed Council Decision authorising the opening of negotiations with the Associated States (Norway, Iceland, Liechtenstein and Switzerland) and Denmark concerning
			Opt-in deadline	29/06/2015	access to Eurodac for law enforcement purposes. This proposal
		the one part, and the	Deposited to Parliament	N/A - EU RESTREINT	concerns the opening of negotiations. If the negotiations are successful there will be a further Council Decision, also subject to
		Kingdom of Denmark, the Republic of Iceland, the Kingdom of Norway,	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	N/A	the United Kingdom's Justice and Home Affairs opt-in. At this point we will be able to assess properly any potential benefits to the UK and others, and on that basis consider whether or not to opt in.
		the Swiss Confederation and the Principality of	ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	The initial proposal for a Council Decision from the Commission in
		Liechtenstein, on the other part, on the	Date of Commons debate	N/A	line with the Commission's general practice in relation to negotiating mandate Council Decisions, cited only a procedural legal base. The
		modalities of the participation by those	EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	position of the Council is to add in a substantive legal base into the Council Decision, in this case from Title V of Part III of the Treaty on
		States to the procedure for comparison and data	Date of Lords debate	N/A	the Functioning of the European Union. The citation of a Title V provides legal certainty that the JHA opt-in applies. In this case, a
		transmission for law	Decision	Did not opt in	Title V legal base was not added. The UK therefore laid a minute
		enforcement purposes	EU notified of decision	N/A	statement on adoption confirming its opt in position.

	foreseen in chapter VI of the Regulation (EU) No 603/2013 on the establishment of 'Eurodac' for the comparison of fingerprints for the effective application of Regulation (EU) No 604/2013 establishing the criteria and mechanisms for determining the Member State responsible for examining an application for international protection lodged in one of the Member States by a third-country national or a stateless person and on requests for the comparison with Eurodac data by Member States' law enforcement authorities and Europol for law enforcement purposes.	Parliament notified of decision	26/10/2015			
Ref.	10321/15					

	Legal base	Article 218(3) and (4) TFEU			
ŀ	Department	Home Office	-		
	Title	Proposed Council Decision establishing the position to be taken	Date of Publication (last language version)	01/07/2015	The Government has supported the accession of Kazakhstan to the WTO on the right terms. In acceding to the WTO, Kazakhstan will embrace a series of rules and commitments which form the
		by the European Union within the General Council of the World	Opt-in deadline	01/10/2015	foundation of an open, transparent and non-discriminatory global trading system and which will provide important guarantees for them and for the other WTO Members. Accession to the WTO will
		Trade Organisation on	Deposited to Parliament	02/07/2015	bring Kazakhstan more firmly into the global economy and make
	the accession of the Republic of Kazakhstan to the WTO	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	02/12/2014 (OTNYR) Addendum submitted	Kazakhstan a more attractive place to do business, and it will help to achieve the Government's trade policy objective of expanding the WTO's membership. The JHA opt-in was triggered by incidental Mode IV provisions,	
			03/07/2015	relating to the temporary movement of natural persons for busine	
			ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	These provisions are in line with the UK's previously-agreed Mode IV commitments under the WTO General Agreement on Trade in
			Date of Commons debate	N/A	Services (GATS). With this and the above in mind, the Government decided to opt into the provisions.
			EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	On adoption of the Decision, the UK laid a minute statement setting
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	out its position.
			Decision	Opted in	1
			EU notified of decision	17/07/2015	1
			Parliament notified of decision	By Ministerial letter of 25 August 2015	
-	Ref.	10479/15			

	Legal base Department	Articles 91, 100(2) and 207(4), in conjunction with Article 218(9) TFEU. Department for Business Innovation and			
		Skills			
20	Title	Proposal for a COUNCIL DECISION establishing provisional	Date of Publication (last language version)	10/09/2015	The Government does not support relocation as it is the wrong response to the migratory pressures the EU faces - it undermines the important principle that asylum should be claimed in the first
		measures in the area of	Opt-in deadline	09/12/2015	safe country and does not address the causes of illegal migration -
		international protection for the benefit of Italy,	Deposited to Parliament	16/09/2015	and has concerns over the principle and unintended consequences of any form of relocation of asylum cases within the EU. Therefore
		Greece and Hungary	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	30/09/2015	the Government did not opt in to this proposal.
			ESC: Did a debate take place?	Yes	
			Date of Commons debate	14/12/2015	
			EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	
			Decision	Did not opt in	
		EU notified of decision N/A			
			Parliament notified of decision	By Explanatory By Memorandum of 30 September, 2015	

	Ref.	11844/15			
	Legal base	Article 78(3) TFEU			
	Department	Home Office			
21	Title	Council Decision on the position to be adopted, on behalf of the	Date of Publication (last language version)	30/09/2015	At the Economic and Finance Council on 6 October 2015, EU Finance Ministers agreed by Council Decision to support a change to the rules of procedure of the Executive Committee of the United
		European Union, in the sixty-sixth session of the Executive Committee of	Opt-in deadline	06/10/2015 (opt-in window curtailed)	Nations High Commission for Refugees (UNHCR) which would enable enhanced participation of the EU in private meetings.
		the Programme of the	Deposited to Parliament	02/10/2015	The Council Decision commits EU Member States to support an
		United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	14/10/2015	extension of the EU's observer status at the Executive Committee to include meetings discussing UNHCR budgeting and programming. The EU would be able to attend those meetings, but
	Relugees	ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	it would retain its observer status and would still not have a formal vote.	
		Date of Commons debate	N/A	Usually a Foreign Affairs Council matter, this was put to the	
			EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	Economic and Finance Council so that it could be adopted before the end of the UNHCR Executive Committee annual meeting in Geneva from 5th to 9th October. In fact, the EU proposal was not
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	raised as part of the agenda, so the rule was not, in the end,
			Decision	Did not opt in	amended by the Committee.
			EU notified of decision	N/A	The Council Decision was adopted by QMV. The UK Government
			Parliament notified of decision	By Explanatory Memorandum of 14 October 2015	was not afforded time to undertake our Parliamentary and internal obligations in relation to taking an opt-in decision, and therefore did not take part in the adoption of the Council Decision, and will not be bound by it. No override was required.
	Ref.	11651/15]
	Legal base	Article 78(2), in conjunction with Article 218(9)			

	Department	Foreign & Commonwealth Office			
22	Title	Proposed Council Decision on the EU position on the	Date of Publication (last language version)	02/10/2015	The UK supports the accession of all candidate WTO accession countries as long as it takes place on the right terms and at a time that is right for the candidates to meet the commitments of WTO
		Accession to Liberia	Opt-in deadline	02/01/2016	membership. The Government considers that this is the case for
		World Trade	Deposited to Parliament	07/10/2015	Liberia.
	Organisation (WTO)	Organisation (WTO)	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	21/09/2015 (OTNYR) Addendum submitted 23/10/2015	Liberia will be able to benefit from WTO market access, global trading rules and the transparency of the WTO trading system. It will also be able to use the WTO Dispute Settlement Mechanism. Their membership of the WTO will mean that foreign businesses, including those of the UK, will be operating in a more transparent
			ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	and predictable business environment. This will also send a broader positive signal to the wider developing world, with an
			Date of Commons debate	n/a	African LDC acceding to the WTO at the first Ministerial Conference to be held in Africa. It will also help to achieve the Government's
			EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	trade policy objective of expanding the WTO's membership.
			Date of Lords debate	n/a	The JHA opt-in was triggered by incidental Mode IV provisions, relating to the temporary movement of natural persons for business.
			Decision	Opted in	These provisions are in line with the UK's previously-agreed Mode
			EU notified of decision	03/11/2015	IV commitments under the WTO General Agreement on Trade in Services (GATS). With this and the above in mind, the Government
	Parliament notified decision	Parliament notified of decision	01/12/2015	decided to opt into the provisions.	
	Ref.	12644/15			On adoption of the Decision, the UK laid a minute statement setting
	Legal base	Articles 91, 100(2) and the first subparagraph of Article 207(4), in conjunction with Article 218(9) TFEU			out its position.

	Department	Business, Information and Skills (BIS)				
23	Title	Proposal for a Council Decision establishing the position to be taken on behalf of the European Union within the Council for Trade in Services of the World Trade Organisation to notify of preferential	Date of Publication (last language version)	23/10/2015	The European Commission had proposed to make notifications to the World Trade Organisation without a decision in Council. The UK, along with other member states, ensured that the decision was	
			Opt-in deadline	16/11/2015 (opt-in window not respected)	under the correct legal bases and proceeded as a double decision to respect member state competence.	
			Deposited to Parliament	16/10/2015	The JHA opt-in was triggered by incidental Mode IV provisions,	
			notify of preferential Date of I	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	07/08/2015 (OTNYR)	relating to the temporary movement of natural persons for business The Government decided to opt in to the provisions due to the
		intends to grant to services and service	ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	benefits of this policy (i) for LDCs, providing new opportunities for economic development and increased exports, in line with DFID's	
		suppliers of Least Developed Country	Date of Commons debate	N/A	priorities; (ii) for the UK, with increased access to services suppliers (we expect the impact on the UK to be positive but small);	
		Members, and to seek approval for preferential	EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	and (iii) as a vital component of negotiations at the WTO; this notification is essential to demonstrate delivery of an agreement in	
	treatment going beyond market access to be unilaterally offered by	0 0 ,	Date of Lords debate	N/A	the last WTO Ministerial in 2013 and to assist negotiations in the Ministerial in December 2015.	
		Decision	Opted in			
		the European Union to	the European Union to	EU notified of decision	13/11/2015	On adoption of the Decision on 16th November 2015, the UK laid a

	services and services suppliers of Least- Developed Countries Country Members on the basis of the LDC Services Waiver	Parliament notified of decision	02/12/2015	minute statement setting out its position.
Ref.	13076/15			
Legal base	Articles 91, 100, 207(4) and 218(9) TFEU			
Department	Department for International Development / Business, Innovation and Skills			

Seventh Report - Opt-in Decisions 1 December 2015- 30 November 2016

	Proposal		Decision-making	gprocess	Reasoning for Government's decision
1	Title Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a crisis relocation mechanism and amending Regulation (EU) No 604/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 establishing the criteria and mechanisms for determining the Member State responsible for	Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a crisis relocation mechanism and amending Regulation (EU) No 604/2013 of the	Date of Publication (last language)	09/09/2015	The UK did not opt in to the two temporary proposals allowing for the relocation of individuals in need of international protection between EU Member States which were agreed during Summer 2015.
			Opt-in deadline	08/12/2015	
			Deposited to Parliament	16/09/2015	- 2015.
			Date of Explanatory Memorandum	30/09/2015	Implementation of these was extremely slow with only around 16 people relocated from Italy and Greece when the Government informed Parliament of its opt-in decision to this measure in December 2015. Negotiations on a permanent relocation mechanism have also proved long and difficult and reinforced the
			ESC: Did a debate take place?	N/A	
		Date of Commons debate	N/A	Government's view that relocation is the wrong response to the crisis and that the time and effort devoted to negotiating these	
		the criteria and	EUC: Did a debate take place?	N/A	measures would have been far better spent on implementing practical solutions to secure the external border and provide
		ū	Date of Lords debate	N/A	sustainable protection in the region, a position which the UK has
		responsible for	Decision	Did not opt in	been calling for since the beginning of the crisis.
		examining an	EU notified of decision	N/A	
	application for international protection lodged in one of the Member States by a third country national or a stateless person	Parliament notified of decision	16/12/2015		
	Ref.	11843/15			
	Legal base	Articles 78(2)(e) TFEU			
	Department	Home Office			
2	Title	Proposal for a	Date of Publication (last	09/09/2015	The Government does see merit in establishing an EU wide safe

		Regulation of the	language)		third country list, especially for those Member States who have no
		European Parliament and of the Council	Opt-in deadline	08/12/2015	experience of operating such a list. However, the UK has successfully operated its own list for many years and already has
	establishing an EU common list of safe countries of origin for the purposes of Directive 2013/31/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on common procedures for granting and withdrawing international protection, and amending Directive 2013/32/EU	Deposited to Parliament	16/09/2015	established procedures and safeguards in place, including	
		countries of origin for	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	30/09/2015	Parliamentary approval before a country is designated. Opting in would also require the UK to opt in to the underlying 2013 Asylum Procedures Directive. The UK originally did not opt in to this
		ESC: Did a debate take place?	N/A	Directive as it was deemed not to be in the national interest due to implications for immigration control and the integrity of UK legal	
		Parliament and of the	Date of Commons debate	N/A	systems. Those reasons remain valid and we see no advantage opting in to this measure, so did not opt in.
		and withdrawing	EUC: Did a debate take place?	N/A	
		Date of Lords debate	N/A		
		Decision	Did not opt in		
			EU notified of decision	N/A	
		Parliament notified of decision	16/12/2015		
	Ref.	11845/15			
	Legal base	Article 78(2)(d) TFEU			
	Department	Home Office			
3	Title Council Decision authorising the opening of negotiations on an agreement between the European Union and the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan on readmission	authorising the opening of negotiations on an agreement between the European Union and the Hashemite Kingdom	Date of Publication (last language)	22/09/2015	The Government decided not to opt in to a Council Decision authorising the opening of negotiations on an agreement between
			Opt-in deadline	21/12/2015	the European Union and the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan (hereafter referred to as Jordan) on readmission.
			Deposited to Parliament	N/A - non- depositable document	EURAs ensure reciprocal procedures for the identification, documentation and return of persons illegally entering or remaining
		Date of Explanatory Memorandum	N/A - non- depositable document	in EU Member States. We decide whether to participate in EURAs on a case by case basis, depending on the priority we attach to the country concerned in terms of numbers of immigration returns and	
			ESC: Did a debate take place?	N/A	the degree to which we enjoy a good bilateral relationship with that

			Date of Commons debate	N/A	country.
			EUC: Did a debate take	N/A	Jordan is not an immigration returns priority for the UK (there were only four enforced returns from January to September 2015), and our returns process is excellent; Jordan is a country to which we return on EU Letters (this is easier because we do not need to
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	
		Decision	Did not opt in	obtain a travel document if we have strong supporting evidence o	
			EU notified of decision	N/A	nationality). We would not enjoy an operational advantage if we
			Parliament notified of decision	By letter of 01/02/2016 and WMS of 20/04/2016	were to change our bilateral arrangements for conducting returns to Jordan.
	Ref.	12137/15			
	Legal base	Article 218(3) and (4) TFEU			
	Department	Home Office			
4	and of the Council laying down common rules on securitisation and creating a European framework for simple, and transparent and standardised securitisation and amending Directives 2009/65/EC, 2009/138/EC, 2011/61/EU and	Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down common rules on securitisation and creating a	Date of Publication (last language)	01/10/2015	This Government decided not to opt in to the justice and home affairs (JHA) provisions within the European Commission's proposal
			Opt-in deadline	31/12/2015	for laying down common rules on securitisation and creating a
			Deposited to Parliament	02/10/2015	European framework for simple, and transparent and standardised securitisation.
			Date of Explanatory Memorandum	13/10/2015	Article 19(2) of the proposal requires that where Member States
		for simple, and	ESC: Did a debate take place?	N/A	have chosen to pursue a criminal sanctions regime for breaches of elements of the proposals, those Member States must ensure that information can be shared between competent authorities across the EU. As the provision requires cooperation involving law enforcement bodies, the Government believes these are JHA
		standardised	Date of Commons debate	N/A	
		amending Directives	EUC: Did a debate take place?	N/A	obligations and therefore our JHA opt-in is triggered and we have informed Council of that fact.
		2009/138/EC,	Date of Lords debate	N/A]
			Decision	Did not opt in	The Government decided not to opt in to these provisions as there are no significant benefits to be gained from doing so. The
			EU notified of decision	N/A	obligation to share information will fall on Member States who have

		No. 648/2012	Parliament notified of decision	27/01/2016	a relevant criminal sanctions regime, and UK competent authorities will be in a position to access this data irrespective of the decision to opt in. The Government has no intention to introduce a criminal sanctions regime in a way that would lead to this Regulation
	Ref.	12601/15			imposing an obligation on UK or on our competent authorities.
	Legal base	Article 114 TFEU			
	Department	HM Treasury			
5	Title	Proposal for a Regulation of the	Date of Publication (last language)	17/12/2015	This Government decided not to opt in to the Justice and Home Affairs provision within the EU general data protection regulation
		European Parliament	Opt-in deadline	N/A	(GDPR). Negotiations on the regulation were concluded on 15
		and of the Council on the protection of the	Deposited to Parliament	N/A	December 2015 and a proposed final compromise text was communicated to the European Council on 17 December. The
		individual with regard to the processing of	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	N/A	GDPR was adopted in April 2016.
		personal data and on the free movement of	ESC: Did a debate take place?	N/A	The compromise text published at the end of triologue negotiations on 17 December 2015 was the first formal text that contained
		such data	Date of Commons debate	N/A	 wording in Article 43a, which triggers the UK's opt-in under protocol 21. This article deals with the recognition and enforcement of judgments, and includes content that falls under article 81 (judicial)
			EUC: Did a debate take place?	N/A	co-operation in civil matters) and article 82 (judicial co-operation in criminal matters) Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	thereby triggering the UK's JHA opt-in. The text restricts a member
			Decision	Did not opt in	state from enforcing a judgment requiring the transfer or disclosure of personal data where there is no international agreement or
			EU notified of decision	N/A	treaty.
			Parliament notified of decision	04/02/2016	As a result of concerns relating to the integrity of the UK legal
	Ref.	15323/15			system, the UK did not opt-in to the parts of Article 43a which triggered Protocol 21. Due to the late introduction of the JHA
	Legal base	Article 16 TFEU			content into the text, it was not possible in this case to complete the
	Department	Department for Culture, Media and Sport			normal scrutiny procedures.
6	Title	Proposal for a Regulation of the	Date of Publication (last language)	16/12/2015	This Regulation was part of a wider package of measures proposed by the Commission to ensure the protection of the EU's external

		European Parliament and of the Council amending Council Regulation (EC) No 768/2005 establishing a	Opt-in deadline	15/03/2016	borders and cited a fisheries legal base, Article 42(2) TFEU,
			Deposited to Parliament	21/12/2015	reflecting the legal base for the founding regulation that it seeks to amend.
			Date of Explanatory Memorandum	08/01/2016	Although EFCA has no law enforcement role itself, the proposal
		Community Fisheries Control Agency	ESC: Did a debate take place?	N/A	would, nonetheless, formally establish co-operation and exchange of information between this agency and national authorities
			Date of Commons debate	N/A	intended for the prevention, detection, and investigation of criminal offences, including the trafficking of humans, weapons and drugs as well as for migration control. The effect of the measure would then
			EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	amount to co-operation that falls within the scope of the Justice and Home Affairs section of the EU Treaties, because EFCA would then
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	be expected to facilitate the exchange and sharing of such
			Decision	Did not opt in	information for purposes beyond its current role.
			EU notified of decision	N/A	Despite making the case for an additional Title V legal base in the
			Parliament notified of decision	15/12/2016	proposal, given the Government's view that a substantial proportion of the proposal relates to support and information exchange for
	Ref.	15395/15			border control and law enforcement functions, the UK received no support from other Member States or from the Commission on this
	Legal base	Article 43(2) TFEU			request as they felt that the JHA content and aim of the proposal
	Department	Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs			was too small to justify a joint legal base. As a result, whilst the Government still considered that there was a case for such a legal base and that the proposal contained JHA content, it decided to not opt in to this proposal.
7	Title	Proposal for a Regulation of the	Date of Publication (last language)	16/12/2015	This Regulation was part of a wider package of measures proposed by the Commission to ensure the protection of the EU's external
		European Parliament	Opt-in deadline	15/03/2016	borders and cited a transport legal base, Article 100(2) TFEU,
		and of the Council amending Regulation	Deposited to Parliament	21/12/2015	reflecting the legal base for the founding regulation that it seeks to amend.
		(EC) No 1406/2002 establishing a	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	10/02/2016	Although EMSA has no law enforcement role itself, the proposal
		European Maritime Safety Agency	ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	would, nonetheless, formally establish co-operation and exchange of information between this agency and national authorities intended for the prevention, detection, and investigation of criminal
			Date of Commons debate	N/A	offences, including the trafficking of humans, weapons and drugs as

			EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	well as for migration control. The effect of the measure would then amount to co-operation that falls within the scope of the Justice and
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	Home Affairs section of the EU Treaties, because EMSA would then be expected to facilitate the exchange and sharing of such
			Decision	Did not opt in	information for purposes beyond its current role.
			EU notified of decision	N/A	The control of the control of Benedation and Ideal of the control
			Parliament notified of decision	25/10/2016	The amendments in the proposed Regulation would also allow the Commission to make recommendations for cooperation at national, EU and international level. As the information collected by EMSA would be shared for justice and home affairs purposes falling within Articles 77(2)(d) and 87(2)(a) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the
	Ref.	15390/15			European Union, the Government considered that the Justice and
	Legal base	Article 100(2) TFEU			Home Affairs opt-in applied. Despite making the case for an additional Title V legal base in the proposal, given the
	Department	Department for Transport			Government's view that a substantial proportion of the proposal relates to support and information exchange for border control and law enforcement functions information sharing amongst Member States had Justice and Home Affairs (JHA) implications, the UK received no support from other Member States or from the Commission on this request as they felt that the JHA content and aim of the proposal was too small to justify a joint legal base. As a result, whilst the Government still considered that there was a case for such a legal base and that the proposal contained JHA content, it decided to not opt in to this proposal.
8	Title	Proposal for a Directive of the European	Date of Publication (last language)	20/12/2015	The draft EU Directive on Combating Terrorism is intended to replace the 2002 Framework Decision on Combating Terrorism
		Parliament and of the Council on combating	Opt-in deadline	19/03/2016	(2002/475/JHA), as amended in 2008. The draft measure seeks to
		terrorism to replace	Deposited to Parliament	08/12/2015	ensure that Member States are compliant with international obligations by setting minimum standards across the EU for
		Council Framework	Date of Explanatory	17/12/2015	criminalising certain acts as terrorist offences within national law.
		Decision 2002/475/JHA on combating terrorism	Memorandum ESC: Did a debate take	Yes	The UK's domestic legislation is compliant with international
		5 551112dtillig toll 5110111	place?	103	obligations in this area, specifically the UN Security Council
			Date of Commons debate	07/03/2016	Resolution 2178 and the Council of Europe Additional Protocol to the 2005 Convention on the Prevention of Terrorism.
			EUC: Did a debate take	N/A	

			place?		Therefore UK legislation is already substantially compliant with the
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	proposals in the draft Directive and furthermore, the Government is clear that we should not do anything which could bind us to an
			Decision	Did not opt in	exercise of EU competence, or which could limit our ability to act
			EU notified of decision	N/A	independently in the counter-terrorism legislation field in the future. The previous Government also opted out of the 2002 Framework
			Parliament notified of decision	By letter of 12/04/2016	Decision (as amended) in December 2014 as part of the block opt out from a number of police and judicial co-operation measures.
	Ref.	14926/15			The Government therefore decided not to opt in to the draft
	Legal base	Article 83(1) and Article 82(2) (c) TFEU			Directive, nor would it opt-in to the proposal post-adoption. This decision does not affect the Government's broad support for ensuring all Member States are compliant with their international
	Department	Home Office			obligations in this area. Nor does this decision change the importance that the UK Government attaches to collaborative international efforts to combat the threat from foreign fighters. The UK continues to, co-operate with EU Member States and international organisations to support our international partners in this area and to shape the strategic approach to counter-terrorism internationally.
9	Title	Proposal for a Council Decision determining	Date of Publication (last language)	21/12/2015	The Council Decision seeks to agree the Union's position in relation to a Recommendation of the Joint Readmission Committee (JRC -
		the EU position for a	Opt-in deadline	20/03/2016	which consists of the EU and Russia and was set up to consider
		Recommendation of the Joint Readmission	Deposited to Parliament	23/12/2015	and advise on implementation of the EU-Russia readmission agreement (EURA)). The Recommendation sets out timescales for
		Committee set up under the Readmission	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	21/01/2016	Russia and Member States to arrange readmission interviews (for the purpose of determining nationality).
		Agreement between the European Community and the Russian	ESC: Did a debate take place?	N/A	The Government did not consider that the planned Recommendation of the JRC would have "legal effects" which
		Federation, with regard to readmission	Date of Commons debate	N/A	meant that a Council Decision was not appropriate and that a Union position on the Recommendation should be agreed via Council
		applications requiring the arrangement of	EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	Conclusions. The Council, however, continued to maintain its position that a Council Decision is appropriate.
		interviews	Date of Lords debate	N/A	
			Decision	Did not opt in	On the UK's opt-in, the Commission and Council considered that

			EU notified of decision	N/A	the UK is automatically bound, as it already partakes in the
			Parliament notified of decision	By letter - 04/05/2016	Readmission Agreement, and therefore no recital reflecting the UK's view of its opt-in position is included in the text of the Decision that was put forward for adoption. However, the UK position remains that as the proposal cites a legal base in Title V TFEU, in
	Ref.	15520/15			accordance with Protocol No 21, the UK's opt-in applied to this
	Legal base	Article 79(3) TFEU, in conjunction with Article 218(9).			proposal. The Government has made a decision not to opt in, and laid a minute statement to clarify that position.
	Department	Home Office			
10	Title	Proposal for a Council Decision establishing	Date of Publication (last language)	12/02/2016	The proposed Council Decision sought to bring forward the effective date of entry of the Articles within the readmission agreement on
	the position to be taken on behalf of the European Union within the Joint Readmission Committee on a Decision of the Joint Readmission Committee on implementing	on behalf of the European Union within	Opt-in deadline	24/03/2016 (expedited timeframe)	the readmission of third country nationals and stateless persons to Turkey from 1 October 2017 to 1 June 2016. Given the importance the EU places on this proposal, the opt-in process was expedited so
			Deposited to Parliament	12/02/2016	that it could be adopted by 24 March 2016, in time for the next JR with Turkey.
		Decision of the Joint	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	14/03/2016	On the UK's opt-in, the Commission and Council considered that
		Committee on implementing	ESC: Did a debate take place?	N/A	the UK is automatically bound, as it already partakes in the Readmission Agreement, and therefore no recital reflecting the
		arrangements for the application of Articles 4	Date of Commons debate	N/A	UK's view of its opt-in position is included in the text of the Decision that was put forward for adoption. However, the UK position
		and 6 of the Agreement between the European	EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	remains that as the proposal cites a legal base in Title V TFEU, in accordance with Protocol No 21, the UK's opt-in applied to this
		Union and the Republic of Turkey on the	Date of Lords debate	N/A	proposal. The UK opted into this proposal as we supported early implementation of the relevant aspects of the EU-Turkey
		readmission of persons	Decision	Opted in	readmission agreement. The UK informed the Presidency of the
		residing without authorisation as of 1	EU notified of decision	22/03/2016	Council via written procedure and clarified the UK's position on the application of the UK's Title V opt-in Protocol by laying a minute
	June 2016		Parliament notified of decision	By letter - 04/05/2016	statement.

	Ref.	6020/16]
	Legal base	Articles 79(3) TFEU, in conjunction with Article 218(9).			
	Department	Home Office			
11	Title	Proposal for a Council Decision establishing	Date of Publication (last language)	21/12/2015	The Government does not support relocation as it is the wrong response to the migratory pressures the EU faces - it undermines
		provisional measures in the area of international	Opt-in deadline	20/03/2016	the important principle that asylum should be claimed in the first safe country and does not address the causes of illegal migration.
		protection for the	Deposited to Parliament	21/12/2015	The Government has not opted in to any relocation measure so far
		benefit of Sweden in accordance with Article 9 of Council Decision	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	11/01/2016	and therefore the UK did not opt in to this proposal. The Council document reflects this position. The Immigration Minister informed the Parliamentary Scrutiny Committees by way of an Explanatory
		(EU) 2015/1523 and Article 9 of Council	ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	Memorandum of 11 January 2016.
		Decision (EU) 2015/1601 establishing	Date of Commons debate	N/A	
	•	provisional measures in the area of international	EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	
		protection for the benefit of Italy and	Date of Lords debate	N/A	
		Greece.	Decision	Did not opt in	
			EU notified of decision	N/A	
		Parliament notified of decision	By Explanatory Memorandum, on 11 January 2016.		
	Ref.	15405/15			
	Legal base	Article 78(3) TFEU			
	Department	Home Office			
12	12 Title	Proposal for a Regulation of the	Date of Publication (last language)	05/01/2016	Within the European Commission's proposal on the prospectus to be published when securities are offered to the public or admitted to
		European Parliament	Opt-in deadline	04/04/2016	trading, the Government considered that there were Justice and

		and of the Council on	Deposited to Parliament	03/12/2015	
		the prospectus to be published when	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	14/12/2015	-
		securities are offered to the public or admitted to trading	ESC: Did a debate take place?	N/A	
		trading	Date of Commons debate	N/A	
			EUC: Did a debate take place?	N/A	
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	
			Decision	Did not opt in	
			EU notified of decision	N/A	
			Parliament notified of decision	24/01/2017	;
	Ref.	14890/15			
	Legal base	Article 114 TFEU			
	Department	HM Treasury			
13	Title	Proposal for a Regulation of the	Date of Publication (last language)	01/02/2016	
		European Parliament and of the Council on a European travel	Opt-in deadline	15/04/2016 (expedited timeframe)]
		document for the return of illegally staying third-	Deposited to Parliament	11/01/2016	
	country nationals		Date of Explanatory Memorandum	02/02/2016	
			ESC: Did a debate take place?	N/A	1
			Date of Commons debate	N/A	

Home Affairs (JHA) provisions.

The proposal requires that where Member States have chosen to pursue a criminal sanctions regime for breaches of elements of the proposals, those Member States must ensure that information can be shared between competent authorities across the EU. As the provision requires cooperation involving law enforcement bodies, the Government believes these are JHA obligations and therefore our JHA opt-in is triggered and we informed Council of that fact.

The Government has decided not to opt in to these provisions as there are no significant benefits to be gained from doing so. The obligation to share information will fall on Member States who have a relevant criminal sanctions regime, and UK competent authorities will be in a position to access this data irrespective of the decision to opt in. The Government has no intention to introduce a criminal sanctions regime in a way that would lead to this Regulation imposing an obligation on UK or on our competent authorities.

The European Commission, keen to demonstrate it is taking action on returns, put forward this proposal for a new EU travel document for returns (also known as laissez-passer or EU Letter (EUL)). It specifically seeks to improve the effective return of third country nationals who do not fulfil or no longer fulfil the conditions for entry, stay or residence in the Member State of the Union, when those third country nationals possess no valid travel documents. Currently, as per Council Recommendation of 30 November 1994 entitled 'standard travel document for the removal/expulsion of third-country foreign nationals', Member States may issue a document (commonly known as a laissez-passer) for illegal third country nationals who do not possess a valid travel document which this new EU travel document seeks to replace. The Government

			EUC: Did a debate take place? Date of Lords debate Decision	N/A N/A Did not opt in	decided not to opt in to this new proposal. The UK uses the current document successfully. We do not consider that the proposal would further improve the process for returning third country nationals who are illegally present in the UK given we already use the existing EU travel document for returns purposes to a number of countries.
			EU notified of decision	N/A	In addition, we considered it unlikely there would be a significant
			Parliament notified of decision	By letter - 19/05/2016	impact on the UK's continued use of the 1994 Recommendation 'laissez-passer'. We will continue to use the document as we
	Ref.	15391/15			currently do and will expect third countries to do the same as per
	Legal base	Article 79(2)(c) TFEU			current bilaterally agreed processes. We will rely on existing good
	Department	Home Office			relations and diplomatic engagement to ensure we can continue as per current processes.
14	Title	Proposal for a Directive of the European	Date of Publication (last language)	25/01/2016	This proposal seeks to develop further the European Criminal Records Information System (ECRIS) (which currently is a
		Parliament and of the Council amending Council Framework Decision 2009/315/JHA, as regards the exchange of information on third country nationals and	Opt-in deadline	24/04/2016	mechanism which allows UK law enforcement agencies to seek the previous convictions of EU nationals involved in an investigation or prosecution, and the UK is one of the biggest users of the system). The proposal seeks to develop ECRIS in relation to third country nationals, as well as for fingerprints to be linked to criminal convictions (as is the case in the UK) so that criminals could not
			Deposited to Parliament	25/01/2016	
			Date of Explanatory Memorandum	03/02/2016 and a SEM on 11/02/2016	
			ESC: Did a debate take place?	Yes	hide their identity. These were developments that the UK pushed for. The Government decided to opt in on the basis that
		as regards the European Criminal Records	Date of Commons debate	17/04/2016	participation will expand the amount of information our police officers can access about foreign nationals who have offended in the UK, ensure policing and prosecutions are fully informed, and
		Information System (ECRIS), and	EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	add further weight to the case for individuals to be removed from this country under immigration powers.
		replacing Council	Date of Lords debate	N/A	and dodnary under miningration periore.
		Decision 2009/316/JHA	Decision	Opted in	
			EU notified of decision	22/04/2016	1
			Parliament notified of decision	By letter of 16/05/2016	
	Ref.	5438/16			
	Legal base	Article 82(1)(d)			

	Department	Home Office			
15	Title	Recommendation for a Council Decision	Date of Publication (last language)	08/04/2016	The Hague Conference has convened a series of Special Commissions to consider both the feasibility and content of a draft
	authorising the opening	Opt-in deadline	07/07/2016	global Convention on the recognition and enforcement of civil and commercial judgments. The UK is playing a leading part in the	
		of negotiations on a Convention on the	Deposited to Parliament	N/A	drafting of a text. At the moment, no comprehensive international
		recognition and enforcement of	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	N/A	legal instrument exists, and should the discussions at a Hague Conference level be successful, such an instrument will be valuable
		judgments in civil and commercial matters	ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	in relation to the recognition and enforcement of judgments to and from the UK, both at an EU and international level. It is likely to be
		(the Judgements Convention) in the framework of the Hague	Date of Commons debate	N/A	some years, however, before an agreed text emerges. The Council Decision refers to the EU negotiating mandate for the
		Conference on Private International Law	EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	Special Commissions, as the EU has exclusive external competence to negotiate on behalf of EU Member States in this
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	area. As the measure cites a Title V legal base, in accordance with
			Decision	Opted in	Protocol No 21, the Government considers that the UK's JHA opt-ir applies. Given the UK's support in principle for the aims of the
			EU notified of decision	23/06/2016	Convention and our active involvement in work at The Hague, the
			Parliament notified of decision	20/07/2017	Government decided to opt in.
	Ref.	7744/16 RESTREINT EU			As the Commission and Council do not consider that the opt-in applies in circumstances where the EU has exclusive external competence, the UK laid a minute statement clarifying the
	Legal base	Articles 81, 218(3) and (4) TFEU			application of the opt-in.
	Department	Ministry of Justice			
16	Title	Proposal for a COUNCIL DECISION	Date of Publication (last language)	08/03/2016	This proposal seeks authorisation for the EU to sign the Council of Europe Convention on preventing and combating violence against
		on the signing, on behalf of the European	Opt-in deadline	07/06/2016	women and domestic violence. The UK signed the Istanbul Convention on 8 June 2012 to signal its strong commitment to
		Union, of the Council of	Deposited to Parliament	07/03/2016	tackling violence against women and girls, and this Government
		Europe Convention on preventing and	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	21/03/2016	remains committed to ratifying the Convention.
	combating violence against women and	ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	However, the Government does not agree that the EU has exclusive external competence in relation to this Convention and	

		domestic violence	Date of Commons debate	N/A	does not consider that the EU is required to accede to the Convention. The Government considers that it should have been for
		place? European Union should sign the Convent	the Council to determine freely the matters in respect of which the European Union should sign the Convention.		
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	The Government therefore decided not to opt in to this Council
			Decision	Did not opt in	Decision, and will lay a minute statement on adoption of the
			EU notified of decision	N/A	Decision clarifying the UK position on competence.
			Parliament notified of decision	By letter of 13 June 2016	
	Ref.	6695/16			
	Legal base	Article 82(2) and Article 84, in conjunction with Article 218(5) TFEU			
	Department	Home Office			
17	Title	Proposal for a COUNCIL DECISION	Date of Publication (last language)	08/03/2016	This proposal seeks authorisation for the EU to conclude the Council of Europe Convention on preventing and combating
		on the conclusion, by the European Union, of	Opt-in deadline	07/06/2016	violence against women and domestic violence. The UK signed the Istanbul Convention on 8 June 2012 to signal its strong commitment
		the Council of Europe	Deposited to Parliament	07/03/2016	to tackling violence against women and girls, and this Government
		Convention on preventing and	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	21/03/2016	remains committed to ratifying the Convention.
		combating violence against women and	ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	However, the Government does not agree that the EU has exclusive external competence in relation to this Convention and
		domestic violence	Date of Commons debate	N/A	does not consider that the EU is required to accede to the Convention. The Government considers that it should have been for the Council to determine freely the matters in respect of which the
			EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	European Union should sign the Convention.
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	The Government therefore decided not to opt in to this Council
			Decision	Did not opt in	Decision, and will lay a minute statement on adoption of the Decision clarifying the UK position on competence and on the
		EU notified of decision	N/A	applicability of the UK's JHA opt-in.	

			Parliament notified of decision	By letter of 13 June 2016	
	Ref.	6696/16			
	Legal base	Article 82(2) and Article 84, in conjunction with Article 218(6)(a) TFEU			
	Department	Home Office			
18	Title	Proposal for a DIRECTIVE OF THE	Date of Publication (last language)	08/03/2016	A provision (Article 1 of the proposal) states that, for workers who are posted for 24 months or longer, the host country is deemed to
		EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND	Opt-in deadline	09/06/2016	be 'the country in which his or her work is habitually carried out'. By operation of Article 8 of the Rome I Regulation (a JHA civil law
		OFTHE COUNCIL	Deposited to Parliament	11/03/2016	measure which determines the law applicable to contracts), this
		amending Directive 96/71/EC of The	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	24/03/2016	provision is capable of determining the law which governs the employment contract.
		European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 1996 concerning the posting of workers in the	ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	The Government therefore considers that as this provision amends
			Date of Commons debate	N/A	an existing JHA measure, this constitutes a JHA obligation, and in accordance with Article 4(a)(1) of Protocol No 21 on the position of the United Kingdom and Ireland in respect of the area of Freedom,
		framework of the provision of services	EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	Security and Justice annexed to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, the UK's opt-in is triggered. The Government
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	does not consider that it is in the United Kingdom's interest to opt in
			Decision	Did not opt in	to this amendment as the provision is not expected to impact workers posted to the UK as our domestic law broadly provides for
			EU notified of decision	N/A	the effect sought by the proposal.
			Parliament notified of decision	By letter of 28 September 2016	
	Ref.	6987/16			
	Legal base	Articles 53(1) and 62 TFEU			
	Department	Department for Business Innovation and Skills			

19	Title	Recommendation for a COUNCIL DECISION	Date of Publication (last language)	31/05/2016	EU readmission agreements (EURAs) ensure reciprocal procedures for the identification, documentation and return of persons illegally
		authorising the opening	Opt-in deadline	30/08/2016	entering or remaining in EU member states, or the third country. We
		of negotiations on an agreement between the	Deposited to Parliament	N/A	decide whether to participate in EURAs on a case-by-case basis, depending on the priority we attach to the country concerned in
	European Union and the Federal Republic of Nigeria on readmission	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	N/A	terms of numbers of immigration returns and the degree to which we enjoy a good bilateral relationship with that country.	
		ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	A Title V legal base (Article 79(3) TFEU) was added to the Council	
		Date of Commons debate	N/A	Decision during negotiations, which clarifies that the UK's JHA optin is triggered by this measure.	
		EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	The Government have decided not to opt in to this Council Decision authorising the opening of negotiations on an agreement between	
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	the European Union and Nigeria on readmission. In terms of returns
			Decision	Did not opt in	co-operation, the UK already has bilateral arrangements with Nigeria via a memorandum of understanding, which work well, for
			EU notified of decision	N/A	example allowing the return of Nigerian nationals. We would not
			Parliament notified of decision	16/12/2016	envisage an operational advantage if we were to change our current bilateral arrangements for conducting returns to Nigeria.
	Ref.				
	Legal base	Article 218(3) and (4) TFEU			
	Department	Home Office			
20	Title	Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE	Date of Publication (last language)	02/06/2016	The EU Insolvency Regulation has applied to the UK since 2002 and provides a legal framework to ensure that an insolvency
		EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF	Opt-in deadline	01/09/2016	proceeding commenced in a Member State is recognised across the EU, without the need to commence separate proceedings in
		THE COUNCIL	Deposited to Parliament	02/06/2016	other Member States where assets, for example, may be located.
	replacinsolv and in practi	replacing the lists of insolvency proceedings	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	29/06/2016	On 20 May 2015, the Regulation was recast to Regulation (EU) 2015/848 of the European Parliament and of the Council ("the
		and insolvency practitioners in Annexes	ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	recast Regulation"). The recast Regulation came into force on 26 June 2015 and will apply (in the main) from 26 June 2017. The 2015 Regulation cites a Title V legal base and the UK opted in to
		A and B to Regulation (EU) 2015/848 on insolvency proceedings	Date of Commons debate	N/A	this Regulation.
	ilisolven	, p. 55554195	EUC: Did a debate take	No	The current proposal updates the annexes to EU Regulation

			place?		2015/848 to reflect changes made to Poland's insolvency
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	procedures. The amendments proposed to the annexes are considered necessary by the Commission to ensure that Membe
			Decision	Opted in	States' domestic insolvency laws are reflected accurately. The
			EU notified of decision	01/09/2016	Government agrees with the Commission's assessment. The amendments will have no impact on the UK and no changes are
			Parliament notified of decision	By letter - 01/09/16	required to our domestic laws as a result of the amendments. As a result, the Government decided to opt in to the measure.
	Ref.	9710/16			T T
	Legal base	Article 81 TFEU			
	Department	Department for Business Innovation and Skills			
21	Title	Joint Proposal for a COUNCIL DECISION	Date of Publication (last language)	08/06/2016	As with the Council Decision on signature of this agreement, the UK's JHA opt-in was triggered by incidental Mode IV provisions,
		on the conclusion of the Enhanced Partnership and Cooperation Agreement between the European Union and its	Opt-in deadline	07/09/2016	relating to the temporary movement of natural persons for business, which are in line with the UK's previously-agreed Mode IV
			Deposited to Parliament	09/06/2016	commitments under the WTO General Agreement on Trade in Services (GATS). With this in mind, the Government decided to op into the provisions.
			Date of Explanatory Memorandum	15/06/2016	
		Member States, of the one part, and the	ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	Some bilateral partners, including Kazakhstan, are already seeking
		Republic of Kazakhstan, of the other part	Date of Commons debate	N/A	reassurance about their relationships with the UK throughout the UK exit negotiation period and once we have left the EU. Delays to the progression of EU Third Country Agreements have the potential
		other part	EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	to damage future prospects for UK bilateral relations with any countries affected, including potential future trade agreements. In
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	this instance, the Government welcomes and encourages this
			Decision	Opted in	agreement with Kazakhstan. Given the agreement's value to the UK, we see no good reason to delay its progress and application.
			EU notified of decision	07/09/2016	
			Parliament notified of decision	21/09/2016	
	Ref.	10023/16			
	Legal base	Articles 207, 209, 218(6)(a) and 218(9) TFEU			

	Department	Foreign and Commonwealth Office			
22		Proposal for a COUNCIL DECISION	Date of Publication (last language)	13/06/2016	All EU member states are party to the 1980 Hague Convention, the primary civil law international instrument which provides a
		authorising certain Member States to	Opt-in deadline	12/09/2016	mechanism to seek the prompt return of wrongfully removed or retained children to their country of habitual residence.
		accept, in the interest of	Deposited to Parliament	13/06/2016	- retained children to their country of habitual residence.
		the European Union, the accession of	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	28/06/2016	When a country wishes to accede to the Convention, it is necessary for an existing contracting state to accept that country's accession
	Kazakhstan to the 1980 Hague Convention on	Hague Convention on	ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	before the Convention can apply between them. It is the European Commission's view that there is exclusive competence on the EU
		the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction	Date of Commons debate	N/A	for all matters relating to the 1980 Convention and that therefore member states must be authorised by the EU to accept accessions by third countries and must do so collectively through Council
	Proposal for a Council Decision authorising the Republic of Austria and Romania to accept, in	EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	decisions.	
		Republic of Austria and	Date of Lords debate	N/A	Although not anticipated in the proposals, the Government believe
		Romania to accept, in the interest of the	Decision	Opted in	that the UK opt-in under Protocol No 21 to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union applies. The Government has
		European Union, the	EU notified of decision	12/09/2016	asserted its right to choose whether to opt-in and have decided that

		accession of Peru to the 1980 Hague Convention Proposal for a Council Decision authorising certain Member States to accept, in the interest of the European Union, the accession of the Republic of Korea to the 1980 Hague convention	Parliament notified of decision	18/10/2016	it is in the UK's best interests to do so, to ensure the widest possible operation of the Convention. The Government have taken this decision notwithstanding the fact that they dispute the Commission's claim to exclusive competence. The Government believe that the wider significance of these proposals for external competence mean that it is in the UK's interests to participate fully in these negotiations, including having the ability to vote. These proposals must be agreed by unanimity within the EU Council.
	Ref.	10043/16, 10049/16 & 10050/16			
	Legal base	Art 81(3) and 218 TFEU			
	Department	Foreign and Commonwealth Office			
23	Title	Proposal for a Council Decision on the signing	Date of Publication (last language)	06/07/2016	The UK's JHA opt-in was triggered by incidental Mode IV provisions, relating to the temporary movement of natural persons
		on behalf of the European Union of the	Opt-in deadline	05/10/2016	for business, which are in line with the UK's previously-agreed Mode IV commitments under the WTO General Agreement on
		Comprehensive	Deposited to Parliament	07/07/2016	Trade in Services (GATS). With this in mind, the Government
		Economic and Trade Agreement between	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	29/07/2016	decided to opt into the provisions.
		Canada of the one part, and the European Union and its Member	ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	
		States, of the other part	Date of Commons debate	N/A	
			EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	

]		Date of Lords debate	N/A	
			Decision	Opted in	
			EU notified of decision	18/10/2016	
			Parliament notified of decision	24/10/2016	
	Ref.	10968/16			
	Legal base	Article 207 and 209 TFEU			
	Department	Department for Business Innovation and Skills			
24	Title	Proposal for a DIRECTIVE OF THE	Date of Publication (last language)	24/06/2016	The Government decided that the UK will not opt into the European Commission's recent proposal for a revised Blue Card Directive.
		EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF	Opt-in deadline	23/09/2016	The proposal seeks to increase the EU's attractiveness to highly
	THE COUNCIL on the conditions of entry and residence of third-		Deposited to Parliament	13/06/2016	skilled workers from outside the EU. It runs counter to the UK's view
			Date of Explanatory	22/06/2016	that decisions on who comes to the country are best framed at national level in accordance with national assessments of econom need. It would also undermine our ability to reduce net migration.
		country	Memorandum	No	
		nationals for the	ESC: Did a debate take place?	INO	g.
		purposes of highly skilled employment	Date of Commons debate	N/A	
			EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	
			Decision	Did not opt in	
			EU notified of decision	N/A	
			Parliament notified of decision	01/12/2016	
	Ref.	10012/16			
	Legal base	Article 79(2)(a) and (b) TFEU			
	Department	Home Office			

25	Title	Proposal for a Regulation on the	Date of Publication (last language)	01/07/2013	The Government decided not to opt in to the EU proposal for a regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on the
		European Union	Opt-in deadline	30/09/2016	European Union Agency for Asylum.
		Agency for Asylum and repealing Regulation (EU) No 439/2010 (EU	Deposited to Parliament	12/05/2016	The proposed European Union Agency for Asylum would replace the existing European Asylum Support Office (EASO). The UK
		Asylum Agency)	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	23/05/2016	currently participates in EASO.
			ESC: Did a debate take place?	Yes	The aim of the proposal is an agency with more powers to promote the implementation and improve the functioning of the Common
			Date of Commons debate	15/11/2016	European Asylum System. The proposal provides the European Union Agency for Asylum with a significant degree of oversight over national asylum systems.
			EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	We are committed to running a high quality and effective asylum
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	system but have always taken the view that the functioning of the
		Decision	Did not opt in	asylum system is a sovereign matter.	
		EU notified of decision	N/A	The UK will therefore not opt in to the proposal for the EU Agency for Asylum.	
			Parliament notified of decision	16/12/2016	- Ioi Asylum.
	Ref.	8742/16			
	Legal base	Article 78(1) and (2) TFEU			
	Department	Home Office			
26	Title	Proposal for a Regulation amending	Date of Publication (last language)	06/07/2016	The Government decided not to opt in to the draft Council regulation amending the regulation on the uniform format for
		Council Regulation (EC) No 1030/2002	Opt-in deadline	05/10/2016	residence permits for third country nationals. The proposed regulation is intended to update the 2002 regulation, which was
		laying down a uniform	Deposited to Parliament	07/08/2016	previously amended in 2008. The draft measure seeks to update
		format for residence permits	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	16/08/2016	the design and security features on the current version of the residence permit.
			ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	In reaching its decision, although the Government welcome
			Date of Commons debate	N/A	measures that will strengthen immigration and border control, it has taken account of the cost of developing a document that the UK

			EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	may never use. The UK will continue issuing the current format of the residence permit until we leave the EU and we are considering
			Date of Lords debate	and the second s	the options following exit
			Decision	Did not opt in	
			EU notified of decision	N/A	
			Parliament notified of decision	16/12/2016	
	Ref.	10904/16			
	Legal base	Article 79(2)(a) TFEU			
	Department	Home Office			
27	Title	Brussels IIa Regulation- Proposal for a Council	Date of Publication (last language)	06/07/2016	The Government decided to opt in because the UK already applies the current Regulation to the benefit of UK citizens and residents,
		Regulation on jurisdiction and the	Opt-in deadline	05/10/2016	including children, in cross-border families, and it wanted to avoid the risk that, if the new Regulation came into force before the UK's
	recognition and enforcement of judgments in	-	Deposited to Parliament	04/07/2016	exit, and the UK had not opted in, the European Council could deem the old Regulation inoperable and it would no longer apply to the UK even though the UK was still a Member State. Secondly, even after a UK exit the Regulation will affect UK citizens, principally in other Member States, and it is in the UK's interests to
		judgments in	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	03/08/2016	
		matrimonial matters and the matters of parental responsibility,	ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	
		and on international child abduction (recast)	Date of Commons debate	N/A	influence the negotiations. As a family justice measure this proposal must be agreed by unanimity in the Council.
		Sima abadasan (rodasi)	EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	
			Decision	Opted in	
			EU notified of decision	05/10/2016	
			Parliament notified of decision	27/10/2016	
	Ref.	10767/16			
	Legal base	Article 81(3) TFEU			
	Department	Ministry of Justice			

28	Title	Proposal for a Directive of the European Parliament and of the	Date of Publication (last language)	01/08/2016	In line with the Government's position on the 4th Anti-Money Laundering Directive, we considered the proposal to be a partial
			Opt-in deadline	31/10/2016	JHA measure. Whilst the amendments did not have a Title V legal
	Council amending Directive (EU) 2015/849	Deposited to Parliament	11/07/2016	base, we concluded that the provisions relating to the sharing of data from registers between Financial Intelligence Units and law	
		on the prevention of the use of the financial	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	05/09/2016	enforcement authorities triggered the opt-in.
		system for the purposes of money laundering or	ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	The Government supports the sharing of information between law enforcement agencies and therefore decided to opt in to these
		terrorist financing and amending Directive 2009/101/EC	Date of Commons debate	N/A	provisions.
		2000/10/1120	EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	
			Decision	Opted in	
			EU notified of decision	26/10/2016	
			Parliament notified of decision	08/11/2016	
	Ref.	10678/16			
	Legal base	Article 114 TFEU			
	Department	HM Treasury			
29	Title	Council Decisions on signing, provisional	Date of Publication (last language)	12/10/2016	The UK's JHA opt-in was triggered by incidental Mode IV provisions, relating to the temporary movement of natural persons
		application and conclusion of the	Opt-in deadline	11/01/2017	for business, which are in line with the UK's previously-agreed Mode IV commitments under the WTO General Agreement on
		Protocol of Accession	Deposited to Parliament	13/10/2016	Trade in Services (GATS). With this in mind, the Government
		of Ecuador to the Andean Free Trade Agreement	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	28/04/2016 (OTNYR EM)	decided to opt into the provisions. The opt-in decision was expedited to meet the EU deadline for
		Agreement	ESC: Did a debate take place?	No	adoption of the Council Decision on signature of the Protocol.
			Date of Commons debate	N/A	
			EUC: Did a debate take	No	

			place?		
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	
			Decision	Opted in	
			EU notified of decision	08/11/2016	
			Parliament notified of decision	22/11/2016	
	Ref.	7614/16 7616/16			
	Legal base	Articles 91, 100(2), and the first subparagraph of 207(4), in conjunction with Article 218(5) TFEU for signing and Articles 91, 100(2), and the first subparagraph of 207(4), in conjunction with Article218(6)(a) TFEU for conclusion			
	Department	Department for International Trade			
30	Title	Proposal for a Regulation establishing	Date of Publication (last language)	19/08/2016	The Government decided not to opt in to the EU proposal for the Dublin IV regulation.
		the criteria and	Opt-in deadline	18/11/2016	The Description will reverse the present of deciding which responds
		mechanisms for determining the Member State	Deposited to Parliament	12/05/2016	The Regulation will govern the process of deciding which member state is responsible for deciding an asylum claim and streamline the transfer process. The UK supports those aims, but the proposed
	responsible for examining an application for international protection	responsible for examining an	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	23/05/2016	Dublin IV regulation binds member states to participate in a quota- based distribution scheme. The proposal also permits the
			ESC: Did a debate take place?	Yes	Commission to impose considerable financial burdens on member states, of €250,000 per applicant not transferred under this mechanism.
		Member States by a	Date of Commons debate	15/11/2016	medianism.

		third-country national or a stateless person	EUC: Did a debate take place?		The UK has long-standing reservations about such relocation schemes. Asylum seekers should claim asylum in the first safe
		(recast) (Dublin IV)	Date of Lords debate	N/A	country they enter and not be moved around the EU using
			Decision	Did not opt in	allocation quotas.
			EU notified of decision	N/A	By not opting in to Dublin IV regulation, the UK remains bound by the Dublin III regulation, which will allow the Government to return
			Parliament notified of decision	16/12/2016	applicants where another member state is responsible for determining their asylum claim and discourage secondary
	Ref.	8715/16			movement or so called "asylum shopping".
	Legal base	Article 78 (2) (e) TFEU			
	Department	Home Office			
31	Title	Regulation on the establishment of	Date of Publication (last language)	19/08/2016	The Government decided to opt in to the EU proposal for the EURODAC III regulation.
			Opt-in deadline	18/11/2016]
	'Eurodac' for the comparison of fingerprints for the effective application of [Regulation (EU) No	comparison of	Deposited to Parliament	16/05/2016	The Regulation will govern the operation of the EURODAC fingerprint database, which holds the fingerprints of asylum seekers and certain illegal entrants to the EU, in order to help member
		effective application of [Regulation (EU) No	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	24/05/2016	states determine who is responsible under the Dublin regulation for dealing with an asylum claim and to tackle illegal migration.
		604/2013 establishing the criteria and mechanisms for	ESC: Did a debate take place?	Yes	The EURODAC database will be expanded to increase the
		determining the Member State	Date of Commons debate	15/11/2016	categories of fingerprints recorded, to record facial images and biographical data, to increase the length of time data can be stored to five years and to provide better data-sharing procedures between
		responsible for examining an	EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	member states. These changes will strengthen the UK's ability to control illegal migration, prevent multiple asylum applications across
		application for	Date of Lords debate	N/A	member states and protect the UK's security through data sharing
		international protection	Decision	Opted in	with law enforcement agencies.
	lodged in one of the Member States by a	EU notified of decision	17/11/2016		

		third-country national or a stateless person], for identifying an illegally staying third-country national or stateless person and on requests for the comparison with Eurodac data by Member States' law enforcement authorities and Europol for law enforcement purposes (recast) (Eurodac)	Parliament notified of decision	15/12/2016	
	Ref.	8765/16			
	Legal base	Articles 78 (2)(e), 79(2)(c), 87(2)(a) and 88(2)(a) TFEU			
	Department	Home Office			
32	Title	Regulation on the European Union	Date of Publication (last language)	N/A	The Government made a request to the Commission on 16 December 2016 for the UK to participate in this Regulation. The
		Agency for Law Enforcement	Opt-in deadline	N/A	Commission adopted a Decision on 6 March 2017 confirming the
		Cooperation	Deposited to Parliament	N/A	UK's participation in the Regulation. The Regulation will come into force on 1 May 2017.
		(EUROPOL)	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	14/11/2016	Opting in will maintain operational continuity and minimise
			ESC: Did a debate take place?	Yes	disruption for UK law enforcement ahead of the UK exiting the EU, ensuring our Liaison Bureau at Europol is maintained, and that law
			Date of Commons debate	12/12/2016	enforcement agencies can continue to access Europol systems and intelligence.
			EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	

			Decision	Opted in	
			EU notified of decision	16/12/2016	1
		Parliament notified of decision	By EM of 14 November 2016 and debate of 12 December 2016		
	Ref.	Regulation 794/2016			
	Legal base	Article 88 TFEU			
	Department	Home Office			
33	Title	Proposal for a Regulation on standards for the	Date of Publication (last language)	31/08/2016	The Government decided not to opt in to the new EU proposals for a Qualification regulation, an Asylum Procedures regulation and a recast Reception Conditions Directive. The proposals reform the
	qualification of third- country nationals or		Opt-in deadline	01/12/2016	
		•	Deposited to Parliament	19/07/2016	 package of asylum directives adopted between 2011-2013 as part of the second phase of the Common European Asylum System (CEAS).
		beneficiaries of international protection,	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	04/08/2016	The UK chose not to participate in the corresponding second phase
		for a uniform status for refugees or for persons	ESC: Did a debate take place?	Yes	CEAS instruments due to concerns over the limits they would place on our national system. As a result the UK remains bound by the directives adopted as part of the first phase of the CEAS: the
	eligible for subsidiary protection and for the content of the protection granted and amending Council Directive 2003/109/EC	protection and for the	Date of Commons debate	19/12/2016	Reception Conditions Directive 2003/9/EC; the Qualification Directive 2004/83/EC; and the Asylum Procedures Directive
		protection granted and	EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	2005/85/EC. These directives established minimum standards and allowed member states a large degree of flexibility in
		Directive 2003/109/EC	Date of Lords debate	N/A	implementation.
		of 25 November 2003	Decision	Did not opt in	There is some merit in the new proposals, for example the
	concerning the status of third-country nationals	EU notified of decision	N/A	overarching aim of discouraging abuse and unwarranted secondary	

		who are long-term residents	Parliament notified of decision	16/12/2016	movements. However, the Government's view is that decisions on asylum systems are best taken at national level. The proposals, in particular where replacing the use of a Directive with a regulation in the case of the proposals on Qualification and Asylum Procedures, would further limit the Government's ability to take decisions on the UK asylum system at national level and in the UK national interest.
	Ref.	11316/16			There is no reason to change the approach from that taken with regard to the corresponding second phase CEAS measures.
	Legal base	Article 78(2)(a) and (b) and Article 79 (2) (a) TFEU			Therefore, the UK did not opt in to the proposals.
	Department	Home Office			
34	Title	Proposal for a Regulation establishing	Date of Publication (last language)	07/09/2016	The Government decided not to opt in to the new EU proposals for a Qualification regulation, an Asylum Procedures regulation and a
		a common procedure	Opt-in deadline	08/12/2016	recast Reception Conditions Directive. The proposals reform the
	for international protection in the Union and repealing Directive 2013/32/EU	protection in the Union	Deposited to Parliament	20/07/2016	package of asylum directives adopted between 2011-2013 as par of the second phase of the Common European Asylum System (CEAS). The UK chose not to participate in the corresponding second phase
			Date of Explanatory Memorandum	04/08/2016	
			ESC: Did a debate take place?	Yes	CEAS instruments due to concerns over the limits they would place on our national system. As a result the UK remains bound by the directives adopted as part of the first phase of the CEAS: the
			Date of Commons debate	19/12/2016	Reception Conditions Directive 2003/9/EC; the Qualification Directive 2004/83/EC; and the Asylum Procedures Directive
			EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	2005/85/EC. These directives established minimum standards and allowed member states a large degree of flexibility in
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	implementation.
			Decision	Did not opt in	There is some marit in the new proposals for exemple the
			EU notified of decision	N/A	There is some merit in the new proposals, for example the overarching aim of discouraging abuse and unwarranted secondary movements. However, the Government's view is that decisions on
		Parliament notified of decision	16/12/2016	asylum systems are best taken at national level. The proposals, in particular where replacing the use of a Directive with a regulation in	
	Ref.	11317/16			the case of the proposals on Qualification and Asylum Procedures,
	Legal base	Article 78(2)(d) TFEU			would further limit the Government's ability to take decisions on the

	Department	Home Office			UK asylum system at national level and in the UK national interest. There is no reason to change the approach from that taken with regard to the corresponding second phase CEAS measures. Therefore, the UK did not opt in to the proposals.
35	laying down sta for the reception applicants for	international protection	Date of Publication (last language)	12/09/2016	The Government decided not to opt in to the new EU proposals for a Qualification regulation, an Asylum Procedures regulation and a recast Reception Conditions Directive. The proposals reform the package of asylum directives adopted between 2011-2013 as part of the second phase of the Common European Asylum System (CEAS).
			Opt-in deadline	11/12/2016	
			Deposited to Parliament	20/07/2016	
			Date of Explanatory	08/09/2016	
			Memorandum		The UK chose not to participate in the corresponding second phase
			ESC: Did a debate take place?	Yes	CEAS instruments due to concerns over the limits they would place on our national system. As a result the UK remains bound by the directives adopted as part of the first phase of the CEAS: the Reception Conditions Directive 2003/9/EC; the Qualification Directive 2004/83/EC; and the Asylum Procedures Directive 2005/85/EC. These directives established minimum standards and allowed member states a large degree of flexibility in implementation. There is some merit in the new proposals, for example the overarching aim of discouraging abuse and unwarranted secondary movements. However, the Government's view is that decisions on
			Date of Commons debate	19/12/2016	
			EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	
			Date of Lords debate	N/A	
			Decision	Did not opt in	
			EU notified of decision	N/A	
		Parliament notified of decision	16/12/2016	asylum systems are best taken at national level. The proposals, in particular where replacing the use of a Directive with a regulation in	
	Ref.	11318/16			the case of the proposals on Qualification and Asylum Procedures, would further limit the Government's ability to take decisions on the UK asylum system at national level and in the UK national interest. There is no reason to change the approach from that taken with regard to the corresponding second phase CEAS measures. Therefore, the UK did not opt in to the proposals.
	Legal base	Article 78(2)(f) TFEU			
	Department	Home Office			
36	Title	Proposal for a Regulation establishing a Union Resettlement	Date of Publication (last language)	03/09/2016	The UK is of the view that resettlement schemes are best operated at the national level. This allows for greater control and flexibility over both the source countries to be resettled from and the
			Opt-in deadline	04/12/2016	

	Framework and amending Regulation	Deposited to Parliament	20/07/2016	resettlement process. The Government is of the view that the state reasons for action at EU-level, such as alleviating pressures on
	(EU) No 516/2014 of the European Parliament and the Council	Date of Explanatory Memorandum	04/08/2016	countries hosting a disproportionate number of displaced individuals, gaining influence in policy dialogues with third countries and improving the resettlement process, can equally be achieved through close cooperation between international partners operating national resettlement schemes. National schemes also allow resettlement efforts to be aligned with the domestic and international priorities of individual Member States, including maintaining full control over the numbers to be resettled. The Government therefore decided not to opt in to this proposal.
		ESC: Did a debate take place?	Yes	
		Date of Commons debate	19/12/2016	
		EUC: Did a debate take place?	No	
		Date of Lords debate	N/A	
		Decision	Did not opt in	
		EU notified of decision	N/A	
		Parliament notified of decision	23/02/2017	
Ref.	11313/16			7
Legal base	Article 78 (2) (d) and (g) TFEU			
Department	Home Office			

Forthcoming opt-in decisions

Proposal title

Descriptions

Foreign and Commonwealth Office

Council Decisions authorising Croatia, Netherlands, Portugal and Romania to accept the accession of San Marino to the 1980 Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction Where a country wishes to accede to the Convention, it is necessary for an existing connecting State to accept that country's accession before the Convention can apply between them. The EU has exclusive EU competence and therefore the EU has to authorise Member States to accept accessions to this Convention.

Council Decisions authorising Romania to accept accession of Chile, Iceland & Bahamas to the 1980 Hague Convention on Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction.

Council Decisions authorising Luxembourg and Romania to accept the accession of Georgia and South Africa to the 1980 Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction.

Home Office

Proposal for a Regulation on the European Agency for the operational management of large-scale IT systems in the area of freedom, security and justice, and amending Regulation (EC) 1987/2006 and Council Decision 2007/533/JHA and repealing Regulation (EU) 1077/2011 This measure seeks to give additional responsibilities to the EU agency responsible for the management of large-scale IT systems. Specifically, it expands eu-LISA's remit to include the management of the proposed Entry and Exit System (EES) for the Schengen area, European Travel Information and Authorisation System (ETIAS) and the proposed system for the identification of Member States holding conviction information on third country nationals and stateless persons (TCN) to supplement and support the European Criminal Records Information System (ECRIS-TCN system).

Proposal title

Descriptions

Proposal for a Regulation establishing a centralised system for the identification of Member States holding conviction information on third country nationals and stateless persons (TCN) to supplement and support the European Criminal Records Information System (ECRISTCN system) and amending Regulation (EU) No 1077/2011

The proposal builds on a previous Commission proposal to extend the system for exchanging criminal records between Member States (European Criminal Records Information System – ECRIS) to cover criminal records on third country nationals. This Regulation provides the technical specifications for a centralised database to hold criminal record information on third country nationals.

Proposal for a Regulation amending Regulation (EU) 2017/794 for the purpose of establishing a European Travel Information and Authorisation System (ETIAS)

The ETIAS system aims to enhance the security of the Schengen external border by requiring non-EU nationals, who do not require a visa to travel to the Schengen area, to seek authorisation to travel. As a Schengen measure, the UK does not participate in the ETIAS proposal. The ETIAS proposal seeks to require Europol to set up a watchlist for use by the ETIAS system. As the Europol Regulation is not a Schengen measure, this aspect of the proposal has been split into a separate JHA measure to which the JHA opt-in applies.

Ministry of Justice

Recommendation for a
Council Decision authorising
the opening of negotiations on
the conclusion of an
instrument on the enforcement
of international commercial
settlement agreements
resulting from conciliation in
the framework of the United
Nations Commission on
International Trade Law
(UNCITRAL)

In recent years the UNCITRAL working group on Arbitration and Conciliation has been having scoping discussions on an agreement on the enforcement of agreements made through conciliation or mediation. These discussions have been coordinated informally by the European Commission on behalf of the EU. Now that the discussions are entering a more formal phase of negotiations on a possible future instrument the Commission believes that a formal mandate is necessary.

