

## **Technical Documentation**

**BSAvis Version 1.0** 

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#### 1. Introduction

BSAvis is an R package created for identifying genetic loci for phenotypes of interest by applying bulk segregant analysis (BSA) and generating publication-quality plots. Significant peaks in the plots will suggest possible causal regions for the observed phenotype, and therefore, for the underlying mutations.

The only input BSAvis requires is a single Variant Call Format (VCF) file containing variant information (single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) and insertions/deletions (InDels)) of two bulks showing contrasting wild-type and mutant phenotypes. To run BSAvis, it is recommended that the VCF file is generated through Genome Analysis Toolkit version 4 (GATK4) software, having performed joint genotyping to obtain the information from both bulks in a single file.

Alternative variant calling software can be used if the resulting VCF file contains an unfiltered allele depth (AD) column and the data pertaining to variants of both samples (bulks in our case) are contained in the same file, meaning that joint genotyping was performed.

## 2. Program design

The R package was designed to construct plots by applying one of the two BSA methods currently available in this package (referred to as  $\Delta(SNP-index)$  and SNP-ratio). This is achieved through a series of connected functions aimed at a specific method (Figure 1).

Moreover, BSAvis was created to be run through R in two different modes: using package functions or as an interactive R-shiny application.

When run in the first mode, the package functions are designed to be sequentially called in the correct order to construct the plot of a chosen BSA method for a specific chromosome.

When using the second mode, the R-shiny application is designed to allow customisation of different parameters using buttons and widgets prior to generating the plots.

#### 3. Program structure

The BSAvis package is composed of several functions that are managed to implement two BSA methods. The functions that make up the package can be classified into those intended to be run by the user and those created to run the interactive R-shiny application.

Within this classification, functions can be sub-classified into individual functions and wrapper functions (Figure 2). The latter type of function, one for each method, calls a series of individual functions in a specific order to apply the chosen BSA method in one step. The functions that form the package are described below.

## 4. BSAvis package: user accessible functions

#### 4.1. Individual functions

readBSA\_vcf Read VCF file and convert it to data frame

## **Description**

Reads a VCF file and converts it into a data frame. VCF format fields get separated as follows: reference AD, alternate AD, DP, GQ, GT, and GT\_alleles.

#### Usage

```
vcf_list <- readBSA_vcf(file = "dataset1_pools.vcf")</pre>
```

## **Arguments**

file VCF file containing wild-type and mutant pools as samples. Must include AD column

#### Return

List containing two elements: character vector with meta information and data frame with variant information.

## **Details**

Using vcfR package, a VCF file is read and converted into a data frame containing the following columns: chromosome, position, individual (sample ID in the VCF file), reference AD, alternate AD, DP, GQ, GT, and GT\_alleles. The meta information of the VCF file is also extracted. The output is a list containing two elements: meta information and the mentioned data frame.

Calculates, for both wild-type and mutant bulks, the SNP-index value of each variant recorded in the data frame returned by readBSA vcf().

## Usage

## **Arguments**

```
vcf.df data frame returned by readBSA_vcf()
wtBulk ID of the wild-type bulk
mBulk ID of the mutant bulk
variants variant type to be considered (default = "SNP", allowed: "SNP" or "all")
```

#### Return

Data frame containing variant and SNP-index information for each bulk.

#### **Details**

The data frame returned by readBSA\_vcf() is filtered by bulk ID to create two separate data frames: one specific to the wild-type bulk variants information and other one specific to the mutant bulk variants information. For each one of the variants in each data frame, SNP-index is calculated and added as a new column.

In the instance that the type of variants to be considered is set to "SNP", the variants corresponding to InDels are discarded. The rows containing more than three characters in the GT\_alleles column (e.g., "T/AT" corresponds to an insertion and contains 4 characters) or containing three characters but one of them being "\*", meaning a deletion, are removed from the data frame.

Both data frames are then joined by the chromosome and position fields to ensure that merged rows contain information on the same genomic position. This data frame is returned by the function.

Filters out variants in the data frame returned by calc\_SNPindex() which do not fall between minimum DP, maximum DP, minimum SNP-index, maximum SNP-index, and minimum GQ for both wild-type and mutant bulks.

## Usage

#### **Arguments**

```
vcf.df.SNPindex data frame returned by calc_SNPindex()
min.SNPindex
                     min. SNP-index value required for each variant
                     (default=0.3)
max.SNPindex
                     max SNP-index value required for each variant
                     (default=0.9)
min.DP
                     min. read depth value required for each variant
                     (default=50)
max.DP
                     max. read depth value required for each variant
                     (default=200)
min.GQ
                     min. genotype quality value required for each variant
                     (default=99)
```

#### Return

Data frame containing variant and SNP-index information on variants that passed the filters.

#### **Details**

Variants from the data frame returned by <code>calc\_SNPindex()</code> are filtered out based on criteria which are: minimum DP, maximum DP, minimum SNP-index, maximum SNP-index and minimum GQ.

Variants must pass these filters in both bulks to be retained.

Extracts chromosome IDs from the VCF file, based on the meta information contained in the file.

## Usage

```
chromList <- extract_chrIDs(meta = vcf_list$meta)</pre>
```

#### **Arguments**

 $\tt meta$   $\:$  meta information contained in the first element of the list returned by  $\tt readBSA \: vcf()$ 

#### Return

Character vector containing chromosome IDs from VCF file.

#### **Details**

The meta information from the VCF file (which is stored in the first element of the list generated by readBSA vcf()) is taken as input.

The lines in the meta information which contain a sequence of key words (including ID and length) that make those lines unique, are extracted into a character vector.

For each element of that vector, the characters before and after the chromosome ID are removed, resulting in each element of the vector containing only the characters corresponding to a chromosome ID.

The final character vector contains all chromosomes IDs in the way they are named and ordered within the VCF file.

Applies the sliding window technique across the length of a specific chromosome to calculate mean SNP-index in each window of a specific size (in base pairs), taking steps of a particular size.

### Usage

#### **Arguments**

```
meta information contained in the first element of the list returned by readBSA_vcf()

chrList all chromosome IDs as returned by extract_chrIDs()

chrID ID of chromosome of interest

windowSize window size (default=1000000)

windowStep window step (default=100000)

vcf.df.SNPindex.filt filtered SNP-index data frame returned by filter_SNPindex()
```

#### Return

Data frame containing start, mid and stop positions of each window as well as the corresponding mean SNP-index value for each of the bulks.

#### **Details**

Firstly, the length of the chosen chromosome is extracted from the meta information in the VCF file. To this end, the lines from the meta information which contain a sequence of key words (including ID and length) that make those lines unique from the others, are extracted into a character vector.

For each element of that vector, the characters before and after the chromosome length are removed, so the final character vector contains all chromosomes lengths

in the way they are named and ordered in the VCF file (which matches the order of the elements in chrList).

The length of the chosen chromosome is then found by extracting the index of the chrID in chrList since that index will be equal to the index of the length of the chosen chromosome in the vector of lengths.

Once the length of the chromosome has been extracted, the start, mid and stop positions of each window are calculated across the chromosome length. The stop position of each window is calculated by adding the window size (either the default value or the specified by the user) to the start position of the window. The start position of the first window is 1 and the start position of the following window is calculated by adding the step size to the start position of the previous window.

The windows where the stop position falls past the chromosome length are removed. The start, mid and stop positions of each window in the chromosome are stored in a data frame.

Then, the input data frame returned by filter\_SNPindex(), is filtered by the chosen chromosome to restrict the data frame to variants specific to that chromosome.

Next, for each window, only the SNP-indexes of the variants comprised between the initial and final position of the window are considered and the mean SNP-index of the variants between those positions is calculated for both wild-type and mutant bulks. The mean SNP-index of both the wild-type bulk and the mutant bulk in each window are added in separate columns to the data frame containing the start, mid and stop positions.

In the case that no variants were found in a specific window, 0.5 will be the value added to the data frame as the mean SNP-index in order to avoid gaps in the plot corresponding to "Not a Number" (NaN) values. The final data frame with the window positions and mean SN-indexes is returned.

Creates plot showing mean SNP-index values from each bulk against the mid position of the corresponding window in a specific chromosome. Plot can be saved if the dpi argument is called.

## Usage

#### **Arguments**

```
SNPindex.windows
                      data frame returned by slidingWindow()
chr
                      number of the chromosome to be plotted
filename
                      file name under which the plot will be saved
                      (default="plot SNPindex chX")
path
                      path where the file will be saved (default=current working
                      directory)
dpi
                      dpi resolution value of saved plot. If no value is given,
                      plots will be generated but not saved
width
                      width value of saved plot (default=5)
height
                      height value of saved plot (default=7.5)
units
                      size units (default="in")
```

#### Return

```
ggplot2 plot / tiff file.
```

#### **Details**

The mean SNP-index from each bulk is plotted in a different colour against the corresponding window mid position in a ggplot2 line plot.

If the dpi argument is not passed, the plot will be shown in the plot panel; however, if a value is added to the dpi argument, the graph will be saved in tiff format. Additionally, the name with which to save the file, the directory, the height

and width of the plot and their units can be specified in the arguments. The plot will be saved with default values if different ones are not specified.

```
calc deltaSNPindex Calculate \Delta(SNP-index)
```

## **Description**

Calculates for each variant the  $\Delta(SNP\text{-index})$  by subtracting the SNP-index value of the wild-type bulk from the SNP-index value of the mutant bulk.

#### Usage

#### **Arguments**

```
SNPindex.windows data frame returned by slidingWindow()
```

#### Return

Data frame containing start, mid and stop positions of each window in the chromosome as well as the corresponding mean SNP-index value for each bulk and  $\Delta(\text{SNP-index})$  value.

#### **Details**

For each row in the data frame returned by slidingWindow(), corresponding to a different window,  $\Delta(SNP\text{-index})$  is calculated by subtracting the SNP-index value of the reference bulk from the SNP-index value of the mutant bulk. The values of  $\Delta(SNP\text{-index})$  in each window are added to the data frame as a new column.

Creates plot of  $\Delta$ (SNP-index) values against the mid position of the corresponding window in a specific chromosome. Plot can be saved if the dpi argument is called.

## Usage

```
plot_deltaSNPindex(
          deltaSNPindex.windows = deltaSNPindex_windows,
          chr = 3,
          filename = "deltaSNPindex_ch03",
          path = /setPath,
          dpi = 200,
          width = 20,
          height = 12,
          units = "cm"
)
```

## **Arguments**

deltaSNPindex.windows	<pre>data frame returned by calc_deltaSNPindex()</pre>
chr	number of the chromosome to be plotted
filename	<pre>file name under which the plot will be saved (default="plot_deltaSNPindex_chX")</pre>
path	path where the file will be saved ( <b>default</b> =current working directory)
dpi	dpi resolution value of saved plot. If no value is given, plots will be generated but not saved
width	width value of saved plot ( <b>default</b> =5)
height	height value of saved plot ( <b>default</b> =7.5)
units	size units (default="in")

#### Return

```
ggplot2 plot / tiff file.
```

#### **Details**

 $\Delta(\text{SNP-index})$  values are plotted against the window mid position in a ggplot2 line plot. If the dpi argument is not passed, the plot will be shown in the plot panel; however, if a value is added to the dpi argument, the graph will be saved in tiff format. Additionally, the name with which to save the file, the directory, the height and width of the plot and their units can be specified in the arguments. The plot will be saved with default values if different ones are not specified.

Calculates the SNP-ratio between the wild-type and the mutant bulk and adds it as a new column in the data frame returned by readBSA vcf().

## Usage

## **Arguments**

```
vcf.df data frame returned by readBSA_vcf()
wtBulk ID of the wild-type bulk

mBulk ID of the mutant bulk
variants variant type to be considered (default = "SNP", allowed: "SNP" or "all")
```

#### Return

Data frame containing variant and SNP-ratio information.

#### **Details**

The data frame returned by readBSA\_vcf() is filtered by bulk ID to create two separate data frames: one specific to the wild-type bulk variants information and other one specific to the mutant bulk variants information.

In the instance that the type of variants is set to "SNP", the variants corresponding to InDels are discarded by removing the rows in the data frame containing more than three characters in the GT\_alleles column (e.g., "T/AT" corresponds to an insertion and contains 4 characters). This also applies for deletions, where one of the three characters is a "\*".

Both data frames (wild-type bulk and mutant bulk) are then joined by the chromosome and position fields. The SNP-ratio is then calculated for each of the variants and the values are added in a new column of the joint data frame, which will be returned by the function.

Filters out variants in the data frame returned by calc\_SNPratio() which do not fall between the minimum SNP-index, minimum DP and maximum DP, for both wild-type and mutant bulks.

## Usage

## **Arguments**

```
vcf.df.SNPratio data frame returned by calc_SNPratio()
min.SNPratio min. SNP-ratio value required for each variant (default=0.1)
min.DP min. read depth value required for each variant (default=50)
max.DP max. read depth value required for each variant (default=200)
```

#### Return

Data frame containing variant information on variants that passed the filters.

#### **Details**

Variants in the data frame returned by calc\_SNPratio() with SNP-ratio values less than the supplied (or default) minimum SNP-ratio value, as well as variants which do not fall between the provided (or default) minimum and maximum DP values in both bulks, are discarded and removed from the final data frame returned by the function.

Creates a plot of SNP-ratio values across positions of a specified chromosome. Plot can be saved if the dpi argument is called.

#### Usage

```
plot_SNPratio(
    vcf.df.SNPratio.filt = vcf_df_SNPratio_filt,
    chrList = chromList,
    chrID = "SL4.0ch03",
    chr = 3,
    min.SNPratio = 0.3,
    degree = 2,
    span = 0.3,
    filename = "SNPratio_ch03",
    path = /setPath,
    dpi = 200,
    width = 20,
    height = 12,
    units = "cm"
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
vcf.df.SNPratio.filt data frame returned by filter_SNPratio()
chrList
                           chromosome IDs as returned by
                           extract chrIDs()
chrID
                           ID of chromosome of interest
chr
                           number of the chromosome to be plotted
min.SNPratio
                           min. SNP-ratio value required for each variant
                           (default=0.1)
degree
                           degree value for LOESS smoothing (default=2)
span
                           span value for LOESS smoothing (default=0.07)
filename
                           file name under which the plot will be saved
                           (default="plot SNPratio chX")
path
                           path where the file will be saved (default=current
                           working directory)
dpi
                           dpi resolution value of saved plot. If no value is
                           given, plots will be generated but not saved
width
                           width value of saved plot (default=5)
height
                           height value of saved plot (default=7.5)
units
                           size units (default="in")
```

#### Return

ggplot2 plot / tiff file.

#### **Details**

The data frame returned by filter\_SNPratio() is filtered by the input chromosome to restrict the data frame to the variants specific to the chosen chromosome.

LOESS regression is then applied to the chromosome positions and SNP-ratio values in order to smooth the resulting line. Degree and span parameters of the LOESS regression can be specified in the function arguments. If no values are specified, the default degree and span values will be used.

The smoothed SNP-ratio values are plotted against the chromosome position in a line plot. A cut-off line is included in the plot (equivalent to the minimum SNP-ratio required).

If the dpi argument is not passed, the plot will be shown in the plot panel; however, if a value is added to the dpi argument, the graph will be saved in tiff format. Additionally, the name with which to save the file, the directory, the height and width of the plot and their units can be specified in the arguments. The plot will be saved with default values if different ones are not specified.

## 4.2. Wrapper functions

```
SNPindex plot Call all functions involved in SNP-index plots
```

## **Description**

Wrapper function for SNP-index plots ( $\Delta$ (SNP-index) method). Calls all functions involved in plotting mean SNP-index values from each bulk against the mid position of the corresponding window in a specific chromosome.

## Usage

```
SNPindex plot(
     vcf.list = vcf list,
     wtBulk = "pool S3781 minus",
     mBulk = "pool S3781 plus",
     variants = "all",
     min.SNPindex = 0.25,
     max.SNPindex = 0.8,
     min.DP = 60,
     max.DP = 250,
     min.GQ = 98,
     chrID = "SL4.0ch03",
     chr = 3,
     windowSize = 2000000,
     windowStep = 20000,
     filename = "SNPindex ch03",
     path = /setPath,
     dpi = 200,
     width = 20,
     height = 12,
     units = "cm"
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
vcf.list
                 object returned by readBSA vcf()
wtBulk
                 ID of the wild-type bulk
mBulk
                 ID of the mutant bulk
variants
                 variant type to be considered (default = "SNP", allowed: "SNP"
                 or "all")
min.SNPindex
                 min. SNP-index value required for each variant (default=0.3)
max.SNPindex
                 max. SNP-index value required for each variant (default=0.9)
min.DP
                 min. read depth value required for each variant (default=50)
max.DP
                 max. read depth value required for each variant (default=200)
min.GQ
                 min. genotype quality value required for each variant (default=99)
```

chrID ID of chromosome of interest

chr number of the chromosome to be plotted

windowSize window size(default=1000000)
windowStep window step (default=10000)

file name under which the plot will be saved

(default="plot SNPindex chX")

path where the file will be saved (**default**=current working

directory)

dpi dpi resolution value of saved plot. If no value is given, plots will be

generated but not saved

width value of saved plot (**default**=5)
height height value of saved plot (**default**=7.5)

units size units (default="in")

#### Return

ggplot2 plot / tiff file.

#### **Details**

Wrapper function that sequentially calls in the appropriate order all the functions involved in creating a SNP-index plot:

 $\verb|calc_SNP| index(), filter_SNP| index(), extract_chrIDs(), sliding \verb|W| indow()| and plot_SNP| index().$ 

The result is a plot showing for each bulk mean SNP-index values against the mid position of the corresponding window in a specific chromosome.

Wrapper function for  $\Delta(\text{SNP-index})$  method. Calls all functions involved in plotting  $\Delta(\text{SNP-index})$  values against the mid position of the corresponding window in a specific chromosome.

## Usage

```
deltaSNPindex plot(
     vcf.list = vcf list,
     wtBulk = "pool S3781 minus",
     mBulk = "pool S3781 plus",
     variants = "all",
     min.SNPindex = 0.25,
     max.SNPindex = 0.8,
     min.DP = 60,
     max.DP = 250,
     min.GQ = 98,
     chrID = "SL4.0ch03",
     chr = 3,
     windowSize = 2000000,
     windowStep = 20000,
     filename = "deltaSNPindex ch03",
     path = /setPath,
     dpi = 200,
     width = 20,
     height = 12,
     units = "cm"
)
```

#### **Arguments**

vcf.list	object returned by readBSA_vcf()
wtBulk	ID of the wild-type bulk
mBulk	ID of the mutant bulk
variants	<pre>variant type to be considered (default = "SNP", allowed:    "SNP" or "all")</pre>
min.SNPindex	min. SNP-index value required for each variant ( <b>default</b> =0.3)
max.SNPindex	max. SNP-index value required for each variant ( <b>default</b> =0.9)
min.DP	min. read depth value required for each variant ( <b>default</b> =50)
max.DP	max. read depth value required for each variant ( <b>default</b> =200)
min.GQ	min. genotype quality value required for each variant ( <b>default</b> =99)
chrID	ID of chromosome of interest

chr number of the chromosome to be plotted

windowSize window size(default=1000000)
windowStep window step (default=10000)

file name under which the plot will be saved

(default="plot deltaSNPindex chX")

path where the file will be saved (**default**=current working

directory)

dpi dpi resolution value of saved plot. If no value is given, plots will

be generated but not saved

width value of saved plot (**default**=5)
height height value of saved plot (**default**=7.5)

units size units (default="in")

#### Return

ggplot2 plot / tiff file.

## **Details**

Wrapper function for the  $\Delta(SNP\text{-index})$  method which sequentially calls in the appropriate order all the functions involved in this method:

calc\_SNPindex(), filter\_SNPindex(), extract\_chrIDs(), slidingW
indow(), calc\_deltaSNPindex() and plot\_deltaSNPindex().

The result is a plot showing  $\Delta(SNP-index)$  against the mid position of the corresponding window in a specific chromosome.

Wrapper function for SNP-ratio method. Calls all functions involved in plotting SNP-ratio values across positions of a specific chromosome.

## Usage

```
SNPratio plot(
     vcf.list = vcf list,
     wtBulk = "pool S3781 minus",
     mBulk = "pool S3781 plus",
     variants = "all",
     min.SNPratio = 0.25,
     min.DP = 60,
     max.DP = 250,
     chrID = "SL4.0ch03",
     chr = 3,
     degree = 2,
     span = 0.3,
     filename = "SNPratio ch03",
     path = /setPath,
     dpi = 200,
     width = 20,
     height = 12,
     units = "cm"
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
vcf.list
                 object returned by readBSA vcf()
wtBulk
                 ID of the wild-type bulk
mBulk
                 ID of the mutant bulk
variants
                 variant type to be considered. Default = "SNP" (allowed:
                 "SNP" or "all")
min.SNPratio
                 min. SNP-ratio value required for each variant (default=0.1)
min.DP
                 min. read depth value required for each variant (default=50)
max.DP
                 max. read depth value required for each variant (default=200)
chrID
                 ID of chromosome of interest
chr
                 number of the chromosome to be plotted
degree
                 degree value for LOESS smoothing (default=2)
span
                 span value for LOESS smoothing (default=0.07)
filename
                 file name under which the plot will be saved
                 (default="plot SNPratio chX")
```

path where the file will be saved (**default**=current working

directory)

dpi dpi resolution value of saved plot. If no value is given, plots will

be generated but not saved

width value of saved plot (**default**=5)
height height value of saved plot (**default**=7.5)

units size units (default="in")

#### Return

ggplot2 plot / tiff file.

#### **Details**

Wrapper function to sequentially call in the appropriate order all the functions involved in the SNP-ratio method:

```
calc_SNPratio(), filter_SNPratio(), extract_chrIDs() and plot_
SNPratio().
```

The result is a plot showing SNP-ratio between both bulks (wild-type and mutant) across chromosome positions.

## 5. BSAvis package: R-shiny application underlying functions

The following functions were specifically created for R-shiny purposes and thus to be called by BSAvis shiny() and not by the user.

## 5.1. Specific plot functions to R-shiny

```
shinyPlot_SNPindex R-shiny: Plot SNP-index across chromosome positions (not intended to be run by the user)
```

## **Description**

Creates plot specific to R-shiny application showing for each bulk (or just one of them) the mean SNP-index versus the mid position of the corresponding window in a specific chromosome.

## **Usage**

Function not intended to be run by the user.

#### **Arguments**

vcf.df.window.SNPindex	data frame returned by slidingWindow()
chr	ID of the chromosome to be plotted
bulk	bulk whose SNP-index to plot (0 for both bulks, 1 for wild-type bulk and 2 for mutant bulk)
ranges	range for x-axis and y-axis

#### Return

```
ggplot2 plot
```

#### **Details**

This function is a variant of the plot\_SNPindex() function created to meet the needs of the R-shiny application.

Firstly, a ggplot object is created with all necessary elements in the plot except the lines, each for one bulk, corresponding to mean SNP-index against the mid position of the corresponding window in a specific chromosome.

Based on the value of the bulk argument, the appropriate SNP-index line(s) will be added to the previously created ggplot object. If bulk=0 two lines corresponding to the SNP-indexes of both wild-type and mutant bulks will be added, while if bulk=1 or bulk=2 a single line will be added to the plot

corresponding to the wild-type bulk SNP-indexes or mutant bulk SNP-indexes, respectively.

The value of the bulk argument will be set inside the R-shiny application function (BSAvis\_shiny()) depending on the user input.

Additionally, this function includes the ranges argument that allows setting the limits of the x and y-axis to show a zoomed area of the SNP-index plot when that area is selected to be enlarged from the R-shiny application. If no area is selected, the x and y axis limits will be set to null, showing the entire plot.

This function does not include any arguments related to plot saving because this functionality is accomplished with a specific button in the R-shiny application.

R-shiny: I	Plot $\Delta$ (SNP-inde.	x) across ci	hromosome
positions (	(not intended to	be run by	the user)

shinyPlot deltaSNPindex

## **Description**

Creates plot specific to R-shiny application showing  $\Delta(SNP\text{-index})$  versus the mid position of the corresponding window in a specific chromosome.

## Usage

Function not intended to be run by the user.

## **Arguments**

```
vcf.df.window.delta data frame returned by calc_deltaSNPindex()
chr ID of the chromosome to be plotted
ranges range for x-axis and y-axis
```

#### Return

```
ggplot2 plot
```

#### **Details**

This function is a variant of the plot\_deltaSNPindex() function created to meet the needs of the R-shiny application. The difference with the original is that it includes the ranges argument that allows setting the limits of the x and y-axis to show a zoomed area of the  $\Delta(SNP\text{-index})$  plot when that area is selected to be enlarged from the R-shiny application. If no area is selected, the x and y-axis limits will be set to null, showing the entire plot.

This function does not include any arguments related to plot saving because this functionality is accomplished with a specific button in the R-shiny application.

Creates plot specific to R-shiny application showing SNP-ratio versus position in a specific chromosome.

## Usage

Function not intended to be run by the user.

## **Arguments**

vcf.df.SNPratio.filt	<pre>data frame returned by calc_deltaSNPindex()</pre>
chrList	<pre>chromosome IDs as returned by extract_chrIDs()</pre>
chrID	ID of chromosome of interest
chr	number of the chromosome to be plotted
min.SNPratio	min. SNP-ratio value required for each variant ( <b>default</b> =0.1)
degree	degree value for LOESS smoothing ( <b>default</b> =2)
span	span value for LOESS smoothing ( <b>default</b> =0.07)
ranges	range for x-axis and y-axis

#### Return

ggplot2 plot

#### **Details**

This function is a variant of the plot\_SNPratio() function created to meet the needs of the R-shiny application. The difference with the original is that it includes the ranges argument that allows setting the limits of the x and y-axis to show a zoomed area of the SNP-ratio plot when that area is selected to be enlarged from the R-shiny application. If no area is selected, the x and y-axis limits will be set to null, showing the entire plot.

This function does not include any arguments related to plot saving because this functionality is accomplished with a specific button in the R-shiny application.

### 5.2. Specific wrapper functions to R-shiny

shiny\_SNPindex R-shiny: Call all functions involved in SNP-index plots (not intended to be run by the user)

## **Description**

Wrapper function for SNP-index plots ( $\Delta$ (SNP-index) method) specific to R-shiny application. Calls all functions involved in plotting mean SNP-index values from both bulks (or just one of them) against the mid position of the corresponding window in a specific chromosome.

## Usage

Function not intended to be run by the user.

## **Arguments**

vcf.list	object returned by readBSA_vcf()
wtBulk	ID of the wild-type bulk
mBulk	ID of the mutant bulk
variants	variant type to be considered (allowed: "SNP" or "all")
min.SNPindex	min. SNP-index value required for each variant
max.SNPindex	max. SNP-index value required for each variant
min.DP	min. read depth value required for each variant
max.DP	max. read depth value required for each variant
min.GQ	min. genotype quality value required for each variant
chrID	ID of chromosome of interest
chr	number of the chromosome to be plotted
windowSize	window size
windowStep	window step
bulk	bulk whose SNP-index to plot (0 for both bulks, 1 for wild-type bulk and 2 for mutant bulk)
ranges	range for x-axis and y-axis

## Return

ggplot2 plot

#### **Details**

Wrapper function for creating SNP-index plots in the R-shiny application. The functions involved are sequentially called in the appropriate order:

calc\_SNPindex(), filter\_SNPindex(), extract\_chrIDs(), slidingW
indow() and shinyPlot\_SNPindex().

The function was created to be uniquely used by  ${\tt BSAvis\_shiny}$  ().

Wrapper function for  $\Delta(SNP\text{-index})$  method) specific to R-shiny application. Calls all functions involved in plotting  $\Delta(SNP\text{-index})$  values against the mid position of the corresponding window in a specific chromosome.

## Usage

Function not intended to be run by the user.

## **Arguments**

vcf.list	object returned by readBSA_vcf()
wtBulk	ID of the wild-type bulk
mBulk	ID of the mutant bulk
variants	variant type to be considered (allowed: "SNP" or "all")
min.SNPindex	min. SNP-index value required for each variant
max.SNPindex	max. SNP-index value required for each variant
min.DP	min. read depth value required for each variant
max.DP	max. read depth value required for each variant
min.GQ	min. genotype quality value required for each variant
chrID	ID of chromosome of interest
Chr	number of the chromosome to be plotted
windowSize	window size
windowStep	window step
ranges	range for x-axis and y-axis

#### Return

```
ggplot2 plot
```

#### **Details**

Wrapper function for creating  $\Delta(\text{SNP-index})$  plots in the R-shiny application. The functions involved are sequentially called in the appropriate order: calc\_SNPindex(), filter\_SNPindex(), extract\_chrIDs(), slidingW indow(), calc deltaSNPindex() and shinyPlot deltaSNPindex().

The function was created to be uniquely used by BSAvis shiny().

Wrapper function for SNP-ratio method specific to R-shiny application. Calls all functions involved in plotting SNP-ratio values across positions of a specific chromosome.

#### **Usage**

Function not intended to be run by the user.

## **Arguments**

vcf.list	object returned by readBSA_vcf()
wtBulk	ID of the wild-type bulk
mBulk	ID of the mutant bulk
variants	variant type to be considered (allowed: "SNP" or "all")
min.SNPratio	min. SNP-ratio value required for each variant
min.DP	min. read depth value required for each variant
max.DP	max. read depth value required for each variant
chrID	ID of chromosome of interest
chr	number of the chromosome to be plotted
degree	degree value for LOESS smoothing
span	span value for LOESS smoothing
ranges	range for x-axis and y-axis

## Return

```
\verb"ggplot2" plot"
```

#### **Details**

Wrapper function for creating SNP-index plots in the R-shiny application. The functions involved are sequentially called in the appropriate order:  $calc_SNPratio()$ ,  $filter_SNPratio()$ ,  $extract_chrIDs()$  and  $shiny_SNPratio()$ .

The function was created to be uniquely used by BSAvis shiny().

BSAvis\_shiny Launch BSAvis R-shiny application

## **Description**

Launches R-shiny application to create and save SNP-index,  $\Delta$ (SNP-index) and SNP-ratio plots while exploring and customising the different parameters involved.

## Usage

```
BSAvis_shiny(vcf.list = vcf_list)
```

#### **Arguments**

vcf.list Object returned by readBSA vcf()

#### Return

R-shiny application

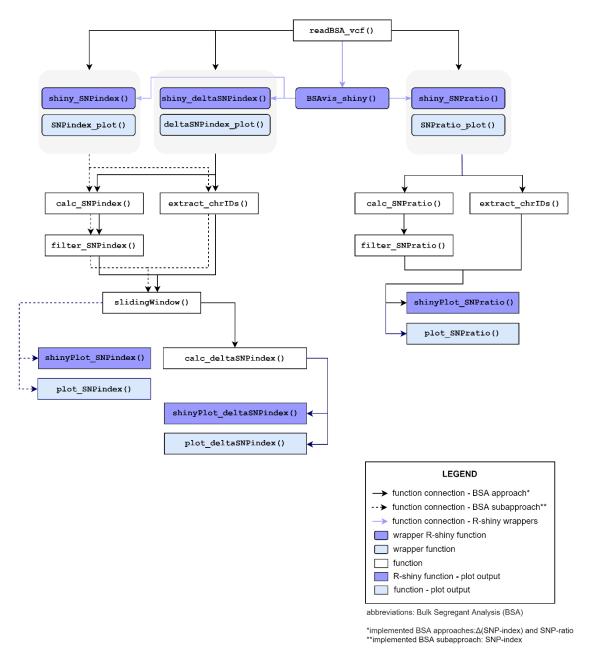
#### **Details**

This function was implemented to launch a R-shiny application allowing the user to make an interactive use of the BSAvis package.

The body of the BSAvis\_shiny() function is composed of two elements: the user interface (ui) and the server. The ui code adds buttons, widgets and plots panels in order to build a single screen with the upper part intended to show the plots related to the  $\Delta(SNP\text{-index})$  method and the widgets to modify it, while the lower part showing the SNP-ratio method plot and the widgets to customise it.

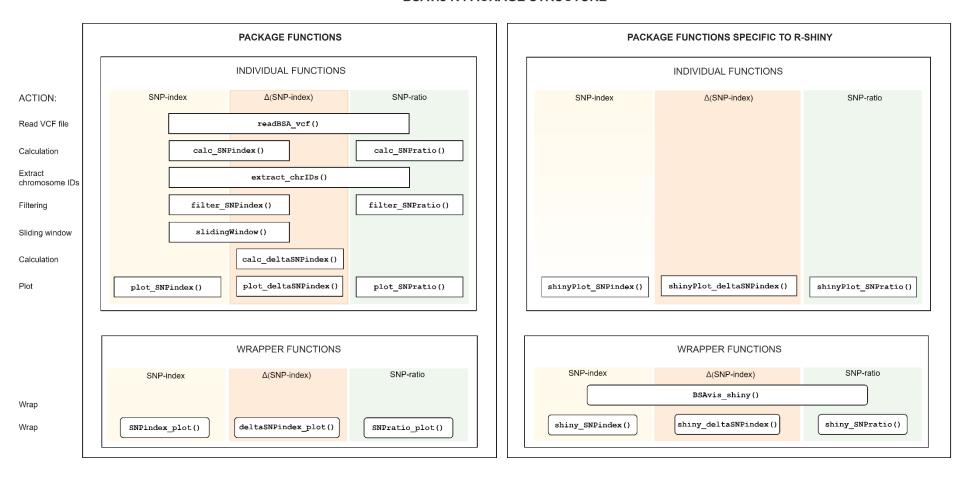
The server's code makes use of reactive expressions and calls to the <code>shiny\_SNPindex()</code>, <code>shiny\_deltaSNPindex()</code> and <code>shiny\_SNPratio()</code> functions to rebuild and display the plots based on the parameters value selected by the user through the widgets. This part also includes the code that allows saving the plots by using the appropriate button which launches a save configuration window. Furthermore, the plots are rebuilt in the event that the user selects an area of the plot with the mouse and double-clicks to zoom in on that area.

## 6. Figures



**Figure 1. Connection between BSAvis functions.** All the functions that make up the BSAvis package are shown here. The connections between them are indicated by arrows, showing how outputs become inputs of functions called later in the process.

#### **BSAvis R PACKAGE STRUCTURE**



**Figure 2. Classification of BSAvis functions.** The classification and sub-classifications of each of the functions that make up the BSAvis package are shown above. The actions carried out by the functions are indicated on the left.