Opening a Dataset

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1 Opening a Dataset

Go to the RMD, R, PDF, or HTML version of this file. Go back to fan's REconTools Package, R Code Examples Repository (bookdown site), or Intro Stats with R Repository (bookdown site).

We have a dataset on basketball teams. The dataset, Basketball.csv, can be downloaded here.

We will load in the dataset and do some analysis with it.

1.1 Paths to Data

Relative Path

The dataset is stored in a csv file. The folder structure for this file we are working inside and the data file is:

- main folder: Stat4Econ
 - subfolder: data
 - * file: Basketball.csv
 - subfolder: descriptive
 - * file: DataBasketball.ipynb (the jupyter notebook file)
 - * file: DataBasetball.html (the html version of the jupyter notebook file

overall this means: - the csv file's location is: '/Stat4Econ/descriptive/data/Basketball.csv' - the working R code file's location is: '/Stat4Econ/descriptive/data/DataBasketball.ipynb'

Given this structure, to access the *Basketball.csv* dataset, we need to go one folder up from our current subfolder to the mainfolder, and then choose the data subfolder, and the Basketball.csv file in the subfolder.

Absolute Path

If these files are not in the same main folder but are in different locations on your computer, you can find the full path to the csv path and copy paste the path below in between the single quotes.

search on google to find out how to get the full path to file: - google search for find full path for file on mac + this might end up looking like: '/Users/fan/Downloads/Basketball.csv' - google search for find full path for file on PC + this might end up looking like: 'C:/Users/fan/Documents/Dropbox/Basketball.csv'

Using Relative path to load in data

We will load in the data using base R read.csv function.

- For what the variables mean, see here
- For what NBA team names correspond to, see here.

```
# We can load the dataset in first by setting our directory, then loading in the dataset basetball_data <- read.csv('data/Basketball.csv')
```

```
# Alternatively, we can just use one line
basetball_data <- read.csv('data/Basketball.csv')</pre>
```

Summarize all variables in data frame summary(basetball_data)

## ##	ilkid Length:21959	year Min. :1946	firstname Length:21959	lastname Length:21959	team Length:2195	leag 59 Length:21
##	Class :character	1st Qu.:1974	Class :character	c Class :charac	ter Class:char	racter Class :cl
##	Mode :character	Median:1988	Mode :character	Mode :charac	ter Mode :char	racter Mode :cl
##		Mean :1986				
##		3rd Qu.:1999				
##		Max. :2009				
##	pts	oreb	dreb	reb	asts	stl
##	Min. : 0.0	Min. : 0.00	Min. : 0.0	Min. : 0.0	Min. : 0.0	Length:21959
##	1st Qu.: 113.0	1st Qu.: 0.00	1st Qu.: 1.0	1st Qu.: 44.0	1st Qu.: 20.0	Class :characte
##	Median : 386.0	Median : 22.00	Median: 60.0	Median : 160.0	Median: 71.0	Mode :characte
##	Mean : 531.1	Mean : 49.79	Mean : 117.8	Mean : 229.7	Mean : 118.1	
##	3rd Qu.: 811.0	3rd Qu.: 75.00	3rd Qu.: 180.0	3rd Qu.: 333.0	3rd Qu.: 167.0	
##	Max. :4029.0	Max. :587.00	Max. :1538.0	Max. :2149.0	Max. :1164.0	
##	pf	fga	fgm	fta	ftm	tpa
##	Min. : 0.0	Min. : 0.0	Min. : 0.0	Min. : 0.0	Min. : 0.0	Min. : 0.00
##	1st Qu.: 43.0	1st Qu.: 106.0	1st Qu.: 43.0	1st Qu.: 30.0	1st Qu.: 20.0	1st Qu.: 0.00
##	Median :118.0	Median : 345.0	Median : 148.0	Median : 99.0	Median: 70.0	Median: 2.00
##	Mean :123.6	Mean : 452.5	Mean : 204.2	Mean : 146.9	Mean :109.6	Mean : 38.07
##	3rd Qu.:193.0	3rd Qu.: 696.0	3rd Qu.: 313.0	3rd Qu.: 218.0	3rd Qu.:161.0	3rd Qu.: 27.00
##	Max. :386.0	Max. :3159.0	Max. :1597.0	Max. :1363.0	Max. :840.0	Max. :678.00