



CURSO 2022-2023

METALENGUAJES

DISEÑO DE LENGUAJES DE PROGRAMACIÓN

SARA FERNÁNDEZ ARIAS

UO269546

CONVOCATORIA EXTRAORDINARIA DE JUNIO



Contenido

Léxico del lenguaje	2
Sintaxis del lenguaje	3
Gramática Abstracta	4
Fase de Comprobación de tipos.	5
Atributos	6
Métodos auxiliares	7
Fase de generación de Código	8

Léxico del lenguaje

Descrito mediante expresiones regulares.

INT_CONSTANT	[0-9]+
REAL_CONSTANT	[0-9]+.'[0-9]+
CHAR_CONSTANT	"\\n\" ^"~[\t\r\n]"
IDENT	[a-zA-Z]+((')?[a-zA-Z0-9])*
LINE_COMMENT	'/' .*? ('\n' EOF) -> skip
MULTILINE_COMMENT	/*' .*? '*/ -> skip
WHITESPACE	[\t\r\n]+ -> skip

Sintaxis del lenguaje

Descrita mediante una Gramática Libre de Contexto.

start-> definition* EOF

definition-> **IDENT** '('(parameter*)' ':' type '{'varDefinition* statement*'}'
| **'var'** **IDENT** ':' type ';'
| **'struct'** **IDENT** '{'(structField ';') * '}' ';'

parameter-> **IDENT** ':' type

structField-> **IDENT** ':' type

type-> **'int'**
| **'float'**
| **'char'**
| **'[INT_CONSTANT]'** type
| **IDENT**

statement -> expression '='expression ';'
| **'if'** '('expression')' '{statement* '}' (**'else'** '{ statement*'})?
| **'while'** '('expression')' '{ statement* '}'
| **'read'** expression ';'
| (**'print'** | **'printsp'** | **'println'**) expression? ';'
| **IDENT** '('(expression ('expression) *)?)' ';'
| **'return'** expression ';'

expression-> **IDENT**

| **INT_CONSTANT**
| **REAL_CONSTANT**
| **CHAR_CONSTANT**
| '('expression')'
| expression ':' **IDENT**
| expression '['expression']'
| **'!'** expression
| **'<'** type **'>'** '('expression')'
| **IDENT** '('(expression (' expression) *)? ')'
| expression ('*' | '/' | '%') expression
| expression ('+' | '-') expression
| expression ('>' | '<' | '>=' | '<=' | '==' | '!=') expression
| expression '&&' expression
| expression '||' expression

Gramática Abstracta

Detalle de los nodos del AST.

Program -> definitions:definition*;

VarDefinition:definition -> type name:string;

FunctionDefinition:definition -> name:string parameters:varDefinition* returnType:type localDefs:varDefinition* body:statement*;

StructDefinition:definition ->name:string fields:StructField*;

StructField->name:string type;

VoidType:type->;

IntType:type -> ;

FloatType:type -> ;

CharType:type -> ;

ArrayType:type -> dimension:int type;

StructType:type -> name:string;

Print:statement -> expression variant:string;

Read:statement -> expression;

IfStatement:statement -> condition:expression body:statement* elseBody:statement*;

While:statement ->condition:expression body:statement*;

Assignment:statement -> left:expression right:expression;

Return:statement -> expression;

InvocationStatement:statement -> name:string parameters:expression*;

Invocation:expression -> name:string parameters:expression*;

ArithmeticExpression:expression -> left:expression operator:string right:expression;

Comparison:expression -> left:expression operator:string right:expression;

And:expression -> left:expression right:expression;

Or:expression -> left:expression right:expression;

Not:expression -> expression;

Cast:expression -> type expression;

ArrayAccess:expression -> array:expression position:expression;

StructFieldAccess:expression -> struct:expression field:string;

VariableReference:expression -> name:string;

LiteralInt:expression -> value:int;

LiteralFloat:expression -> value:double;

LiteralChar:expression -> value:character;

Fase de Comprobación de tipos.

Descrita mediante una gramática atribuida.

Nodo	Predicados	Reglas Semánticas
Program → <i>definitions:definition*</i>		
variable → <i>name:String type:type</i>		
StructField → <i>name:String type:type</i>		
VarDefinition: <i>definition → type:type name:String</i>		
FunctionDefinition: <i>definition → name:String parameters:VarDefinition* returnType:type localDefs:VarDefinition* statements:statement*</i>	hasSimpleType(parameters)==true hasSimpleType(returnType)==true	
StructDefinition: <i>definition → name:String fields:StructField*</i>		
VoidType: <i>type → λ</i>		
IntType: <i>type → λ</i>		
FloatType: <i>type → λ</i>		
CharType: <i>type → λ</i>		
ArrayType: <i>type → dimension:String type:type</i>		
StructType: <i>type → name:String</i>		
Print: <i>statement → expression:expression variant:String</i>	hasSimpleType(expression.type)==true	print.hasReturnStatement=false
Read: <i>statement → expression:expression</i>	hasSimpleType(expression.type)==true expression.lvalue==true	read.hasReturnStatement=false
IfStatement: <i>statement → condition:expression body:statement* elseBody:statement*</i>	Condition.type==intType	If(elseBody.size>0){ ifStatement.hasReturnStatement= ((Body.stream().AnyMatch(stmt->stmt.hasReturnStatement)) &&(ElseBody.stream().AnyMatch(stmt->stmt.hasReturnStatement)) } }else{ ifStatment.hasReturnStatement=false }
While: <i>statement → condition:expression body:statement*</i>	Condition.type==IntType	While.hasReturnStatement= Body.stream().AnyMatch(stmt->stmt.hasReturnStatement)
Assignment: <i>statement → left:expression right:expression</i>	hasSimpleType(left.type) left.type==right.type left.lvalue==true	Assignment.hasReturnStatement=false
Invocation: <i>statement → name:String parameters:variable*</i>	checkArguments(functionDefinition.parameters, parameters)	Invocation.hasReturnStatement=false
Invocation: <i>expression → name:String parameters:variable*</i>	checkArguments(functionDefinition.parameters, parameters) functionDefinition.returnType!=VoidType	Invocation.type=FunctionDefinition.returnType Invocation.lvalue=false
Return: <i>statement → expression:expression</i>	If(Return.functionDefinition.returnType!=void){	Return.functionDefinition=param return.hasReturnStatement=true

	Return.functionDefinition.returnType ==expression.type }else{ Expression==null }	
ArithmeticExpression: expression → <i>left</i> :expression <i>operator</i> :String <i>right</i> :expression	left.type==right.type left.type!=VoidType	ArithmeticExpression.type=left.type ArithmeticExpression.Lvalue=false
Comparison: expression → <i>left</i> :expression <i>operator</i> :String <i>right</i> :expression	left.type=right.type left.type=IntType left.type=FloatType	Comparison.type=left.type Comparison.Lvalue=false
And: expression → <i>left</i> :expression <i>right</i> :expression	left.type=right.type left.type==IntType	And.type=left.type And.Lvalue=false
Or: expression → <i>left</i> :expression <i>right</i> :expression	left.type=right.type left.type==IntType	Or.type=left.type Or.Lvalue=false
Not: expression → <i>expression</i> :expression	expression.type==IntType	Not.type=expression.type Not.Lvalue=false
Cast: expression → <i>type</i> :type <i>expression</i> :expression	type!=expression.type hasSimpleType(type) hasSimpleType(expression.type)	cast.type= type Cast.Lvalue=false
ArrayAccess: expression → <i>array</i> :expression <i>position</i> :expression	array.type==ArrayType position.type==IntType	ArrayAccess.type= array.type ArrayAccess.Lvalue=true
StructFieldAccess: expression → <i>struct</i> :expression <i>field</i> :String	Struct.type==StructType foundField(struct.type.getFields(),field) ==true	structFieldAccess.type=struct.definition.fields. stream().find(field->field.name.equals(field)).type StructFieldAccess.Lvalue=true
VariableReference: expression → <i>name</i> :String		variableReference.type=expression.definition. type VariableReference.IValue=true
LiteralInt: expression → <i>value</i> :String		literalInt.type=IntType LiteralInt.Lvalue=false
LiteralFloat: expression → <i>value</i> :String		literalFloat.type=FloatType LiteralFloat.Lvalue=false
LiteralChar: expression → <i>value</i> :String		literalChar.type=CharType LiteralChar.Lvalue=false

Atributos

Nodo/Categoría Sintáctica	Nombre del Atributo	Tipo Java	Heredado /Sintetizado	Descripción
Variable	Type	Type	Heredado	Las variables reciben el tipo de su definición
Expression	Type	Type	Sintetizado	Las expresiones tendrán un atributo tipo que indica qué operaciones admiten. Este dependerá a su vez de los tipos de las expresiones que las conforman.
ReturnStatement	FunctionDefinition	Type	heredado	El nodo funciónDefinition se enviará a si mismo haciendo uso del parámetro del visitor a su hijo, el nodo returnStatement.
Expression	IValue	Boolean	Sintetizado	Describe si puede modificarse su valor, si puede aparecer a la izquierda en una asignación.

Statement	HasReturnStatement	Boolean	Sintetizado	Utilizo este atributo para comprobar que las definiciones de funciones cuyo tipo de retorno no es void contienen un return statement. Este atributo ha sido introducido para facilitar el trabajo en codeGeneration. Este permite comprobar facilmente que una función con voidType no tiene sentencia de retorno explícita (sin expresión) .
-----------	--------------------	---------	-------------	--

Métodos auxiliares

Private Boolean hasSimpleType(expression e){

if(e.type==ArrayType || e.type==StructType)

return false

return true

}

private boolean checkArguments(List<Variable> parameters, List<Expression> parametersGot) {

Variable currentExpected;

Expression valueRecieved;

for (int i = 0; i < parameters.size(); i++) {

currentExpected=parameters.get(i);

valueRecieved=parametersGot.get(i);

if(!currentExpected.getType().equals(valueRecieved.getType())){

return false; } }

return true; }

private StructField foundField(List<StructField> fields,String fieldToFind){

for (StructField field:fields) { if(field.getName().equals(fieldToFind)){ return field; } }

return null;

}

Fase de generación de Código

Descrita mediante una especificación de código

Función	Plantillas de Código
run [[Program]]	run [[Program → definitions:definition*]] = #SOURCE {sourceFile} CALL main HALT
define [[definition]]	define [[definitions]] define [[VarDefinition → type:type name:String]] = if(VarDefinition.isGlobal) #GLOBAL {name}: {<u>type</u>} Else ‘{name}:{type} define [[StructDefinition → name:String fields:StructField*]] = ‘Struct {name} define [[fields]] define [[StructField → name:String type:type]] = ‘{name}:{type} define [[FunctionDefinition → name:String parameters:varDefinition* returnType:type localDefs:VarDefinition* statements:statement*]] = #LINE {start.line} { name }: ‘Parameters define [[parameters]] ‘Local Variables: define [[localDefs]] ENTER { -localDefs.get(localDefs.size -1).direction } ‘Body #LINE {statements.start.line} execute [[statements]]

if(!hasReturnStatement && returnType==VoidType)

if(parametersSize+returnType.size+localDefs.get(localDefs.size - 1).direction ==0)

RET

Else

RET {parametersSize},{returnType.size},{localDefs.get(localDefs.size - 1).direction }

address[[variable]] address[[variableReference → name:String type:type]] =

if(! global) :

PUSH BP

PUSHA {variable.definition.direction}

ADDI

Else:

PUSHA {variable.definition.direction}

address[[arrayAccess → array:expression position:expression]] =

address[[array]]

value [[position]]

PUSHI {arrayAccess.type.size}

MULI

ADDI

address[[structFieldAccess]]=

address[[struct]]

PUSHI {struct.definition.getField(field).direction}

ADDI

execute[[statement]] execute[[Print → expression:expression variant:String]] =

value[[expression]]

If(variant=='sp')

OUT{expression.type.suffix}+ 32

If(variant=='ln')

OUT{expression.type.suffix}+10

else

OUT{expression.type.suffix}

execute[[Read → expression:expression]] =

Address[[expression]]

IN{expression.type.suffix}

STORE{expression.type.suffix}

execute[[IfStatement → condition:expression body:statement* elseBody:statement*]] =

value[[condition]]

jz elseBody{label}

execute[[body]]

jmp endIf{label}

elseBody{label}

#LINE {elseBody.start.line}

execute[[elseBody]]

endIf{label}

execute[[While → condition:expression body:statement*]]

whileStart{label}

value[[condition]]

jz whileEnd{label}

#LINE {body.start.line}

execute[[body]]

jmp whileStart{label}

whileEnd{label}

execute[[Assignment → left:expression right:expression]] =

address[[left]]

value[[right]]

store{left.type.suffix}

execute[[Return → expression:expression]] =

value[[expression]]

if(functionDefinition.parametersSize+ functionDefinition returnType.size+
functionDefinition localDefs.get(localDefs.size -1).direction ==0)

RET

Else

RET { functionDefinition. parametersSize},

{ functionDefinition.returnType.size},

{ -functionDefinition.localDefs.get(localDefs.size -1).direction }

execute[[InvocationStatement → name:String parameters:expression
*]] =

value[[parameters]]

CALL {name}

If(definition.getReturnType()!=VoidType)

POP{ definition.returnType.suffix}

value[[expression]] **value**[[Invocation → name:String parameters:expression*]] =

value[[parameters]]

CALL {name}

value[[ArithmeticExpression → left:expression

operator:String right:expression]] =

value[[left]]

value[[right]]

if(operator=='+')

ADD{left.type.suffix}

if(operator=='-')

SUB{left.type.suffix}

```

if(operator=='*')

    MUL{left.type.suffix}

if(operator=='/')

    DIV{left.type.suffix}
value[[Comparison → left:expression

                                operator:String right:expression ]] =

value[[left]]

value[[right]]

if(operator=='>')

    GT{left.type.suffix}

if(operator=='>=')

    GTE {left.type.suffix}

if(operator=='<')

    LT {left.type.suffix}

if(operator=='<=')

    LTE {left.type.suffix}

value[[And → left:expression right:expression ]] =

    value[[left]]

    value[[right]]

    AND

value[[Or → left:expression right:expression ]] =

    value[[left]]

    value[[right]]

    OR

value[[Not → expression:expression ]] =

```

```

value[[expression]]

NOT
value[[Cast → type:type expression:expression ]] =
value[[expression]]

If(type == float && expression.type== char ||
    type==char && expression.type== float){
    {expression.type.suffix}2i
    i2{type.suffix}
} else{
    {expression.type.suffix}2{type.suffix}
}
value[[ArrayAccess → array:expression    position:expression]]=
    address[[array]]
    value[[position]]
    LOAD {array.type.suffix}

value[[StructFieldAccess → struct:expression  field:string]]
    address[[structFieldAccess]]
    LOAD{struct.definition.type.suffix}

value[[VariableReference → name:String ]] =
    address[[variableReference]]
    LOAD{variableReference..type.suffix}
value[[LiteralInt → value:String ]] =
    PUSHI {value}
value[[LiteralFloat → value:String ]] =
    PUSHF {value}

value[[LiteralChar → value:String ]] =
    PUSHB {value}

```

