

CUCaTS Python Cheatsheet

Datatype	Example
Integers	5
Floats	9.6
Booleans	True and False
Strings	"Hello world!"
Lists	[4, 8, 15, 16, 23, 42] ["first", "second"] [[], "some text", 99]
Dictionaries	{"Alice": 42, "Bob": 40}

Operations

`+`, `-`, `*`, `/`, `%` (on integers or floats)
`+` (to join strings or lists)
`==`, `!=` (comparing any values)
`>`, `>=`, `<`, `<=` (comparing integers or floats)
`and`, `or`, `not` (on booleans)

Lists and Strings

Element access	<code>list[index]</code>
Slicing	<code>list[start:end]</code>
Length	<code>len(____)</code>
Comprehensions	<code>[____ for ____ in ____]</code> <code>[____ for ____ in ____ if ____]</code>

Variables

Labels onto values. Names must consist only of letters, digits and underscores. Cannot start with a digit or have spaces. They are case sensitive.

Loops

```
for ____ in ____:
```

```
while ____:
```

```
    break
```

```
    continue
```

Branches

```
if ____:
```

```
elif ____:
```

```
else:
```

Functions

```
def ____(____):
```

```
    return ____
```

Exceptions

```
try:
```

```
except ____:
```

```
finally:
```

```
    raise ____
```

Common functions and methods

```
range(end)  
range(start, end)  
range(start, end, step)
```

```
enumerate(list)  
zip(list, otherlist)
```

```
list(iterable)  
str(value)  
int(value)
```

```
list.append(item)  
list.reverse()  
list.remove(item)
```

```
string.split(separator)  
string.capitalize()  
string.upper()  
string.lower()  
string.find(substring)
```

```
dict.keys()  
dict.update(otherdict)
```

Files

Opening and reading the whole file:

```
with open("input.txt") as file:  
    print(file.read())
```

Line by line:

```
with open("input.txt") as file:  
    for line in file:  
        print(line)
```

Writing:

```
with open("input.txt", "w") as file:  
    file.write(str(somelist))
```

`with` automatically closes the file at the end of the block. Manually closing instead:

```
file = open("input.txt")  
[...]  
file.close()
```