The study in this example involved weekly infusions of Drug Z 10 mg/kg. If a subject experienced a dose-limiting toxicity (DLT), the intended dose could be reduced to 7.5 mg/kg.

The example CRF below was for Subject ABC123-0201, who weighed 55 kg. The CRF shows that:

- The subject's first administration of Drug Z was on 2009-02-13; the intended dose was 10 mg/kg, but the actual amount given was 99 mL at 5.5 mg/mL, so the actual dose was 9.9 mg/kg.
- The subject's second administration of Drug Z occurred on 2009-02-20; the intended dose was reduced to 7.5 mg/kg due to dose-limiting toxicity, and the infusion was stopped early due to an injection site reaction. However, the actual amount given was 35 mL at a concentration of 4.12 mg /mL, so the calculated actual dose was 2.6 mg/kg.
- The subject's third administration was intended to occur on 2009-02-27; the intended dose was 7.5 mg/kg but due to a personal reason, the
  administration did not occur.

Visit	1	2	3
Intended Dose	• 10 mg/kg • 7.5 mg/kg	• 10 mg/kg • <b>7.5 mg/kg</b>	• 10 mg/kg • 7.5 mg/kg
Reason for Dose Adjustment	Dose-limiting toxicity	Dose-limiting toxicity	Dose-limiting toxicity
Dose Administered	Yes     No If no, give reason:     Treatment discontinued due to disease progression     Other, specify:	Yes     No If no, give reason:     Treatment discontinued due to disease progression     Other, specify:	Yes     No  If no, give reason:      Treatment discontinued due to disease progression     Other, specify: Personal reason
Date	13-FEB-2009	20-FEB-2009	27-FEB-2009
Start Time (24 hour clock)	10:00	11:00	
End Time (24 hour clock)	10:45	11:20	
Amount (mL)	99 mL	35 mL	0 mL
Concentration	5.5 mg/mL	4.12 mg/mL	4.12 mg/mL
If dose was adjusted, what was the reason:	Injection site reaction     Adverse event     Other, specify:	Injection site reaction     Adverse event     Other, specify:	<ul> <li>Injection site reaction</li> <li>Adverse event</li> <li>Other, specify:</li> </ul>

The EC dataset shows both intended and actual doses of Drug Z, as collected.

Rows 1, 3, 5: Show the collected intended dose levels (mg/kg) and ECMOOD is "SCHEDULED". Scheduled dose is represented in mg/mL.

Rows 2, 4, 6: Show the collected actual administration amounts (mL) and ECMOOD is "PERFORMED". Actual doses are represented using dose in mL and concentration (pharmaceutical strength) in mg/mL.

#### ec.xpt

Row	STUDYID	DOMAIN	USUBJID	ECSEQ	ECLNKID	ECLNKGRP	ECTRT	ECMOOD	ECPRESP	ECOCCUR	ECDOSE	ECDOSU	ECPS
1	ABC123	EC	ABC123-0201	1		V1	DRUG Z	SCHEDULED			10	mg/kg	
2	ABC123	EC	ABC123-0201	2	20090213 T1000	V1	DRUG Z	PERFORMED	Υ	Y	99	mL	5.5
3	ABC123	EC	ABC123-0201	3		V2	DRUG Z	SCHEDULED			7.5	mg/kg	
4	ABC123	EC	ABC123-0201	4	20090220 T1100	V2	DRUG Z	PERFORMED	Υ	Y	35	mL	4.12
5	ABC123	EC	ABC123-0201	5		V3	DRUG Z	SCHEDULED			7.5	mg/kg	
6	ABC123	EC	ABC123-0201	6	20090227	V3	DRUG Z	PERFORMED	Υ	N		mL	4.12

The reason that ECOCCUR was "N" was represented in a supplemental qualifier.

# suppec.xpt

Row	STUDYID	RDOMAIN	USUBJID	IDVAR	IDVARVAL	QNAM	QLABEL	QVAL	QORIG	QEVAL

	1	ABC	EC	ABC123-0201	ECSEQ	6	ECREASOC	Reason for Occur Value	PERSONAL REASON	CRF	
- 1											

The EX dataset shows the administrations in protocol-specified unit (mg/kg). There is no record for the intended third dose that was not given. Intended doses in EC (records with EXMOOD = "SCHEDULED") can be compared with actual doses in EX.

Row 1: Shows the subject's first dose.

Row 2: Shows the subject's second dose. The collected explanation for the adjusted dose amount administered at Visit 2 is in EXADJ.

## ex.xpt

Rov	STUDYID	DOMAIN	USUBJID	EXSEQ	EXLNKID	EXLNKGRP	EXTRT	EXDOSE	EXDOSU	EXDOSFRM	EXDOSFRQ	EXROUTE	E
1	ABC123	EX	ABC123-0201	1	20090213T10 00	V1	DRUG Z	9.9	mg/kg	SOLUTION	CONTINUOUS	INTRAVENOUS	
2	ABC123	EX	ABC123-0201	2	20090220T11 00	V2	DRUG Z	2.6	mg/kg	SOLUTION	CONTINUOUS	INTRAVENOUS	Injec site ı

The sponsor wished to represent the doses in mg, as well as in mg/kg. Since a dose includes both a numeric value and a unit, the data could not be represented in a supplemental qualifier, so was represented in an FA dataset. See Section 6.4.1, When to Use Findings About Events or Interventions.

#### fa.xpt

	Row	STUDYID	DOMAIN	USUBJID	FASEQ	FALNKID	FATESTCD	FATEST	FAOBJ	FAORRES	FAORRESU	FASTRESC	FASTRESN	F
	1	ABC123	FA	ABC123-0201	1	20090213T10 00	DOSEALT	Dose in Alternative Unit	DRUG Z	522.5	mg	522.5	522.5	mg
:	2	ABC123	FA	ABC123-0201	2	20090220T11 00	DOSEALT	Dose in Alternative Unit	DRUG Z	144.2	mg	144.2	144.2	mg

The RELREC dataset represents relationships between EC, EX, and FA.

Rows 1-2: Represent the one-to-one relationship between "PERFORMED" records in EC and records in EX, using --LNKID.

Rows 3-4: Represent the many-to-one relationship between records (both "SCHEDULED" and "PERFORMED") in EC and records in EX, using -- LNGRP.

Rows 5-6: Represent the one-to-one relationship between records in EX and records in FA, using LNKID.

## relrec.xpt

Row	STUDYID	RDOMAIN	USUBJID	IDVAR	IDVARVAL	RELTYPE	RELID
1	ABC123	EC		ECLNKID		ONE	1
2	ABC123	EX		EXLNKID		ONE	1
3	ABC123	EC		ECLNKGRP		MANY	2
4	ABC123	EX		EXLNKGRP		ONE	2
5	ABC123	EX		EXLNKID		ONE	3
6	ABC123	FA		FALNKID		ONE	3