

Topic 3: The UK – Tradition and Change

Words in Context: A Dyna		
(to) be steeped in sth.	The college is ~ tradition.	etw. spielt eine große Rolle, ~trächtig
national region	England, Scotland, Wales and Northern	Region, in der eine Nation
	Ireland are <b>national</b> ~s belonging to the	lebt, z.B. Wales oder
	United Kingdom.	Schottland
island nation	Tonga is an ~ in the South Pacific.	Inselstaat
Empire	At its greatest the British ~ covered almost a quarter of the world.	Imperium; Kaiserreich
(to) be reckoned with	The football team's new manager, who took them from last place to top of the league, is a force <b>to be</b> ~ <b>with.</b>	ernstzunehmen sein
permanent member	'The coach just made me a ~ member of the team!'	ständiges Mitglied
United Nations Security	China is one of the five permanent members	UN Sicherheitsrat,
Council	of the ~ Nations Security Council.	Sicherheitsrat der
		Vereinten Nationen
(to) exert influence on	Television programmes such as Mad Men	Einfluss auf jdn./etw.
sb./sth.	exert great ~ on fashion trends.	ausüben
trendsetter	Amy Winehouse was the ~ for a new	Trendsetter
	generation of singer-songwriters.	
time-honoured tradition	Ice swimming is a ~ tradition in Russia.	althergebrachte Tradition; altehrwürdige Tradition
constitutional monarchy	Like the UK, the Netherlands also has a ~ monarchy.	konstitutionelle Monarchie
Established Church	The ~ Church is the official religion in a country.	Staatskirche
Church of England	The <b>C~ of England</b> has voted in favour of women becoming bishops.	Anglikanische Kirche
monarch	Should a ~ have the right to be above the	Monarch;
[ˈmɒnək 🌣 ˈmɑːnərk]	law?	Herrscher
Archbishop of Canterbury	The ~ of Canterbury has appealed for funding for the restoration of the cathedral.	Erzbischof von Canterbury
(to) reign	The queen ~ed over the country kindly.	herrschen; hier: auf die repräsentative Rolle des Monarchen bezogen
(to) rule (a country)	During the time Ivan the Terrible <b>~d</b> Russia many people were executed.	(ein Land) regieren
Government	The British ~ plans to introduce a minimum price for alcohol.	Regierung
Prime Minister	The ~ <b>Minister</b> will hold talks with state leaders this week.	Premierminister
Cabinet	The ~ discussed new immigration laws at the	Kabinett,
	meeting today.	Ministerrat
Parliament	The British ~ has been criticised on its lack of checks on ministers' expenses.	Parlament



lower house	There are 646 MPs in the ~ house.	Unterhaus
House of Commons	There was a protest about father's rights	Bezeichnung des
	outside the ~ of Commons today.	Unterhauses im Parlament
	,	des Vereinigten
		Königreiches
upper house	Members of the ~ house are not elected.	Oberhaus
House of Lords	The amendment was passed today in the ~	Bezeichnung des
	of Lords by 210 votes to 90.	Oberhauses im Parlament
		des Vereinigten
		Königreichs
inherited	When his grandfather died, Michael ~ his	geerbt
	grandfather's watch.	
(to) be appointed to	She was ~ to the position of Chief Executive	ernannt werden
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	of the company.	
written constitution	= a document listing and limiting the powers	schriftliche Verfassung
	of the government	
legal precedent	it consists of a body of laws and ~	Präzedenzfall
legislative power has been	= the power to make laws has been	die Legislative wurde auf
devolved	transferred to a more local level	lokale Ebene übertragen
['ledʒɪslətɪv ☆ -leɪtɪv]		
Scottish Parliament	Teenagers will address the <b>Scottish</b> ~ this	schottisches Parlament
	week on the topic of education.	
national assembly	Wales and Northern Ireland are governed by	Nationalversammlung
,	national ~ies.	
devolution	In September 1997 Northern Ireland and	Dezentralisierung;
	Scotland voted in favour of ~.	Machtübertragung
Supreme Court	= the highest court of a state	Oberster Gerichtshof
final court of appeals	= the court where a decision made by a	Oberstes Berufungsgericht
	lower court can be changed	
constitutional court	= the court which deals with constitutional	Verfassungsgericht
	matters	
constitutional reform	= change of the constitution with the	Verfassungsreform
	intention to improve it	
school system	Uniform is just one point where British and	Schulsystem
	American school ~s differ.	
national curriculum	The government has recently changes the	zentraler Lehrplan
[kəˈrɪkjələm]	national ~ to include more modern	
	technology.	
requirements	= things you must have	Anforderungen
to standardize	= (to) change things so they are similar	standardisieren
(to) eliminate inequalities	A compulsory minimum wage helps to	Ungleichheiten aus der
	eliminate ~.	Welt schaffen
political reform	A leading UK think tank is urging ~ reform in	politische Reform
	order to overcome the crisis.	
classless society	Early settlers in the US wanted to establish a	klassenlose Gesellschaft
	classless ~.	
social status	Social ~ is very important to the Smith	gesellschaftliche Stellung
	family.	
7A Looking for Mr Averag	e	
(to) be in debt	I was in ~ for a long time after leaving university.	verschuldet sein
statistic	S~s show that over £7.5 billion are spent	Statistik
<u> </u>	Show that over Lr.3 billion are spent	Glatistik



	abroad by British tourists.	
pointless	= without sense	sinnlos, zwecklos
(to) range from to	The age of people in my knitting group ~s from 17 to 88.	sich erstrecken
overweight (adj)	Almost a quarter of the UK population may be ~.	übergewichtig
average person	In the UK the ~ person does not own a BMW.	Durchschnittsmensch
annoying (adj)	The talk was ~ly boring.	nervig, ärgerlich
(to) reveal sth. about	Your taste in clothes can ~ a lot about your	etwas über jdn./etwas
sb./sth.	personality.	verraten
(to) match many criteria	I'm sorry, but unfortunately you don't match	vielen Kriterien
, ,	many ~ for the vacancy.	entsprechen
(to) narrow the search	We have found clues which will help us ~ the search.	die Suche eingrenzen
(to) specialize in sth.	I'd like to ~ in developing web pages when I leave school.	spezialisiert sein auf etwas
(to) stand out from the rest	'If you want to ~ out from the rest, you need	aus der Masse
	to stop wearing grey clothing!'	herausstechen
outskirts (pl)	I've lived on the ~ of London for about 10	Vorort; Stadtrand
	years.	
reassuringly	'Don't worry, everything will be OK,' said her mother ~ .	beruhigend
(to) become apparent	It has <b>become</b> ~ that he lied to everyone.	bekannt werden;
		sich herausstellen
virtual	I've ~Iy finished my homework - I've only got	so gut wie;
	one more paragraph to write.	quasi
(to) chime with	His plan to start an online magazine ~ with	übereinstimmen mit
	her plan to become a journalist.	
recipe ['resəpi]	'Your plan is a ~ for success!'	(Koch-)Rezept; hier: Garantie
contentment	After the meal Carlos patted his stomach with a sigh of ~.	Zufriedenheit
7B A Humble People		
self-assessment	= the process of judging your own progress or achievements	Selbsteinschätzung
inventive	He always had ~ excuses for not doing his homework.	einfallsreich
degenerate (adj.)	= having low moral standards	verkommen
irresponsible	Driving while using a mobile phone is extremely ~.	verantwortungslos
ill-educated	= having a bad education	schlecht ausgebildet
greedy	She's so ~ – she just ate all the sweets	(hab)gierig
	without offering me one.	, , , ,
rude	It is ~ not to say 'Please' and 'Thank you'.	unhöflich; rüpelhaft
self-esteem	I'd like to start an art course to help me build	Selbstachtung,
	up my ~.	Selbstwertgefühl
(to) scratch	He ~ed his itching arm.	kratzen
composite term	= an expression made up of two or more parts	zusammengesetzte Bezeichnung
(to) come away with an	I went to London with ideas of a glamourous	einen Eindruck erhalten



impression	metropolis, but came away the ~ of a big,	
iiibie22i0ii	dirty city full of stressed out people.	
racial and religious tension	Many wars have been caused because of ~	ethnische und religiöse
radial and religious tension	and religious tension.	Spannungen
(to) seethe	~ing with frustration	kochen, brodeln
7C Benjamin Zephaniah o		,
(to) adapt	I've had to ~ to the cultural differences since	anpassen
(to) adapt	moving here.	anpaccon
7D Britishness		
beneficiary	= a person who gains or benefits	Begünstigter, Nutznießer
platitude	'It'll all work out in the end' is an example of a well-meant ~ .	Flachheit
scone	= a baked product that is halfway between cake and bread	Teegebäck
8 Fact File		
constituencies	= electoral disctricts	Wahlkreise, Wahlbezirke
Chancellor of the	= the minister responsible for all economic	Finanzminister
Exchequer	and financial matters	
Foreign Secretary	= the minister who is responsible for diplomatic relationships with other countries	Außenminister
Home Secretary	= the minister responsible for political	Innenminister
	concerns in England and Wales, including	
	immigration and citizenship	
8A The Queen		
Diamond Jubilee	= a celebration of 60 years	sechzigjähriges Jubiläum
determination	To run a marathon, you need to be physically fit and have a lot of ~.	Entschlossenheit
dedication	When our teacher retired after 40 years in	Hingabe, Engagement
	her job, she was honoured for her years of ~	
	to her students.	
humble	= not arrogant or proud	bescheiden
bleak	= depressing and hopeless	trostlos, düster
8B The Prime Minister		
landslide victory	One political party got 80% of the votes, and won by a ~.	erdrutschartiger Sieg
(to) be regarded as sth.	The internet <b>is ~ as</b> an essential part of	für etw. gehalten werden
. , .	modern life.	ŭ
assembly	All the students came together on Monday afternoons for school ~.	Zusammenstellung
8C EXTRA The National A		
devolution	= when central government gives power to	Dezentralisierung,
	local groups	Übertragung
government policies	The people went to the streets in their	politische Richtlinien;
	thousands to protest against the new ~ policies.	Regierungstaktiken
public services	I don't agree with the privatisation of <b>public</b> ~ such as healthcare.	öffentlicher Dienst
devolved government	There has been a ~ government in Scotland	dezentralisierte Regierung



referendum	There are plans for a ~ on Scottish	Volksbegehren,
	independence.	Bürgerentscheid
(to) transfer sth./sb. to	Mike was <b>~ed</b> from one department to	jdn. versetzen; etwas an
sb./sth.	another.	jdn./etwas übertragen
range	The supermarket offers a ~ of food.	Auswahl
administrative	The staff provided both technical and ~	Verwaltungs-; administrativ
administrative	support.	verwaitungs , administrativ
8D The European Union	oopport	
scepter'd isle	= a phrase describing England, it is part of a	
Scepter d isie	long list of well-known phrases in praise of	
	England	
sceptre	a decorated rod carried by a king or queen at	Zontor
Sceptie	ceremonies as a symbol of their power	Zeptei
cautiously	The police officer walked towards the	vorsichtig, mit Bedacht
Caullously	suspected bomb ~.	vorsichtig, mit bedacht
frontier	The TV series Star Trek described space as	Grenze
Trontier	the final ~.	Grenze
fortress	The soldiers made a ~ to protect themselves	Festung
TOTUESS	from the enemy.	l esturig
breed	A dalmation is a particular ~ of dog, that has	(Tier:) Zucht, Art;
breed	a white coat with black spots.	(Mensch:) Art, Schlag
	a writte coat with black spots.	, ,
		(allgem.:) Spezies
9A Making the World a B	Setter Looking Place: Banksy	
subversive	The ~ poster were designed to make the	staatsfeindlich
	government look weak all politicians seem	
	corrupt.	
9B Shaken, not Stirred:	James Bond	
highest-grossing	= the film that makes the most money	umsatzstärkste
accompaniment	The cheese was a nice ~ to the wine.	Begleiterscheinung
(to) collide	The accident happened when a cyclist ~d	zusammenstoßen
	with a car.	
(to) drown	It is important to have a high fence around a	ertrinken
	swimming pool, to prevent children falling	
	and ~ing.	
overdue (adj.)	I should have taken my book back to the	überfällig, ausbleiben
	library a week ago – now it is ~!	
(to) crumble	I ~d my cookie onto my icecream, and	zerbröseln, zerbröckeln
	enjoyed the crunchy taste!	
(to) burst	In the Monty Python film 'The Meaning of	zerplatzen, zerspringen
	Life', a restaurant guest eats too much food	
	and ~s.	
9C It's Not as Bad as Yo	u Think: Food and Drink	
compulsive	= something that is too strong, that you	zwanghaft
	cannot resist.	
savoury	= not sweet, salty	pikant
custard	= a sweet sauce made from cream, eggs	Vanillesoße
	and vanilla, that is eaten with cakes and	
	desserts.	
gravy	= a salty sauce that is eaten with meat and	Soße, Bratensaft
	vegetables.	
stuffing	= a mixture of bread and spices that is put	Füllung



tips	inside chicken or turkey when it is roasting, to give the meat flavour.  Many waiters don't get paid very high wages, but live from the money they make in ~.	Trinkgeld
9D EXTRA Remember, ren	nember the 5th of November	
Bonfire Night	~ <b>Night</b> is a traditional celebration in England that takes place on the 5 <sup>th</sup> November every year.	in der Bonfire Night am 5. November wird in GB mit Feuerwerk und der feierlichen Verbrennung einer Guy Fawkes-Puppe der missglückten Pulververschwörung aus dem Jahr 1605 gedacht