Python For Data Science Cheat Sheet SciPv - Linear Algebra

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SciPy

The **SciPy** library is one of the core packages for scientific computing that provides mathematical algorithms and convenience functions built on the NumPy extension of Python.



Interacting With NumPy

Also see NumPy

```
>>> import numpy as np
>>> a = np.array([1,2,3])
>>> b = np.array([(1+5j,2j,3j), (4j,5j,6j)])
>>> c = np.array([[(1.5,2,3), (4,5,6)], [(3,2,1), (4,5,6)]])
```

Index Tricks

>>> np.mgrid[0:5,0:5]	Create a dense meshgrid
>>> np.ogrid[0:2,0:2]	Create an open meshgrid
>>> np.r [3,[0]*5,-1:1:10j]	Stack arrays vertically (row-wise)
>>> np.c [b,c]	Create stacked column-wise arrays

Shape Manipulation

>>>	np.transpose(b)	Permute array dimensions
>>>	b.flatten()	Flatten the array
>>>	np.hstack((b,c))	Stack arrays horizontally (column-wise)
>>>	np.vstack((a,b))	Stack arrays vertically (row-wise)
>>>	np.hsplit(c,2)	Split the array horizontally at the 2nd index
>>>	np.vpslit(d,2)	Split the array vertically at the 2nd index

Polynomials

>>>	from numpy	import polyid	
>>>	p = poly1d	([3,4,5])	Create a polynomial object

Vectorizing Functions

```
>>> def myfunc(a):
         if a < 0:
           return a*2
         else.
           return a/2
>>> np.vectorize(myfunc)
                                     Vectorize functions
```

Type Handling

>>>	np.real(b)	Return the real part of the array elements
>>>		Return the imaginary part of the array elements
>>>		Return a real array if complex parts close to o
>>>	np.cast['f'](np.pi)	Cast object to a data type

Other Useful Functions

>>>	np.angle(b,deg=True)	Return the angle of the complex argument
>>>	g = np.linspace(0,np.pi,num=5)	Create an array of evenly spaced values
>>>	g [3:] += np.pi	(number of samples)
>>>	np.unwrap(g)	Unwrap
>>>	np.logspace(0,10,3)	Create an array of evenly spaced values (log scale)
>>>	np.select([c<4],[c*2])	Return values from a list of arrays depending on
		conditions
>>>	misc.factorial(a)	Factorial
>>>	misc.comb(10,3,exact=True)	Combine N things taken at k time
>>>	misc.central_diff_weights(3)	Weights for Np-point central derivative
>>>	misc.derivative(myfunc, 1.0)	Find the n-th derivative of a function at a point

Datura the angle of the complex argument

Linear Algebra Also see NumPy

```
You'll use the linalg and sparse modules. Note that scipy. linalg contains and expands on numpy. linalg.
```

>>> from scipy import linalg, sparse (tow scipy spates cogneth top-of dijlette

Creating Matrices

```
>>> A = np.matrix(np.random.random((2,2)))
>>> B = np.asmatrix(b)
>>> C = np.mat(np.random.random((10,5)))
>>> D = np.mat([[3,4], [5,6]])
```

Basic Matrix Routines

Inverse

>>>	A.I
>>>	linalg.inv(A)

Transposition >>> A.T

>>> A.H Trace

>>> np.trace(A)

Norm

7//	<pre>linalg.norm(A,np.inf)</pre>
	1:1
>>>	linalg.norm(A,1)
>>>	linalg.norm(A)

>>> np.linalg.matrix rank(C)

Determinant

>>> linalg.det(A)

Solving linear problems

>>>	linalg.solve(A,b)
>>>	E = np.mat(a).T
>>>	linalg.lstsq(F,E)

Generalized inverse

>>>	linalg.pinv(C)	

>>> linalg.pinv2(C)

Inverse Inverse

Tranpose matrix Conjugate transposition

Trace

```
Frobenius norm
L1 norm (max column sum)
L inf norm (max row sum)
```

Matrix rank

Determinant

Solver for dense matrices Solver for dense matrices Least-squares solution to linear matrix equation

Compute the pseudo-inverse of a matrix (least-squares solver) Compute the pseudo-inverse of a matrix (SVD)

Creating Sparse Matrices

>>> F = np.eye(3, k=1) >>> G = np.mat(np.identity(2)) >>> C[C > 0.5] = 0	Create a 2X2 identity matrix Create a 2X2 identity matrix
>>> H = sparse.csr_matrix(C) >>> I = sparse.csc_matrix(D) >>> J = sparse.dok_matrix(A) >>> E.todense() >>> sparse.isspmatrix_csc(A)	Compressed Sparse Row matrix Compressed Sparse Column matrix Dictionary Of Keys matrix Sparse matrix to full matrix Identify sparse matrix

Sparse Matrix Routines

Inverse

>>>	sparse.linalg.inv(I)
No	rm
>>>	sparse.linalg.norm(I)

Solving linear problems >>> sparse.linalg.spsolve(H,I)

Inverse

Norm

Solver for sparse matrices

Sparse Matrix Functions

>> sparse.linalg.expm(I)	Sparse matrix exponential
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Matrix Functions

Addition

```
>>> np.add(A,D)
```

Subtraction

>>> np.subtract(A,D)

Division

>>> np.divide(A,D)

Multiplication >>> A @ D

```
>>> np.multiply(D,A)
>>> np.dot(A,D)
>>> np.vdot(A,D)
>>> np.inner(A,D)
>>> np.outer(A,D)
>>> np.tensordot(A,D)
>>> np.kron(A,D)
```

Exponential Functions

```
>>> linalg.expm(A)
>>> linalg.expm2(A)
>>> linalg.expm3(D)
```

Logarithm Function

>>> linalg.logm(A)

Trigonometric Functions >>> linalg.sinm(D)

```
>>> linalg.cosm(D)
>>> linalg.tanm(A)
```

Hyperbolic Trigonometric Functions

```
>>> linalg.sinhm(D)
>>> linalg.coshm(D)
>>> linalg.tanhm(A)
```

Matrix Sign Function

>>> np.signm(A)

Matrix Square Root

>>> linalg.sqrtm(A)

Arbitrary Functions

>>> linalg.funm(A, lambda x: x*x)

Hyperbolic matrix tangent

Addition

Subtraction

Multiplication operator

Division

(Python 3)

Multiplication

Inner product

Outer product

decomposition)

Matrix sine

Matrix cosine

Matrix tangent

Vector dot product

Tensor dot product

Kronecker product

Matrix exponential

Matrix logarithm

Matrix exponential (Taylor Series)

Matrix exponential (eigenvalue

Dot product

Matrix sign function

Hypberbolic matrix sine

Hyperbolic matrix cosine

Matrix square root

Evaluate matrix function

Decompositions

Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors >>> la, v = linalq.eiq(A)

```
>>> 11, 12 = 1a
```

>>> v[:,0] >>> v[:,1]

>>> linalg.eigvals(A)

Singular Value Decomposition

>>> U.s. Vh = linalg.svd(B) >>> M,N = B.shape >>> Sig = linalg.diagsvd(s,M,N)

LU Decomposition

>>> P,L,U = linalg.lu(C)

Solve ordinary or generalized eigenvalue problem for square matrix Unpack eigenvalues First eigenvector Second eigenvector Unpack eigenvalues

Singular Value Decomposition (SVD)

Construct sigma matrix in SVD

LU Decomposition

Sparse Matrix Decompositions

>>>	la, v =	sparse	e.linalg.	eigs(F,1)
>>>	enarea 1	linala	etrde (H	2)

Eigenvalues and eigenvectors

Asking For Help

>>> help(scipy.linalg.diagsvd) >>> np.info(np.matrix)

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