

Q1 $\sum d(v_i) = 2(n-1)$ where $n = \sum_{i=1}^k n_i$

$$\sum d(v_i) = n_1 + 2n_2 + \dots + kn_k = 2(n_1 + \dots + n_k - 1)$$

$$n_1 + 2n_2 + 3n_3 + \dots + kn_k = 2n_1 + 2n_2 + \dots + 2n_k - 2$$

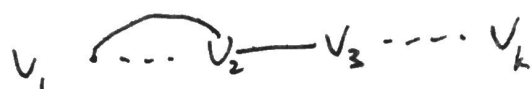
$$n_1 = n_3 + 2n_4 + \dots + (k-2)n_k + 2$$

Q2 如 ~~不是~~ 最长道路两端点 ~~不是树叶~~ 至少 1 个不是树叶

则有



G



v_1 的所有相邻点都在最长道路上
上图中 (v_1, v_2) 构成回路, 图 G 不再是树

Q3 $d_1 = 2n - 2$ subject to $d_i \geq 1$ $d_1 = 1$ //

$$\cancel{d_2 = 2n - 2 =}$$

$$\cancel{\sum d_i = 2n - 2}$$

$$d_2 = \sum d_i - d_1 = 2n - 2 - 1 = 1$$

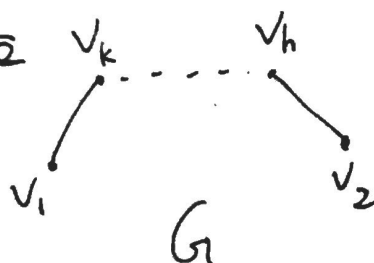
for ~~the~~ $N \geq 3$ $d_N = \sum d_i - \sum_{i=1}^{N-1} d_i$

$$= \cancel{2N} (2N - 2) - (2N - 2 - 2)$$

$$= 2 //$$

这些树都是

$$|V - \{v_1, v_2\}| = 0 \text{ to } n-2$$



$$|V(G) - \{v_1, v_2\}| =$$

from 0 to $n-2$

$$C_0^{n-2} + C_1^{n-2} + \dots + C_{n-2}^{n-2} =$$

$$P_0^{n-2} + P_1^{n-2} + \dots + P_{n-2}^{n-2} = \frac{(n-2)!}{0!} + \frac{(n-2)!}{1!} + \dots + \frac{(n-2)!}{(n-2)!}$$

$$(n-2)! \left[\frac{1}{0!} + \frac{1}{1!} + \frac{1}{2!} + \dots + \frac{1}{(n-2)!} \right]$$

???

若要用上 V 中所有结点, 而且 $v_i - v_j \neq v_j - v_i$

$$\text{则 } (n-2)! = \frac{(n-2)!}{0! 1! \dots 1!} = \frac{(n-2)!}{(d_1-1)! \dots (d_n-1)!}$$

不是很清楚结点间的顺序是否有关系