

Q2 简单图不存在自环, 两结点间最多一条边

K_n 的边数为 $\frac{1}{2}n(n-1) \Rightarrow m \leq \frac{1}{2}n(n-1)$ ^{任意}

边数最多的, 存在孤立结点的简单图是 K_n 的导出子图

$G' = (V', E')$ where $|V'| = n-1$ (去掉了一个结点)

$$\begin{aligned} |E'| &= \frac{1}{2}n(n-1) - (n-1) \\ &= \frac{1}{2}n^2 - \frac{1}{2}n - n + 1 \\ &= \frac{1}{2}n^2 - \frac{3}{2}n + 1 \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(n-1)(n-2) \end{aligned}$$

\therefore 如果 $m > \frac{1}{2}(n-1)(n-2)$, 则无孤立结点

Q3 要证 $\sum_{v_i \in V} (d^+(v_i))^2 = \sum_{v_i \in V} (d^-(v_i))^2$

$$\begin{aligned} &\sum_{v_i \in V} (d^+(v_i))^2 - (d^-(v_i))^2 \\ &= \sum_{v_i \in V} [d^+(v_i) + d^-(v_i)] [d^+(v_i) - d^-(v_i)] \\ &= (n-1) \sum_{v_i \in V} (d^+(v_i) - d^-(v_i)) \end{aligned}$$

$$\sum_{v_i \in V} d^+(v_i) = \sum_{v_i \in V} d^-(v_i)$$

$$\text{so } \sum_{v_i \in V} (d^+(v_i))^2 - (d^-(v_i))^2 = 0$$

$$\therefore \sum_{v_i \in V} (d^+(v_i))^2 = \sum_{v_i \in V} (d^-(v_i))^2$$

Q 8

邻接矩阵

$$\begin{array}{c}
 v_1 \quad v_2 \quad v_3 \quad v_4 \quad v_5 \quad v_6 \\
 \begin{array}{c} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ v_3 \\ v_4 \\ v_5 \\ v_6 \end{array}
 \begin{bmatrix}
 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\
 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
 \end{bmatrix}
 \end{array}$$

关联矩阵

$$\begin{array}{c}
 v_1 \quad v_2 \quad v_3 \quad v_4 \quad v_5 \quad v_6 \\
 \begin{array}{c} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ v_3 \\ v_4 \\ v_5 \\ v_6 \end{array}
 \begin{bmatrix}
 1 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\
 -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\
 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\
 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1
 \end{bmatrix}
 \end{array}$$

$(v_1, v_2) \quad (v_1, v_4) \quad (v_2, v_5) \quad (v_3, v_1) \quad (v_3, v_4) \quad (v_5, v_3) \quad (v_6, v_1) \quad (v_6, v_3) \quad (v_6, v_4)$

边列表

$$A: (1 \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 3 \quad 5 \quad 6 \quad 6 \quad 6)$$

$$B: (2 \quad 4 \quad 5 \quad 1 \quad 4 \quad 3 \quad 1 \quad 3 \quad 4)$$

正向表

$$A: (1 \quad 3 \quad 4 \quad 6 \quad 6 \quad 7 \quad 10)$$

$$B: (2 \quad 4 \quad 5 \quad 1 \quad 4 \quad 3 \quad 1 \quad 3 \quad 4)$$

Q1

证：9个工厂，不可能每个都和其它3座有联系
和性质 1.1.2 一样的证明

$$\sum_{i=1}^9 d(v_i) = 3 \times 9 = 27 \neq 2m$$

证：不可能4座工厂与偶数个厂有联系

9-4=5 个厂与奇数个厂有联系

与上同理： $\sum_{\text{奇数厂}} d(v_i) + \sum_{\text{偶数厂}} d(v_i) \neq 2m$

Q4. 完整的图太大/乱，只画到了 (4, 4, 0)

