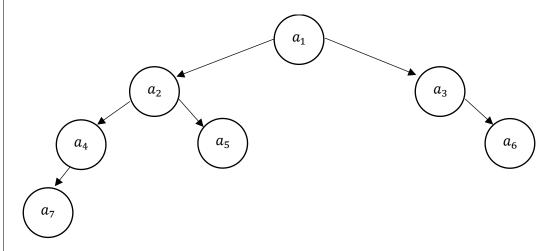
Binary Search Tree ADT

ADT Binary Search Tree

Binary Search Tree =
$$\{a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, ..., a_n\}$$

Where a_1 is the root of the tree, the elements a_2 and a_3 are the children of a_1 , and in addition to this, they are also subtrees, that they have children

Graphic Representation



$$a_7 < a_4 < a_2 < a_2 < a_1 < a_3 < a_6$$

$$inv = \{a_1 > a_2, a_1 < a_3 \rightarrow a_2 < a_1 < a_3\}$$

Primitive Operations

Name	Input	Output
BinarySearchTree		BinarySearchTree
InOrder	BinarySearchTree	String
Search	BinarySearchTree x Key	Node (any a)
Minimum	BinarySearchTree x Key	Node (the smallest a)
Maximum	BinarySearchTree x Key	Node (the greatest <i>a</i>)
Successor	BinarySearchTree x Key	Node (the largest of those smaller than <i>a</i>)
Insertion	BinarySearchTree x Key x Value	BinarySearchTree
Delete	BinarySearchTree x Key	BinarySearchTree

BinarySearchTree(): Constructor Create the binary tree by initializing the root $pre = \{true\}$ $pos = \{root\ initialized\}$

Binary Search Tree ADT

InOrder(): Analyzer

Traversing the binary search tree in order

pre = {root! = null}
pos = {BinarySearchTree}

Search(Key k): Analyzer

Searches for an element passed by parameter in the binary search tree

 $pre = \{root! = null \land k \in tree\}$ $pos = \{a \ node \ with \ key \ k\}$

Minimum(Key k): Analyzer

Gets the smallest element in the binary search tree according to the value of k

 $pre = \{root! = null \land k \in tree\}$ $pos = \{the smallest node\}$

Maximum(Key k): Analyzer

Gets the largest element in the binary search tree according to the value of k

 $pre = \{root! = null \land k \in tree\}$ $pos = \{the \ largest \ node \}$

Successor(Key k): Analyzer

Gets the largest element from the set of elements smaller than the key k

 $pre = \{root! = null \land k \in tree\}$ $pos = \{the successor of k\}$

Insertion(Key k, Value v): Modifier

Adds a node to the binary search tree, this node is added according to the order criterion established in the invariant

 $pre = \{true\}$ $pos = \{true, the nodo was added\}$

Delete (Key k): Modifier

Deletes an element belonging to the binary search tree, then re-sorts the tree

 $pre = \{root! = null \land k \in in \ the \ tree\}$ $pos = \{new \ order \ of \ nodes \ and \ one \ less \ element\}$