Assignment 1: Genetic Algorithm & Alpha-Beta Pruning

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1 Alpha-Beta Pruning

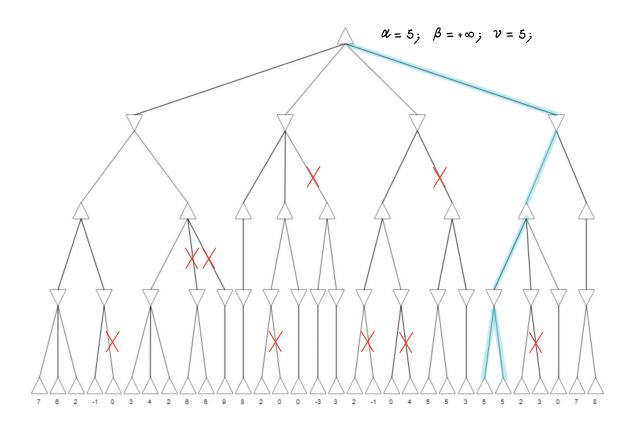


Figure 1: Alpha-Beta Pruning

2 Genetic Algorithm

Write high-level code for a genetic algorithm.

```
import numpy as np
# Each gene is a real number between 0 and 1 and corresponds to the
# probability to have 1 in the corresponding position.
P = np.full(n, 0.5) # initialisation
k = 100
generations = 10
m = 5
stop = False
while not stop:
    # Produce a given k number of traditional 0-1 individuals each of
    # them of length n by sampling gene by gene with the prob vector.
    solution_vector = np.random.binomial(1, P, size = [k, n])
   # Evaluate each individual computing the fitness of the
   # solution_vector
   fitness = evaluate(solution_vector)
    # Geerates new individuals
   new_solution_vector = np.empty([k, n])
   for i in range(k // 2):
        # Select the best parents in the population for mating
        ind1, ind2 = select_parents(solution_vector, fitness)
        # Generate next generation using crossover
        ch1, ch2 = crossover(ind1, ind2)
        # Adding some variations to the offsrping using mutation.
        ch1, ch2 = mutate(ch1), mutate(ch2)
        new_solution_vector[2 * i, :] = ch1
        new_solution_vector[2 * i + 1, :] = ch2
    # At the end of each generation, the best m individuals are used to
    # update the probabilistic vector.
    fitness = evaluate(new_solution_vector)
    best_individuals = np.argsort(fitness)[::-1][:m]
    # For each individual of the best m chosen, the probabilistic vector
    # is updated using a learning rate LR parameter (real number between
    # 0 and 1)
   LR = 0.001
   for b in best_individuals :
   P = P * (1.0 - LR) + new_solution_vector[b] * LR
    # Test if the solution has converged according to some criterion
   if converged:
    stop = True
```