

### Chapter 7, Solution 71.

For the op amp circuit in Fig. 7.136, suppose  $v(0) = 0$  and  $v_s = 3V$ . Find  $v(t)$  for  $t > 0$ .

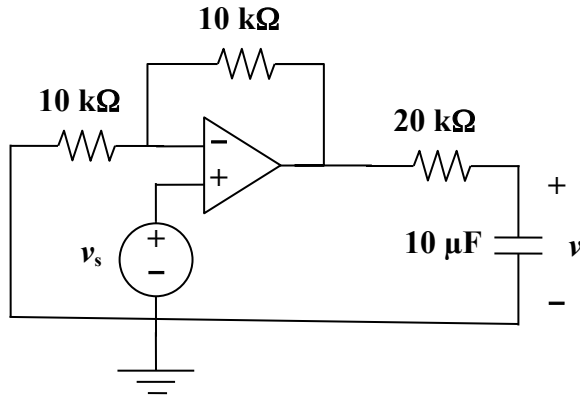
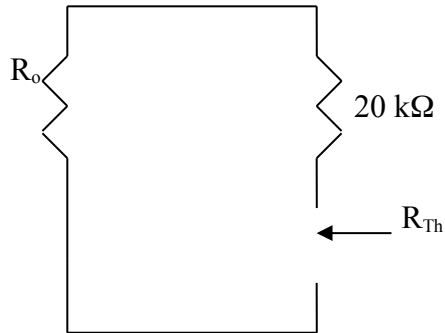


Figure 7.136  
For Prob. 7.71.

### Solution

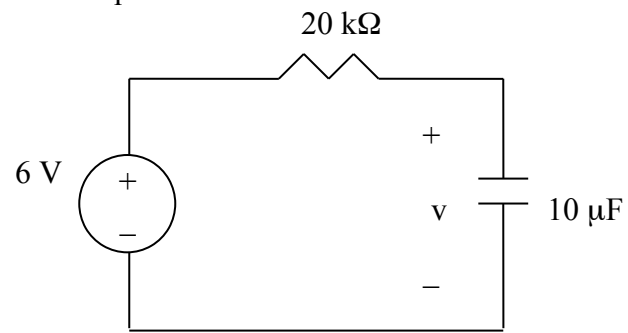
We temporarily remove the capacitor and find the Thevenin equivalent at its terminals. To find  $R_{Th}$ , we consider the circuit below.



Since we are assuming an ideal op amp,  $R_o = 0$  and  $R_{Th} = 20k\Omega$ . The op amp circuit is a noninverting amplifier. Hence,

$$V_{Th} = \left(1 + \frac{10}{10}\right)v_s = 2v_s = 6V$$

The Thevenin equivalent is shown below.



Thus,

$$v(t) = 6(1 - e^{-t/\tau}), t > 0$$

where  $\tau = R_{th}C = 20 \times 10^{-3} \times 10 \times 10^{-6} = 0.2$

$$v(t) = 6(1 - e^{-5t}) \text{ V for all } t > 0.$$