## Chapter 11, Solution 19.

The variable resistor R in the circuit of Fig. 11.50 is adjusted until it absorbs the maximum average power. Find R and the maximum average power absorbed.

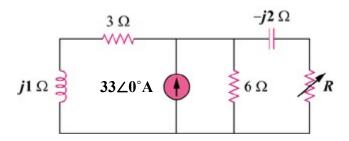


Figure 11.50 For Prob. 11.19.

## **Solution**

At the load terminals,

$$\mathbf{Z}_{Th} = -j2 + 6 \parallel (3 + j) = -j2 + \frac{(6)(3 + j)}{9 + j}$$
  
 $\mathbf{Z}_{Th} = 2.049 - j1.561$ 

$$R_L = |\mathbf{Z}_{Th}| = 2.576 \,\Omega$$

To get 
$$V_{Th}$$
, let  $Z = 6 \parallel (3 + j) = 2.049 + j0.439$ .

By transforming the current sources, we obtain

$$\mathbf{V}_{Th} = (33 \angle 0^{\circ}) \mathbf{Z} = 67.62 + j14.487 = 69.16 \angle 12.09^{\circ}$$

$$P_{\text{max}} = \left| \frac{69.16}{2.049 - j1.561 + 2.576} \right|^2 \frac{2.576}{2} = 258.5 \text{ W}.$$