Chapter 9, Solution 66.

For the circuit in Fig. 9.73, calculate Z_{T} and V_{ab} .

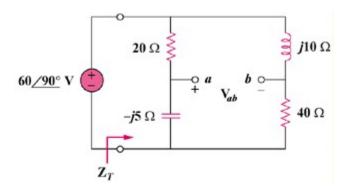
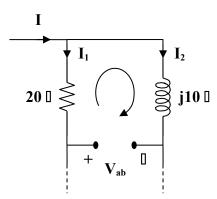


Figure 9.73 For Prob. 9.66.

Solution

$$\mathbf{Z}_{\mathrm{T}} = (20 - \mathrm{j5}) \parallel (40 + \mathrm{j10}) = \frac{(20 - \mathrm{j5})(40 + \mathrm{j10})}{60 + \mathrm{j5}} = \frac{170}{145} (12 - \mathrm{j})$$
$$\mathbf{Z}_{\mathrm{T}} = \mathbf{14.069} - \mathrm{j1.172} \parallel = 14.118 \parallel -4.76 \parallel$$

$$I = \frac{V}{Z_{T}} = \frac{60 \angle 90^{\circ}}{14.118 \angle -4.76^{\circ}} = 4.25 \angle 94.76^{\circ}$$



$$I_1 = \frac{40 + j10}{60 + j5}I = \frac{8 + j2}{12 + j}I$$

$$I_2 = \frac{20 - j5}{60 + j5}I = \frac{4 - j}{12 + j}I$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{V}_{ab} &= -20\,\mathbf{I}_{1} + \mathrm{j}10\,\mathbf{I}_{2} \\ \mathbf{V}_{ab} &= \frac{-\left(160 + \mathrm{j}40\right)}{12 + \mathrm{j}}\mathbf{I} + \frac{10 + \mathrm{j}40}{12 + \mathrm{j}}\mathbf{I} \\ \mathbf{V}_{ab} &= \frac{-150}{12 + \mathrm{j}}\mathbf{I} = \frac{\left(-12 + \mathrm{j}\right)\left(150\right)}{145}\mathbf{I} \\ \mathbf{V}_{ab} &= \left(12.457 \angle 175.24^{\circ}\right)\left(4.25 \angle 97.76^{\circ}\right) \\ \mathbf{V}_{ab} &= 52.94 \Box 273 \Box \mathbf{V} \end{aligned}$$