## Chapter 9, Solution 49.

Find  $v_s(t)$  in the circuit of Fig. 9.56 if the current  $i_x$  through the 1- $\Omega$  resistor is 500 sin(200t) mA.

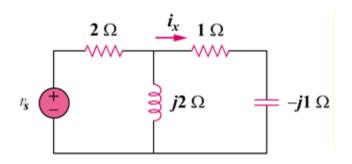


Figure 9.56 For Prob. 9.49.

## **Solution**

$$\mathbf{Z}_{\mathrm{T}} = 2 + \mathbf{j} 2 \parallel (1 - \mathbf{j}) = 2 + \frac{(\mathbf{j} 2)(1 - \mathbf{j})}{1 + \mathbf{j}} = 4$$

$$\mathbf{I} \qquad \mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{x}} \qquad \mathbf{1} \parallel$$

$$\mathbf{j} \mathbf{2} \parallel$$

$$I_{x} = \frac{j2}{j2+1-j}I = \frac{j2}{1+j}I$$
, where  $I_{x} = 0.5 \angle 0^{\circ} = \frac{1}{2}$ 

$$I = \frac{1+j}{j2}I_{x} = \frac{1+j}{j4}$$

$$\mathbf{V}_{s} = \mathbf{I} \mathbf{Z}_{T} = \frac{1+j}{j4} (4) = \frac{1+j}{j} = 1-j = 1.414 \angle -45^{\circ}$$

$$v_s(t) = 1.4142 \sin(200t - 450) V$$