

### Chapter 5, Solution 31.

For the circuit in Fig. 5.69, find  $i_x$ .

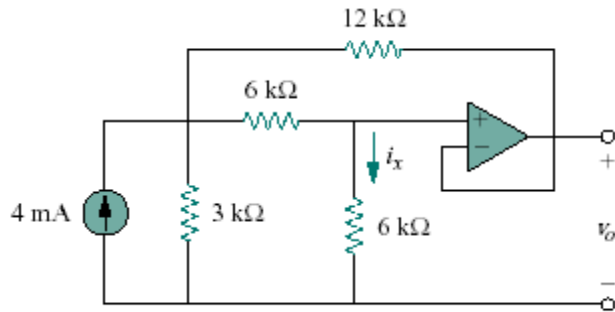
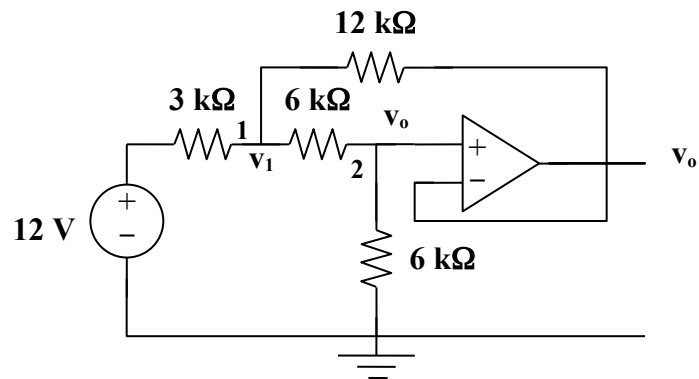


Figure 5.69  
For Prob. 5.31.

### Solution

After converting the current source to a voltage source, the circuit is as shown below:



At node 1,

$$\frac{12 - v_1}{3} = \frac{v_1 - v_o}{6} + \frac{v_1 - v_o}{12} \longrightarrow 48 = 7v_1 - 3v_o \quad (1)$$

At node 2,

$$\frac{v_1 - v_o}{6} = \frac{v_o - 0}{6} = i_x \longrightarrow v_1 = 2v_o \quad (2)$$

From (1) and (2),

$$v_o = \frac{48}{11}$$

$$i_x = \frac{v_o}{6k} = 727.2 \mu A$$