

Chapter 7, Solution 62.

$$\tau = \frac{L}{R_{\text{eq}}} = \frac{2}{3 \parallel 6} = 1$$

For $0 < t < 1$, $u(t-1) = 0$ so that

$$i(0) = 0, \quad i(\infty) = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$i(t) = \frac{1}{6}(1 - e^{-t})$$

$$\text{For } t > 1, \quad i(1) = \frac{1}{6}(1 - e^{-1}) = 0.1054$$

$$i(\infty) = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$i(t) = 0.5 + (0.1054 - 0.5)e^{-(t-1)}$$

$$i(t) = 0.5 - 0.3946e^{-(t-1)}$$

Thus,

$$i(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{6}(1 - e^{-t}) \text{ A} & 0 < t < 1 \\ 0.5 - 0.3946e^{-(t-1)} \text{ A} & t > 1 \end{cases}$$