

Chapter 9, Solution 52.

If $V_o = 8\angle 30^\circ$ V in the circuit of Fig. 9.59, find I_s .

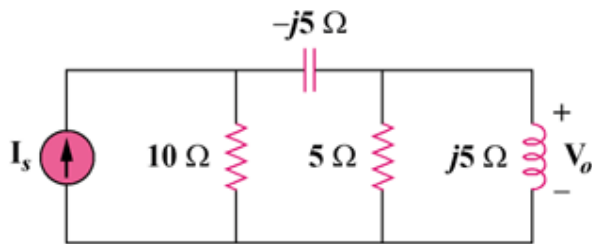


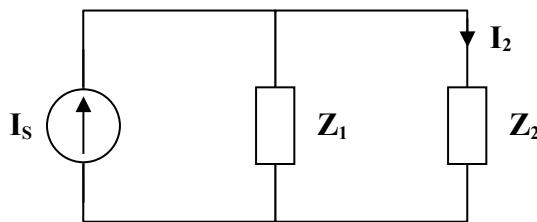
Figure 9.59
For Prob. 9.52.

Solution

We begin by simplifying the circuit. First, we replace the parallel inductor and resistor with their series equivalent.

$$5 \parallel j5 = \frac{j25}{5 + j5} = \frac{j5}{1 + j} = 2.5 + j2.5$$

Next let $Z_1 = 10$, and $Z_2 = -j5 + 2.5 + j2.5 = 2.5 - j2.5$.



By current division
$$I_2 = \frac{Z_1}{Z_1 + Z_2} I_s = \frac{10}{12.5 - j2.5} I_s = \frac{4}{5 - j} I_s$$

Since $V_o = I_2 (2.5 + j2.5)$ we can now find I_s .

$$8\angle 30^\circ = \left(\frac{4}{5 - j} \right) I_s (2.5)(1 + j) = \frac{10(1 + j)}{5 - j} I_s$$

$$\mathbf{I}_s = \frac{(8\angle 30^\circ)(5-j)}{10(1+j)} = \mathbf{2.884-j26.31\text{ A.}}$$