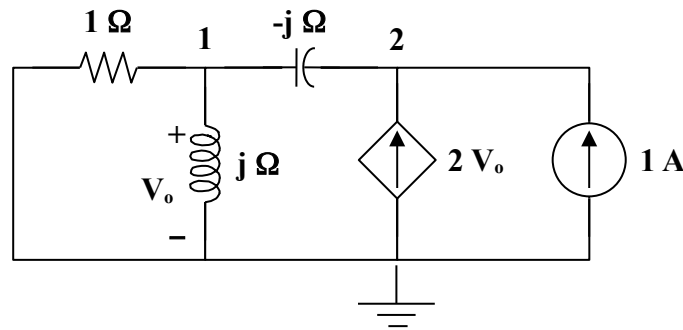


Chapter 11, Solution 15.

To find Z_{eq} , insert a 1-A current source at the load terminals as shown in Fig. (a).



(a)

At node 1,

$$\frac{V_o}{1} + \frac{V_o}{j} = \frac{V_2 - V_o}{-j} \longrightarrow V_o = jV_2 \quad (1)$$

At node 2,

$$1 + 2V_o = \frac{V_2 - V_o}{-j} \longrightarrow 1 = jV_2 - (2 + j)V_o \quad (2)$$

Substituting (1) into (2),

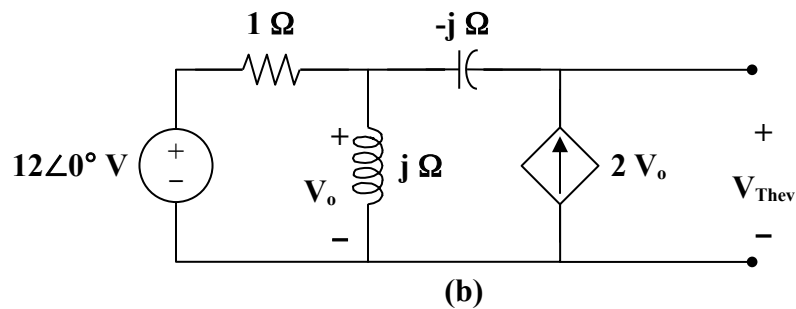
$$1 = jV_2 - (2 + j)(j)V_2 = (1 - j)V_2$$

$$V_2 = \frac{1}{1 - j}$$

$$Z_{eq} = \frac{V_2}{1} = \frac{1 + j}{2} = 0.5 + j0.5$$

$$Z_L = Z_{eq}^* = [0.5 - j0.5] \Omega$$

We now obtain V_{Thev} from Fig. (b).



(b)

$$-2V_o + \frac{V_o - 12}{1} + \frac{V_o}{j} = 0$$

$$\mathbf{V}_o = \frac{-12}{1+j}$$

$$-\mathbf{V}_o - (-j \times 2 \mathbf{V}_o) + \mathbf{V}_{Th} = 0$$

$$\mathbf{V}_{Thev} = (1-j2)\mathbf{V}_o = \frac{(-12)(1-j2)}{1+j}$$

$$P_{\max} = \frac{\left[\left[\frac{V_{Thev}}{0.5 + j0.5 + 0.5 - j0.5} \right] \right]^2}{2} 0.5 = \frac{\left(\frac{12\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2}{2(2 \times 0.5)^2} 0.5$$

$$= \mathbf{90 \text{ W}}$$