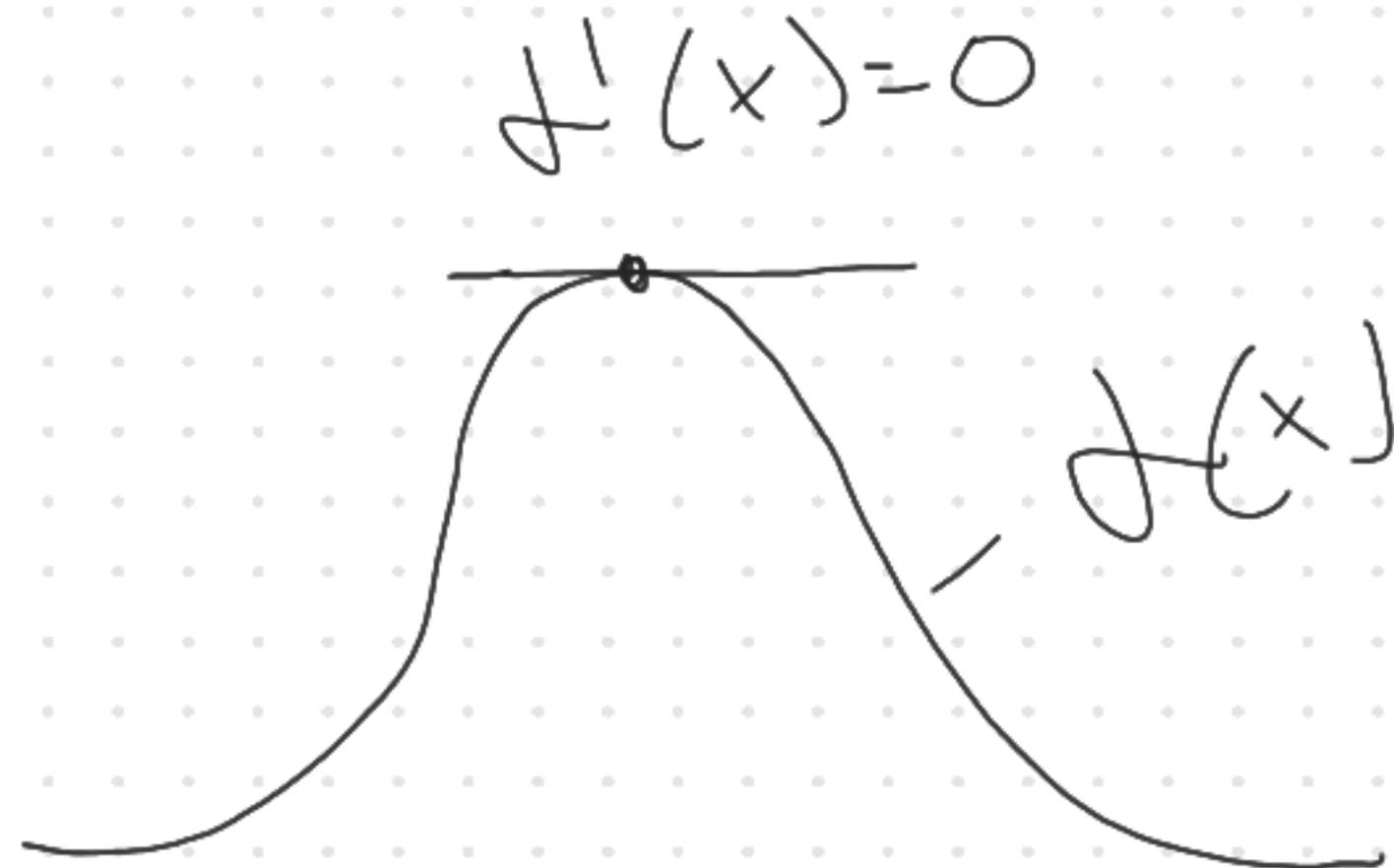


MAT A29 TUT0018, Tutorial 5 (Week 7)  
Tuesdays 7 - 9pm (We will start at 7:10pm)

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local & absolute maxima/minima of a function  $f(x)$

$f'(x) = 0$  / undefined to find POI (points of interest)

Then, if

$f''(x) < 0 \rightarrow x$  is a local maximum

$f''(x) > 0 \rightarrow x$  is a local minimum

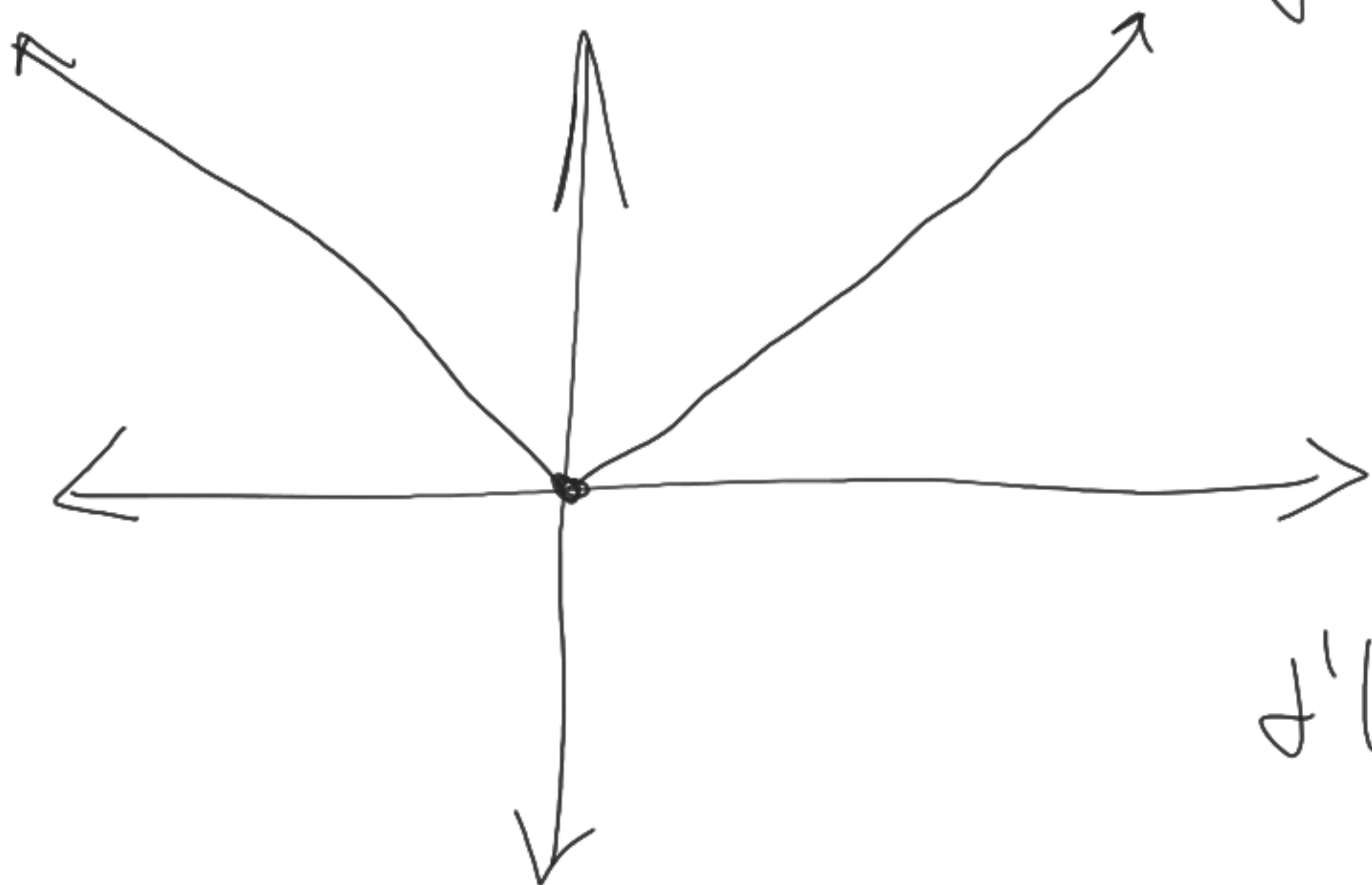
$f''(x) = 0 \rightarrow$  cannot tell

2nd Derivative  
test

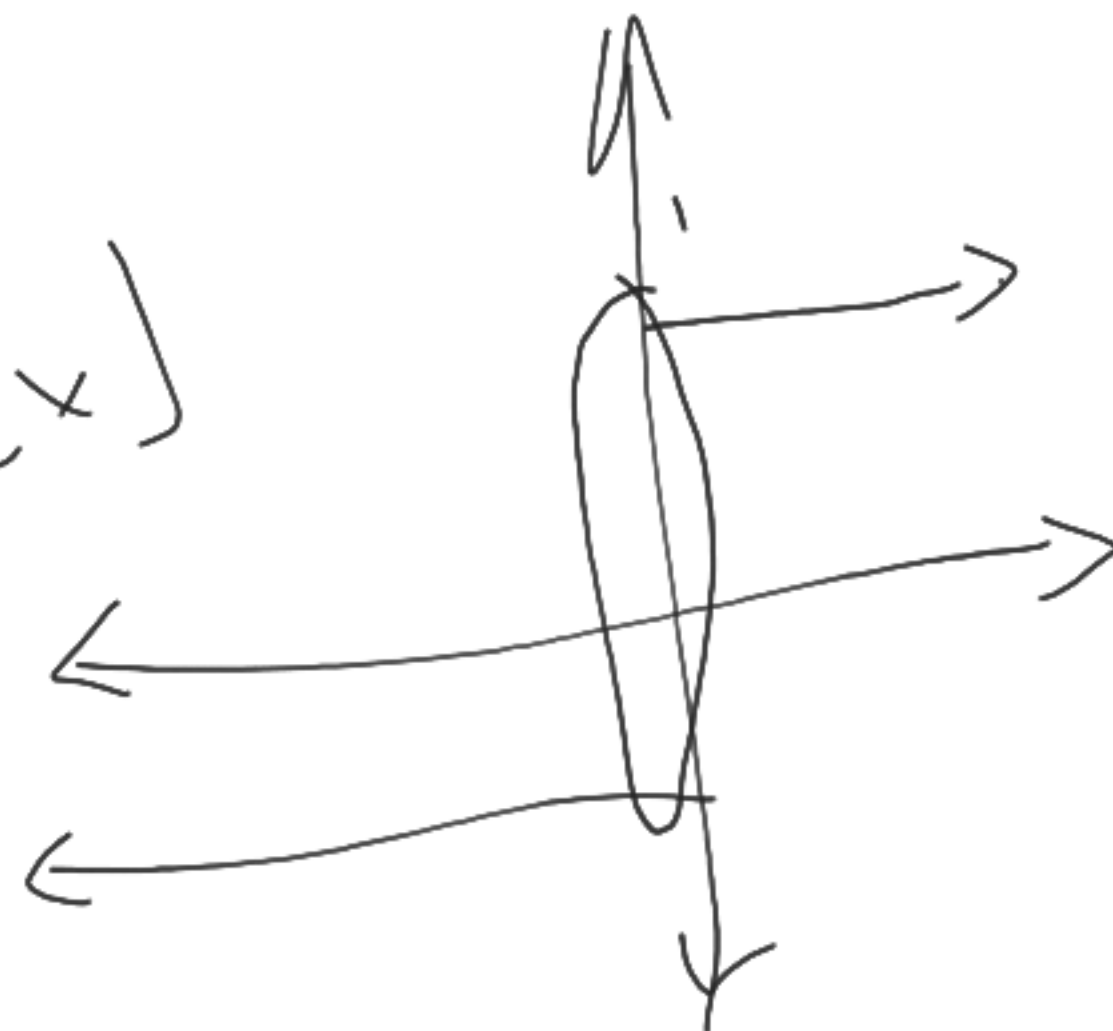
## Question

When you are checking for critical points, explain why you also need to determine points where  $f'(x)$  is undefined. Draw a graph to support your conclusion.

$$f(x) = |x|$$

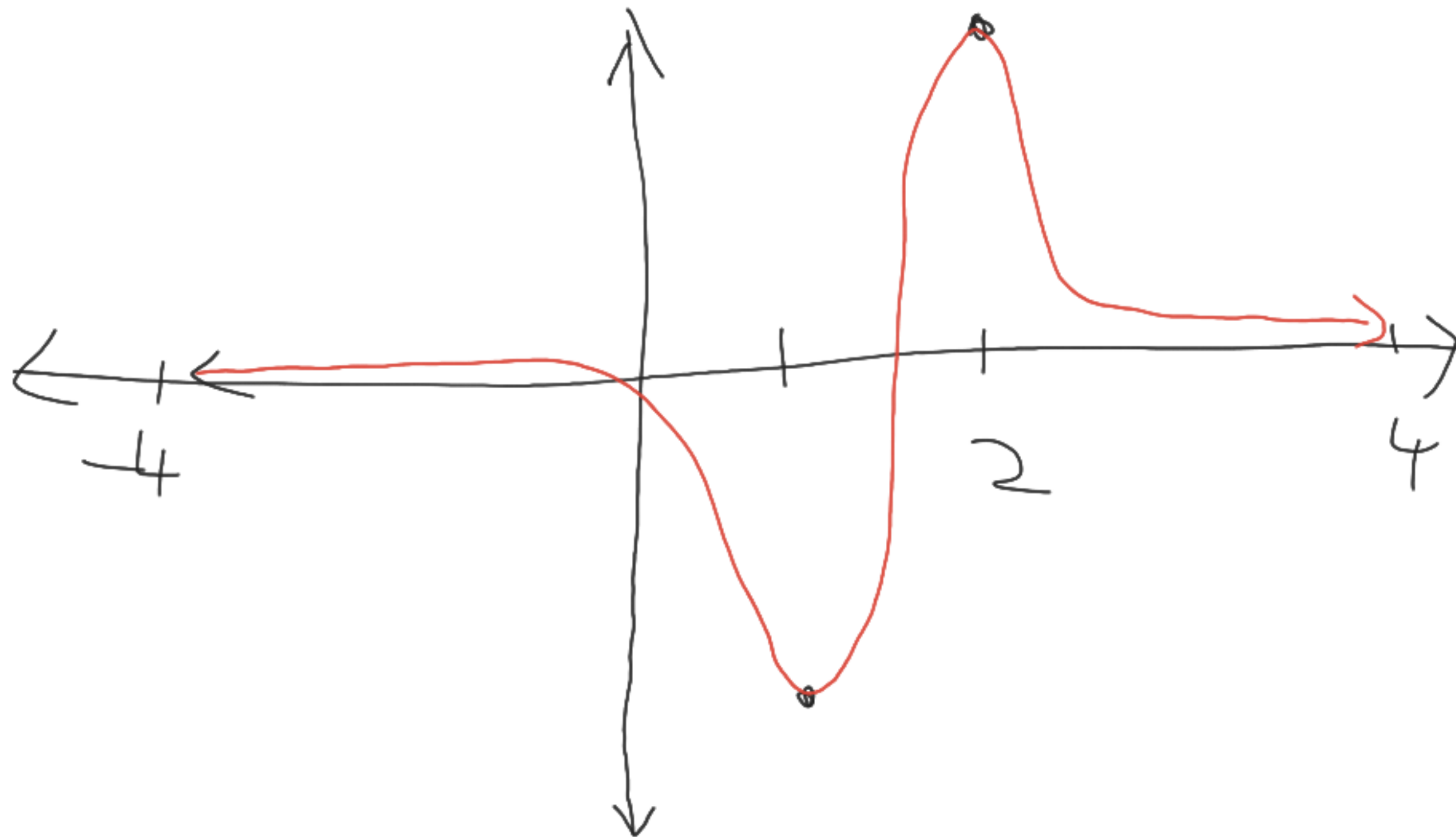


$$f'(x)$$



## Question

Draw a graph of a continuous function on  $[-4, 4]$  with an absolute minimum at  $x = 1$  and an absolute maximum at  $x = 2$ .



## Question

Find the local/absolute maxima for the function  $f(x) = x^2 + \frac{2}{x}$  on the domain  $[1, 4]$ .

$$f'(x) = 2x - 2/x^2$$

$$f'(x) = \text{undefined}, x = 0$$

$$f'(x) = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$x = 0, x = 1$$

$$f(1) = 1 + 2 = 3$$

$$f(4) = 16 + 1/2 = 16.5$$

$f(4) > f(1)$   $x = 4$  must yield an absolute maxima on the domain  $[1, 4]$

$$f'(x) = 2x - \frac{2}{x^2}$$

$$= 2x \left(1 - \frac{1}{x^3}\right) = 0$$

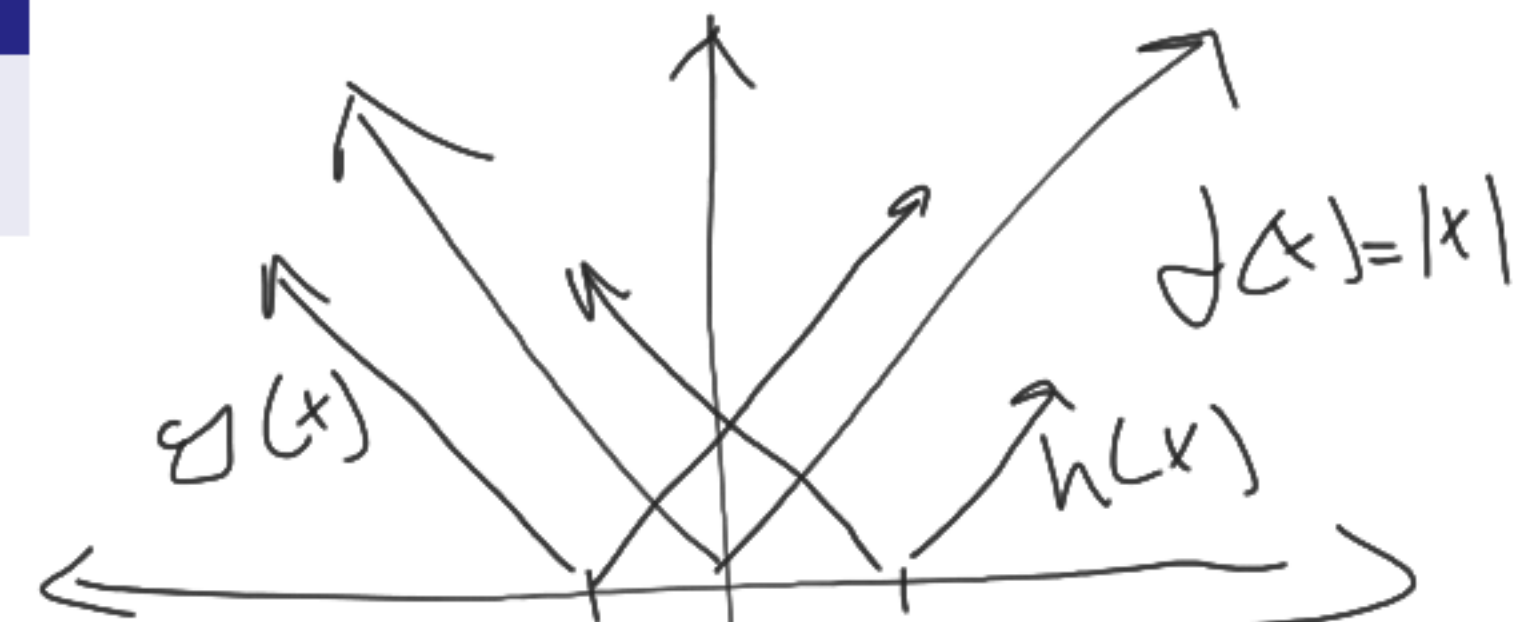
$$x = 0, \quad 1 - \frac{1}{x^3} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{x^3} = 1 \Rightarrow x = 1$$

### Question

Find the local/absolute maxima for the function  $f(x) = |x + 1| + |x - 1|$  on the domain  $[-3, 2]$ .

$$g(x) = |x + 1|, h(x) = |x - 1|$$



$$g'(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & x > -1 \\ -1 & x < -1 \end{cases}$$

$$h'(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & x > 1 \\ -1 & x < 1 \end{cases}$$

$$d'(x) = \begin{cases} -1 & x < 0 \\ 1 & x > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$f'(x) = \begin{cases} -2 & x < -1 \\ 0 & -1 < x < 1 \\ 2 & x > 1 \end{cases}$$

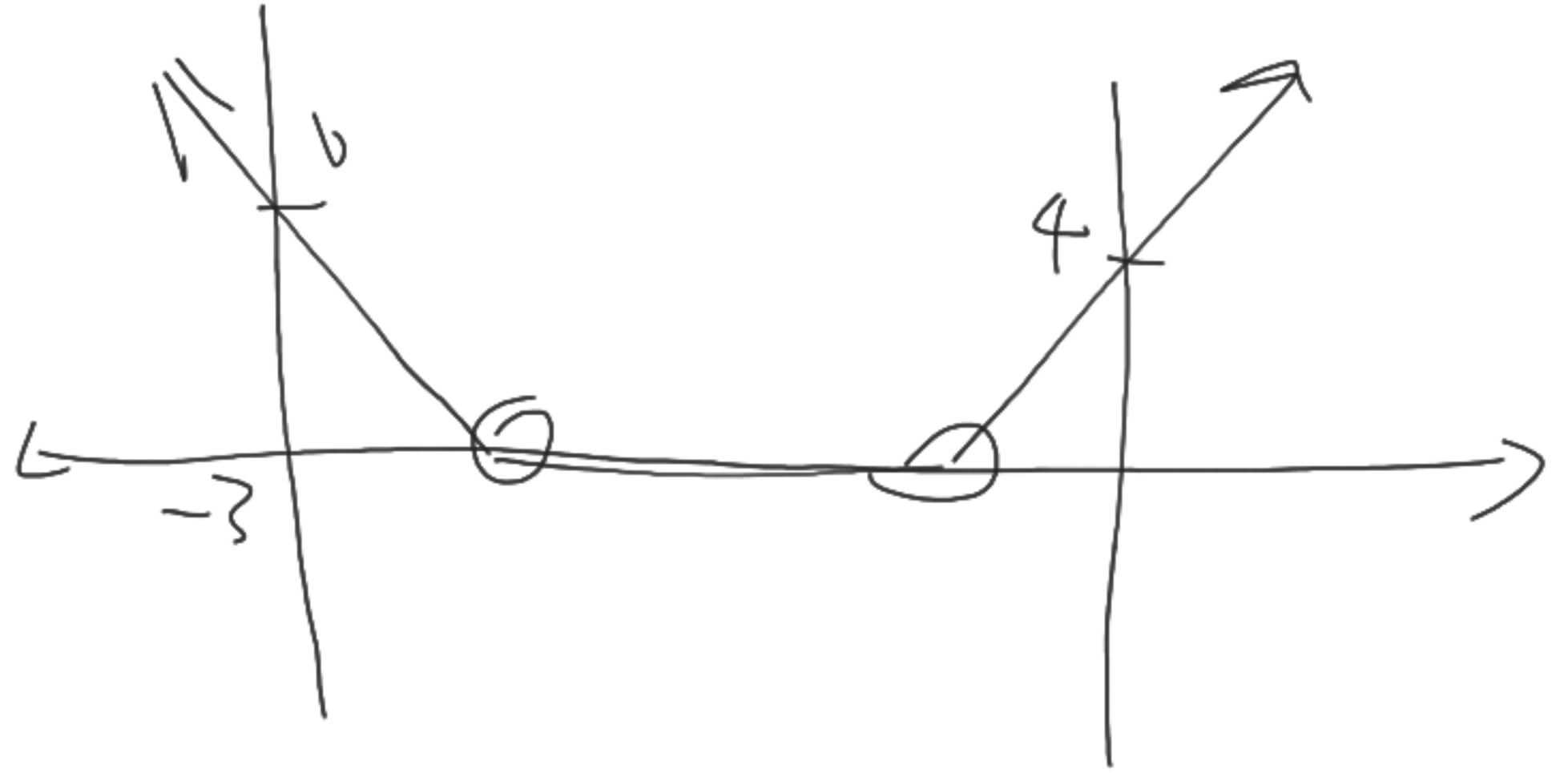
poi = -1, 1, -3, 2

$$f(-1) = 2$$

$$f(1) = 2$$

$$f(-3) = 6$$

$$f(2) = 4$$



function has absolute maximum at  $f(-3) = 6$

## Question

*Find the positive integer that minimizes the sum of the number and its reciprocal.*

$$f(x) = x + 1/x$$

$$f'(x) = 1 - 1/x^2, \quad f'(x) = \text{undefined} \Rightarrow x = 0, \quad f'(x) = 0 \Rightarrow x = 1$$

$$f''(x) = 1/x^3$$

$$f''(1) = 1 > 0, \text{ then } 1 \text{ must be a minimum}$$

$x = 1$  is the positive integer that minimizes  $f(x)$

$$1 = \frac{1}{x^2}$$



## Question

You need to construct a fence around an area of  $1600\text{ft}^2$ . What are the dimensions of the rectangular pen to minimize the amount of material needed?

let  $w$  be the width of the fence

let  $l$  be the length of the fence

$$l * w = 1600, w = 1600/l, l = 1600/w$$

$$m(w, l) = 2w + 2l, m(w) = 2w + 2(1600/w)$$

$$m'(w) = 2 \left( 1 - \frac{1600}{w^2} \right) = 0$$

$$\frac{1600}{w^2} = 1 \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad w = \sqrt{1600} = 40$$

$$w = 0, w = 40$$

$$m''(w) = 2 \left( \frac{3200}{w^3} \right)$$

$m''(40) > 0$ , thus a width of 40 minimizes the amount of materials needed

$$l = 1600 / 40 = 40$$

thus  $w = 40, l = 40$  minimizes the amount of materials needed.