

MEPS – HC: Longitudinal and Other Selected Analytic Approach Options

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Overview



Longitudinal analysis of MEPS panels

Family-level estimation

- Other miscellaneous
 - Medical event as unit of analysis
 - State-level estimation
 - MEPS supplement surveys



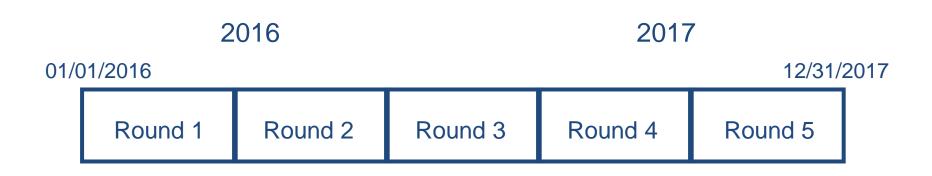
Longitudinal Analysis of MEPS Panels

MEPS Longitudinal Analysis



Example:

Panel 21 (2016-2017)



MEPS Longitudinal Analysis



 National estimates of person-level changes over two-year period

 Examine characteristics associated with changes over time

Variables that may change between years or rounds



- Insurance coverage
 - Monthly indicators (24 measures)
 - Annual summary (2 measures per person)
- Health status
 - Each round (5 measures)
- Having a usual source of care
 - Rounds 2 & 4 (2 measures)
- Use and expenditures
 - Annual (2 measures per person)

Longitudinal weight (LONGWT)



- Longitudinal weight is derived for persons with responses for entire period in scope, during the two years
- Produces national estimates for persons in two consecutive years
- For Panel 21 (2016-2017) . . .

LONGWT > 0	All 5 Rounds	Participated for entire period in-scope (not all 5 rounds)
15,617	14,431 (92.4%)	1,186 (7.6%)

Selection of cases for analysis



Variable	Description
YEARIND	1=both years, 2=in 2016 only, and 3=in 2017 only
ALL5RDS	In-scope and data collected in all 5 rounds (0=no, 1=yes)
DIED	Died during the two-year survey period (0=no, 1=yes)
INST	Institutionalized for some time during the two-year survey period (0=no, 1=yes)
MILITARY	Active duty military for some time during the two-year survey period (0=no, 1=yes)
ENTRSRVY	Entered survey after beginning of panel (mainly births; also includes persons who had no initial chance of selection who moved into a MEPS sample household) (0=no, 1=yes)
LEFTUS	Moved out of the country after beginning of panel (0=no, 1=yes)
OTHER	Not identified in any of the above analytic groups (0=no, 1=yes)

Estimates from the Panel 19 longitudinal file



Examples:

- Of those uninsured throughout 2016, an estimated 66.9% were also uninsured throughout 2017.
- An estimated 4.9% of the population had no insurance throughout 2016 / 2017.
- Of those with no expenses for health care in 2016, an estimated 45.6% had some expenses in 2017.

MEPS longitudinal files (Panels 13-20)



	Panel 14 (09-10)	Panel 15 (10-11)	Panel 16 (11-12)	Panel 17 (12-13)	Panel 18 (13-14)	Panel 19 (14-15)	Panel 20 (15-16)	Panel 21 (16-17)
File Number	HC-139	HC-148	HC-156	HC-164	HC-172	HC-183	HC-193	HC-202
Number of Persons	16,221	14,541	18,512	17,293	16,714	15,898	17,017	15,617

Extending the longitudinal period: MEPS-NHIS



- MEPS-HC is nationally representative subsample of responding households from previous year's National Health Interview Survey (NHIS)
 - Prior year NHIS data available for many MEPS respondents

MEPS/NHIS link file

- Crosswalk to merge MEPS full-year public use data to NHIS person-level public use data
- Crosswalk file not public use; available in data center

Extending the longitudinal period: MEPS-NHIS



2015	2016	2017	
	MEPS Panel 20 Year 2		
NHIS 2015	MEPS Panel 21 Year 1	MEPS Panel 21 Year 2	
	NHIS 2016	MEPS Panel 22 Year 1	

Linked files, weighting, and estimation



- Linking the two surveys expands the analytic capabilities
- Not all MEPS respondents link (birth, marriage, etc.)
- Weighting adjustment for non-linkage is recommended
- Informational resources

2012 ASA proceedings paper (Chowdhury, Machlin, and Wun)

https://meps.ahrq.gov/mepsweb/data_stats/Pub_ProdResults_Details.jsp?pt=Conference+Proceedings&opt= 3&id=1241

2013 FCSM proceedings paper (Mirel and Machlin)

https://s3.amazonaws.com/sitesusa/wp-content/uploads/sites/242/2014/05/H2_Mirel_2013FCSM.pdf



Family-Level Estimation

Family-level estimation



- Create family-level file from person-level file (see documentation)
- Two family type options
 - MEPS: includes unmarried couples and foster children
 - CPS: unmarried couples not family unit
- Two time frame options
 - December 31 (MEPS, CPS)
 - Any time during year (MEPS only)

Family sample sizes, 2017 (MEPS annual household file)



Number of families	MEPS Anytime during year	MEPS December 31	CPS December 31
Unweighted	12,756	12,667	13,370
Weighted (millions)	139.2	138.0	144.1
Family Weight Variable Name	FAMWT17F	FAMWT17F (subset to FMRS1231=1)	FAMWT17C

Family-level estimation



Example: Average total health care expenses per MEPS family by family size, 2017

- Based on MEPS families in scope at any time during the year
- Average number of persons per family is about 2.3

Family size	Estimate	SE
All	\$12,061	\$271
1	\$8,130	\$286
2	\$14,805	\$506
3	\$14,440	\$672
4	\$13,933	\$1,161
5+	\$12,244	\$601



Other Miscellaneous Analytic Options

Medical event as unit of analysis



- Event files can be used to estimate average expense per event
- Some estimates available in HC Summary Tables on MEPS website

Example:

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In 2017,
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...the mean expense per office visit to a physician was \$265 (SE=\$7).

...the mean expense per ER visit was \$1,016 (SE=\$30).

...the mean expense per inpatient stay was \$14,892 (SE=\$757).

State-level estimation



- Considerable interest in State-level estimates
- MEPS sample not designed for producing estimates for all States
 - Small sample sizes
 - Insufficient PSUs for variance estimation
- Public Use File (PUF) does not include State identifiers to protect confidentiality
 - Tables and reports available on website for larger States (selected estimates)
 - Access to identifiers in Data Center
 - Need to use state-level sample design and state identifiers

MEPS-HC Supplements



- Special supplement variables on person-level files
- Consult documentation for appropriate weight
 - Self Administered Questionnaire (SAQ) → SAQWTyyF
 - Diabetes Care Survey (DCS)→ DIABWyyF
 - Cancer SAQ (CSAQ)→ CSAQWyyF
 - > For MEPS full-year files 2011, 2016, and 2017 only

Medical Organization Survey (MOS)



- Data on organizational / financial characteristics of office-based usual source of care providers.
- Nationally representative of persons who visited their usual source of care (USC) 1+ times in 2016.
 - For example, a USC was an independent practice for about 55% of persons who visited their usual source of care provider in 2016.
- MOS variables (including MOS weight) must be merged onto the full year person-level file
 - this is different from the other supplemental variables (e.g., SAQ)
 - 2015 full year MOS file → HC-182
 - 2016 full year MOS file → HC-187