In [6]:	<pre>cell4 /// Cell#5 calculating averaged train (stimuli aligned by Inward-Peak), for further information see functio ns in cell#1 /// plt.close('all') fig = plt.figure(figsize=(16,8)) outAlign = alignLow(arraySweep)</pre>
	<pre>outAlign = alignLow(arraySweep) alignedArraySweep = makeAlignedArraySweep(outAlign) print ('AlignedArray') print ('Rows:',alignedArraySweep.shape[0]) print ('Columns:',alignedArraySweep.shape[1]) setIntervalAlignedArraySweep(arraySweep, alignedArraySweep, 0.0006) plotObjectsArray(alignedArraySweep, 0, 1, 0, alignedArraySweep.shape[1]) AlignedArray Rows: 1 Columns: 2</pre>
In [7]:	i⊋cell5
	<pre>#creating array of results (same structure as arraySweep) resultsArray = getResultsArray(arraySweep) resultsNoise = getResultsArray(NoiseArray) resultsAlignedArray = getResultsArray(alignedArraySweep) #copying results to clipboard clipboardExcelInwardPeak(resultsArray) #clipboardExcelPeakInterval(resultsArray) #plotObjectsArray(arraySweep, 0, arraySweep.shape[0], 0, 1)</pre>
In [8]:	Inward-Peaks copied to clipboard .,,, Cell#7 creating .txt-files for further analysis and plotting in Igor Each .txt-file contains a table, columns are seperated by tabulator The number in each filename refers to the number of the stimulus in the train. Analyzing trains containing 20 stimuli will result in 20 txt-files. Unaveraged-files, contain rare data (each stimulus of the train) Averaged-files, contain averaged data
	The data (actual current values, fitted current values, peak-values) is furthermore split into three ca tegories: Data[],Fit[] and Peak[] Data[]-files contain the time values in the first column and the current value of each train in the follwoing columns. Example: If 4 trains are analyzed the arraySweep contains 4 rows. The Data[]-file is going to comtain 5 columns, one for time values and 4 more for the values from the trains. Fit[]-files contain the fitted time and current values. Example: If 4 trains are analyzed the arraySweep contains 4 rows. The Fit[]-fule is going to contain 8 columns.
	Peak[]-files contain the time and current values of both peaks. Each row (made out of 4 columns) con tains the time/current value for the Inward-peak and the time/current value for the Outward-peak. ''' import os, re, os.path #creating Data folder, if not existent if not os.path.exists('Data'): os.makedirs('Data') #deleting all files in data folder
	<pre>for root, dirs, files in os.walk('Data'): for file in files: os.remove(os.path.join(root, file)) def makeTxtFilesArray(arraySweep, name): for column in range(0, arraySweep.shape[1]): listLowIndex = [] columnSweep = arraySweep[:,column] for AP in columnSweep: listLowIndex.append(int(np.argwhere(AP.Xcoord == AP.Datapoints[0][0]))) #print (int(np.argwhere(AP.Xcoord == AP.Datapoints[0][0]))) #print (AP.Acoord[int(np.argwhere(AP.Xcoord == AP.Datapoints[0][0]))))</pre>
	<pre>IndexMinLow = min(listLowIndex) IndexMaxLow = max(listLowIndex) DataTxtArray = [] FitTxtArray = [] PeaksTxtArray = [] for AP in columnSweep: startWindow = int(np.argwhere(AP.Xcoord == AP.Datapoints[0][0]))-IndexMinLow endWindow = int(np.argwhere(AP.Xcoord == AP.Datapoints[0][0]))+(len(AP.Xcoord)-1-IndexMaxLow)</pre>
	<pre>DataTxtArray.append(AP.Acoord[startWindow:\</pre>
	<pre>for coord in range(0,len(DataTxtArray[0])):</pre>
	<pre>#print (column+1) #print (int(np.argwhere(DataTxTArray[:,0] == 0))) #for column in range (1, DataTxtArray.shape[1]): # print (int(np.argwhere(DataTxTArray[:,column] ==))) np.savetxt('Data/Data%s_%d.txt'%(name, column+1), DataTxtArray, delimiter='\t') np.savetxt('Data/Fit%s_%d.txt'%(name, column+1), FitTxtArray, delimiter='\t') np.savetxt('Data/Peaks%s_%d.txt'%(name, column+1), PeaksTxtArray, delimiter='\t') makeTxtFilesArray(arraySweep, 'UnaveragedAP') makeTxtFilesArray(alignedArraySweep, 'AveragedAP')</pre>
In []:	