## Building a gretl disk image for OS X

Allin Cottrell, December 2007

# 1 Objective

To build a stand-alone disk image (dmg) of gretl, including a suitably configured version of gnuplot, for Mac OS X. The final user should be able to download the dmg file, double-click to mount it, and drag the Gretl.app folder (found "inside" the image) to an Applications folder. You'll use Fink in the build process but the final dmg should not be dependent on Fink in any way; it will, however, be dependent on Apple's X11.

#### 2 Overview

Here are the basic prerequisites:

- A fully functional installation of OS X.
- Apple's X11 and the Xcode development package. If these are not already installed, they should be found on the OS X installation DVDs.
- A basic installation of Fink.
- Source code for gretl and gnuplot.
- A skeleton for Gretl.app plus some auxiliary scripts.

The method is as follows:

- 1. Install the Gretl.app skeleton. This provides the "space" into which you'll install gretl and gnuplot.
- 2. Under Fink, install various required third-party packages (including the "dev" or developer components). This includes GTK+ and friends (glib, atk, gdk, pango).
- 3. Configure and build gnuplot; install gnuplot into the Gretl.app folder.
- 4. Configure and build gretl; install gretl into the right place inside Gretl.app; delete some extraneous files and add some extras.
- 5. Tar up various run-time files from your Fink installation and dump them into the appropriate place in Gretl.app (hence removing the dependency on Fink at run time). This is the trickiest part.
- 6. Grab the latest gretl documentation and dump it into place.
- 7. Create a compressed disk image containing Gretl.app.

Steps 1, 2, 3 and 5 only need to be done once; thereafter you can update the disk image with just steps 4, 6 and 7.

The following sections expand on each of the steps.

## 3 The Gretl.app skeleton

I'm making a gzipped tar file available. This is mostly an empty directory tree, but it includes some "generic" files that shouldn't depend on the particular OS X build platform (though see the final section below). This should be unzipped in some suitable location; on the OS X system to which I have access I've put it under /Users/allin/dist.

http://ricardo.ecn.wfu.edu/~cottrell/gretl-osx/Gretl.app.tar.gz

### 4 Required Fink packages

The exact line-up of these packages depends somewhat on the specific OS X variant. If a given package is available via OS X itself, then you don't need to, and probably don't want to, install the corresponding Fink package. A case in point is libxml2, which is supplied on recent OS X (but was not supplied in earlier variants).

The required packages will presumably include gtk+2, gtk+2-dev and fftw3; recode may also be required; gnuplot is not required since we'll be building that ourselves. Libxml2 will hopefully be supplied by OS X, and dlcompat doesn't seem to be needed any longer. It may be helpful to install wget via Fink for build purposes.

Since we're building gnuplot, the libraries to be installed via Fink also include those needed by gnuplot (more on this below).

# 5 Building gnuplot

Grab the patched source for gnuplot 4.2.2, http://ricardo.ecn.wfu.edu/~cottrell/gretl-osx/gnuplot-4.2.2-ac.tar.gz. Untar and configure. FIXME: complete this section.

#### 6 Configuring and building gretl

There's a file myconf in the osx subdirectory of the gretl source. You should use this, or a variant of it, to configure gretl. Here's what it looks like:

```
export CFLAGS="-02 -I/sw/include"
export LDFLAGS=-L/sw/lib
export CPPFLAGS=$CFLAGS
export PKG_CONFIG_PATH="/usr/lib/pkgconfig:/usr/X11R6/lib/pkgconfig:/sw/lib/pkgconfig"
export PATH=/Users/allin/dist/Gretl.app/Contents/Resources/bin:$PATH
./configure --prefix=/Users/allin/dist/Gretl.app/Contents/Resources \
   --disable-rpath --enable-build-doc
```

The "export PATH" line is designed to ensure that the version of gnuplot installed at the previous step is found during the gretl configuration process. This may not be necessary if a version of gnuplot that supports PNG output is already in your path.

After doing make and make install we run a script named postinst to clear out unnecessary files and add a few extra things needed for OS X. This is also in the osx subdir of the source.

```
#!/bin/sh
# postinst: run this in the gretl build directory
```

```
# The directory above Gretl.app
TOPDIR=/Users/allin/dist
PREFIX=$TOPDIR/Gretl.app/Contents/Resources

rm -f $PREFIX/bin/gretl
rm -rf $PREFIX/include
rm -rf $PREFIX/share/aclocal
rm -rf $PREFIX/share/info
rm -rf $PREFIX/lib/pkgconfig
rm -rf $PREFIX/lib/pkgconfig
rm -f $PREFIX/lib/gretl-gtk2/*.la
rm -rf $PREFIX/share/emacs

install -m 644 osx/README.pdf $TOPDIR
install -m 755 osx/gretl.sh $PREFIX/bin/gretl
```

# 7 Copying Fink run-time files

As mentioned above, this is a bit tricky. The general idea is that we want to identify all the files provided by Fink that are necessary to support gretl and/or gnuplot, and copy these into the right places under Gretl.app. To keep the disk image as compact as possible, we want to try to ensure that we copy *only* those files that are really necessary. This includes all shared libraries that are not provided by OS X itself; it also includes some additional run-time files required by GTK+.

FIXME: complete this section.

*Testing*: To check that the Gretl.app is self-contained, you need to run gretl with Fink disabled. To help with this I have two little scripts, as follows:

```
# disable Fink
sudo mv /sw /hidden.sw
hash -r
# enable Fink
sudo mv /hidden.sw /sw
hash -r
```

The hash -r command is required to ensure that common utilities such as cp, which are present in both /bin and /sw/bin, are found after the switch.

#### 8 Documentation files

The canonical PDF documentation for gretl is available from ricardo.ecn.wfu.edu. You should do something like the following (wget can be installed via Fink; you could use curl instead if you prefer):

```
TOPDIR=/Users/allin/dist
DOCDIR=$TOPDIR/Gretl.app/Contents/Resources/share/gretl/doc
rm -f gretl-guide.pdf
wget http://ricardo.ecn.wfu.edu/pub/gretl/manual/PDF/gretl-guide.pdf
cp gretl-guide.pdf $DOCDIR
rm -f gretl-ref.pdf
wget http://ricardo.ecn.wfu.edu/pub/gretl/manual/PDF/gretl-ref.pdf
cp gretl-ref.pdf $DOCDIR
```

# 9 Creation of dmg

Below is a shell script to create the final compressed .dmg file. There's a copy in the gretl source package, in the osx subdirectory (called dmg.sh). Obviously, you'll need to edit the line that defines TOPDIR; hopefully the rest should be portable.

This script should be run from some "neutral" location outside of the distribution tree; you don't want to get a recursive thing going, whereby the dmg is included within itself. I run dmg.sh from ~/bin.

```
#!/bin/bash
# the directory above Gretl.app
TOPDIR=/Users/allin/dist
HERE='pwd'
KB='du -ks $TOPDIR | awk '{ print $1 }''
KB = ((KB + 1024))
hdiutil create -size ${KB}k tmp.dmg -layout NONE
MYDEV='hdid -nomount tmp.dmg'
sudo newfs_hfs -v gretl $MYDEV
hdiutil eject $MYDEV
hdid tmp.dmg
cd $TOPDIR && \
cp -a Gretl.app /Volumes/gretl && \
cp -a README.pdf /Volumes/gret1
cd $HERE
hdiutil eject $MYDEV
hdiutil convert -format UDZO tmp.dmg -o gretl.dmg && rm tmp.dmg
```

This script uses the -a flag to the cp command: that is not supported by /bin/cp under OS X, but it is supported by Fink's /sw/bin/cp.

#### 10 Extra: ScriptExec stuff

Something else should be mentioned. To make Gretl.app into a proper OS X Application "bundle" we use the ScriptExec apparatus from gimp.app, at http://gimp-app.sourceforge.net/. This apparatus allows for launching gretl from an icon, and automatic startup of X11.

The Gretl.app skeleton mentioned above contains all the files generated in association with ScriptExec as built on OS X 10.4.11. So with any luck you should not have to mess with this. On the other hand it's possible that the files generated on Tiger don't work properly with Leopard (or higher), so it may be worth regenerating them.

An account of how to do this (for gimp, but *mutatis mutandis* for gretl) is given at the gimp.app URL above. I can't add much to what's said there as I have no expertise in Xcode and I worked by trial and error. The basic idea is that you have to build ScriptExec as an Xcode project, then copy the generated bits and pieces into place under Gretl.app.