

线性回归模型: Vh ~ 1 + ls

估计系数:

Estimate SE tStat pValue

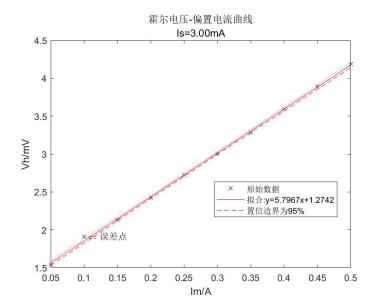
(Intercept) 1.2242 0.027303 44.837 1.4797e-06 ls 0.98571 0.014021 70.301 2.4531e-07

观测值数目: 6・误差自由度: 4

均方根误差: 0.0293

R 方: 0.999,调整 R 方 0.999

F 统计量(常量模型): 4.94e+03, p 值 = 2.45e-07



```
clc;clear;close all;
load data.mat
V_H=Vh_Im(:,6);
alpha=0.05;
lm=[0.05:0.05:0.5]';
tbl=table(Im, V_H ,'VariableNames',{'Im','Vh'});
ta=tinv(1-alpha/2,length(Im)-1-1);
mdl = fitlm(tbl,'Vh \sim lm');
tmp_data=table2array(mdl.Coefficients);
tmp_data=tmp_data(:,1);
p=plot(mdl);
.func1=strcat('拟合:','y=',num2str(tmp_data(2,1)),'x+',num2str(tmp_data(1,1)));
func2=strcat('置信边界为',int2str((1-alpha)*100),'%');
set(p(1),'DisplayName','原始数据','Marker','x','LineStyle','none','Color',[001]);
set(p(2),'DisplayName',func1,'LineStyle','-');
set(p(3),'DisplayName',func2,'LineStyle','--');
ylabel('Vh/mV','Interpreter','none');
xlabel('Im/A','Interpreter','none');
title('霍尔电压-偏置电流曲线','Is=3.00mA','Interpreter','none');
[p,f] = coefTest(mdl);
t=[strcat('p-value = ',num2str(p)) newline strcat('F-test = ',num2str(f))];
text(0.105,1.92,\Leftarrow 误差点');
text(150,3.5,t);
clear ans t func1 func2
Rh2=tmp_data(2,1);
save('R.mat',"Rh2",'-append');
```

线性回归模型:

 $Vh \sim 1 + Im$ 

估计系数:

Estimate SE tStat pValue

(Intercept) 1.2742 0.017372 73.347 1.3299e-12 Im 5.7967 0.055994 103.52 8.4678e-14

观测值数目: 10,误差自由度: 8

均方根误差: 0.0254

R 方: 0.999, 调整 R 方 0.999

F 统计量(常量模型): 1.07e+04 · p 值 = 8.47e-14